



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Mar 19, 2024 – 01:57 PM JST

PDB ID : 5GOA
EMDB ID : EMD-9529
Title : Cryo-EM structure of RyR2 in open state
Authors : Peng, W.; Wu, J.P.; Yan, N.
Deposited on : 2016-07-26
Resolution : 4.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev70
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

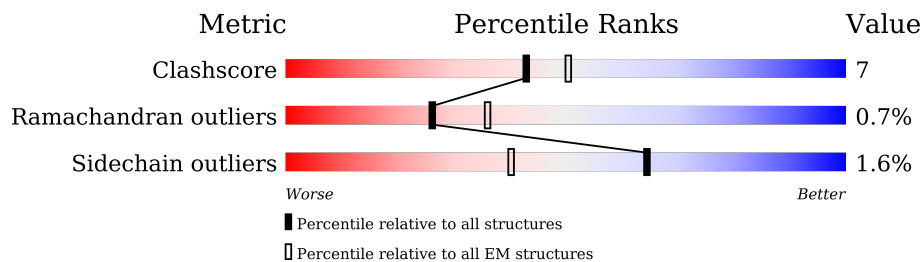
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	4968	
1	B	4968	
1	C	4968	
1	D	4968	

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 105072 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called RyR2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	3423	26267	16741	4498	4874	154	0	0
1	B	3423	26267	16741	4498	4874	154	0	0
1	C	3423	26267	16741	4498	4874	154	0	0
1	D	3423	26267	16741	4498	4874	154	0	0

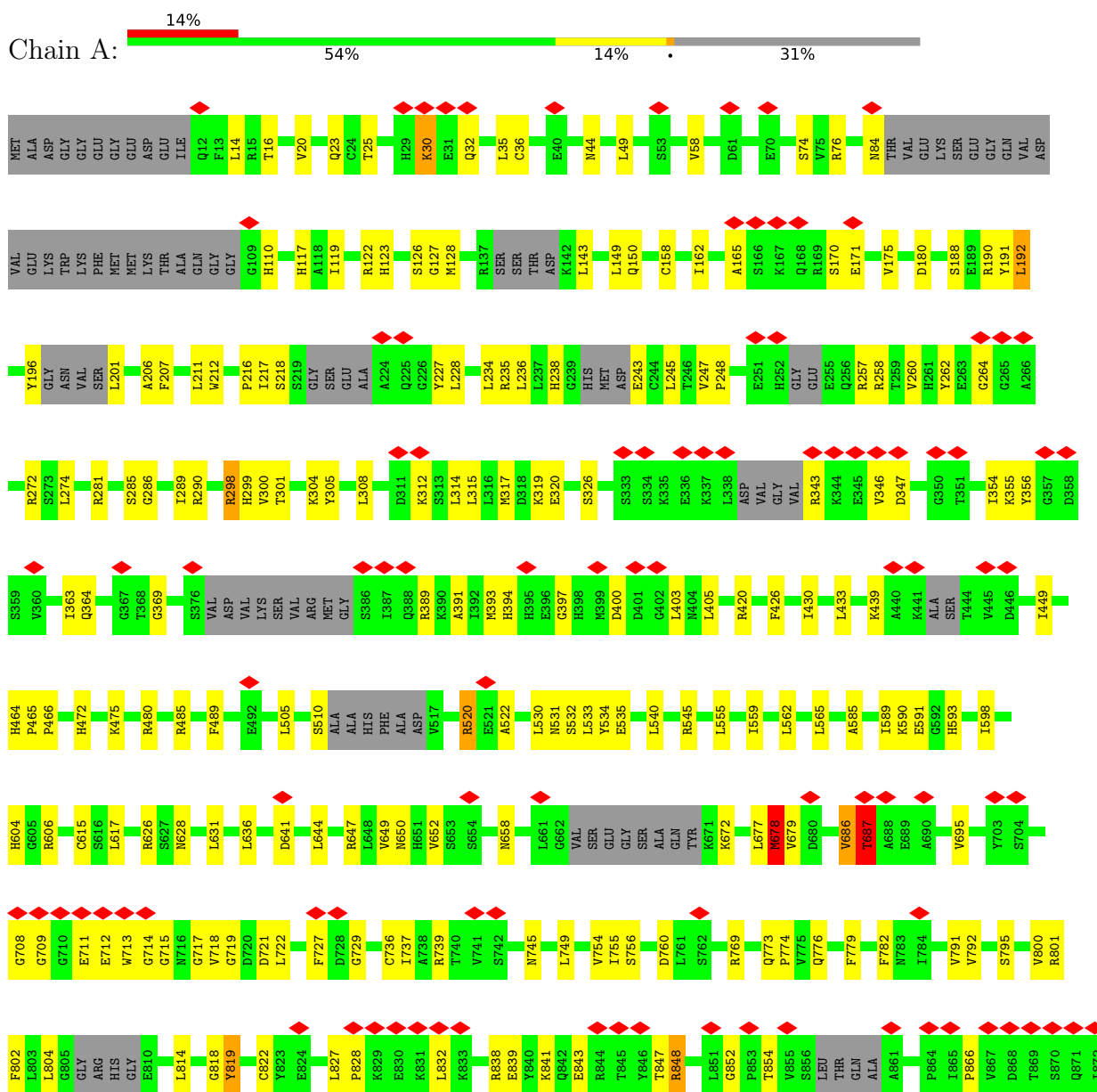
- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

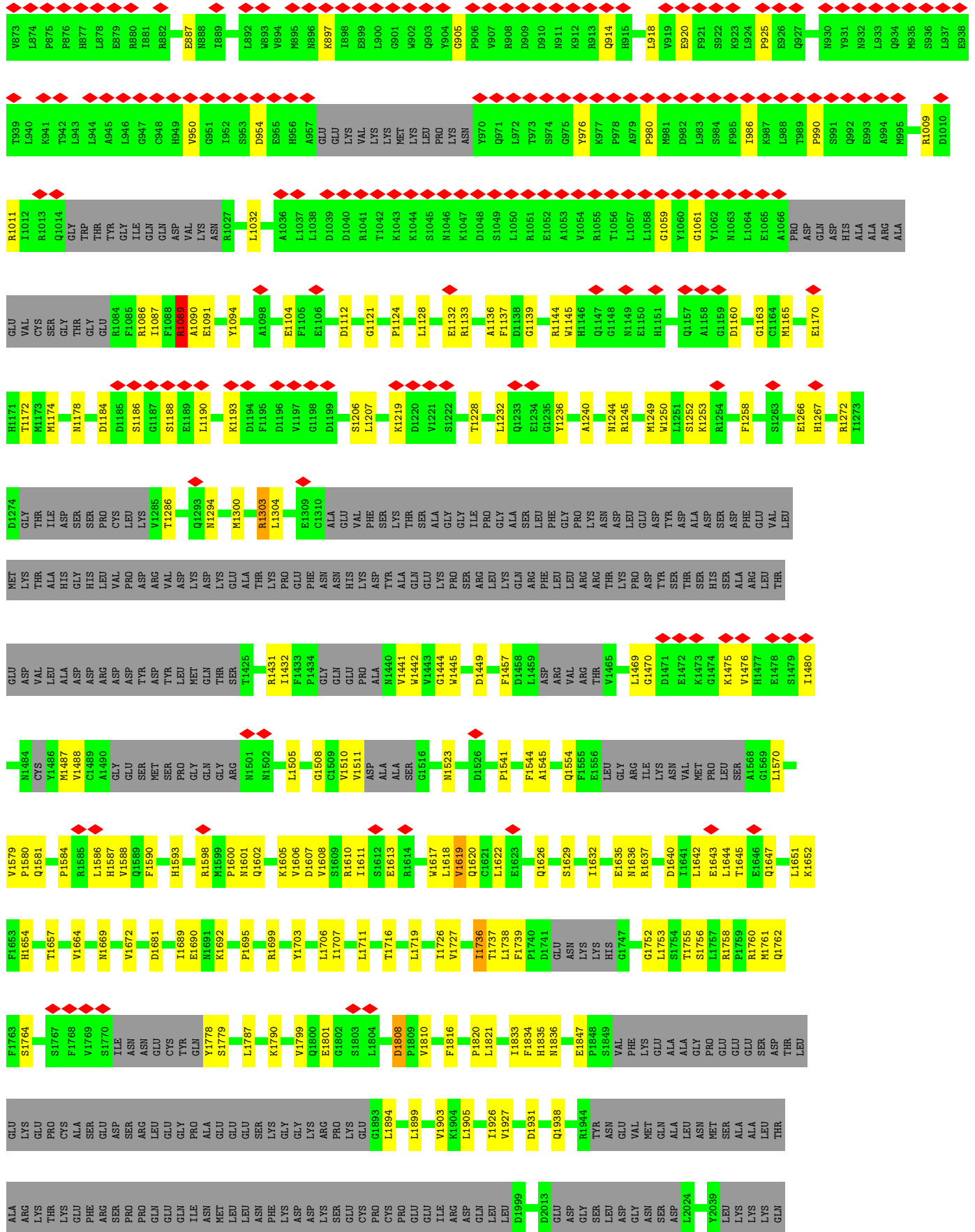
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
			Total	Zn	
2	A	1	1	1	0
2	B	1	1	1	0
2	C	1	1	1	0
2	D	1	1	1	0

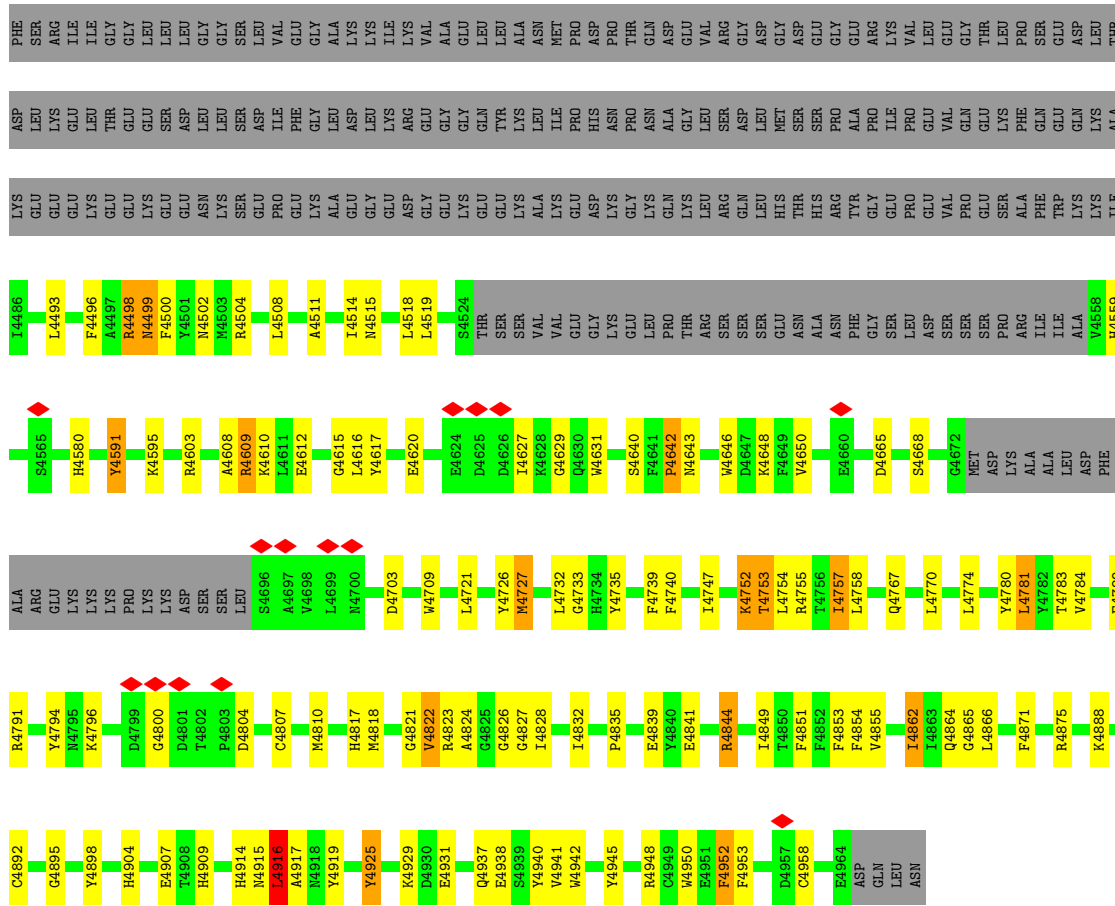
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

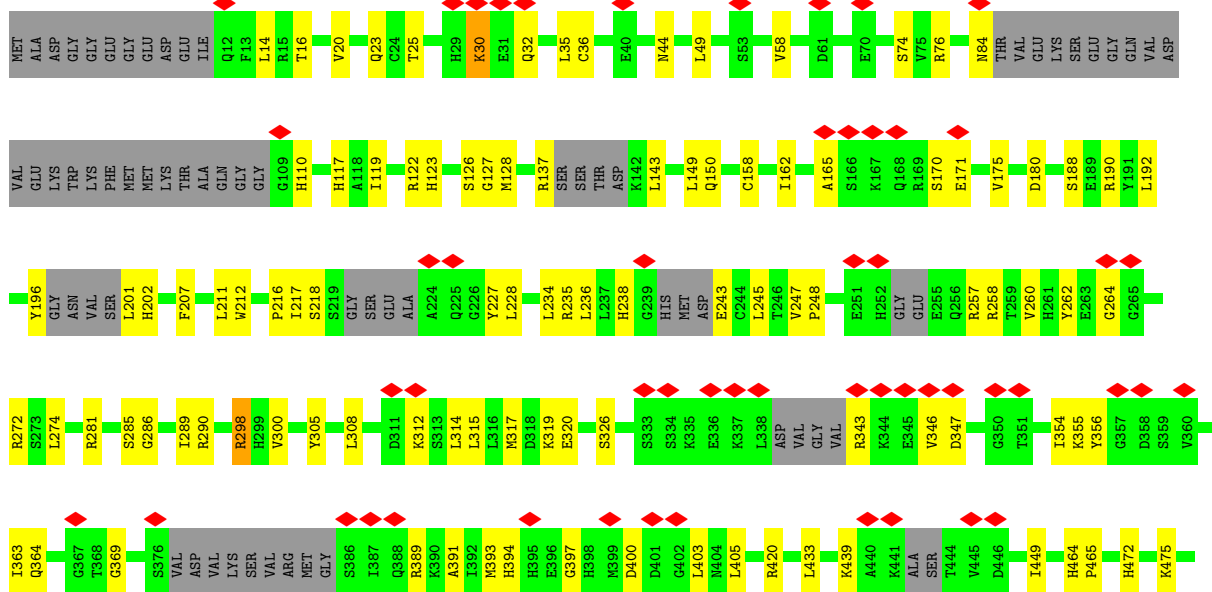
• Molecule 1: RyR2

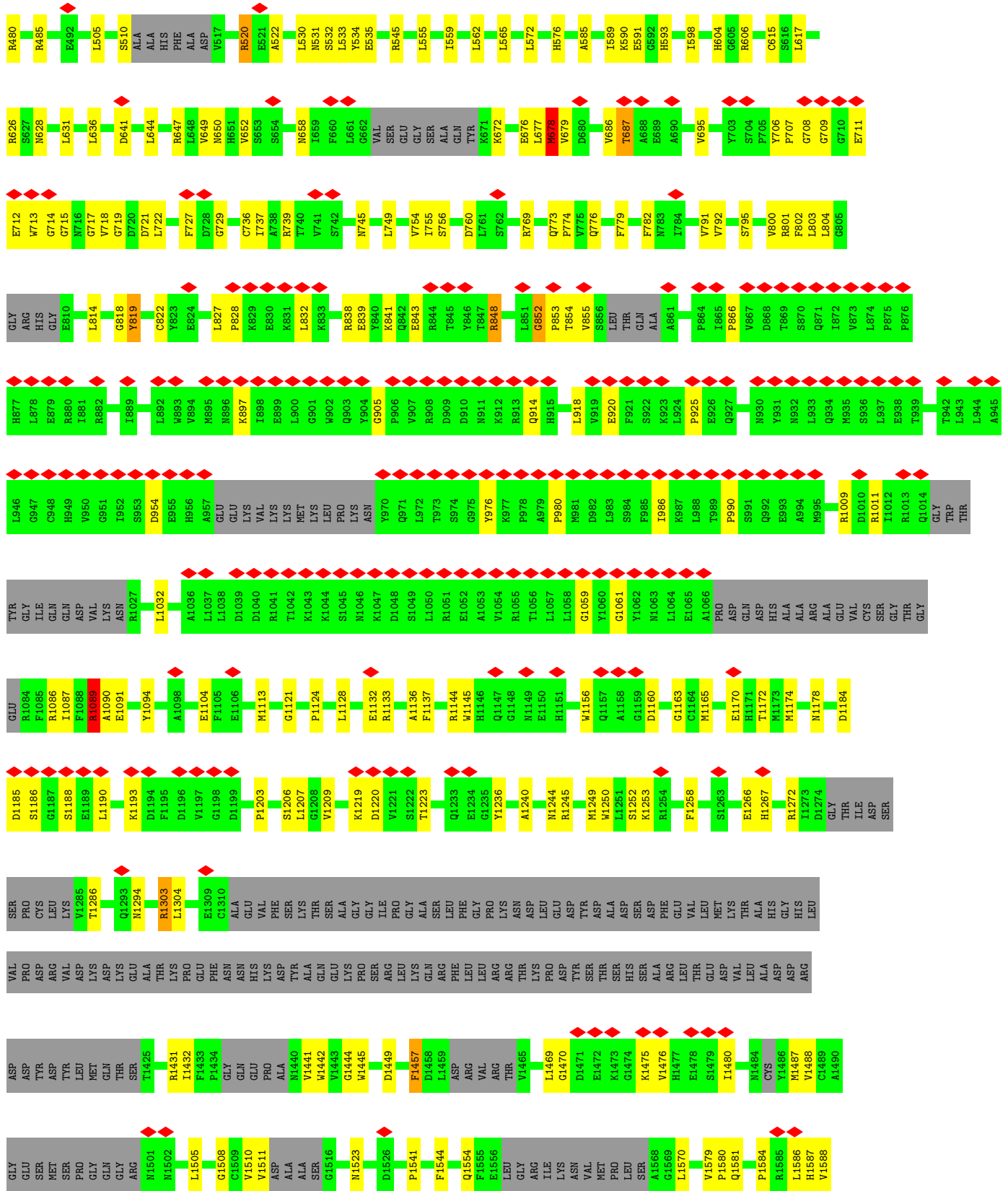


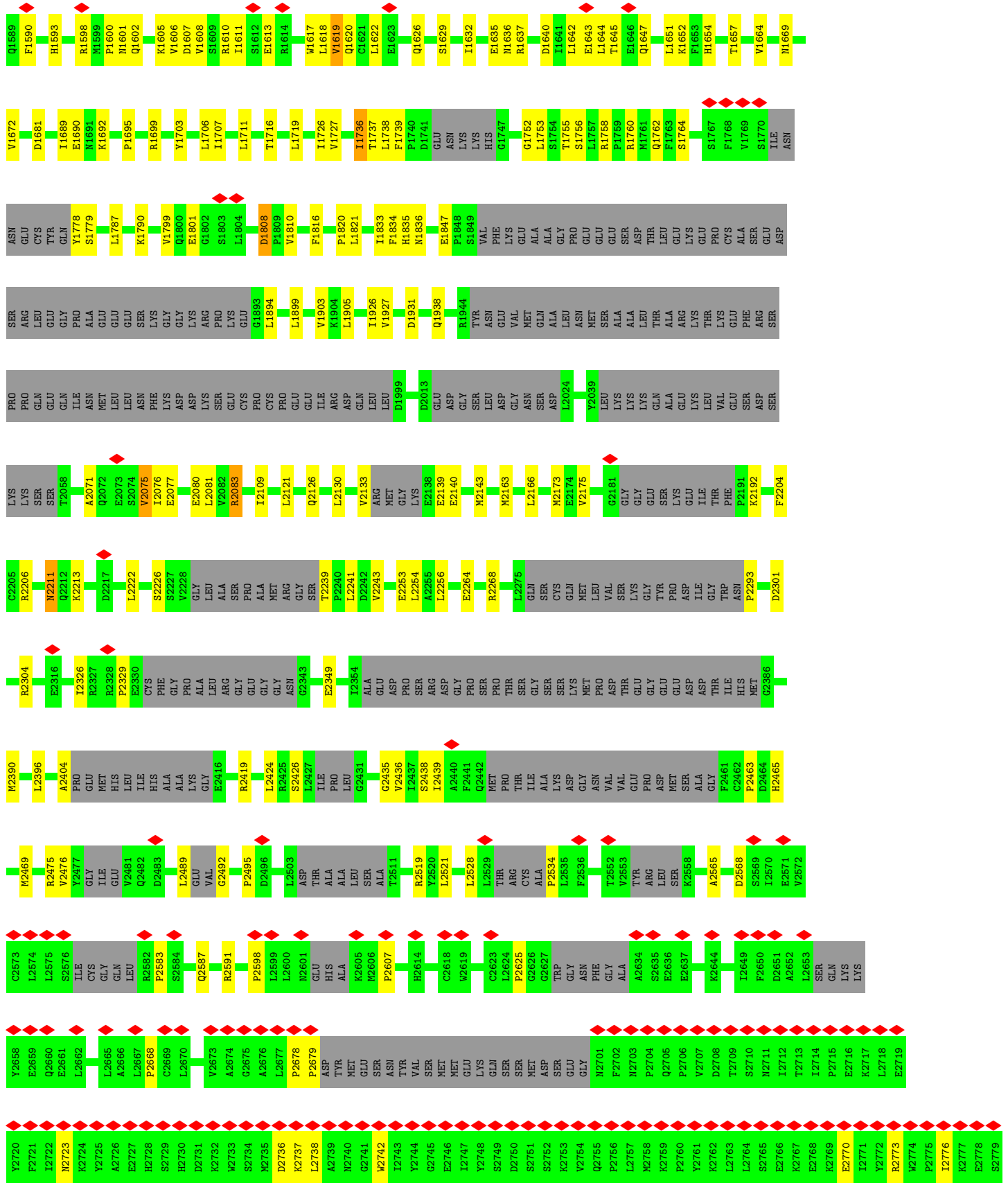


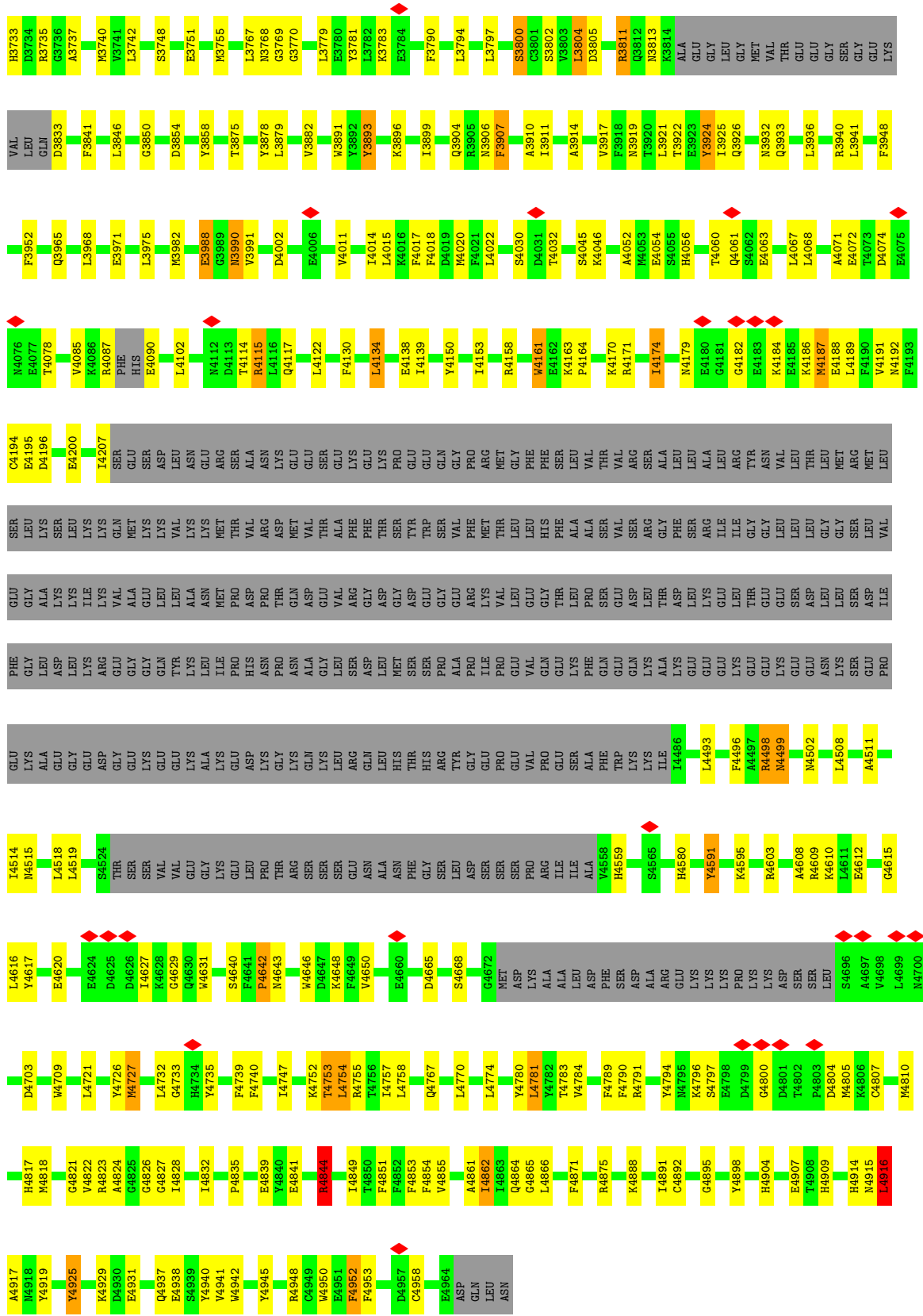


• Molecule 1: RyR2





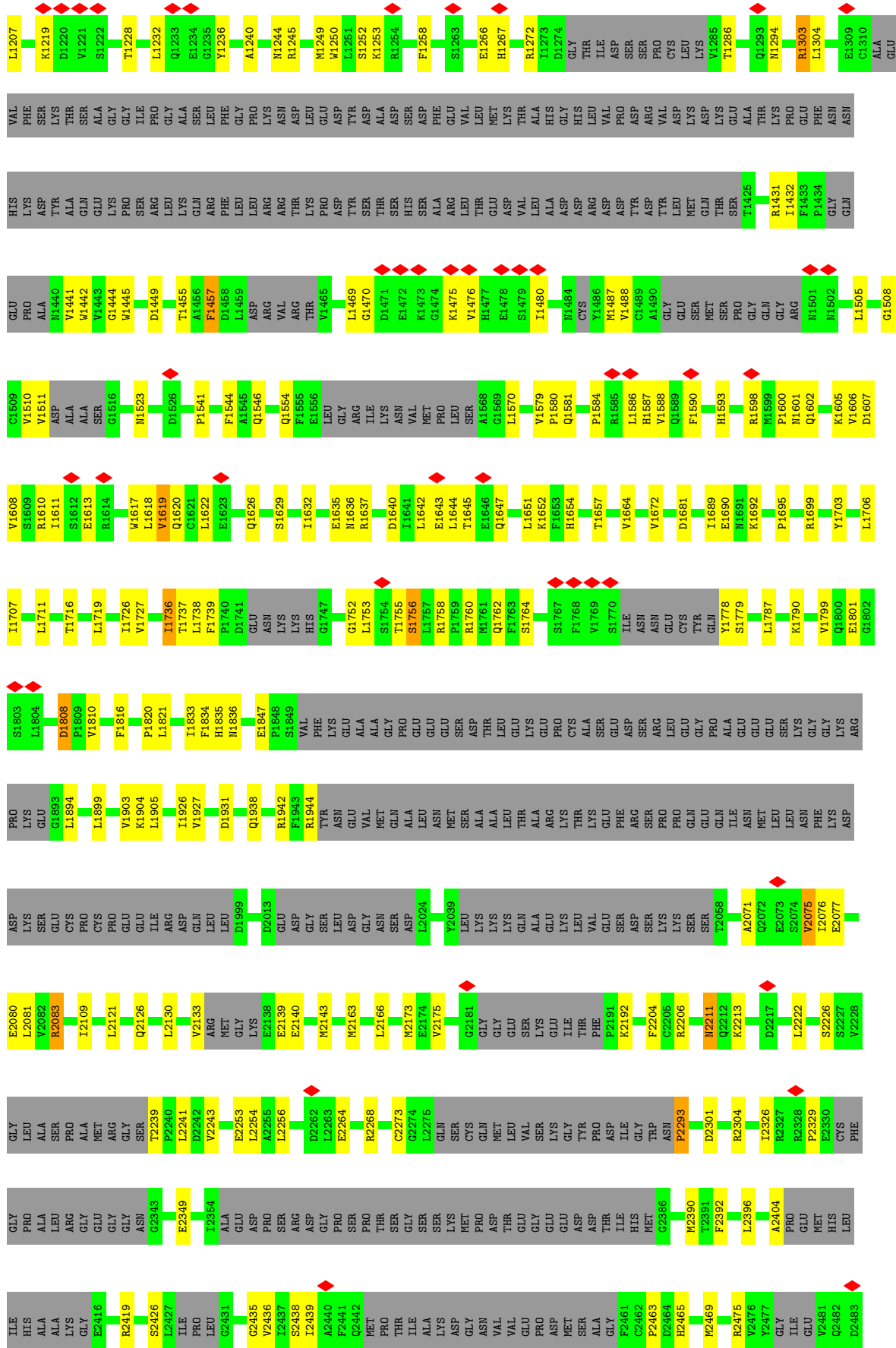


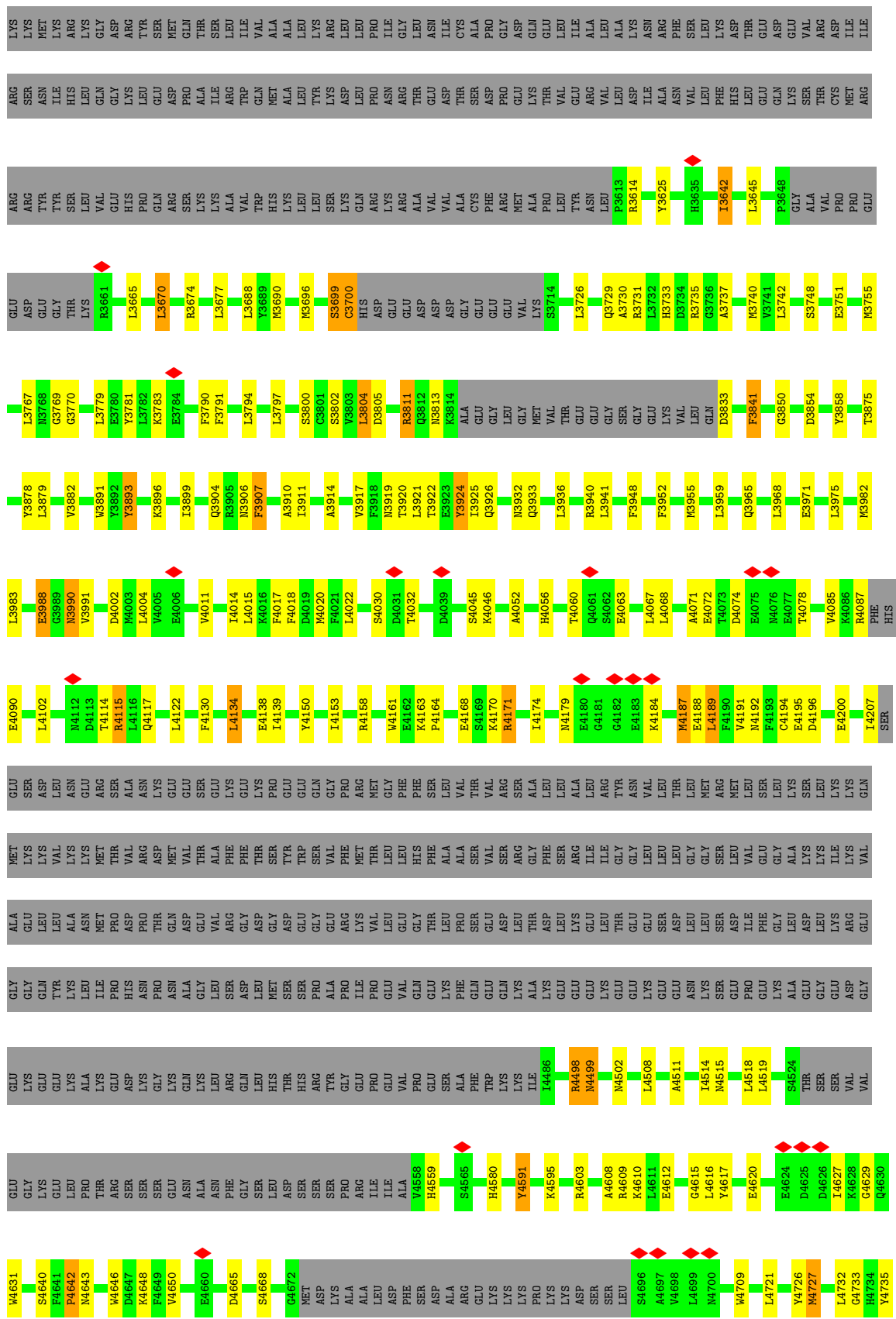


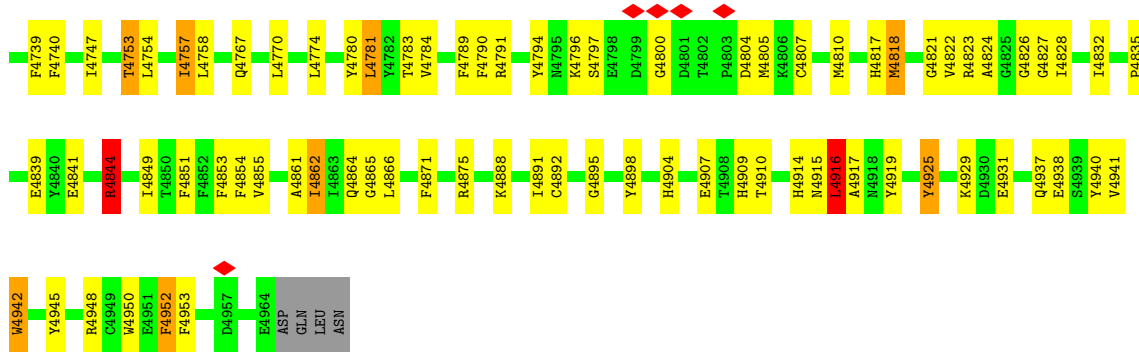
• Molecule 1: RyR2



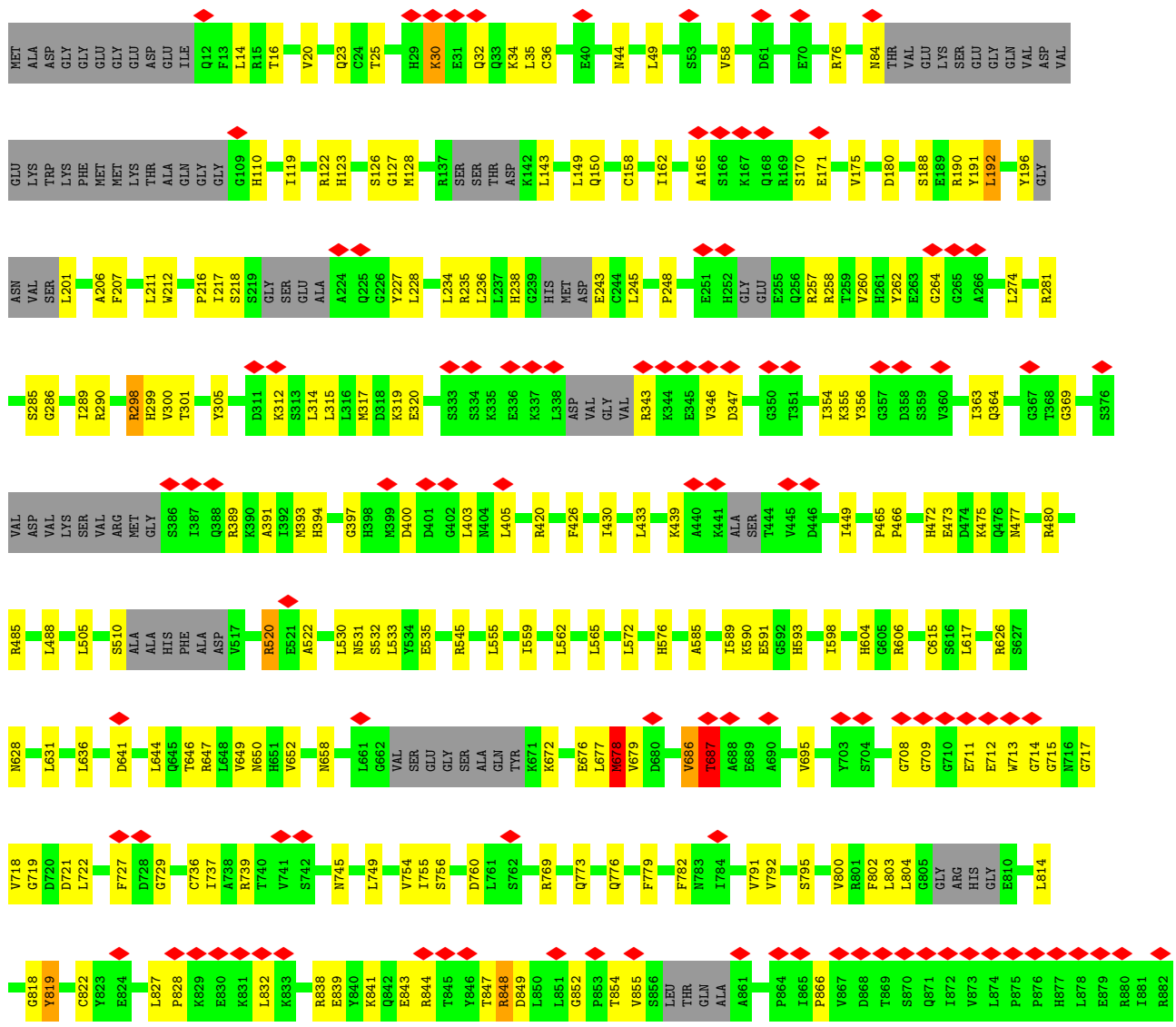
MET	ALA	ASP	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	GLY	ASP	ILE	Q12	L14	L15	L16	R15	T16	V20	Q23	C24	T25	H29	K30	E31	Q32	L35	C36	E40	M44	L49	S53	V58	D61	E70	R76	N84	THR	VAL	GLU	LYS	SER	GLU	GLY	GLN	VAL	ASP	VAL	GLU												
LYS	TRP	LYS	PHE	MET	MET	LYS	THR	ALA	GLY	G109	H110	I119	R122	H123	S126	G127	M128	R137	SER	SER	SER	THR	ASP	K142	L143	L149	Q150	C168	I162	A165	S166	K167	Q168	R169	S170	E171	V175	D180	S188	E189	R190	Y191	L192	Y196	GLY	ASP	VAL	ASN										
VAL	SER	L201	A206	F207	L211	W212	P216	I217	S218	S219	GLY	SER	GLU	ALA	A224	Q225	G226	Y227	L228	L234	R235	L236	L237	H238	G239	HIS	MET	ASP	E243	C244	L245	P248	E255	H252	GLY	GLU	E255	Q256	R257	R258	T259	V260	H261	Y262	E263	G264	G265	L274	R281	S285								
G286	I289	R290	R298	H299	V300	Y305	D311	K312	S313	L314	L315	L316	M317	K319	E320	S333	S334	K335	E336	K337	H338	ASP	VAL	GLY	VAL	R343	K344	E345	V346	D347	G350	T351	I354	K355	Y356	G357	D358	I363	Q364	G367	T368	G369	S376	VAL	ASP	VAL	LYS	SER										
VAL	ARG	MET	GLY	S386	Q388	R389	K390	A391	I392	M393	Y394	H395	F396	G397	H398	M399	D400	D401	C402	L403	M404	L405	E306	R407	R420	L433	K439	A440	K441	E345	V346	D347	I449	T444	V445	D446	I449	H472	E473	M477	R480	R485	L488	E492	L505	S510	ALA											
HIS	PHE	ALA	V517	R520	E521	A522	N531	S532	L533	Y534	E535	R545	L555	I559	L562	L565	L572	H576	A585	I589	K590	E591	G592	H593	I598	H604	G605	R606	C615	S616	L617	M628	L631	L636	R485	L488	D641	L644	R647	L648																		
V649	M650	H651	S653	S654	M658	E659	F660	G662	VAL	SER	GLU	GLY	SER	ALA	GLN	TYR	K671	K672	E676	L677	M679	V679	D680	V686	T687	A688	E689	A690	V695	Y703	S704	G708	G709	G710	E711	E712	W713	G714	G715	N716	G717	V718	G719	D721	L722	F727	D728	G729										
C736	I737	A738	R739	V740	V741	S742	S743	N745	L749	V754	I755	S756	D760	L761	S762	R769	Q773	Q776	F779	F782	N783	I784	V791	V792	S795	V800	R801	F802	L803	L804	G805	GLY	ARG	HIS	L874	P875	P876	H877	L878	E879	R880	G947	I881	R882	I889	L892	H893	V894	M895	H896	K897	I898						
P828	K829	E830	K831	L832	K833	R838	E839	Y840	K841	Q842	E843	R844	T845	Y846	T847	R848	L851	G852	P853	T854	V855	S856	LEU	THR	GLN	ALA	A861	P864	I865	P866	V867	D868	T869	S870	Q871	L872	V873	L874	P875	P876	H877	L878	E879	R880	G947	I881	R882	I889	L892	H893	V894	M895	H896	K897	I898			
E899	L900	G901	W902	Q903	Y904	G905	P906	Y907	L972	R908	D909	D910	N911	K912	R913	Q914	H915	L918	V919	E920	F921	S922	K923	L924	P925	E926	Q927	N930	Y931	N932	A934	L933	Q934	H935	S936	L937	I1012	E938	R1013	L874	P875	P876	H877	L878	E879	R880	G947	I881	R882	I889	L892	H893	V894	M895	H896	K897	I898	
LYS	LYS	MET	LYS	LEU	PRO	LYS	ASN	Y970	Q971	L972	T973	S974	G975	Y976	K977	P978	A979	P980	M981	D982	L983	S984	F985	I986	K987	L988	T989	P990	S991	Q992	E993	A994	M995	R1009	D1010	R1011	I1012	CYS	E938	R1013	L874	P875	P876	H877	L878	E879	R880	G947	I881	R882	I889	L892	H893	V894	M895	H896	K897	I898
D1039	D1040	R1041	T1042	K1043	K1044	S1045	N1046	N1047	D1048	S1049	L1050	L1051	E1052	A1053	V1054	R1055	T1056	L1057	L1058	G1059	Y1060	G1061	Y1062	M1063	L1064	E1065	A1066	PRO	ASP	GLN	ASP	HIS	ALA	ALA	ARG	ALA	VAL	VAL	CYS	SER	GLY	THR	THR	THR	TYR	GLY	ILE	GLN	GLN	ASP	VAL	LYS	ASN	R1027	L1032	A1036	L1037	L1038
E1106	G1121	P1124	L1128	E1132	R1133	A1136	F1137	D1138	R1144	W1145	Q1147	G1148	N1149	E1150	H1151	Q1157	A1158	G1159	D1160	G1163	C1164	M1165	E1170	H1171	T1172	M1173	M1174	N1178	D1184	D1185	S1186	G1187	S1188	E1189	L1190	K1193	D1194	F1195	L1087	F1088	V1089	A1090	E1091	Y1094	A1098	E1104	F1105											

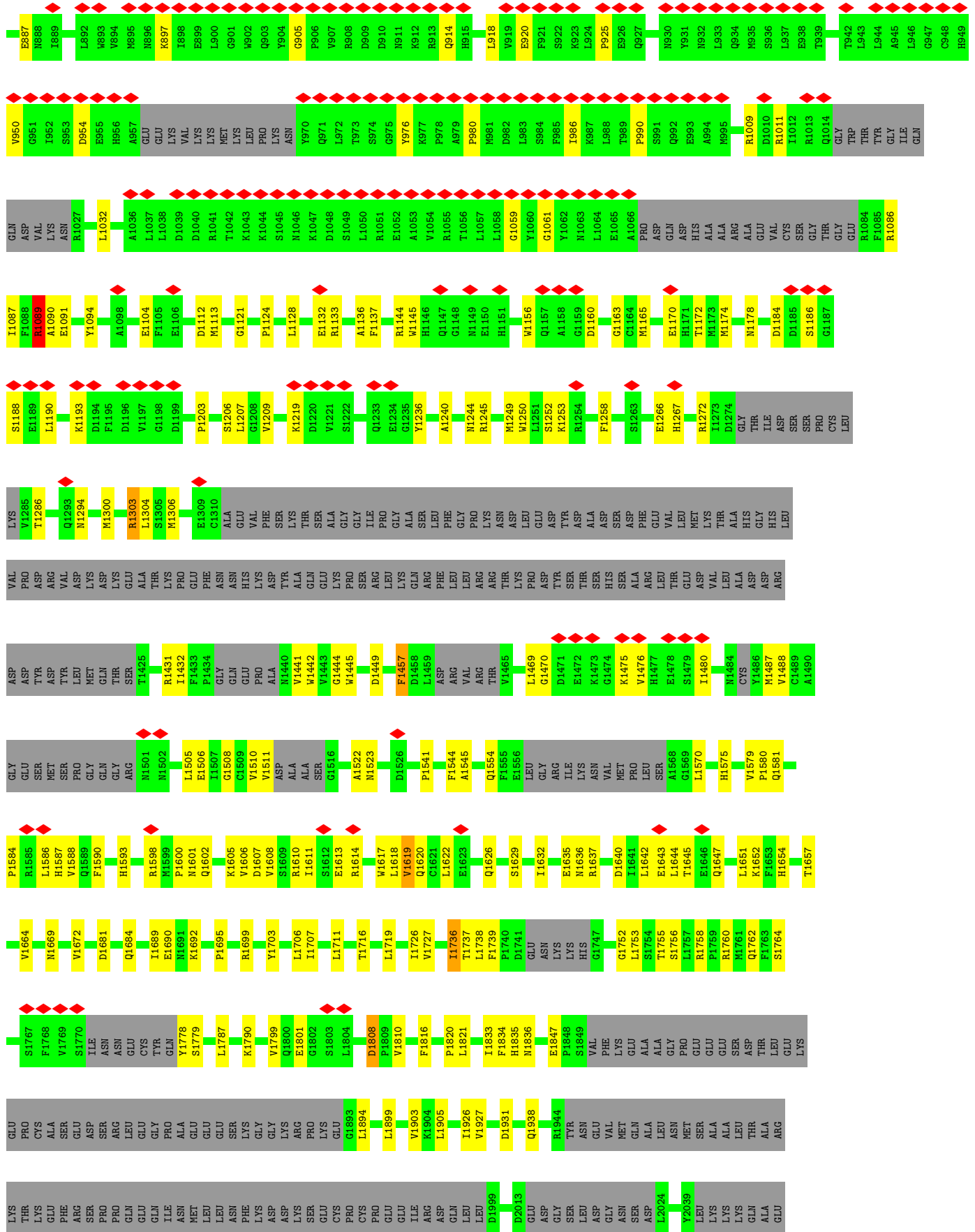


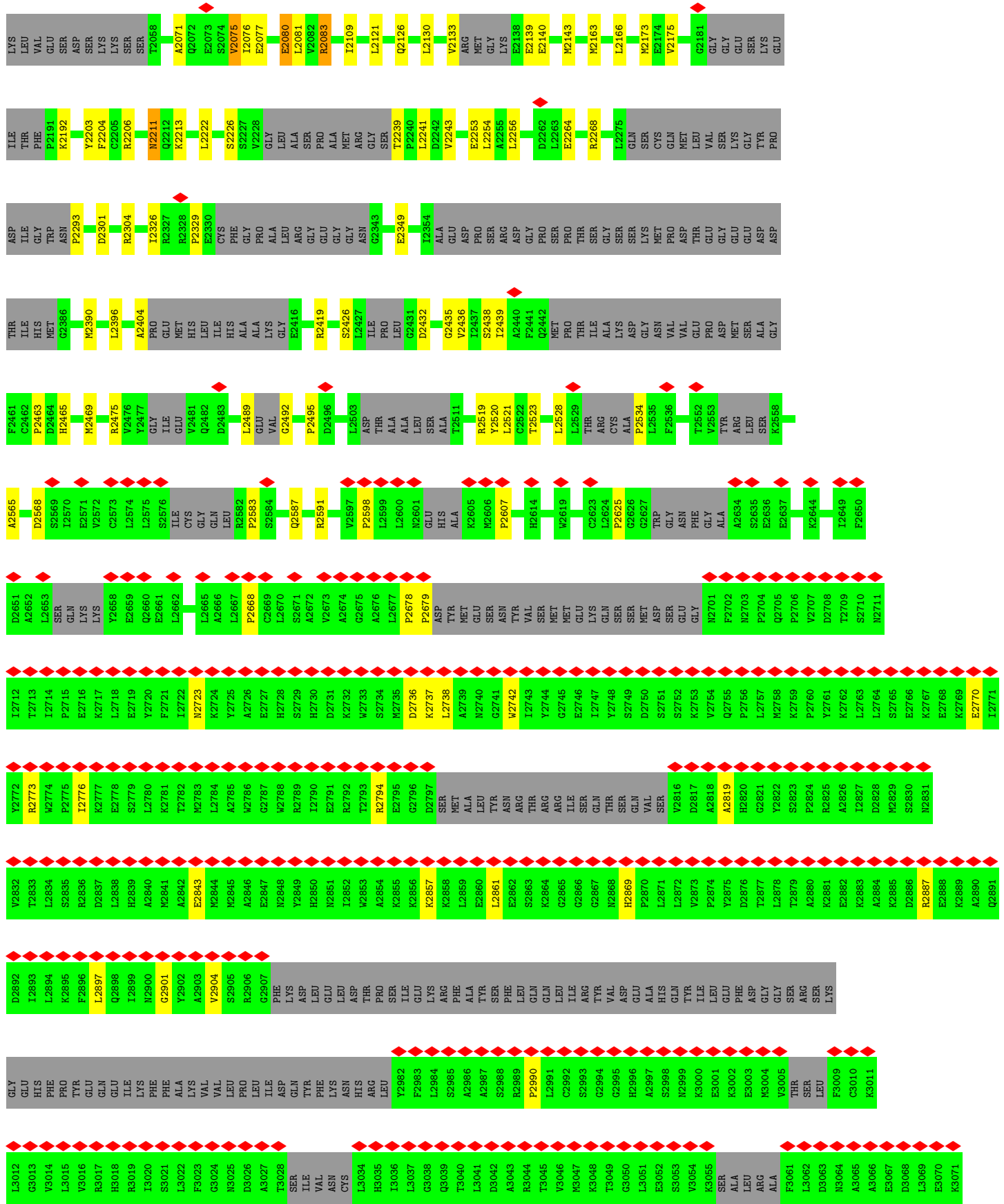




• Molecule 1: RyR2







4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	133196	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	44	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON II (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.155	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.067	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.006	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.035	Depositor
Map size (Å)	546.0, 546.0, 546.0	wwPDB
Map dimensions	520, 520, 520	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.05, 1.05, 1.05	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:
ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	1.09	70/26752 (0.3%)	1.00	96/36151 (0.3%)
1	B	1.09	66/26752 (0.2%)	1.00	95/36151 (0.3%)
1	C	1.08	67/26752 (0.3%)	1.00	95/36151 (0.3%)
1	D	1.09	67/26752 (0.3%)	1.00	99/36151 (0.3%)
All	All	1.08	270/107008 (0.3%)	1.00	385/144604 (0.3%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	23
1	B	0	23
1	C	0	24
1	D	0	23
All	All	0	93

The worst 5 of 270 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	3700	CYS	CB-SG	13.49	2.05	1.82
1	D	3700	CYS	CB-SG	13.43	2.05	1.82
1	A	3700	CYS	CB-SG	13.37	2.04	1.82
1	C	3700	CYS	CB-SG	13.08	2.04	1.82
1	B	3878	TYR	CG-CD1	-12.72	1.22	1.39

The worst 5 of 385 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	4948	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	13.56	127.08	120.30
1	D	4948	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	13.25	126.92	120.30
1	B	4948	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	13.09	126.84	120.30
1	C	4948	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	12.28	126.44	120.30
1	A	1089	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.54	115.53	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 93 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	641	ASP	Peptide
1	A	686	VAL	Peptide
1	A	791	VAL	Peptide
1	A	818	GLY	Peptide
1	A	819	TYR	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	26267	0	24896	381	0
1	B	26267	0	24897	372	0
1	C	26267	0	24897	370	0
1	D	26267	0	24896	377	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
2	C	1	0	0	0	0
2	D	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	105072	0	99586	1447	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 1447 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:4818:MET:CG	1:D:4818:MET:SD	2.01	1.49

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:4818:MET:CG	1:C:4818:MET:SD	2.01	1.48
1:C:3700:CYS:CB	1:C:3700:CYS:SG	2.04	1.45
1:B:3700:CYS:CB	1:B:3700:CYS:SG	2.05	1.43
1:D:3700:CYS:SG	1:D:3700:CYS:CB	2.05	1.43

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	3289/4968 (66%)	2988 (91%)	279 (8%)	22 (1%)	22	62
1	B	3289/4968 (66%)	2994 (91%)	273 (8%)	22 (1%)	22	62
1	C	3289/4968 (66%)	2988 (91%)	280 (8%)	21 (1%)	25	64
1	D	3289/4968 (66%)	2986 (91%)	282 (9%)	21 (1%)	25	64
All	All	13156/19872 (66%)	11956 (91%)	1114 (8%)	86 (1%)	26	62

5 of 86 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1737	THR
1	A	1756	SER
1	A	4071	ALA
1	B	1737	THR
1	B	1756	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	2660/4355 (61%)	2616 (98%)	44 (2%)	60	78
1	B	2657/4355 (61%)	2617 (98%)	40 (2%)	65	80
1	C	2658/4355 (61%)	2615 (98%)	43 (2%)	62	79
1	D	2660/4355 (61%)	2616 (98%)	44 (2%)	60	78
All	All	10635/17420 (61%)	10464 (98%)	171 (2%)	64	79

5 of 171 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	4168	GLU
1	D	990	PRO
1	C	4187	MET
1	D	298	ARG
1	D	2126	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 169 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	3990	ASN
1	D	1602	GLN
1	C	4559	HIS
1	D	238	HIS
1	D	2212	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

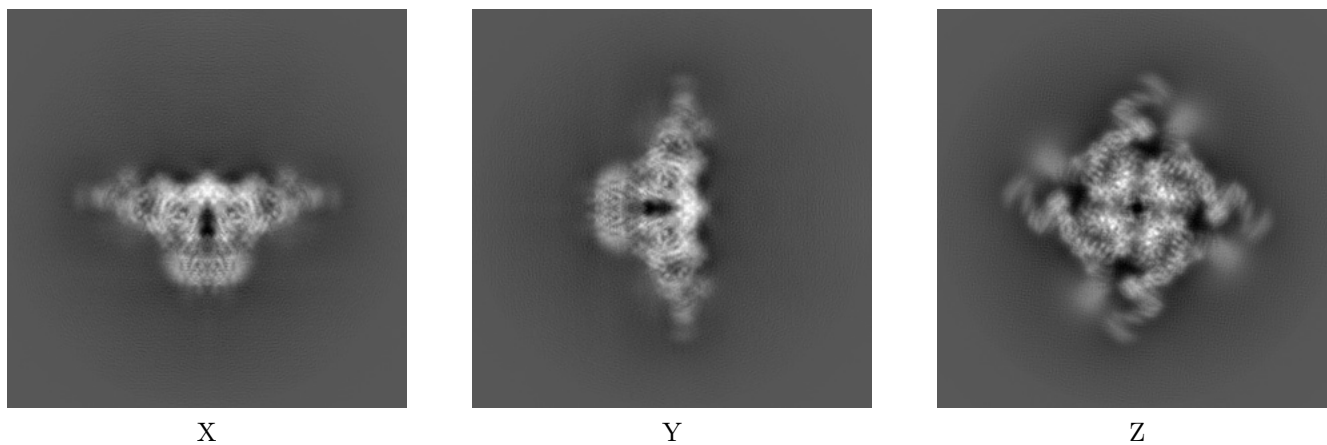
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-9529. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

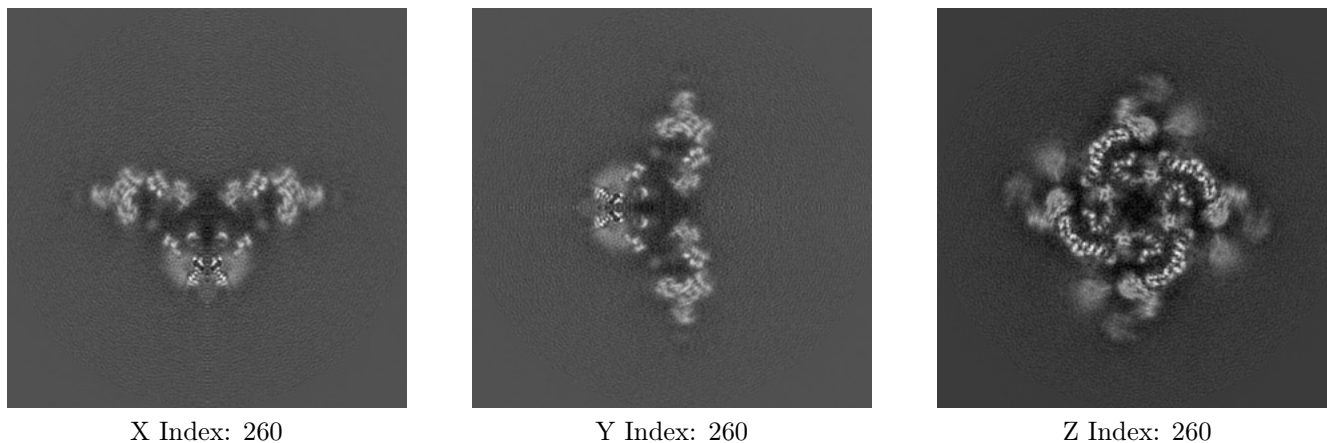
6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

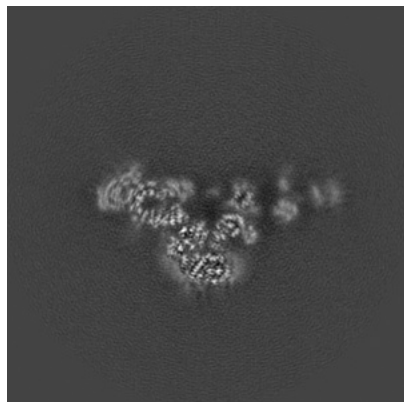
6.2.1 Primary map



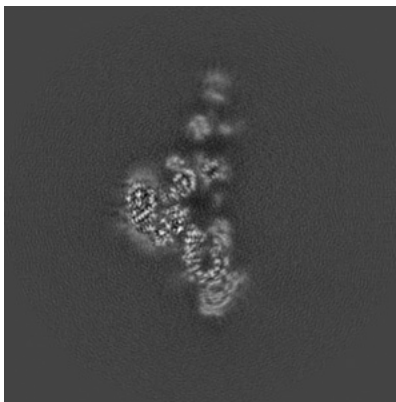
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [\(i\)](#)

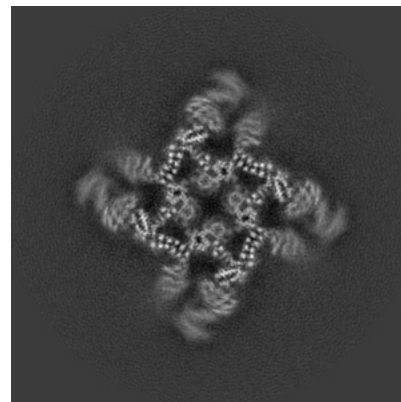
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 276



Y Index: 244

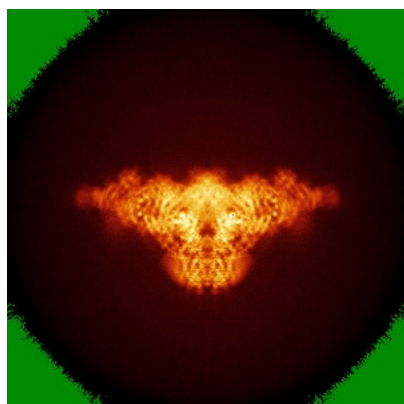


Z Index: 271

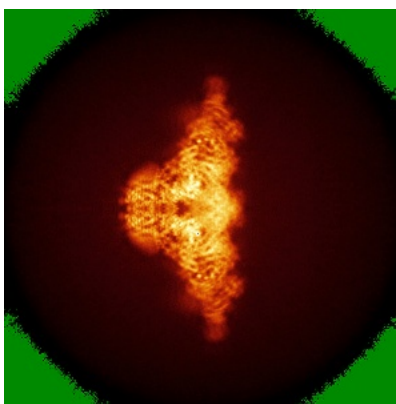
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [\(i\)](#)

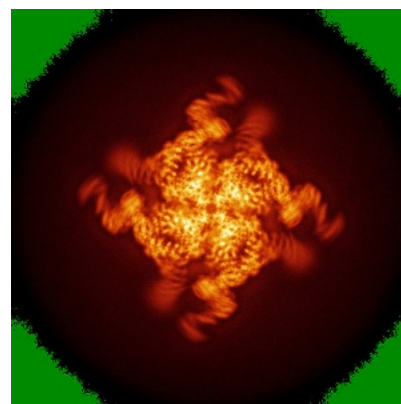
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

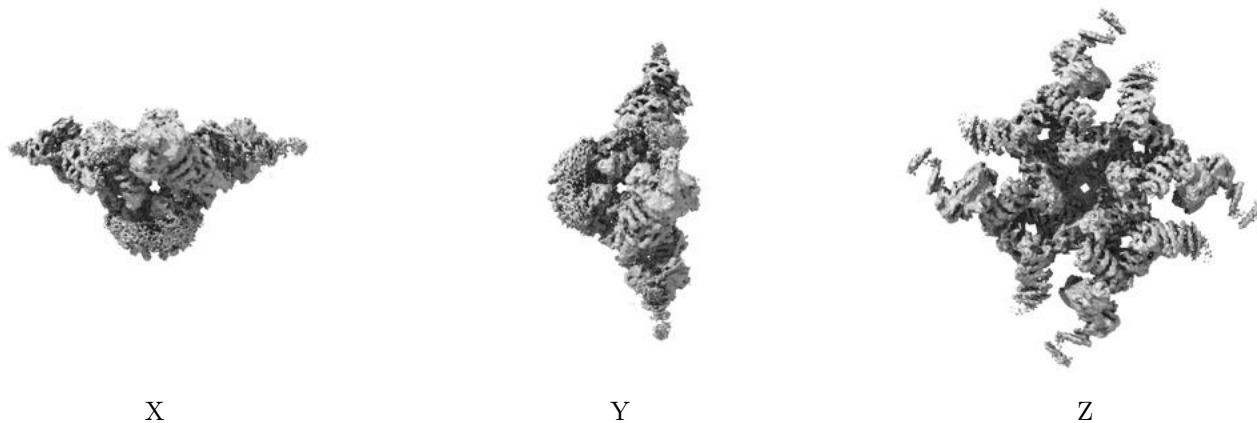


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.035. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

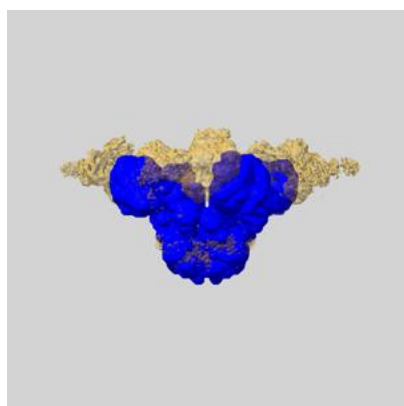
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

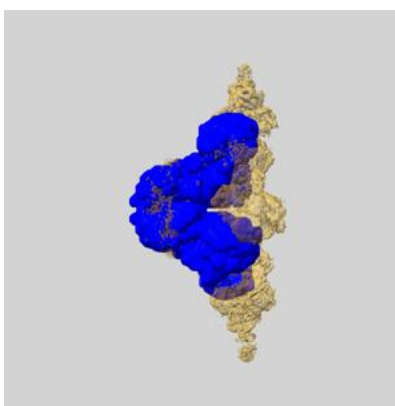
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

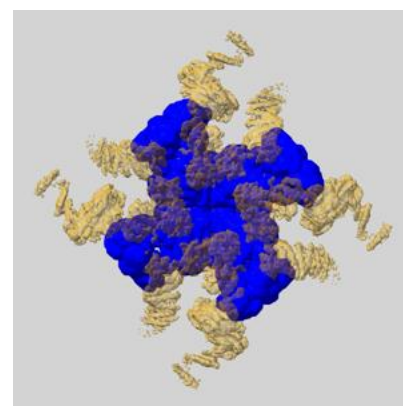
6.6.1 emd_9529_msk_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

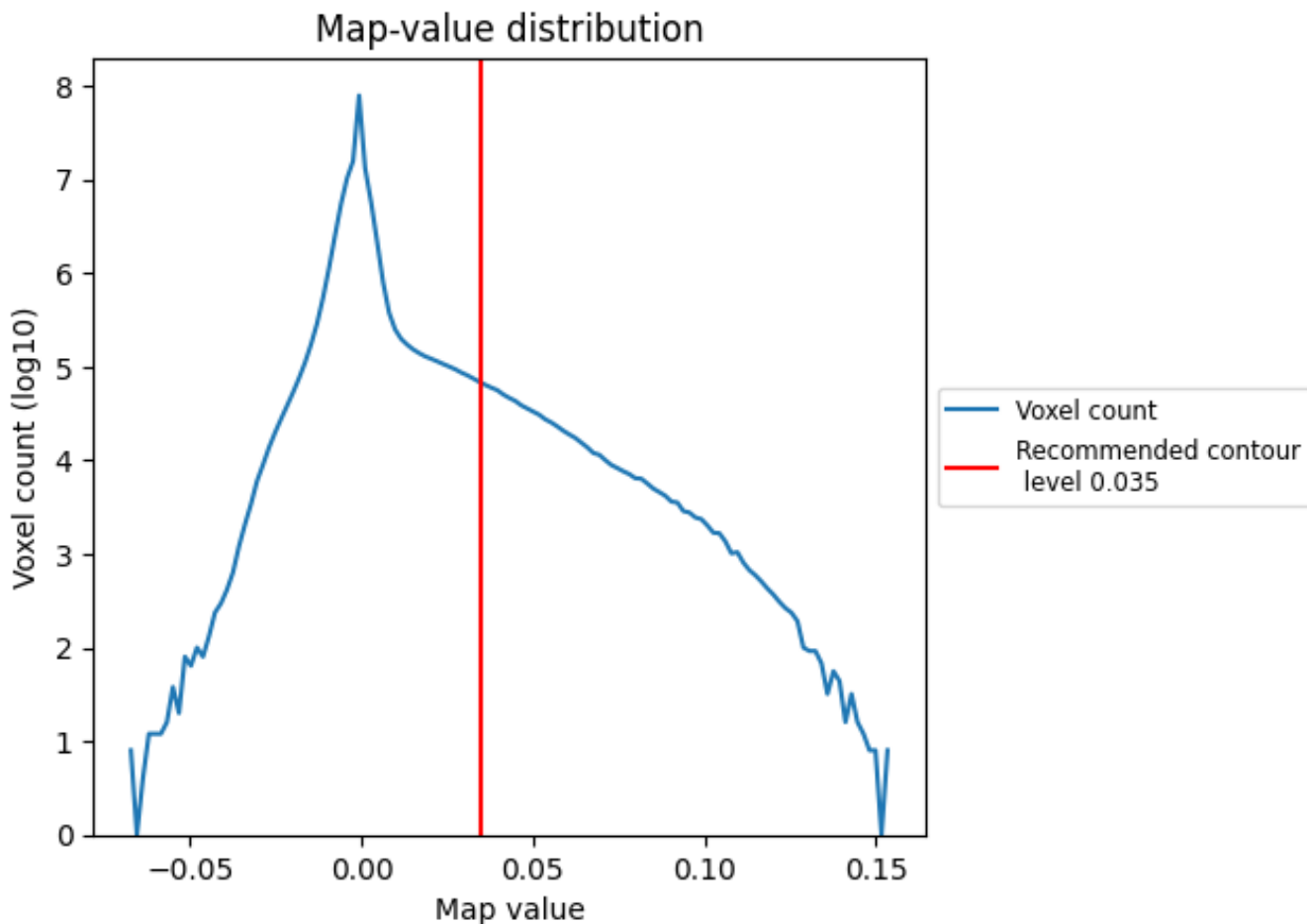


Z

7 Map analysis [i](#)

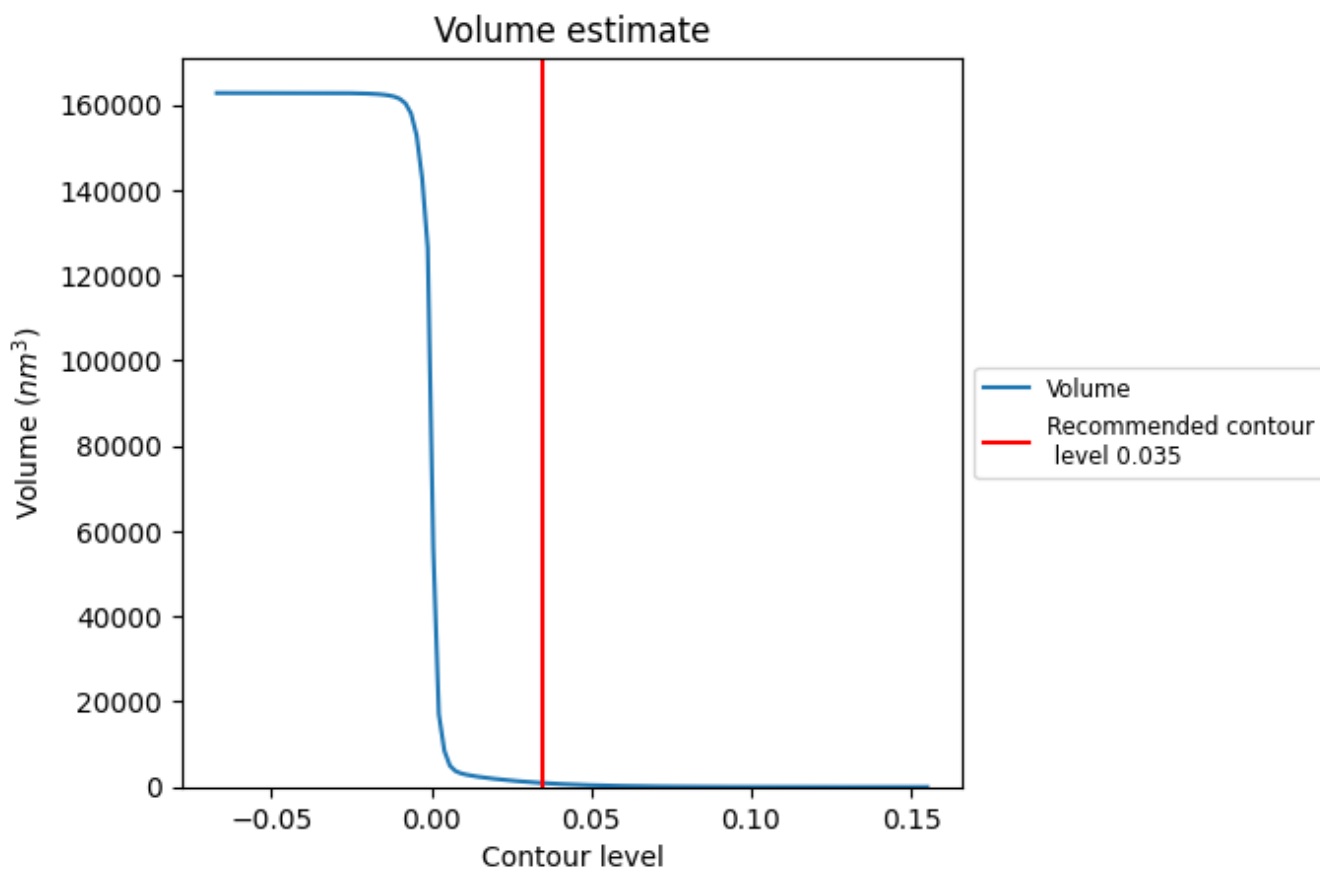
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

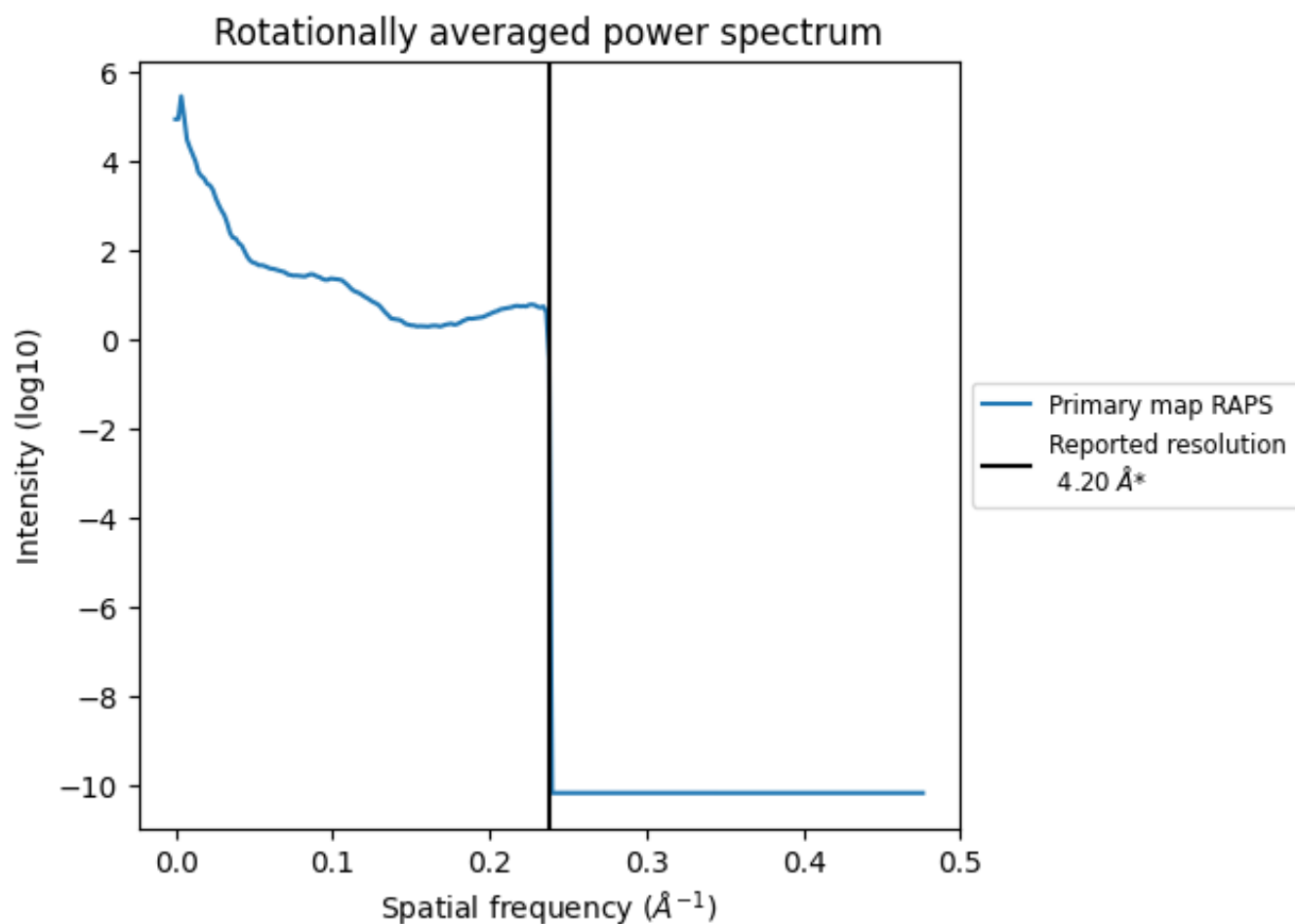
7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 919 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 830 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [\(i\)](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.238 Å⁻¹

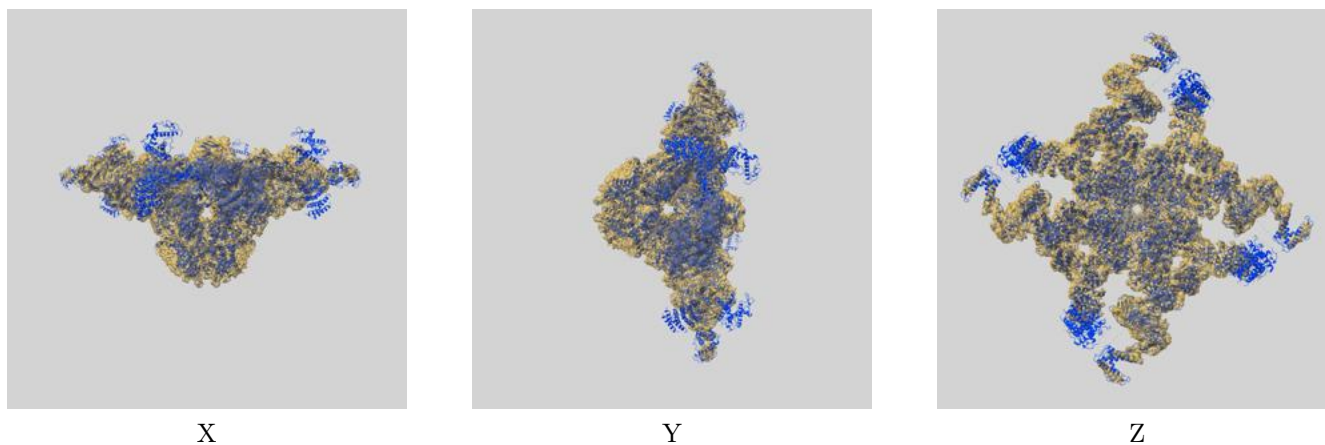
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

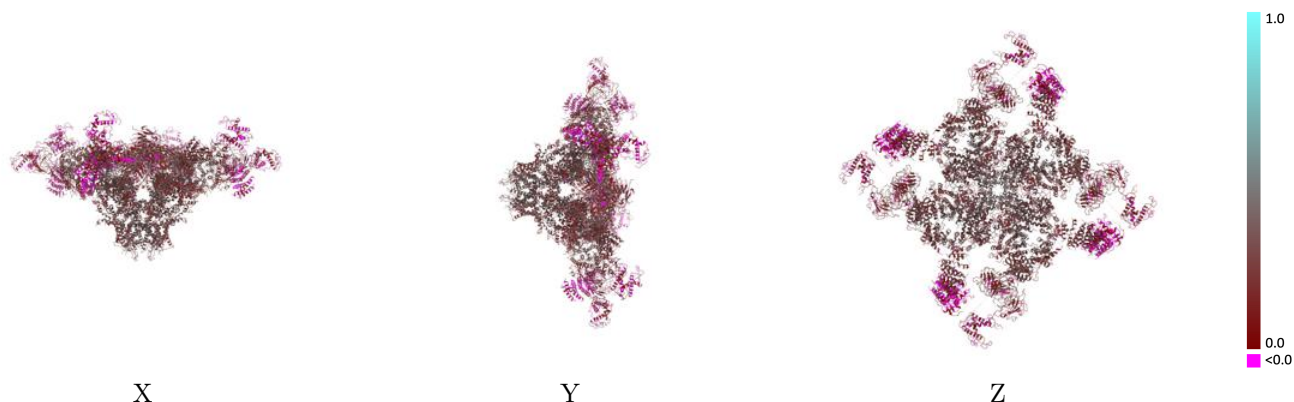
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-9529 and PDB model 5GOA. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [4](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



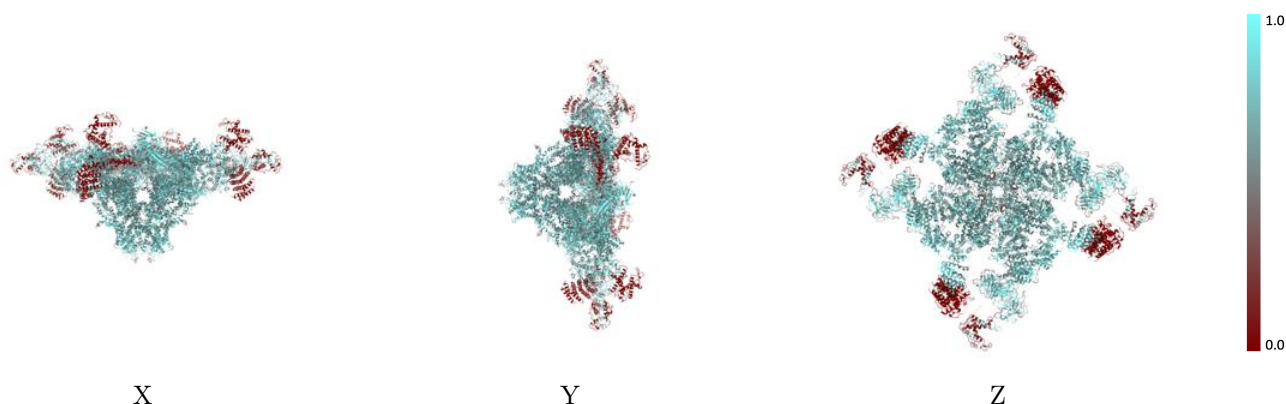
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.035 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



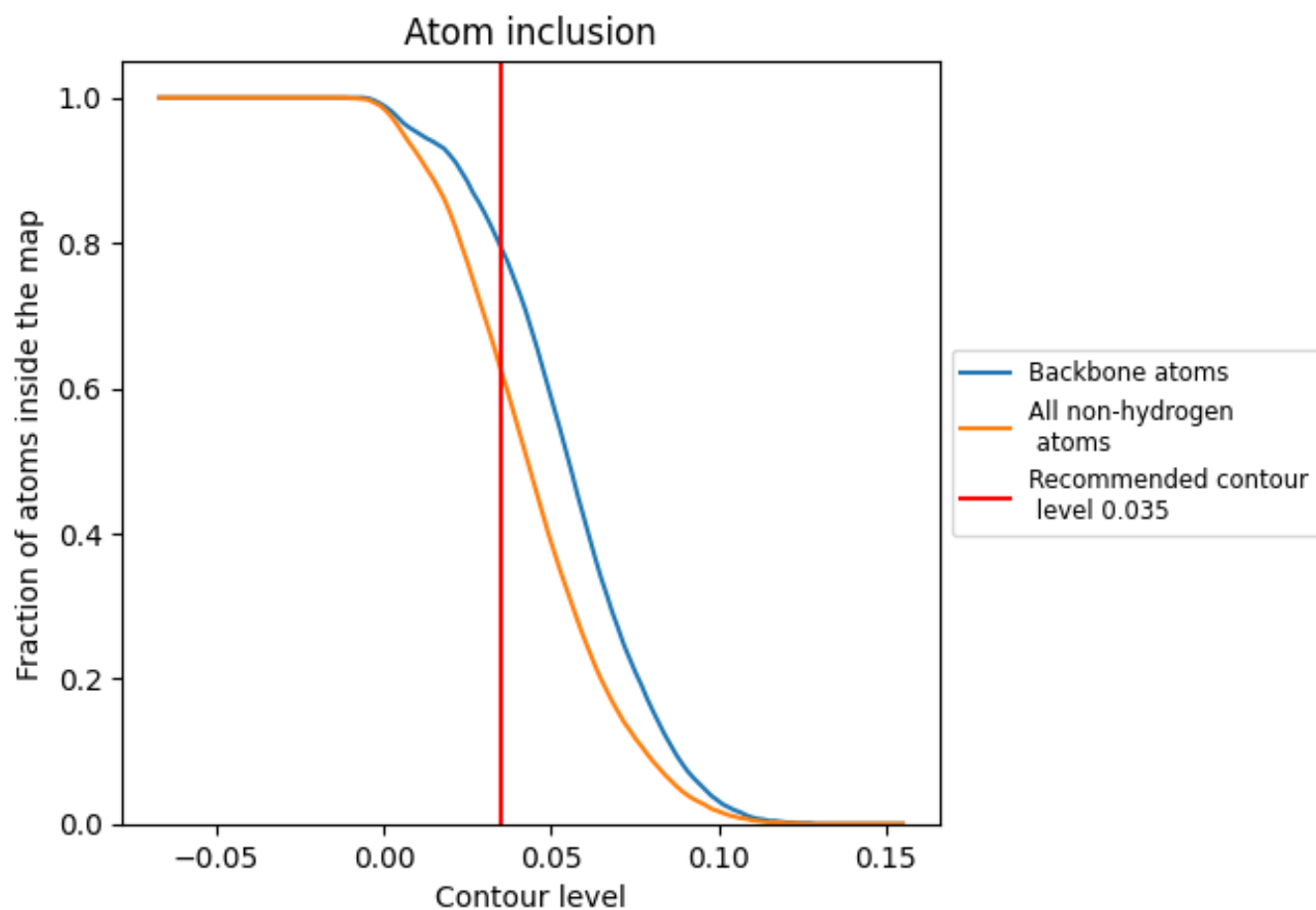
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.035).










9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 79% of all backbone atoms, 62% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.035) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.6230	 0.2450
A	 0.6230	 0.2450
B	 0.6240	 0.2440
C	 0.6230	 0.2440
D	 0.6230	 0.2440

