

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID : 2GPN

Title : 100 K STRUCTURE OF GLYCOGEN PHOSPHORYLASE AT 2.0

ANGSTROMS RESOLUTION

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Deposited on : 1998-03-26

Resolution : 1.99 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.34

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

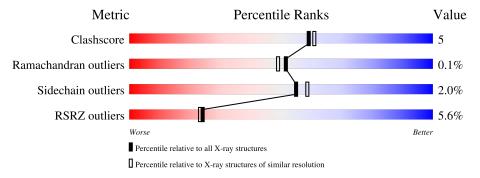
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.34

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.99 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
			5%		
1	A	842	84%	10%	• 5%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7363 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called GLYCOGEN PHOSPHORYLASE B.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	803	Total	С	N	О	Р	S	0	0	0
1	Α	000	6546	4174	1151	1191	1	29	0	U	U

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	380	ILE	LEU	conflict	UNP P00489
A	680	LLP	LYS	modified residue	UNP P00489

• Molecule 2 is water.

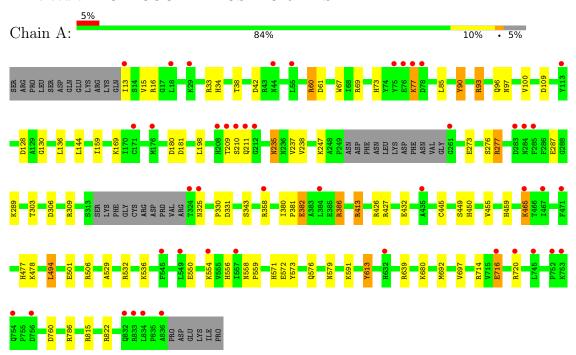
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	817	Total O 817 817	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: GLYCOGEN PHOSPHORYLASE B





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	127.18Å 127.18Å 115.70Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.40 - 1.99	Depositor
Resolution (A)	19.66 - 2.40	EDS
% Data completeness	89.7 (19.40-1.99)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	89.5 (19.66-2.40)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	5.40 (at 2.41Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
D D.	0.197 , 0.248	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.178 , (Not available)	DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	20.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.643	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35, 65.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	7363	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.22% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: LLP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles	
Mol Chain		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.43	0/6667	1.10	$26/9022 \ (0.3\%)$

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 26 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	386	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	11.02	139.03	123.60
1	A	277	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.14	115.23	120.30
1	A	277	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.76	125.18	120.30
1	A	532	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	8.95	136.13	123.60
1	A	714	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.22	116.19	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6546	0	6491	61	0
2	A	817	0	0	16	2
All	All	7363	0	6491	61	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.



The worst 5 of 61 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:211:GLN:HB3	1:A:358:ARG:HH22	1.37	0.90
1:A:716:GLU:HG3	1:A:720:ARG:HH21	1.36	0.90
1:A:455:VAL:H	1:A:459:HIS:HD2	1.36	0.74
1:A:100:VAL:HG21	1:A:494:LEU:HD12	1.72	0.72
1:A:716:GLU:HG3	1:A:720:ARG:NH2	2.06	0.69

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:1060:HOH:O	2:A:1060:HOH:O[7_556]	1.97	0.23
2:A:1451:HOH:O	2:A:1451:HOH:O[7_555]	2.13	0.07

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	796/842 (94%)	769 (97%)	26 (3%)	1 (0%)	51 49

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	325	ASN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

\mathbf{M}	ol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	-	A	693/730 (95%)	679 (98%)	14 (2%)	55 58	

5 of 14 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	465	LYS
1	A	494	LEU
1	A	716	GLU
1	A	579	ASN
1	A	613	TYR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 15 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	450	HIS
1	A	579	ASN
1	A	459	HIS
1	A	767	HIS
1	A	566	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol T	Type	ype Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
		туре		nes	s Link Counts RMSZ		RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
	1	LLP	A	680	1	23,24,25	2.24	5 (21%)	25,32,34	1.43	4 (16%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	LLP	A	680	1	-	1/16/17/19	0/1/1/1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	680	LLP	C4'-NZ	6.77	1.50	1.27
1	A	680	LLP	C3-C2	-5.20	1.35	1.40
1	A	680	LLP	C4-C4'	2.78	1.51	1.46
1	A	680	LLP	P-OP3	-2.75	1.44	1.54
1	A	680	LLP	C4-C3	-2.26	1.37	1.40

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	680	LLP	C5-C6-N1	-3.43	118.10	123.82
1	A	680	LLP	OP3-P-OP1	3.20	123.20	110.68
1	A	680	LLP	C3-C4-C5	2.69	120.32	118.26
1	A	680	LLP	C5-C4-C4'	-2.05	118.19	121.56

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	680	LLP	CE-CD-CG-CB

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	# RSRZ > 2		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	802/842 (95%)	0.26	45 (5%) 24	4 23	12, 21, 39, 65	0

The worst 5 of 45 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	324	THR	14.5
1	A	325	ASN	6.2
1	A	113	TYR	5.6
1	A	285	PHE	5.2
1	A	210	SER	4.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	LLP	A	680	24/25	0.98	0.07	14,15,17,18	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

