

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 31, 2023 – 07:06 PM JST

PDB ID : 5GV7

Title: Structure of NADH-cytochrome b5 reductase refined with the multipolar

atomic model at 0.80 A

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Deposited on : 2016-09-03

Resolution : 0.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

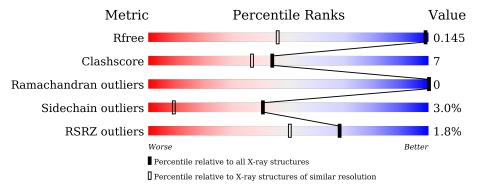
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 0.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},\ {\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	1079 (1.04-0.56)
Clashscore	141614	1153 (1.04-0.56)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1071 (1.04-0.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1072 (1.04-0.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1045 (1.04-0.56)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
			2%		
1	A	272	84%	14%	•

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
ſ	3	GOL	A	1304[A]	-	-	X	-



## 2 Entry composition (i)

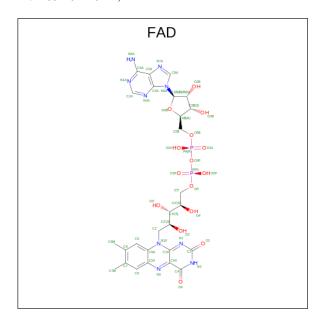
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4917 atoms, of which 1745 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called NADH-cytochrome b5 reductase 3.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	272	Total 4158	C 1584	H 1695	N 415	O 449	S 15	0	65	0

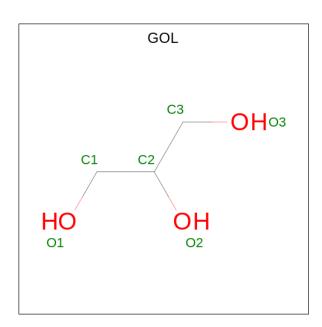
• Molecule 2 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula:  $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	A	1	Total 72	C 27	H 19	N 9	O 15	P 2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	1
3	A	1	Total C O 12 6 6	0	1
3	A	1	Total C O 12 6 6	0	1
3	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	1

#### • Molecule 4 is water.

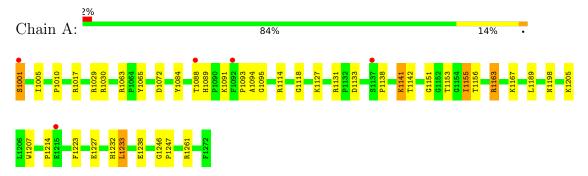
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	616	10001	H 31	O 620	0	60



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: NADH-cytochrome b5 reductase 3





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor	
Cell constants	48.66Å 72.18Å 85.21Å	Donogitor	
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	29.30 - 0.80	Depositor	
rtesolution (A)	29.30 - 0.80	EDS	
% Data completeness	99.9 (29.30-0.80)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	91.4 (29.30-0.80)	EDS	
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor	
$R_{sym}$	0.07	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	0.93 (at 0.80Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	SHELXL	Depositor	
P. P.	0.122 , 0.144	Depositor	
$R, R_{free}$	0.129 , $0.145$	DCC	
$R_{free}$ test set	15875 reflections $(5.05%)$	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	8.4	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.258	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, 79.0	EDS	
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.98	EDS	
Total number of atoms	4917	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	13.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.19% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, FAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	1.11	$1/2684 \ (0.0\%)$	1.34	13/3640 (0.4%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\textup{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
1	A	1118	GLY	CA-C	6.84	1.62	1.51

The worst 5 of 13 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	1063	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.71	124.16	120.30
1	A	1017	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.55	124.08	120.30
1	A	1261	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.08	116.76	120.30
1	A	1029	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.95	123.77	120.30
1	A	1063	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.71	116.95	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	1065	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	1214	PRO	Mainchain



#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2463	1695	2366	33	0
2	A	53	19	31	3	0
3	A	36	0	48	8	0
4	A	620	31	0	10	0
All	All	3172	1745	2445	34	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 34 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	$\operatorname{distance}\ ( ext{\AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:1089[A]:HIS:HD2	1:A:1091:LYS:H	1.31	0.79
2:A:1301:FAD:H4'	4:A:1740[B]:HOH:O	1.86	0.76
1:A:1089[B]:HIS:HD2	1:A:1091:LYS:H	1.31	0.75
1:A:1151:GLY:HA3	3:A:1303[A]:GOL:H32	1.72	0.71
1:A:1163[A]:ARG:HH11	1:A:1163[A]:ARG:HG2	1.54	0.70

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	327/272 (120%)	322 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1	A	286/241 (119%)	274 (96%)	12 (4%)	30 5	

5 of 12 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1205[B]	LYS
1	A	1227[A]	GLU
1	A	1233[B]	LEU
1	A	1227[B]	GLU
1	A	1141	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

7 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The



Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
WIOI	туре	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	GOL	A	1303[A]	-	5,5,5	0.25	0	5,5,5	0.27	0
3	GOL	A	1305[A]	-	5,5,5	0.56	0	5,5,5	1.14	0
2	FAD	A	1301	-	53,58,58	1.25	5 (9%)	68,89,89	1.20	9 (13%)
3	GOL	A	1304[B]	-	5,5,5	0.26	0	5,5,5	0.28	0
3	GOL	A	1304[A]	-	5,5,5	0.25	0	5,5,5	0.28	0
3	GOL	A	1303[B]	-	5,5,5	0.79	0	5,5,5	1.15	0
3	GOL	A	1302[A]	-	5,5,5	0.47	0	5,5,5	1.10	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GOL	A	1303[A]	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	A	1305[A]	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
2	FAD	A	1301	-	-	3/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
3	GOL	A	1304[B]	-	-	2/4/4/4	_
3	GOL	A	1304[A]	ı	-	2/4/4/4	-
3	GOL	A	1303[B]	-	-	2/4/4/4	_
3	GOL	A	1302[A]	-	-	1/4/4/4	-

#### All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
2	A	1301	FAD	C2B-C1B	3.82	1.59	1.53
2	A	1301	FAD	C4A-N3A	-2.78	1.31	1.35
2	A	1301	FAD	C6-C7	-2.57	1.35	1.39
2	A	1301	FAD	O4B-C1B	2.52	1.44	1.41
2	A	1301	FAD	PA-O2A	-2.35	1.44	1.55

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mo	l Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	A	1301	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-3.59	123.07	128.68
2	A	1301	FAD	C2A-N1A-C6A	2.48	122.99	118.75

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	A	1301	FAD	C4A-C5A-N7A	2.32	111.82	109.40
2	A	1301	FAD	P-O3P-PA	-2.25	125.11	132.83
2	A	1301	FAD	C1B-N9A-C4A	-2.23	122.72	126.64

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 15 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	1301	FAD	C5B-O5B-PA-O1A
3	A	1303[A]	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
3	A	1304[A]	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
3	A	1304[B]	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
3	A	1305[A]	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3

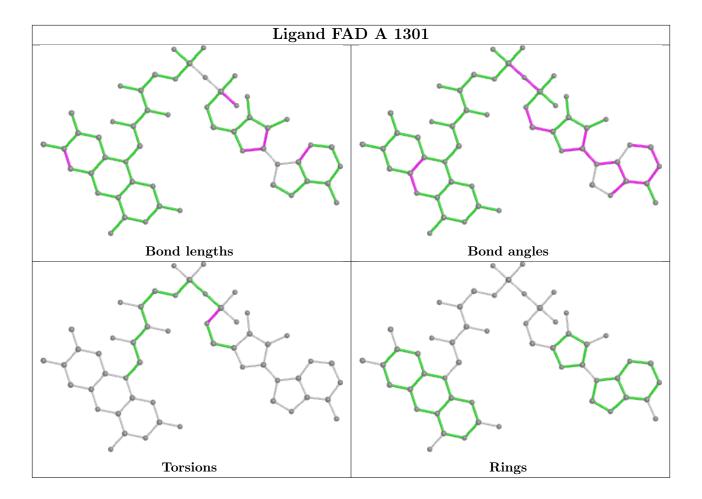
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	1303[A]	GOL	2	0
3	A	1305[A]	GOL	2	0
2	A	1301	FAD	3	0
3	A	1304[A]	GOL	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	# RSRZ > 2		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9	
1	A	272/272 (100%)	-0.61	5 (1%)	68	50	5, 9, 26, 48	0

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ	
1	A	1092	PHE	3.0	
1	A	1215[A]	GLU	3.0	
1	A	1137[A]	SER	2.6	
1	A	1001	SER	2.5	
1	A	1088	THR	2.1	

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	GOL	A	1305[A]	6/6	0.86	0.21	11,15,21,21	6
3	GOL	A	1304[B]	6/6	0.89	0.12	18,22,26,36	6

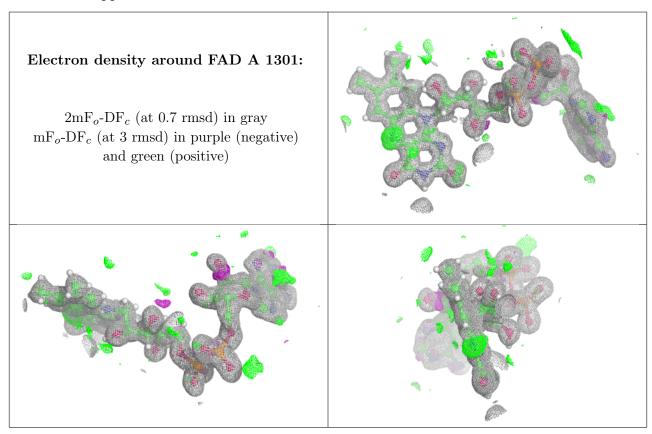
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	GOL	A	1304[A]	6/6	0.89	0.12	17,19,21,38	6
3	GOL	A	1303[B]	6/6	0.90	0.13	10,13,14,16	6
3	GOL	A	1303[A]	6/6	0.90	0.13	11,18,20,24	6
3	GOL	A	1302[A]	6/6	0.96	0.09	13,17,20,31	0
2	FAD	A	1301	53/53	0.96	0.07	5,7,22,32	1

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

