

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 9, 2020 – 09:24 AM BST

PDB ID : 4HMG

Title : REFINEMENT OF THE INFLUENZA VIRUS HEMAGGLUTININ BY SIM-

ULATED ANNEALING

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Deposited on : 1989-09-11

Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.13.1

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

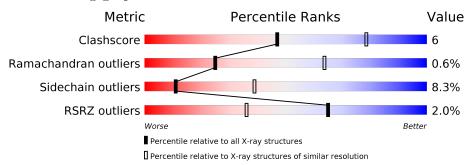
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Similar resolution} \ (\# ext{Entries},  ext{resolution range}( ext{Å})) \end{aligned}$
Clashscore	141614	2416 (3.00-3.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2333 (3.00-3.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2336 (3.00-3.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1990 (3.00-3.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	328	76%	20%	•
1	С	328	75%	21%	•
1	Е	328	78%	19%	•
2	В	175	70%	25%	5%
2	D	175	71%	24%	5%
2	F	175	71%	25%	• •
3	G	3	67%	33%	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
3	Н	3		100%			
3	I	3	33%	67%			

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	MAN	G	3	X	-	-	-
3	MAN	Н	3	X	-	=	-
3	MAN	I	3	X	-	=	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12243 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called HEMAGGLUTININ, CHAIN HA1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Λ	A 200	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	328	2533	1580	446	494	94 13	U		
1	С	328	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1			2533	1580	446	494	13			
1	Е	328	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1			2533	1580	446	494	13			

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	226	GLN	LEU	conflict	UNP P03437
С	226	GLN	LEU	conflict	UNP P03437
Е	226	GLN	LEU	conflict	UNP P03437

• Molecule 2 is a protein called HEMAGGLUTININ, CHAIN HA1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	R	175	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	Ъ	170	1421	882	250	283	6	U	0	
9	D	175	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	ט	170	1421	882	250	283	6	0	U	
9	T.	175	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	2 F	Г   170	1421	882	250	283	6	0	0	

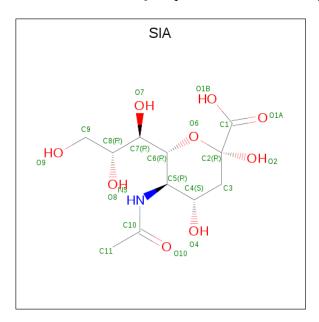
• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	G	3	Total C N O 39 22 2 15	0	0	0
3	Н	3	Total C N O 39 22 2 15	0	0	0
3	I	3	Total C N O 39 22 2 15	0	0	0

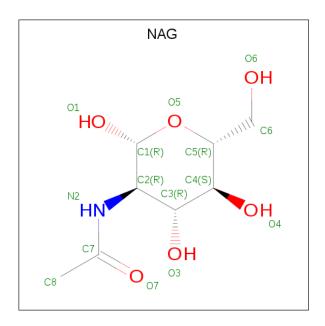
 $\bullet \ \ Molecule\ 4\ is\ N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic\ acid\ (three-letter\ code:\ SIA)\ (formula:\ C_{11}H_{19}NO_9).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C N O 21 11 1 9	0	0
4	С	1	Total C N O 21 11 1 9	0	0
4	E	1	Total C N O 21 11 1 9	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $\rm C_8H_{15}NO_6).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	A	ton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf		
5	A	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0		
J	A	1	14	8	1	5	U	U		
5	A	1	Total	С	N	Ο	0	0		
	Λ	1	14	8	1	5	U	U		
5	A	1	Total	С	N	Ο	0	0		
	11	1	14	8	1	5	U	U		
5	В	1	Total	С	N	Ο	0	0		
	D	1	14	8	1	5	U	U		
5	C	1	Total	С	N	Ο	0	0		
	C	1	14	8	1	5	U	Ŭ		
5	$^{\rm C}$	1	Total	С	N	Ο	0	0		
			1	14	8	1	5	U	Ů	
5	C	$\mathbf{C}$	$\mathbf{C}$	1	Total	С	N	Ο	0	0
	<u> </u>	1	14	8	1	5	0	U		
5	D	1	Total	С	N	Ο	0	0		
	D	1	14	8	1	5	0	Ů		
5	E	1	Total	С	N	Ο	0	0		
	Ъ	1	14	8	1	5	0	Ů		
5	E	1	Total	С	N	Ο	0	0		
	L	1	14	8	1	5	U	U		
5	E	1	Total	С	N	Ο	0	0		
	L	1	14	8	1	5	U	U		
5	F	F 1	Total	С	N	Ο	0	0		
	1	1	14	8	1	5		U		

• Molecule 6 is water.



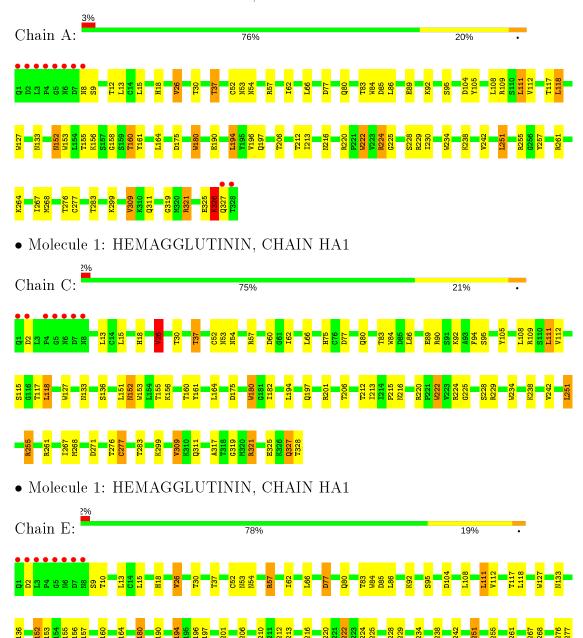
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	6	Total O 6 6	0	0
6	В	5	Total O 5 5	0	0
6	С	7	Total O 7 7	0	0
6	D	4	Total O 4 4	0	0
6	E	6	Total O 6 6	0	0
6	F	5	Total O 5 5	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: HEMAGGLUTININ, CHAIN HA1





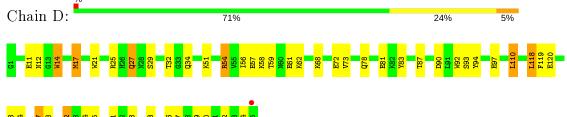


• Molecule 2: HEMAGGLUTININ, CHAIN HA1



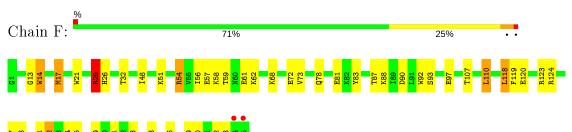


• Molecule 2: HEMAGGLUTININ, CHAIN HA1





• Molecule 2: HEMAGGLUTININ, CHAIN HA1



 $\bullet \ \, Molecule \ 3: \ alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose$ 

Chain G: 67% 33%



 $\bullet \ \, Molecule \ 3: \ alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose$ 

Chain H:





 $\bullet \ \, Molecule \ 3: \ alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose$ 

Chain I: 33% 67%





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41	Depositor
Cell constants	162.80Å 162.80Å 176.80Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	(Not available) – 3.00	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	7.00 - 2.99	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) ((Not available)-3.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	75.1 (7.00-2.99)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$	-	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.231 , (Not available)	Depositor
it, it free	0.218 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	39.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.033	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	$0.28 \; ,  59.8$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>1</sup>	$< L >=0.45, < L^2>=0.28$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.039  for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.88	EDS
Total number of atoms	12243	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.80% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

Theoretical values of  $<|L|>, < L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SIA, NAG, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Chain		nd lengths	Bond angles		
WIOI	Will Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.87	1/2590~(0.0%)	1.44	$33/3528 \; (0.9\%)$	
1	С	0.86	$1/2590 \ (0.0\%)$	1.45	$32/3528 \; (0.9\%)$	
1	Ε	0.89	1/2590~(0.0%)	1.45	$34/3528 \ (1.0\%)$	
2	В	0.94	0/1445	1.48	21/1939 (1.1%)	
2	D	0.97	0/1445	1.49	$20/1939 \ (1.0\%)$	
2	F	0.97	0/1445	1.49	22/1939 (1.1%)	
All	All	0.91	3/12105~(0.0%)	1.46	$162/16401 \; (1.0\%)$	

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
1	Е	234	TRP	CG-CD2	-5.71	1.33	1.43
1	С	234	TRP	CG-CD2	-5.16	1.34	1.43
1	A	234	TRP	CG-CD2	-5.15	1.34	1.43

The worst 5 of 162 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	Ε	321	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-11.94	114.33	120.30
1	С	321	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-11.71	114.44	120.30
1	A	321	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-11.45	114.58	120.30
2	D	170	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-11.34	114.63	120.30
2	F	170	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-10.75	114.92	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2533	0	2470	38	0
1	С	2533	0	2470	35	0
1	Е	2533	0	2470	32	0
2	В	1421	0	1345	29	0
2	D	1421	0	1345	25	0
2	F	1421	0	1345	26	0
3	G	39	0	34	0	0
3	Н	39	0	34	0	0
3	I	39	0	34	0	0
4	A	21	0	18	0	0
4	С	21	0	18	0	0
4	E	21	0	18	0	0
5	A	42	0	39	0	0
5	В	14	0	13	0	0
5	С	42	0	39	0	0
5	D	14	0	13	0	0
5	E	42	0	39	0	0
5	F	14	0	13	0	0
6	A	6	0	0	0	0
6	В	5	0	0	0	0
6	С	7	0	0	0	0
6	D	4	0	0	0	0
6	E	6	0	0	0	0
6	F	5	0	0	0	0
All	All	12243	0	11757	149	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 149 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:216:ASN:HB3	1:E:212:THR:HG21	1.62	0.81
1:E:321:ARG:HH21	1:E:321:ARG:HG2	1.57	0.70
1:E:156:LYS:HD2	1:E:196:VAL:HG23	1.73	0.69

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{l}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:A:216:ASN:HB3	1:C:212:THR:HG21	1.75	0.69
1:A:212:THR:HG21	1:E:216:ASN:HB3	1.75	0.69

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	$326/328 \ (99\%)$	309 (95%)	14 (4%)	3 (1%)	17 55
1	С	$326/328 \ (99\%)$	310 (95%)	14 (4%)	2 (1%)	25 64
1	Е	326/328 (99%)	311 (95%)	14 (4%)	1 (0%)	41 76
2	В	173/175 (99%)	158 (91%)	14 (8%)	1 (1%)	25 64
2	D	173/175 (99%)	160 (92%)	12 (7%)	1 (1%)	25 64
2	F	173/175 (99%)	159 (92%)	13 (8%)	1 (1%)	25 64
All	All	1497/1509 (99%)	1407 (94%)	81 (5%)	9 (1%)	25 64

5 of 9 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type
1	A	326	LYS
2	D	135	ASN
2	В	135	ASN
2	F	135	ASN
1	A	62	ILE

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar



resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Chain Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percent	tiles	
1	A	$289/289 \; (100\%)$	266 (92%)	23 (8%)	12	40
1	С	$289/289 \; (100\%)$	263 (91%)	26 (9%)	9 3	5
1	E	$289/289 \; (100\%)$	264 (91%)	25 (9%)	10 ;	37
2	В	$149/149 \; (100\%)$	138 (93%)	11 (7%)	13	44
2	D	$149/149 \; (100\%)$	136 (91%)	13 (9%)	10 :	37
2	F	$149/149 \; (100\%)$	138 (93%)	11 (7%)	13	44
All	All	$1314/1314 \; (100\%)$	1205 (92%)	109 (8%)	11 :	39

5 of 109 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain Res		Type
1	С	160	THR
2	D	17	MET
2	F	56	ILE
1	С	164	LEU
1	С	277	CYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 11 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	152	ASN
1	С	171	ASN
1	Е	132	GLN
1	С	132	GLN
2	D	12	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

9 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tune	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	$\mathbf{Type}$	Chain	1168	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	NAG	G	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.55	0	17,19,21	0.93	0
3	NAG	G	2	3	14,14,15	0.53	0	17,19,21	1.01	0
3	MAN	G	3	3	11,11,12	0.78	0	15,15,17	1.54	2 (13%)
3	NAG	Н	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.58	0	17,19,21	1.01	1 (5%)
3	NAG	Н	2	3	14,14,15	0.46	0	17,19,21	0.93	1 (5%)
3	MAN	Н	3	3	11,11,12	1.05	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.33	3 (20%)
3	NAG	I	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.53	0	17,19,21	0.98	1 (5%)
3	NAG	I	2	3	14,14,15	0.40	0	17,19,21	1.04	1 (5%)
3	MAN	I	3	3	11,11,12	0.63	0	15,15,17	0.85	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	G	1	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	G	2	3	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	G	3	3	1/1/4/5	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	Н	1	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	Н	2	3	_	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	Н	3	3	1/1/4/5	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	I	1	1,3	_	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	I	2	3	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	I	3	3	1/1/4/5	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
3	Н	3	MAN	C2-C3	2.33	1.55	1.52



The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	G	3	MAN	C1-C2-C3	-4.03	104.72	109.67
3	Н	3	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.77	115.95	112.19
3	Н	3	MAN	O3-C3-C2	2.61	115.00	109.99
3	G	3	MAN	C3-C4-C5	2.37	114.47	110.24
3	I	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.27	115.27	112.19

All (3) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
3	Н	3	MAN	C1
3	G	3	MAN	C1
3	I	3	MAN	C1

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

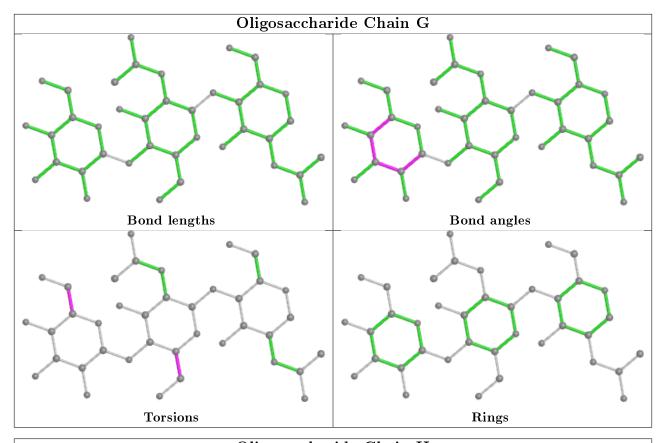
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	Н	3	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	G	3	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	I	3	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	G	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	Н	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

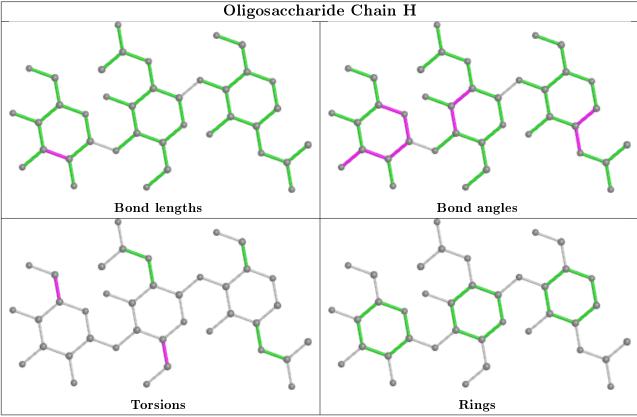
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

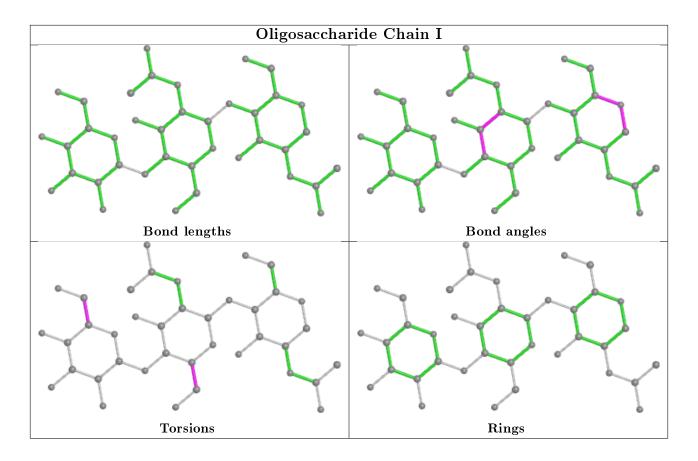
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.











### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

15 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tune	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	NAG	С	330	1	14,14,15	1.00	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.10	1 (5%)
5	NAG	A	334	1	14,14,15	0.90	0	17,19,21	1.29	2 (11%)
5	NAG	С	348	1	14,14,15	0.66	0	17,19,21	1.07	1 (5%)
5	NAG	С	334	1	14,14,15	0.80	0	17,19,21	1.41	3 (17%)
4	SIA	A	329	-	18,21,21	0.84	1 (5%)	21,31,31	1.21	2 (9%)
4	SIA	С	329	-	18,21,21	0.94	2 (11%)	21,31,31	1.19	3 (14%)
4	SIA	Е	329	-	18,21,21	0.95	1 (5%)	21,31,31	1.16	2 (9%)
5	NAG	Е	330	1	14,14,15	0.92	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.03	1 (5%)



Mol	Tuna	Type Chain Res Li		Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	NAG	В	401	2	14,14,15	0.66	0	17,19,21	1.19	2 (11%)
5	NAG	F	401	2	14,14,15	0.51	0	17,19,21	1.18	1 (5%)
5	NAG	D	401	2	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	1.19	2 (11%)
5	NAG	Е	334	1	14,14,15	0.69	0	17,19,21	1.38	2 (11%)
5	NAG	A	348	1	14,14,15	0.63	0	17,19,21	1.04	1 (5%)
5	NAG	Е	348	1	14,14,15	0.67	0	17,19,21	1.04	1 (5%)
5	NAG	A	330	1	14,14,15	0.86	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.05	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	С	330	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	334	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	С	348	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	С	334	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	SIA	A	329	-	-	1/14/38/38	0/1/1/1
4	SIA	С	329	_	-	1/14/38/38	0/1/1/1
4	SIA	Ε	329	_	-	1/14/38/38	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	Ε	330	1	_	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	В	401	2	_	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	F	401	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	D	401	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	Ε	334	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	348	1		2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	E	348	1		2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	330	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 7 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
5	С	330	NAG	C4-C5	3.04	1.59	1.53
4	E	329	SIA	C3-C2	2.71	1.55	1.51
5	Е	330	NAG	C4-C5	2.58	1.58	1.53
5	A	330	NAG	C4-C5	2.51	1.58	1.53
4	С	329	SIA	C3-C2	2.24	1.54	1.51

The worst 5 of 25 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	D	401	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-3.69	104.18	110.49
5	В	401	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-3.65	104.25	110.49
5	F	401	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-3.58	104.37	110.49
5	E	334	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.40	116.79	112.19
5	С	334	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.08	116.36	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 9 torsion outliers are listed below:

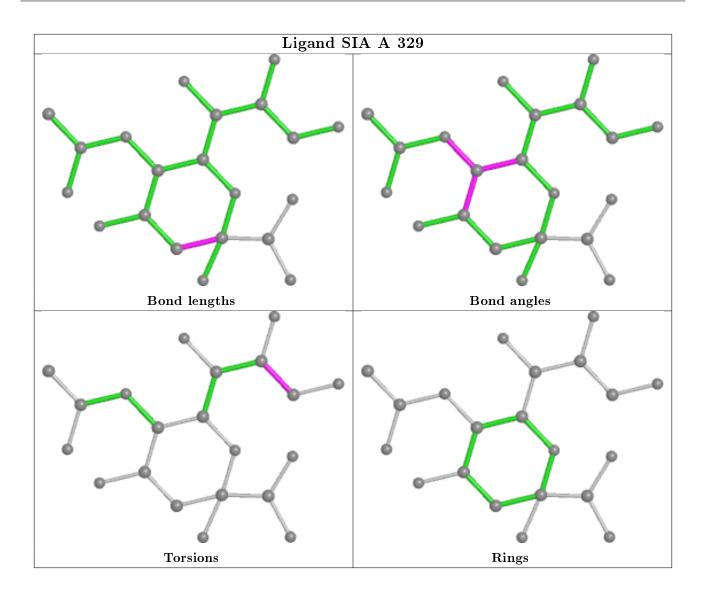
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	Е	348	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	С	348	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	A	348	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	Е	348	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	С	348	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

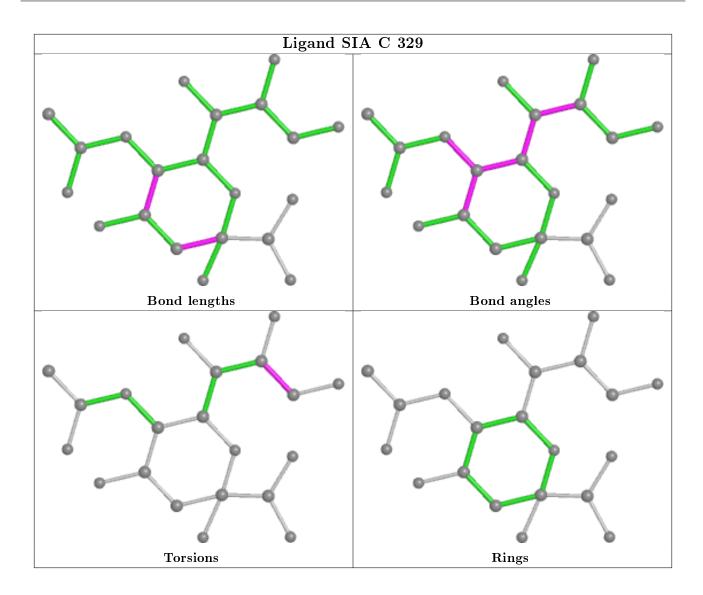
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

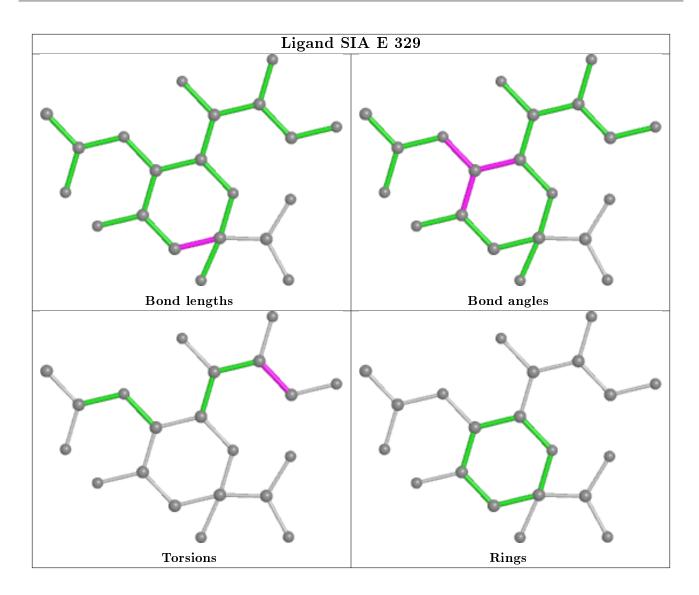












## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	328/328  (100%)	-0.83	10 (3%) 50 22	4, 26, 56, 143	0
1	С	328/328 (100%)	-0.83	7 (2%) 63 34	4, 26, 54, 142	0
1	E	328/328 (100%)	-0.86	8 (2%) 59 30	4, 26, 54, 146	0
2	В	175/175 (100%)	-0.92	2 (1%) 80 56	3, 21, 53, 101	0
2	D	175/175 (100%)	-1.00	1 (0%) 89 72	2, 20, 50, 101	0
2	F	175/175 (100%)	-0.95	2 (1%) 80 56	2, 20, 51, 101	0
All	All	1509/1509 (100%)	-0.88	30 (1%) 65 36	2, 24, 54, 146	0

The worst 5 of 30 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	E	2	ASP	6.9
2	D	175	GLY	6.3
1	A	6	ASN	6.3
1	A	4	PRO	5.8
1	A	2	ASP	5.6

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

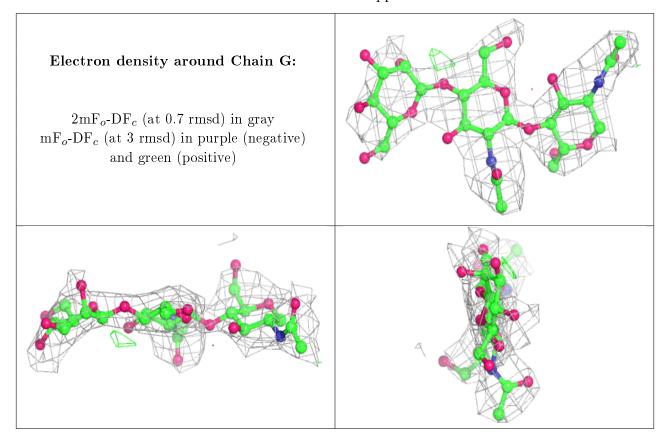
### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

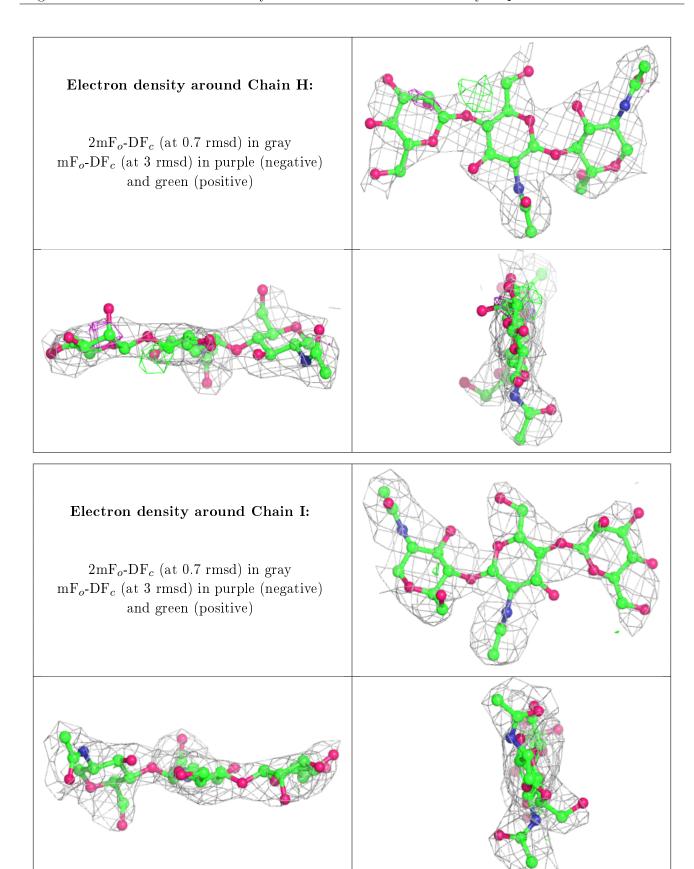


Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	MAN	Н	3	11/12	0.84	0.30	69,71,71,71	0
3	NAG	Н	2	14/15	0.86	0.23	60,61,65,66	0
3	MAN	G	3	11/12	0.87	0.28	68,69,70,71	0
3	MAN	I	3	11/12	0.89	0.24	68,70,71,71	0
3	NAG	G	2	14/15	0.90	0.19	60,61,64,66	0
3	NAG	Н	1	14/15	0.90	0.20	51,54,57,57	0
3	NAG	G	1	14/15	0.94	0.18	51,55,56,58	0
3	NAG	I	2	14/15	0.95	0.14	60,61,64,66	0
3	NAG	I	1	14/15	0.96	0.12	51,53,55,57	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.









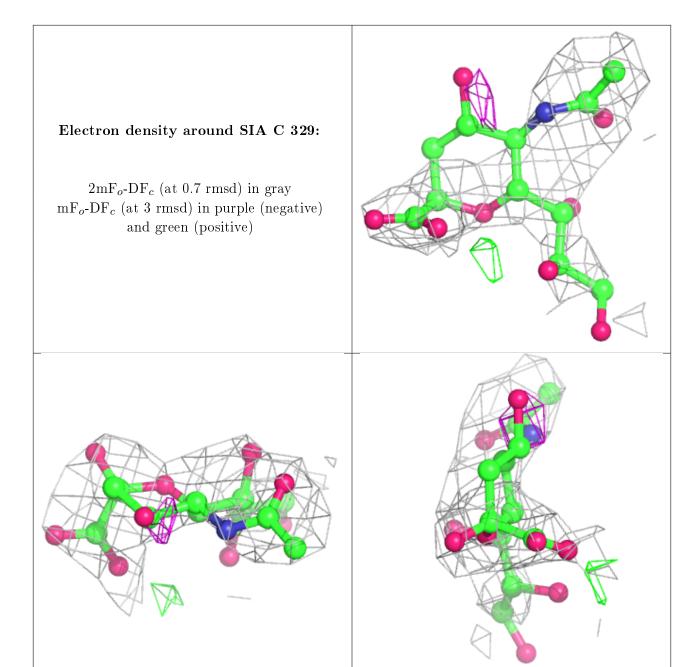
### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

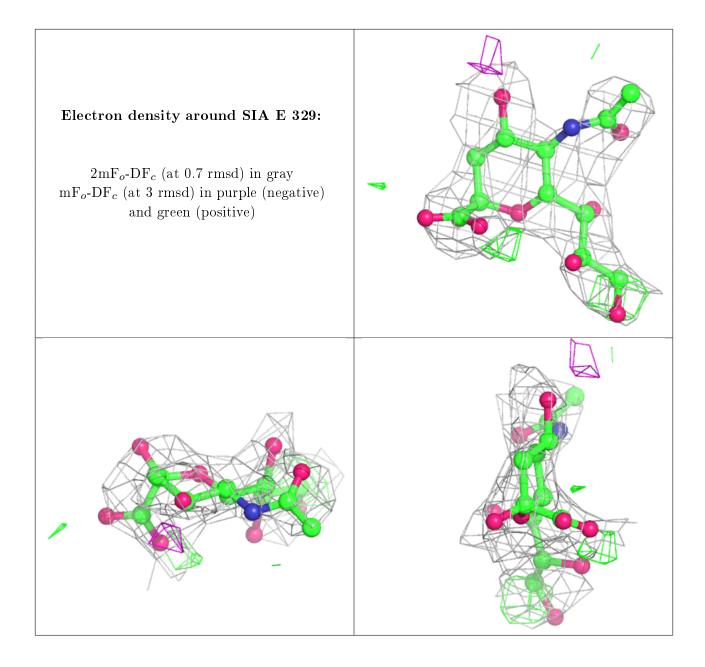
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	SIA	С	329	21/21	0.82	0.30	35,36,37,38	21
5	NAG	В	401	14/15	0.86	0.27	55,58,59,60	0
5	NAG	F	401	14/15	0.87	0.26	54,57,59,59	0
5	NAG	С	348	14/15	0.88	0.26	40,44,45,46	0
5	NAG	D	401	14/15	0.88	0.27	55,58,59,60	0
5	NAG	E	348	14/15	0.88	0.25	40,43,46,46	0
4	SIA	E	329	21/21	0.89	0.23	34,35,36,36	21
5	NAG	E	330	14/15	0.89	0.27	42,46,47,47	0
5	NAG	С	330	14/15	0.89	0.23	42,45,46,46	0
4	SIA	A	329	21/21	0.91	0.22	35,36,36,37	21
5	NAG	A	348	14/15	0.92	0.17	39,43,45,46	0
5	NAG	A	334	14/15	0.92	0.18	39,42,43,44	0
5	NAG	С	334	14/15	0.93	0.21	39,42,43,45	0
5	NAG	E	334	14/15	0.94	0.16	39,41,42,44	0
5	NAG	A	330	14/15	0.94	0.18	41,45,46,46	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

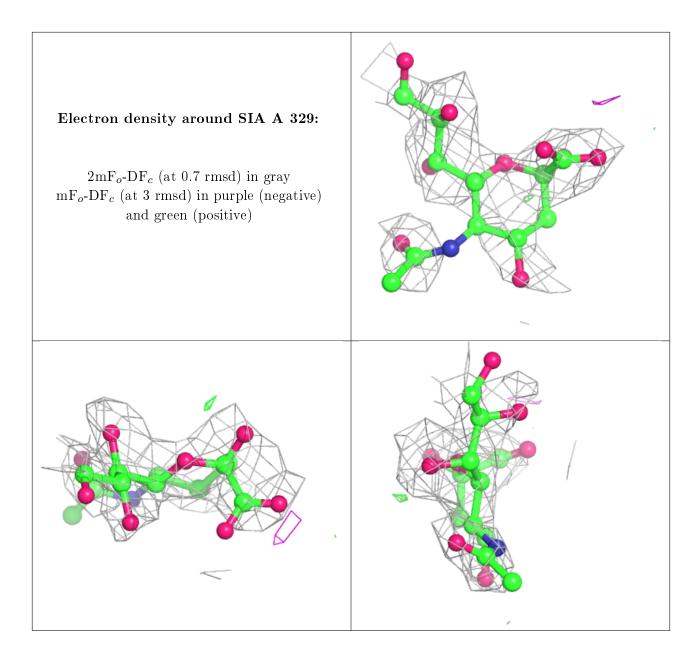












## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

