



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jan 30, 2024 – 12:57 PM EST

PDB ID : 1I0N  
Title : 1.3 Å STRUCTURE OF THE A-DECAMER GCGTATACGC WITH A SINGLE 2'-O-METHYL-[TRI(OXYETHYL)] THYMINE IN PLACE OF T6, MEDIUM RB-SALT  
Authors : Tereshko, V.; Wilds, C.J.; Minasov, G.; Prakash, T.P.; Maier, M.A.; Howard, A.; Wawrzak, Z.; Manoharan, M.; Egli, M.  
Deposited on : 2001-01-29  
Resolution : 1.30 Å (reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtrriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.36  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

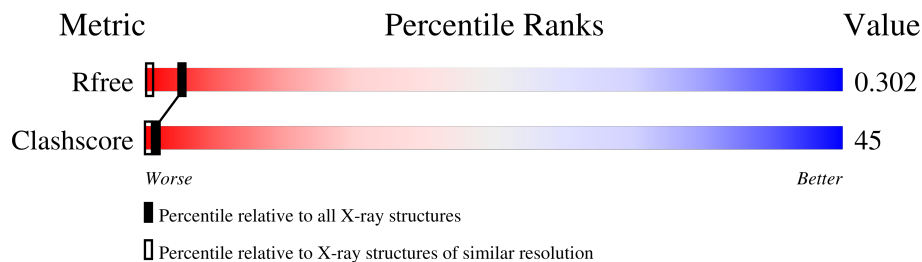
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	1058 (1.30-1.30)
Clashscore	141614	1101 (1.30-1.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	10	
1	B	10	

## 2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 555 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(\*GP\*CP\*GP\*TP\*AP\*(126)P\*AP\*CP\*GP\*C)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P			
1	A	10	205	99	38	59	9	0	0	0
1	B	10	205	99	38	59	9	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is RUBIDIUM ION (three-letter code: RB) (formula: Rb).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	3	Total	Rb	0	0
			3	3		

- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	73	Total	O	0	0
			73	73		
3	B	69	Total	O	0	0
			69	69		

### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: 5'-D(\*GP\*CP\*GP\*TP\*AP\*(126)P\*AP\*CP\*GP\*C)-3'



- Molecule 1: 5'-D(\*GP\*CP\*GP\*TP\*AP\*(126)P\*AP\*CP\*GP\*C)-3'



## 4 Data and refinement statistics i

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	25.16Å 44.83Å 44.82Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 1.30 9.41 – 1.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (20.00-1.30) 94.1 (9.41-1.30)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.04	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	3.82 (at 1.30Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	SHELXL-97	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.165 , 0.190 0.292 , 0.302	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1261 reflections (10.32%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	16.0	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.294	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.37 , 100.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.027 for -h,l,k	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	555	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	27.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 14.52% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 126, RB

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	2.50	17/203 (8.4%)	3.07	32/309 (10.4%)
1	B	2.51	17/203 (8.4%)	3.45	38/309 (12.3%)
All	All	2.50	34/406 (8.4%)	3.26	70/618 (11.3%)

The worst 5 of 34 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	20	DC	C4'-C3'	-8.35	1.44	1.52
1	A	10	DC	C4'-C3'	-7.11	1.45	1.52
1	B	12	DC	P-O5'	6.93	1.66	1.59
1	A	7	DA	C5'-C4'	6.90	1.58	1.51
1	A	9	DG	C4'-C3'	-6.76	1.45	1.52

The worst 5 of 70 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	B	19	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	-13.28	98.70	108.00
1	B	20	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	-13.10	98.83	108.00
1	B	12	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	-13.07	98.85	108.00
1	B	13	DG	P-O5'-C5'	-11.57	102.39	120.90
1	A	1	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	-10.60	100.58	108.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen

atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	205	0	115	16	6
1	B	205	0	115	13	1
2	A	3	0	0	0	0
3	A	73	0	0	14	11
3	B	69	0	0	10	7
All	All	555	0	230	29	14

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 45.

The worst 5 of 29 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:6:126:CA'	1:A:6:126:CB'	1.84	1.54
1:B:16:126:CA'	1:B:16:126:CB'	1.99	1.41
1:A:5:DA:H3'	3:A:235:HOH:O	1.06	1.22
1:B:14:DT:C2	3:B:217:HOH:O	1.89	1.21
1:B:16:126:H5''	3:B:210:HOH:O	1.01	1.19

The worst 5 of 14 symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:7:DA:C2'	3:A:238:HOH:O[3_555]	0.48	1.72
3:A:107:HOH:O	3:B:239:HOH:O[3_555]	1.21	0.99
3:A:141:HOH:O	3:A:149:HOH:O[2_554]	1.57	0.63
1:A:4:DT:C4'	3:A:243:HOH:O[2_554]	1.66	0.54
1:A:7:DA:C1'	3:A:238:HOH:O[3_555]	1.72	0.48

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
1	126	A	6	1	21,24,33	1.49	3 (14%)	30,34,45	2.00	9 (30%)
1	126	B	16	1	21,24,33	2.05	4 (19%)	30,34,45	1.61	5 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	126	A	6	1	-	1/10/28/37	0/2/2/2
1	126	B	16	1	-	1/10/28/37	0/2/2/2

The worst 5 of 7 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	16	126	CB'-CA'	6.73	1.99	1.46
1	A	6	126	CB'-CA'	4.80	1.84	1.46
1	B	16	126	O2'-CA'	3.91	1.57	1.43
1	B	16	126	C3'-C4'	-3.09	1.45	1.53
1	A	6	126	O4'-C1'	2.71	1.48	1.42

The worst 5 of 14 bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	6	126	C3'-C2'-C1'	-5.10	93.30	102.89
1	A	6	126	O2'-CA'-CB'	-4.09	94.62	109.74
1	B	16	126	C3'-C2'-C1'	-3.58	96.15	102.89
1	B	16	126	O2'-CA'-CB'	-3.38	97.26	109.74
1	B	16	126	C4-N3-C2	-3.28	123.11	127.35

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	B	16	126	CB'-CA'-O2'-C2'
1	A	6	126	CB'-CA'-O2'-C2'

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6	126	6	0
1	B	16	126	5	0

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.