



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 25, 2020 – 02:14 am BST

PDB ID : 1I7L
Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE ANALYSIS OF THE COMPLEX OF THE C DOMAIN OF SYNAPSIN II FROM RAT WITH ATP
Authors : Esser, L.; Palnitkar, M.; Deisenhofer, J.
Deposited on : 2001-03-09
Resolution : 2.35 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.11
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

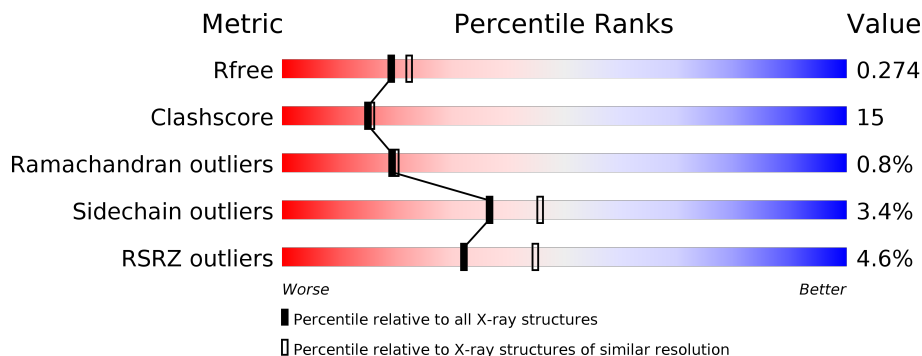
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION


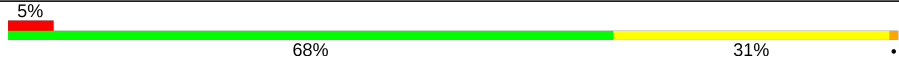
The reported resolution of this entry is 2.35 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1164 (2.36-2.36)
Clashscore	141614	1232 (2.36-2.36)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1211 (2.36-2.36)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1212 (2.36-2.36)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1150 (2.36-2.36)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	309	
1	B	309	

2 Entry composition [i](#)

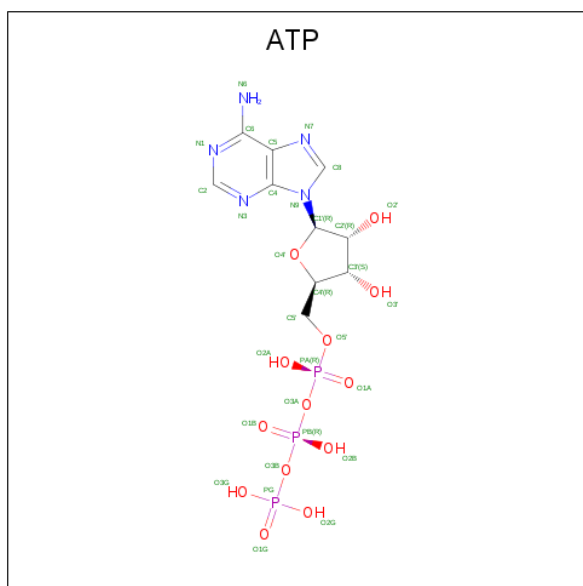
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5181 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called SYNAPSIN II.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	309	Total	C	N	O	S	55	0	0
			2462	1575	416	453	18			
1	B	309	Total	C	N	O	S	30	0	0
			2462	1575	416	453	18			

- Molecule 2 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{16}N_5O_{13}P_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P		
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			31	10	5	13	3		
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			31	10	5	13	3		

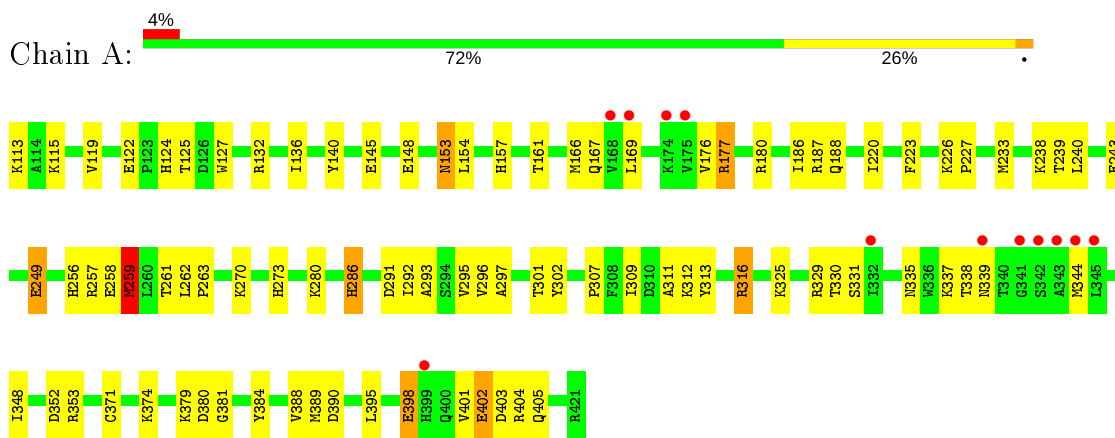
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	94	Total 94	O 94	0	0
3	B	101	Total 101	O 101	0	0

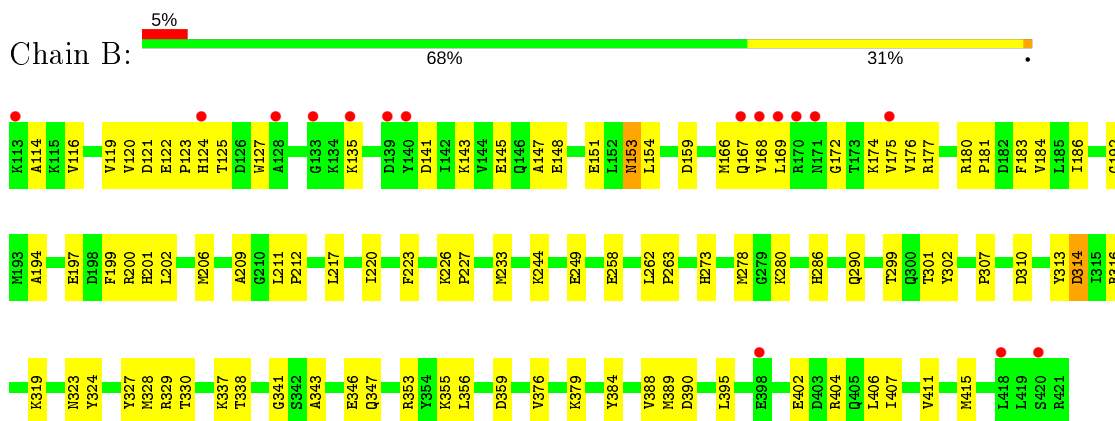
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: SYNAPSIN II



- Molecule 1: SYNAPSIN II



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 63 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	121.28Å 121.28Å 165.89Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	12.00 – 2.35 19.85 – 2.10	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	92.9 (12.00-2.35) 91.7 (19.85-2.10)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.38 (at 2.11Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.220 , 0.289 0.208 , 0.274	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	6028 reflections (7.94%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	31.2	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.232	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.32 , 50.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	5181	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	40.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.33% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.77	1/2517 (0.0%)	0.89	2/3400 (0.1%)
1	B	0.75	0/2517	0.87	1/3400 (0.0%)
All	All	0.76	1/5034 (0.0%)	0.88	3/6800 (0.0%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	371	CYS	CB-SG	-6.21	1.71	1.82

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	316	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.29	122.95	120.30
1	B	192	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.10	100.36	113.10
1	A	311	ALA	N-CA-C	5.00	124.51	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2462	0	2441	72	0
1	B	2462	0	2441	76	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	31	0	12	1	0
2	B	31	0	12	1	0
3	A	94	0	0	5	0
3	B	101	0	0	5	0
All	All	5181	0	4906	146	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 15.

All (146) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:177:ARG:HH11	1:A:177:ARG:CB	1.86	0.88
1:A:335:ASN:HD21	1:A:337:LYS:HB2	1.43	0.83
1:A:226:LYS:H	1:A:273:HIS:HD2	1.24	0.83
1:A:233:MET:SD	1:A:388:VAL:HG23	2.22	0.79
1:A:331:SER:HB2	1:A:338:THR:HG23	1.64	0.79
1:A:177:ARG:HB2	1:A:177:ARG:HH11	1.47	0.78
1:B:159:ASP:HB3	3:B:1080:HOH:O	1.83	0.77
1:A:113:LYS:HG2	1:A:140:TYR:CE1	2.20	0.77
1:B:226:LYS:H	1:B:273:HIS:HD2	1.32	0.76
1:B:338:THR:HG22	1:B:338:THR:O	1.87	0.74
1:A:122:GLU:HB2	1:A:124:HIS:CE1	2.25	0.72
1:B:330:THR:O	1:B:343:ALA:HB1	1.91	0.71
1:A:270:LYS:HG2	1:A:280:LYS:HG2	1.73	0.71
1:B:169:LEU:HD13	1:B:174:LYS:HG3	1.73	0.70
1:B:233:MET:SD	1:B:388:VAL:HG23	2.32	0.69
1:A:256:HIS:CD2	1:A:297:ALA:HB2	2.26	0.69
1:A:335:ASN:ND2	1:A:337:LYS:H	1.91	0.69
1:B:151:GLU:HB3	1:B:167:GLN:O	1.94	0.67
1:B:280:LYS:HE2	2:B:801:ATP:O3A	1.95	0.67
1:A:177:ARG:HB2	1:A:177:ARG:NH1	2.09	0.67
1:A:259:MET:HE1	1:A:293:ALA:HA	1.76	0.67
1:A:115:LYS:HB2	1:A:136:ILE:HD11	1.76	0.66
1:B:226:LYS:HG3	1:B:273:HIS:CD2	2.32	0.65
1:B:166:MET:HG2	1:B:168:VAL:HG23	1.79	0.65
1:A:309:ILE:HG21	1:A:384:TYR:CD2	2.32	0.64
1:A:256:HIS:CE1	1:A:257:ARG:HG3	2.32	0.63
1:A:226:LYS:N	1:A:273:HIS:HD2	1.96	0.63
1:A:226:LYS:HG2	1:A:273:HIS:CD2	2.33	0.62
1:A:122:GLU:OE1	1:A:124:HIS:HE1	1.82	0.62

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:154:LEU:O	1:B:258:GLU:HG3	1.99	0.62
1:B:135:LYS:HD3	1:B:141:ASP:OD1	1.99	0.62
1:A:153:ASN:HD22	1:A:154:LEU:H	1.47	0.61
1:B:125:THR:CG2	1:B:404:ARG:HD3	2.31	0.61
1:B:125:THR:HG21	1:B:404:ARG:HD3	1.83	0.61
1:B:154:LEU:HD12	1:B:154:LEU:C	2.20	0.61
1:B:153:ASN:HD22	1:B:154:LEU:H	1.48	0.60
1:B:226:LYS:N	1:B:273:HIS:HD2	2.00	0.60
1:B:122:GLU:HB3	1:B:123:PRO:HD2	1.84	0.60
1:A:239:THR:HG22	1:A:240:LEU:HD23	1.84	0.58
1:B:244:LYS:HE2	1:B:356:LEU:HD21	1.85	0.58
1:B:168:VAL:HG12	1:B:169:LEU:H	1.68	0.58
1:A:379:LYS:C	1:A:381:GLY:H	2.08	0.57
1:A:177:ARG:HB3	1:A:177:ARG:HH11	1.67	0.56
1:B:168:VAL:HG12	1:B:169:LEU:N	2.20	0.56
1:B:249:GLU:O	1:B:307:PRO:HD2	2.05	0.56
1:A:233:MET:CE	1:A:388:VAL:HG23	2.34	0.56
1:B:244:LYS:HE2	1:B:356:LEU:CD2	2.36	0.55
1:B:411:VAL:O	1:B:415:MET:HG3	2.06	0.55
1:A:177:ARG:CB	1:A:177:ARG:NH1	2.64	0.55
1:A:243:GLU:HB3	3:A:1074:HOH:O	2.07	0.54
1:A:125:THR:HG23	1:A:404:ARG:HD3	1.88	0.54
1:B:299:THR:OG1	1:B:301:THR:HG22	2.07	0.54
1:A:353:ARG:HD3	3:A:1097:HOH:O	2.07	0.54
1:B:120:VAL:HA	1:B:147:ALA:O	2.08	0.54
1:A:316:ARG:HG3	1:A:374:LYS:HG2	1.90	0.54
1:B:151:GLU:OE2	1:B:168:VAL:HG13	2.08	0.54
1:A:154:LEU:C	1:A:154:LEU:HD12	2.29	0.53
1:A:119:VAL:HG11	1:A:127:TRP:CD1	2.43	0.53
1:A:301:THR:HG23	1:A:302:TYR:O	2.09	0.53
1:A:339:ASN:HB2	2:A:800:ATP:O2G	2.09	0.52
1:B:122:GLU:HA	1:B:148:GLU:OE2	2.10	0.52
1:B:338:THR:O	1:B:338:THR:CG2	2.57	0.52
1:A:226:LYS:HB2	1:A:227:PRO:HD3	1.90	0.52
1:A:316:ARG:HD2	1:A:389:MET:CE	2.39	0.52
1:B:310:ASP:OD1	1:B:379:LYS:HD2	2.08	0.52
1:A:115:LYS:CG	1:A:136:ILE:HD11	2.40	0.52
1:B:199:PHE:HA	1:B:201:HIS:CE1	2.45	0.52
1:B:286:HIS:CE1	1:B:290:GLN:NE2	2.78	0.51
1:B:194:ALA:HB2	1:B:278:MET:SD	2.51	0.50
1:A:115:LYS:CB	1:A:136:ILE:HD11	2.41	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:233:MET:CE	1:B:388:VAL:HG23	2.42	0.49
1:A:325:LYS:HE2	1:A:403:ASP:OD1	2.11	0.49
1:B:319:LYS:HD2	1:B:324:TYR:HE1	1.76	0.49
1:A:145:GLU:HB3	1:A:166:MET:HE3	1.94	0.49
1:B:313:TYR:CG	1:B:328:MET:HE2	2.48	0.49
1:A:313:TYR:HB2	1:A:329:ARG:O	2.12	0.49
1:B:184:VAL:CG2	1:B:211:LEU:HD23	2.43	0.48
1:B:121:ASP:OD1	1:B:122:GLU:N	2.46	0.48
1:A:249:GLU:O	1:A:307:PRO:HD2	2.14	0.48
1:A:113:LYS:HG2	1:A:140:TYR:CD1	2.48	0.48
1:B:327:TYR:CE1	1:B:347:GLN:HB2	2.48	0.48
1:B:143:LYS:NZ	1:B:145:GLU:OE2	2.42	0.48
1:A:312:LYS:O	1:A:330:THR:HG23	2.14	0.47
1:A:398:GLU:CD	1:A:398:GLU:H	2.17	0.47
1:B:119:VAL:HG11	1:B:127:TRP:CD1	2.49	0.47
1:B:314:ASP:HB2	1:B:329:ARG:HB3	1.97	0.47
1:A:176:VAL:HG12	1:A:176:VAL:O	2.14	0.47
1:B:184:VAL:HG23	1:B:211:LEU:HD23	1.96	0.47
1:B:262:LEU:HD11	1:B:286:HIS:CD2	2.50	0.47
1:A:243:GLU:N	3:A:1074:HOH:O	2.48	0.47
1:B:176:VAL:HG12	1:B:176:VAL:O	2.15	0.47
1:B:186:ILE:HD12	1:B:220:ILE:HD13	1.97	0.46
1:B:355:LYS:HE2	1:B:359:ASP:OD2	2.16	0.46
1:A:258:GLU:HG3	1:B:154:LEU:O	2.14	0.46
1:A:145:GLU:HB3	1:A:166:MET:CE	2.46	0.46
1:A:329:ARG:HA	1:A:344:MET:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:402:GLU:O	1:A:405:GLN:HB3	2.14	0.46
1:A:301:THR:HG23	1:A:302:TYR:N	2.30	0.46
1:B:200:ARG:HD3	3:B:1118:HOH:O	2.16	0.46
1:B:116:VAL:CG1	1:B:181:PRO:HA	2.46	0.46
1:A:316:ARG:HD2	1:A:389:MET:HE1	1.98	0.46
1:A:331:SER:CB	1:A:338:THR:HG23	2.39	0.46
1:B:346:GLU:HG2	3:B:1181:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:261:THR:HG22	1:A:261:THR:O	2.17	0.44
1:B:227:PRO:HG2	1:B:302:TYR:CE1	2.52	0.44
1:A:309:ILE:HG21	1:A:384:TYR:CE2	2.53	0.44
1:A:125:THR:CG2	1:A:404:ARG:HD3	2.48	0.44
1:B:114:ALA:HA	1:B:141:ASP:O	2.16	0.44
1:B:169:LEU:HD13	1:B:174:LYS:CG	2.46	0.44
1:B:175:VAL:HG11	1:B:177:ARG:HD2	1.99	0.44
1:B:202:LEU:O	1:B:206:MET:HG3	2.18	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:291:ASP:O	1:A:295:VAL:HG23	2.18	0.43
1:A:259:MET:CE	1:A:293:ALA:HA	2.45	0.43
1:A:167:GLN:HG2	1:A:176:VAL:HG22	2.01	0.43
1:A:148:GLU:CG	1:A:188:GLN:HE22	2.32	0.43
1:B:323:ASN:CB	1:B:406:LEU:HD13	2.49	0.43
1:B:407:ILE:O	1:B:411:VAL:HG23	2.19	0.43
1:B:116:VAL:HG12	1:B:181:PRO:HA	2.01	0.42
1:B:206:MET:HE3	1:B:217:LEU:HD21	2.01	0.42
1:A:223:PHE:CE2	1:A:390:ASP:HB3	2.54	0.42
1:B:153:ASN:HD22	1:B:154:LEU:N	2.14	0.42
1:B:395:LEU:HA	1:B:395:LEU:HD23	1.79	0.42
1:B:223:PHE:CE2	1:B:390:ASP:HB3	2.54	0.42
1:B:353:ARG:HH11	1:B:353:ARG:HG3	1.84	0.42
1:A:187:ARG:NH2	1:A:395:LEU:HG	2.34	0.42
1:A:186:ILE:HD12	1:A:220:ILE:HD13	2.02	0.42
1:A:292:ILE:O	1:A:296:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.42
1:B:356:LEU:HD23	3:B:1137:HOH:O	2.20	0.42
1:B:376:VAL:HG23	1:B:384:TYR:HB2	2.00	0.42
1:B:183:PHE:CD1	1:B:184:VAL:N	2.88	0.41
1:B:316:ARG:HD2	1:B:389:MET:CE	2.50	0.41
1:A:153:ASN:HD22	1:A:154:LEU:N	2.17	0.41
1:B:211:LEU:HA	1:B:212:PRO:HD3	1.87	0.41
1:A:157:HIS:HD2	1:A:161:THR:O	2.03	0.41
1:A:238:LYS:HE3	1:A:238:LYS:HB2	1.70	0.41
1:B:226:LYS:CG	1:B:273:HIS:CD2	3.03	0.41
1:A:353:ARG:NE	3:A:1097:HOH:O	2.52	0.41
1:B:249:GLU:HG3	3:B:1140:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:353:ARG:CD	3:A:1097:HOH:O	2.67	0.40
1:B:186:ILE:HD12	1:B:220:ILE:CD1	2.51	0.40
1:B:194:ALA:HB3	1:B:197:GLU:CD	2.42	0.40
1:B:209:ALA:HB3	1:B:211:LEU:CD1	2.51	0.40
1:B:280:LYS:HB2	1:B:337:LYS:HE2	2.02	0.40
1:A:401:VAL:HG23	1:A:404:ARG:NH2	2.37	0.40
1:B:206:MET:HE2	1:B:206:MET:HB2	1.88	0.40
1:A:262:LEU:CD1	1:A:286:HIS:HB2	2.52	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	307/309 (99%)	286 (93%)	19 (6%)	2 (1%)	22	23
1	B	307/309 (99%)	289 (94%)	15 (5%)	3 (1%)	15	15
All	All	614/618 (99%)	575 (94%)	34 (6%)	5 (1%)	19	20

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	172	GLY
1	B	341	GLY
1	A	259	MET
1	A	380	ASP
1	B	124	HIS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	266/266 (100%)	253 (95%)	13 (5%)	25	29
1	B	266/266 (100%)	261 (98%)	5 (2%)	57	68
All	All	532/532 (100%)	514 (97%)	18 (3%)	37	46

All (18) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	132	ARG

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	153	ASN
1	A	169	LEU
1	A	177	ARG
1	A	180	ARG
1	A	249	GLU
1	A	259	MET
1	A	263	PRO
1	A	286	HIS
1	A	348	ILE
1	A	352	ASP
1	A	398	GLU
1	A	402	GLU
1	B	153	ASN
1	B	180	ARG
1	B	263	PRO
1	B	314	ASP
1	B	402	GLU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (18) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	124	HIS
1	A	153	ASN
1	A	232	GLN
1	A	256	HIS
1	A	273	HIS
1	A	286	HIS
1	A	290	GLN
1	A	335	ASN
1	A	417	GLN
1	B	153	ASN
1	B	201	HIS
1	B	232	GLN
1	B	256	HIS
1	B	273	HIS
1	B	286	HIS
1	B	290	GLN
1	B	322	ASN
1	B	417	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	ATP	B	801	-	26,33,33	0.98	2 (7%)	31,52,52	1.12	1 (3%)
2	ATP	A	800	-	26,33,33	1.11	3 (11%)	31,52,52	1.18	3 (9%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	ATP	B	801	-	-	2/18/38/38	0/3/3/3
2	ATP	A	800	-	-	4/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	801	ATP	O4'-C1'	2.43	1.44	1.41

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	800	ATP	C4-N3	2.35	1.38	1.35
2	A	800	ATP	C2-N3	2.21	1.35	1.32
2	B	801	ATP	C3'-C4'	-2.08	1.47	1.53
2	A	800	ATP	C8-N7	-2.05	1.31	1.34

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	800	ATP	O4'-C1'-C2'	-3.09	102.41	106.93
2	A	800	ATP	C3'-C2'-C1'	2.38	104.56	100.98
2	B	801	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	-2.17	125.37	132.83
2	A	800	ATP	O3G-PG-O2G	2.04	115.42	107.64

There are no chirality outliers.

All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	800	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
2	A	800	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
2	A	800	ATP	PB-O3A-PA-O2A
2	B	801	ATP	PB-O3A-PA-O1A
2	B	801	ATP	PB-O3A-PA-O2A
2	A	800	ATP	PB-O3A-PA-O1A

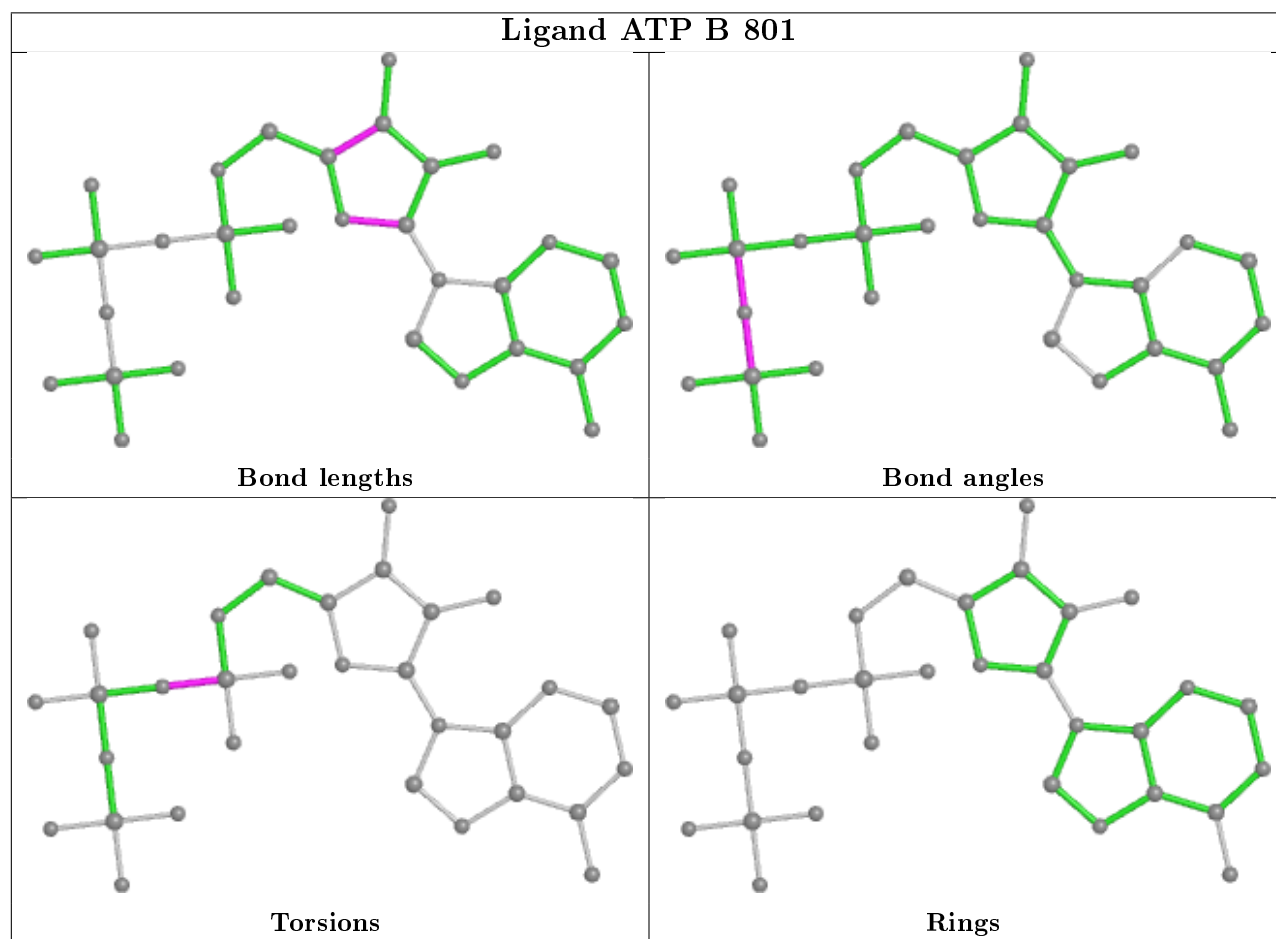
There are no ring outliers.

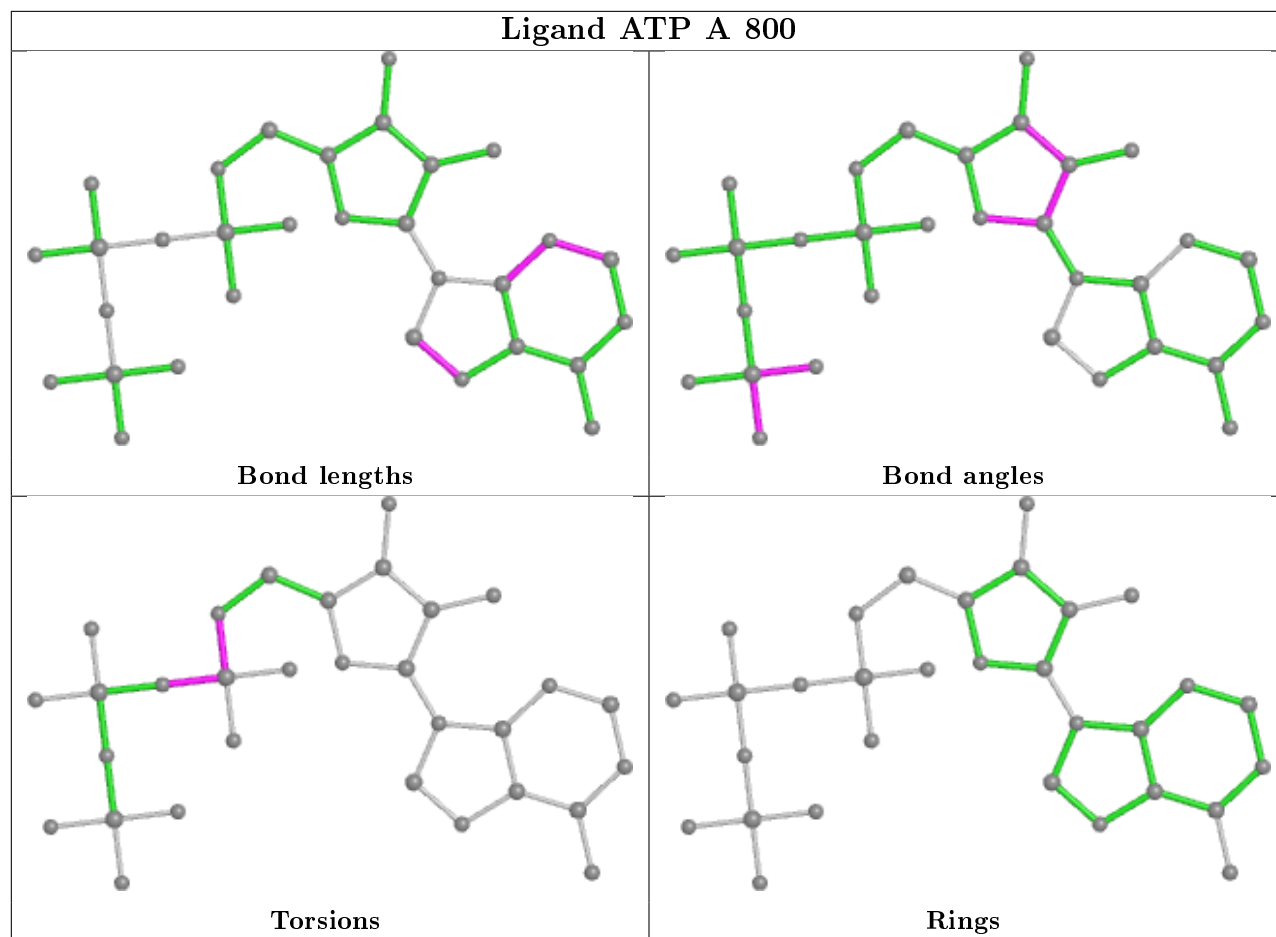
2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	801	ATP	1	0
2	A	800	ATP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier.

The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	303/309 (98%)	-0.02	12 (3%) 38 51	15, 37, 68, 94	5 (1%)
1	B	305/309 (98%)	-0.09	16 (5%) 27 39	15, 37, 80, 98	0
All	All	608/618 (98%)	-0.05	28 (4%) 32 45	15, 37, 77, 98	5 (0%)

All (28) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	344	MET	9.9
1	A	174	LYS	5.5
1	A	341	GLY	5.2
1	B	124	HIS	4.0
1	B	169	LEU	3.8
1	B	420	SER	3.7
1	A	343	ALA	3.7
1	B	140	TYR	3.6
1	B	170	ARG	3.5
1	A	342	SER	3.5
1	A	169	LEU	3.4
1	B	171	ASN	3.4
1	B	175	VAL	3.3
1	A	332	ILE	3.3
1	A	345	LEU	2.9
1	B	113	LYS	2.8
1	B	418	LEU	2.8
1	A	168	VAL	2.8
1	B	133	GLY	2.7
1	B	135	LYS	2.5
1	A	175	VAL	2.5
1	B	128	ALA	2.3
1	A	399	HIS	2.3
1	B	167	GLN	2.2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	168	VAL	2.2
1	B	398	GLU	2.2
1	A	339	ASN	2.1
1	B	139	ASP	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

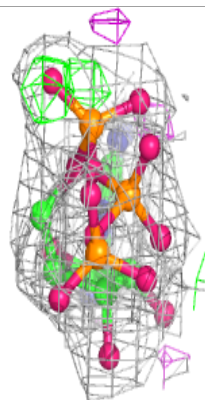
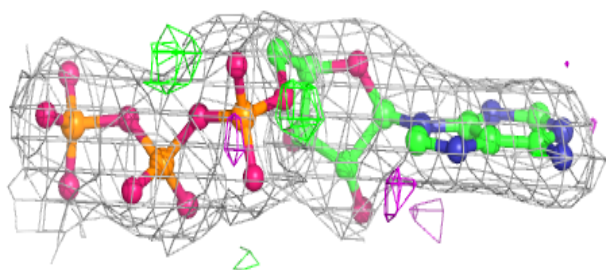
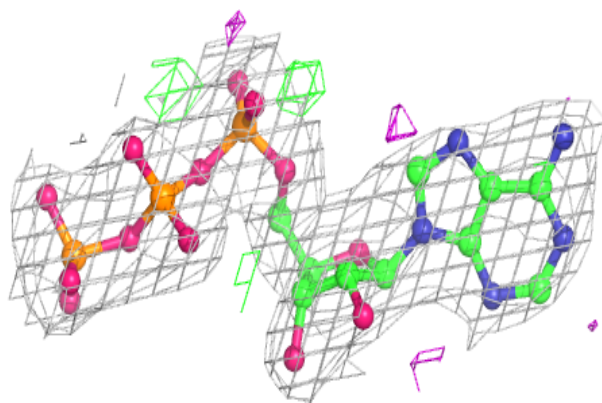
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	ATP	A	800	31/31	0.89	0.14	50,57,69,70	0
2	ATP	B	801	31/31	0.94	0.09	25,32,45,50	0

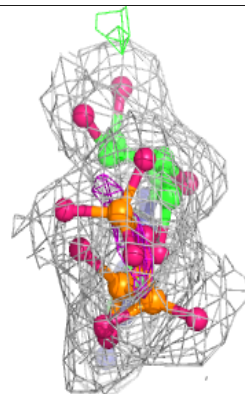
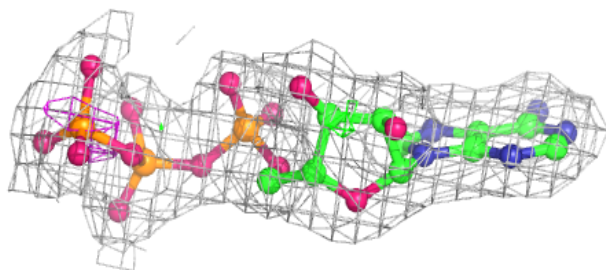
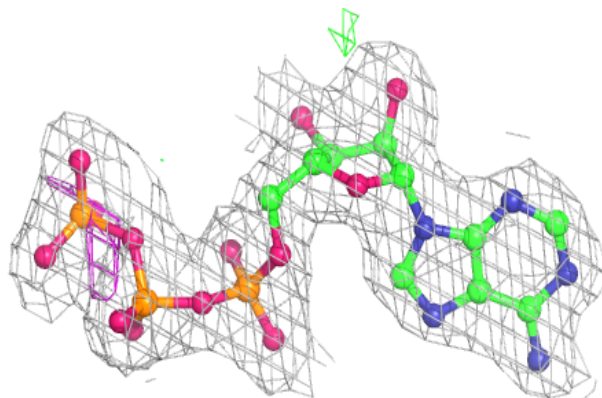
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around ATP A 800:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

**Electron density around ATP B 801:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.