



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 4, 2024 – 11:58 am BST

PDB ID : 6I7B
EMDB ID : EMD-4423
Title : Influenza A nucleoprotein docked into 3D helical structure of the wild type ribonucleoprotein complex obtained using cryoEM. Conformation 3.
Authors : Coloma, R.; Arranz, R.; de la Rosa-Trevin, J.M.; Sorzano, C.O.S.; Carlero, D.; Ortin, J.; Martin-Benito, J.
Deposited on : 2018-11-16
Resolution : 10.00 Å (reported)
Based on initial model : 2IQH

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev92
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : **FAILED**
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

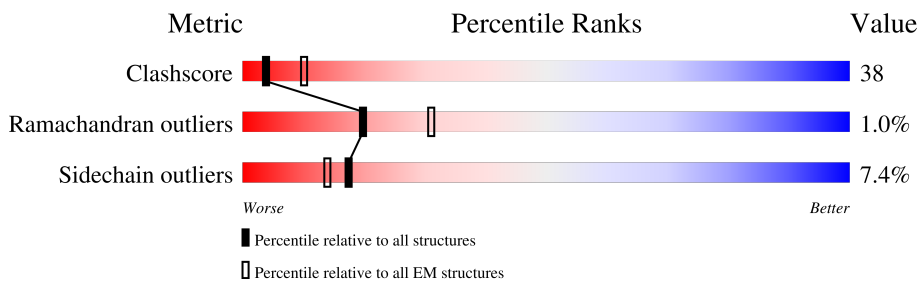
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 10.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	469	
1	C	469	
2	B	19	
2	D	19	

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 6320 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Nucleoprotein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	382	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3012	1871	560	558	23		
1	C	382	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3012	1871	560	558	23		

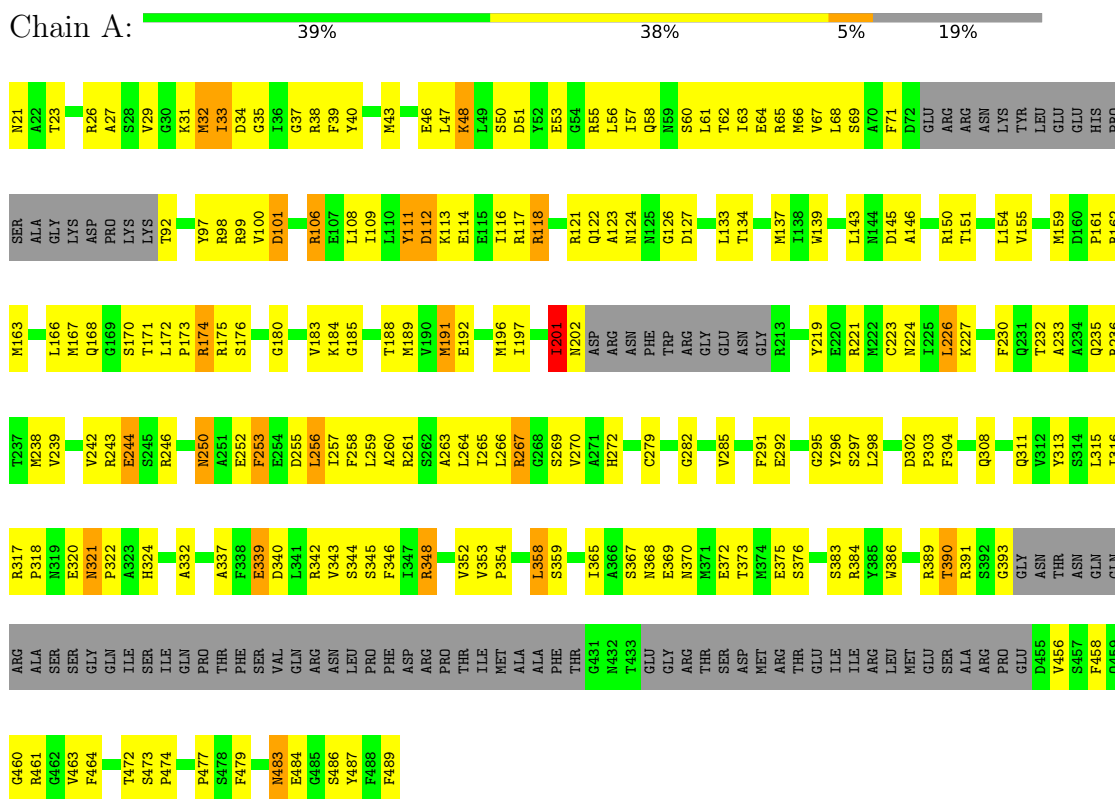
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Nucleoprotein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O		
2	B	19	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			148	94	26	28		
2	D	19	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			148	94	26	28		

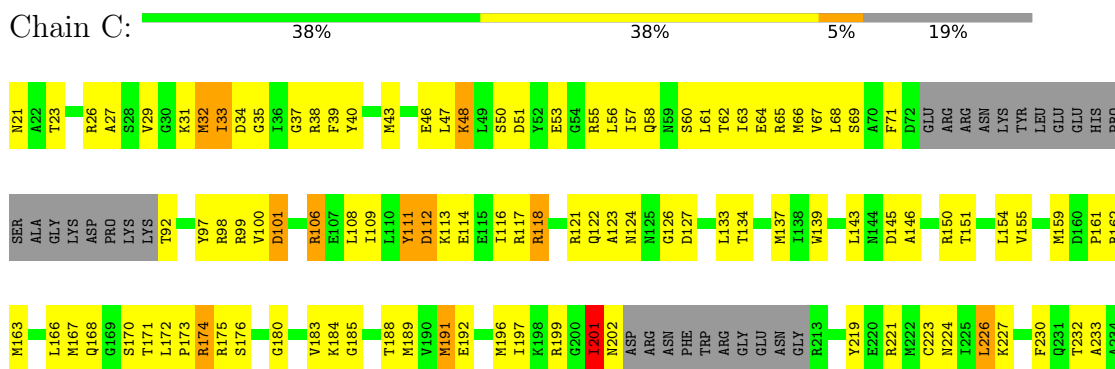
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

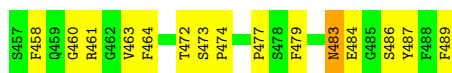
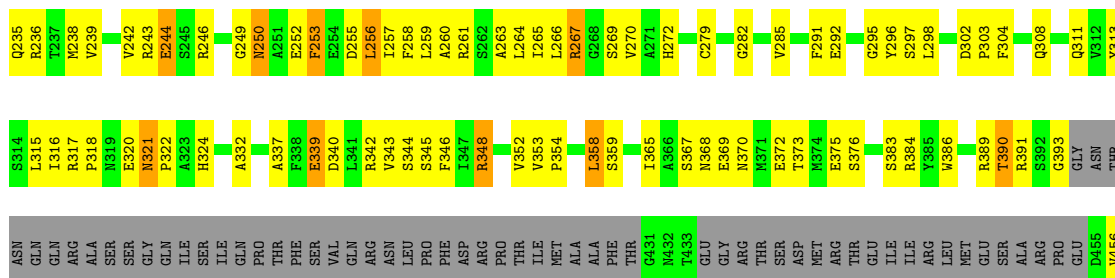
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Nucleoprotein



- Molecule 1: Nucleoprotein

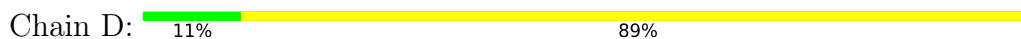




● Molecule 2: Nucleoprotein



● Molecule 2: Nucleoprotein



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	HELICAL	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	HELICAL, twist=-65.95°, rise=34.16 Å, axial sym=D1	Depositor
Number of segments used	2867	Depositor
Resolution determination method	OTHER	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{Å}^2$)	2	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	3000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON II (4k x 4k)	Depositor

5 Model quality i

5.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z > 5$
1	A	0.93	1/3060 (0.0%)	0.91	6/4112 (0.1%)
1	C	0.93	1/3060 (0.0%)	0.91	6/4112 (0.1%)
2	B	0.88	0/151	0.94	0/204
2	D	0.88	0/151	0.94	0/204
All	All	0.93	2/6422 (0.0%)	0.91	12/8632 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	C	0	1
All	All	0	2

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	201	ILE	C-N	-5.20	1.22	1.34
1	C	201	ILE	C-N	-5.16	1.22	1.34

The worst 5 of 12 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	201	ILE	O-C-N	-6.22	112.75	122.70
1	A	201	ILE	O-C-N	-6.18	112.81	122.70
1	A	358	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	-5.71	101.29	111.00
1	C	358	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	-5.68	101.34	111.00
1	C	66	MET	CG-SD-CE	5.49	108.98	100.20

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	201	ILE	Mainchain
1	C	201	ILE	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3012	0	3007	231	0
1	C	3012	0	3007	225	0
2	B	148	0	146	34	0
2	D	148	0	146	33	0
All	All	6320	0	6306	475	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 38.

The worst 5 of 475 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:483:ASN:HD22	1:C:483:ASN:H	1.09	0.98
1:A:483:ASN:H	1:A:483:ASN:HD22	1.09	0.97
1:C:189:MET:HE1	1:C:192:GLU:OE1	1.65	0.97
1:A:111:TYR:HB3	1:A:116:ILE:HD11	1.46	0.96
1:C:111:TYR:HB3	1:C:116:ILE:HD11	1.47	0.94

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	374/469 (80%)	324 (87%)	46 (12%)	4 (1%)	14	52
1	C	374/469 (80%)	324 (87%)	46 (12%)	4 (1%)	14	52
2	B	17/19 (90%)	15 (88%)	2 (12%)	0	100	100
2	D	17/19 (90%)	15 (88%)	2 (12%)	0	100	100
All	All	782/976 (80%)	678 (87%)	96 (12%)	8 (1%)	20	55

5 of 8 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	233	ALA
1	A	472	THR
1	C	233	ALA
1	C	472	THR
1	A	101	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	322/398 (81%)	297 (92%)	25 (8%)	12	36
1	C	322/398 (81%)	297 (92%)	25 (8%)	12	36
2	B	18/18 (100%)	18 (100%)	0	100	100
2	D	18/18 (100%)	18 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	680/832 (82%)	630 (93%)	50 (7%)	17	38

5 of 50 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	48	LYS
1	C	174	ARG
1	C	484	GLU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	106	ARG
1	C	112	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 21 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	319	ASN
1	C	368	ASN
2	D	415	GLN
1	C	370	ASN
1	C	324	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Map visualisation

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-4423. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections

This section was not generated.

6.2 Central slices

This section was not generated.

6.3 Largest variance slices

This section was not generated.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color)

This section was not generated.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views

This section was not generated.

6.6 Mask visualisation

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution

This section was not generated.

7.2 Volume estimate versus contour level

This section was not generated.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum

This section was not generated. The rotationally averaged power spectrum had issues being displayed.

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit

This section was not generated.