

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Oct 26, 2023 – 09:18 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3IHE

Title: Crystal structure of mouse Bcl-xl mutant (F105A) at pH 6.0

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Deposited on : 2009-07-30

Resolution : 3.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{MolProbity} & : & 4.02\text{b-}467 \\ \text{Xtriage (Phenix)} & : & 1.13 \end{array}$ 

EDS: 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

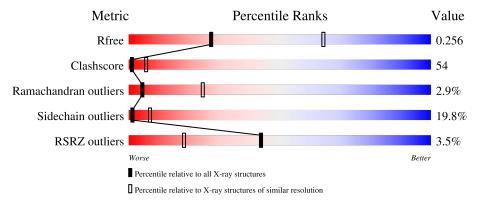
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	2092 (3.00-3.00)
Clashscore	141614	2416 (3.00-3.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2333 (3.00-3.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2336 (3.00-3.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1990 (3.00-3.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
			3%				
1	A	196	22%	30%	18%	•	28%



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1148 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Bcl-2-like protein 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Δ	142	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	11	172	1148	733	193	217	5		U	U

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

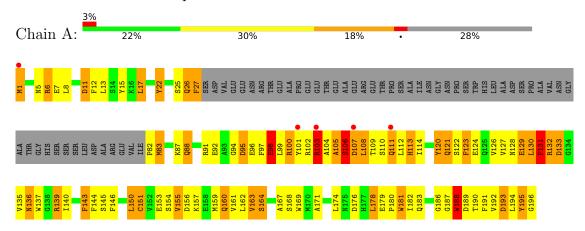
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	105	ALA	PHE	engineered mutation	UNP Q64373



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Bcl-2-like protein 1





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	63.15Å 63.15Å 110.32Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	41.56 - 3.00	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	41.54 - 3.00	EDS
% Data completeness	91.5 (41.56-3.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	91.5 (41.54-3.00)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.09	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.21	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	4.81 (at 3.01Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
P. P.	0.192 , 0.239	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.221 , $0.256$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	205 reflections $(4.62\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	56.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.130	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 58.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.42, < L^2>=0.24$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	1148	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	47.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 11.77% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
Mol   Chain		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	2.00	$28/1176 \ (2.4\%)$	1.74	22/1589 (1.4%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mo	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	4

The worst 5 of 28 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	A	98	GLU	CD-OE1	8.26	1.34	1.25
1	A	98	GLU	CD-OE2	7.95	1.34	1.25
1	A	131	PHE	CE1-CZ	7.68	1.51	1.37
1	A	120	TYR	CD1-CE1	7.46	1.50	1.39
1	A	143	PHE	CD2-CE2	7.16	1.53	1.39

The worst 5 of 22 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	106	SER	N-CA-CB	-13.11	90.83	110.50
1	A	105	ALA	CB-CA-C	11.37	127.15	110.10
1	A	6	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	9.09	124.84	120.30
1	A	17	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-8.23	96.38	115.30
1	A	156	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-8.13	110.98	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	103	ARG	Peptide
1	A	106	SER	Peptide
1	A	186	GLY	Peptide
1	A	82	PRO	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1148	0	1093	120	0
All	All	1148	0	1093	120	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 54.

The worst 5 of 120 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:105:ALA:O	1:A:108:LEU:HB2	1.37	1.24
1:A:107:ASP:O	1:A:111:GLN:HB2	1.40	1.21
1:A:106:SER:O	1:A:110:SER:HB3	1.44	1.15
1:A:103:ARG:O	1:A:103:ARG:HG3	1.46	1.15
1:A:104:ALA:C	1:A:106:SER:HB3	1.71	1.10

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	138/196 (70%)	112 (81%)	22 (16%)	4 (3%)	4 24

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	26	GLN
1	A	106	SER
1	A	113	HIS
1	A	188	TRP

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	121/165 (73%)	97 (80%)	24 (20%)	1 7

5 of 24 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	132	ARG
1	A	163	VAL
1	A	150	LEU
1	A	164	SER
1	A	98	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	183	GLN
1	A	175	ASN
1	A	136	ASN
1	A	125	GLN
1	A	160	GLN



#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	142/196 (72%)	-0.42	5 (3%) 44 18	20, 43, 88, 113	0

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	107	ASP	3.5
1	A	111	GLN	2.7
1	A	101	TYR	2.6
1	A	1	MET	2.6
1	A	103	ARG	2.2

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

