WORLDWIDE wwPDB PROTEIN DATA BANK

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 20, 2023 – 09:01 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	2IIT
Title	:	Human dipeptidyl peptidase 4 in complex with a diazepan-2-one inhibitor
Authors	:	Scapin, G.; Biftu, T.; Weber, A.E.
Deposited on	:	2006-09-28
Resolution	:	2.35 Å(reported)

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

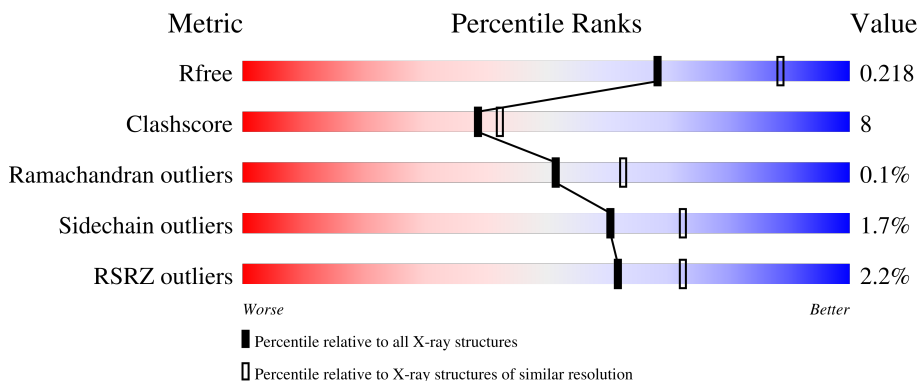|		
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.35
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.35 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.
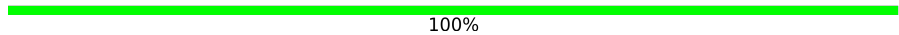
Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Rfree		0.218
Clashscore		8
Ramachandran outliers		0.1%
Sidechain outliers		1.7%
RSRZ outliers		2.2%

Worse   *Better*

▊ Percentile relative to all X-ray structures

▯ Percentile relative to X-ray structures of similar resolution

Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	1164 (2.36-2.36)
Clashscore	141614	1232 (2.36-2.36)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1211 (2.36-2.36)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1212 (2.36-2.36)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1150 (2.36-2.36)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	728	2% / 83% / 16% / •
1	B	728	3% / 83% / 16% / •
2	C	2	50% / 50%
2	F	2	100%
3	D	2	100%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
3	E	2	50% 50%
3	G	2	100%
3	H	2	50% 50%
3	I	2	50% 50%
3	J	2	100%
3	K	2	100%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	NAG	D	1	X	-	-	-
3	NAG	H	2	-	-	-	X
4	NAG	A	1092	-	-	-	X
4	NAG	B	2092	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition ⓘ

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 13083 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Dipeptidyl peptidase 4 soluble form.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	728	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			5965	3828	982	1129	26			
1	B	728	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0	0
			5965	3828	982	1129	26			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	39	THR	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P27487
B	39	THR	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P27487

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.
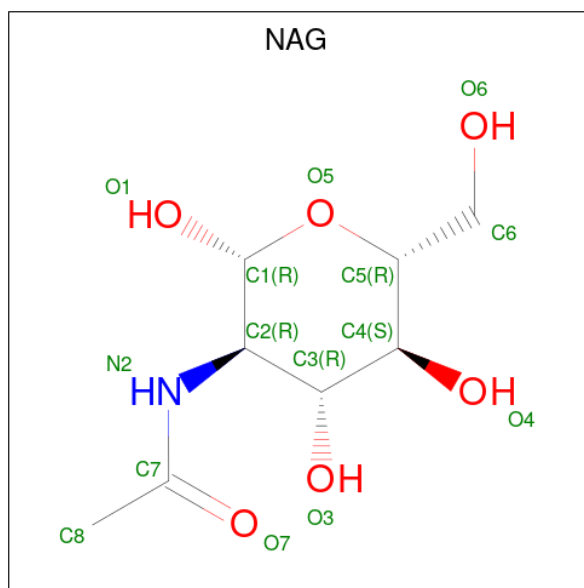

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	C	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			
2	F	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	D	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0
3	E	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0
3	G	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0
3	H	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0
3	I	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0
3	J	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0
3	K	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0

- Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0
4	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0
4	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0
4	B	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0
4	B	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

- Molecule 5 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total 1	Na 1	0	0

- Molecule 6 is (3R)-4-[(3R)-3-AMINO-4-(2,4,5-TRIFLUOROPHENYL)BUTANOYL]-3 -(2,2,2-TRIFLUOROETHYL)-1,4-DIAZEPAN-2-ONE (three-letter code: 872) (formula: $C_{17}H_{19}F_6N_3O_2$).
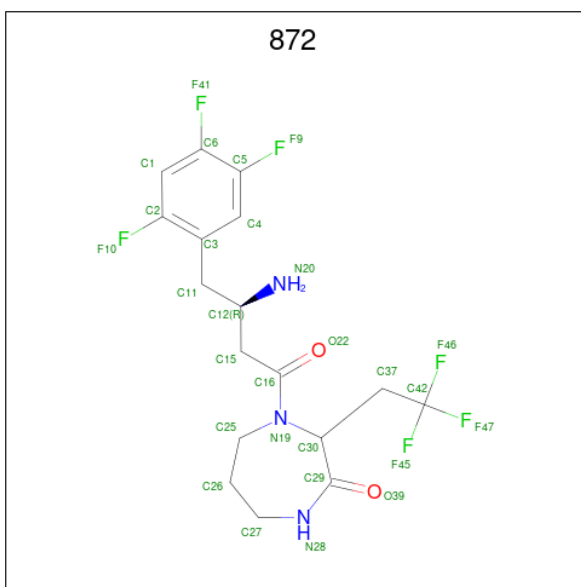
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total 28	C 17	F 6	N 3	O 2	0	0
6	B	1	Total 28	C 17	F 6	N 3	O 2	0	0

- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	385	Total 385	O 385	0	0

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| Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	B	375	Total 375	O 375	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Dipeptidyl peptidase 4 soluble form
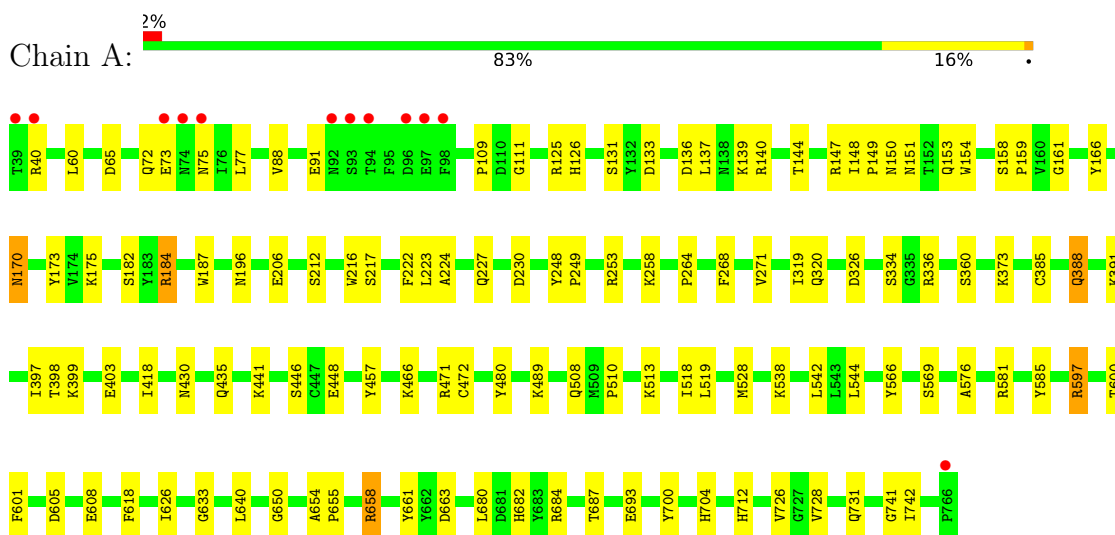
Chain A:

• Molecule 1: Dipeptidyl peptidase 4 soluble form
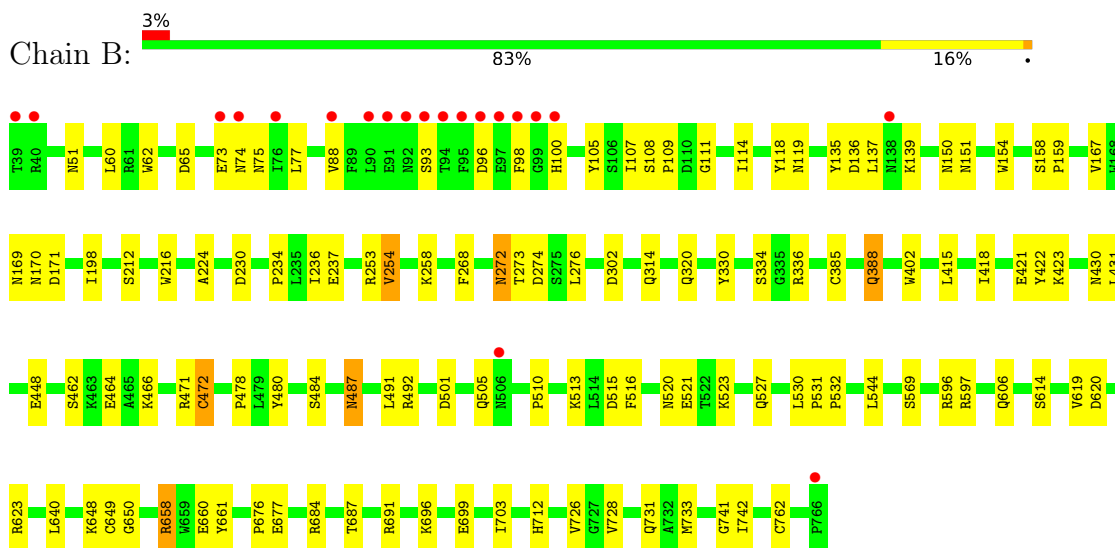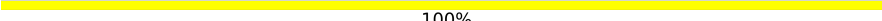
Chain B:

• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C:

50%   50%

NAG1 NDG2

• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glu
copyranose

Chain F:

100%

NAG1 NDG2

• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluc
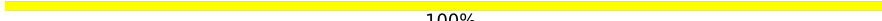opyranose

Chain D:

100%

NAG1 NAG2

• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluc
opyranose

Chain E:

50%   50%

NAG1 NAG2

• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluc
opyranose

Chain G:

100%

NAG1 NAG2

• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluc
opyranose

Chain H:

50%   50%

NAG1 NAG2

• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluc
opyranose

Chain I:

50%   50%

NAG1 NAG2

• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluc opyranose

Chain J:

100%

MAG1
NAG2

• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluc opyranose

Chain K:

100%

MAG1
NAG2

4 Data and refinement statistics ⓘ

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	118.22Å 125.20Å 136.87Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.00 – 2.35 46.19 – 2.35	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.4 (30.00-2.35) 96.6 (46.19-2.35)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	3.33 (at 2.34Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS, CNX	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.188 , 0.228 0.177 , 0.218	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	4135 reflections (5.04%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	30.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.409	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.32 , 38.7	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< |L| > = 0.49, < L^2 > = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	13083	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	30.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.67% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

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[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.
[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5   Model quality ⓘ

5.1   Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 872, NAG, NA, NDG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$|Z|$>5	RMSZ	#$|Z|$>5
1	A	0.49	0/6137	0.68	0/8346
1	B	0.49	0/6137	0.68	1/8346 (0.0%)
All	All	0.49	0/12274	0.68	1/16692 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	B	388	GLN	N-CA-C	-5.28	96.75	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	700	TYR	Sidechain

5.2   Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within

the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5965	0	5677	85	0
1	B	5965	0	5679	88	0
2	C	28	0	24	0	0
2	F	28	0	24	3	0
3	D	28	0	25	3	0
3	E	28	0	25	0	0
3	G	28	0	25	1	0
3	H	28	0	25	2	0
3	I	28	0	25	1	0
3	J	28	0	25	0	0
3	K	28	0	25	0	0
4	A	42	0	39	3	0
4	B	42	0	39	4	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	A	28	0	17	0	0
6	B	28	0	17	0	0
7	A	385	0	0	3	0
7	B	375	0	0	6	0
All	All	13083	0	11691	180	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 180 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:149:PRO:HA	3:D:1:NAG:H82	1.60	0.84
1:A:253:ARG:HH21	1:B:253:ARG:HH21	1.30	0.80
1:B:648:LYS:HE2	1:B:762:CYS:O	1.82	0.79
1:B:258:LYS:NZ	1:B:712:HIS:HD2	1.84	0.75
1:B:471:ARG:HG3	1:B:480:TYR:CE2	2.22	0.75

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries

of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	726/728 (100%)	693 (96%)	32 (4%)	1 (0%)	51	63
1	B	726/728 (100%)	695 (96%)	30 (4%)	1 (0%)	51	63
All	All	1452/1456 (100%)	1388 (96%)	62 (4%)	2 (0%)	51	63

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	320	GLN
1	A	320	GLN

5.3.2   Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	653/653 (100%)	639 (98%)	14 (2%)	53	65
1	B	653/653 (100%)	645 (99%)	8 (1%)	71	82
All	All	1306/1306 (100%)	1284 (98%)	22 (2%)	60	72

5 of 22 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	230	ASP
1	B	385	CYS
1	B	272	ASN
1	B	448	GLU
1	A	388	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 19 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	487	ASN
1	B	595	ASN
1	B	712	HIS
1	B	572	ASN
1	A	731	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

18 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#$|Z| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	#$|Z| > 2$
2	NAG	C	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.83	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.46	3 (17%)
2	NDG	C	2	2	14,14,15	0.88	0	17,19,21	0.84	0
3	NAG	D	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.86	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.75	0
3	NAG	D	2	3	14,14,15	0.96	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.59	0
3	NAG	E	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.59	0	17,19,21	0.69	0
3	NAG	E	2	3	14,14,15	0.92	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.71	0
2	NAG	F	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.65	0	17,19,21	0.91	0
2	NDG	F	2	2	14,14,15	0.69	0	17,19,21	0.68	0
3	NAG	G	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.79	0	17,19,21	0.91	0
3	NAG	G	2	3	14,14,15	0.72	0	17,19,21	0.67	0
3	NAG	H	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.64	0	17,19,21	0.64	0
3	NAG	H	2	3	14,14,15	0.86	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.74	0
3	NAG	I	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.46	0	17,19,21	0.74	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#|Z| > 2	Counts	RMSZ	#|Z| > 2
3	NAG	I	2	3	14,14,15	0.71	0	17,19,21	0.92	1 (5%)
3	NAG	J	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.51	0	17,19,21	0.72	0
3	NAG	J	2	3	14,14,15	0.79	0	17,19,21	0.78	0
3	NAG	K	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.50	0	17,19,21	1.06	2 (11%)
3	NAG	K	2	3	14,14,15	0.76	0	17,19,21	0.89	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	C	1	1,2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NDG	C	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	1	1,3	1/1/5/7	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	2	3	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	E	1	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	E	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	F	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NDG	F	2	2	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	G	1	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	G	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	H	1	1,3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	H	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	I	1	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	I	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	J	1	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	J	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	K	1	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	K	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	D	2	NAG	C1-C2	2.82	1.56	1.52
3	D	1	NAG	C1-C2	2.64	1.56	1.52
3	E	2	NAG	C1-C2	2.36	1.55	1.52
2	C	1	NAG	C1-C2	2.20	1.55	1.52
3	H	2	NAG	C1-C2	2.02	1.55	1.52

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	C	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-4.25	104.79	111.02
3	K	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-3.01	106.61	111.02
3	K	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.57	119.24	122.90
3	K	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.36	119.54	122.90
2	C	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.29	119.64	122.90

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
3	D	1	NAG	C1

5 of 21 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	I	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	I	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	C	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	H	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	H	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

9 monomers are involved in 10 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	I	2	NAG	1	0
3	G	2	NAG	1	0
2	F	1	NAG	2	0
3	H	2	NAG	2	0
3	D	1	NAG	3	0
3	D	2	NAG	2	0
3	H	1	NAG	2	0
3	G	1	NAG	1	0
2	F	2	NDG	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

Oligosaccharide Chain C

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Oligosaccharide Chain F

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Oligosaccharide Chain D

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Oligosaccharide Chain E

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Oligosaccharide Chain G

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Oligosaccharide Chain H

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Oligosaccharide Chain I

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Oligosaccharide Chain J

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Oligosaccharide Chain K

Bond lengths   Bond angles

Torsions   Rings

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 9 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 8 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#|Z| > 2$
4	NAG	A	1281	1	14,14,15	0.71	0	17,19,21	0.98	1 (5%)
4	NAG	A	1520	1	14,14,15	0.80	0	17,19,21	0.70	0
4	NAG	B	2321	1	14,14,15	0.65	0	17,19,21	1.13	2 (11%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#|Z| > 2	Counts	RMSZ	#|Z| > 2
6	872	B	9002	-	28,29,29	2.58	13 (46%)	28,42,42	4.00	3 (10%)
4	NAG	B	2150	1	14,14,15	0.79	0	17,19,21	0.81	1 (5%)
6	872	A	9001	-	28,29,29	2.64	12 (42%)	28,42,42	3.90	3 (10%)
4	NAG	B	2092	1	14,14,15	0.76	0	17,19,21	0.88	0
4	NAG	A	1092	1	14,14,15	0.84	0	17,19,21	0.67	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	1281	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	1520	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	B	2321	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	872	B	9002	-	-	2/13/32/32	0/1/2/2
4	NAG	B	2150	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	872	A	9001	-	-	2/13/32/32	0/1/2/2
4	NAG	B	2092	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	1092	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 25 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	B	9002	872	C12-N20	-6.72	1.24	1.46
6	A	9001	872	C12-N20	-5.92	1.27	1.46
6	B	9002	872	C3-C2	4.91	1.46	1.38
6	A	9001	872	C11-C12	4.55	1.60	1.53
6	A	9001	872	C15-C16	4.50	1.59	1.51

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	A	9001	872	C27-N28-C29	13.14	151.86	127.17
6	B	9002	872	C27-N28-C29	13.14	151.85	127.17
6	B	9002	872	O39-C29-N28	11.37	135.02	122.03
6	A	9001	872	C37-C30-N19	11.25	136.59	112.48
6	B	9002	872	C37-C30-N19	11.21	136.50	112.48

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 10 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	A	9001	872	O22-C16-N19-C25
6	A	9001	872	O22-C16-N19-C30
6	B	9002	872	O22-C16-N19-C25
6	B	9002	872	O22-C16-N19-C30
4	B	2092	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 7 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	1520	NAG	2	0
4	B	2092	NAG	4	0
4	A	1092	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand 872 B 9002

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings

Ligand 872 A 9001

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings
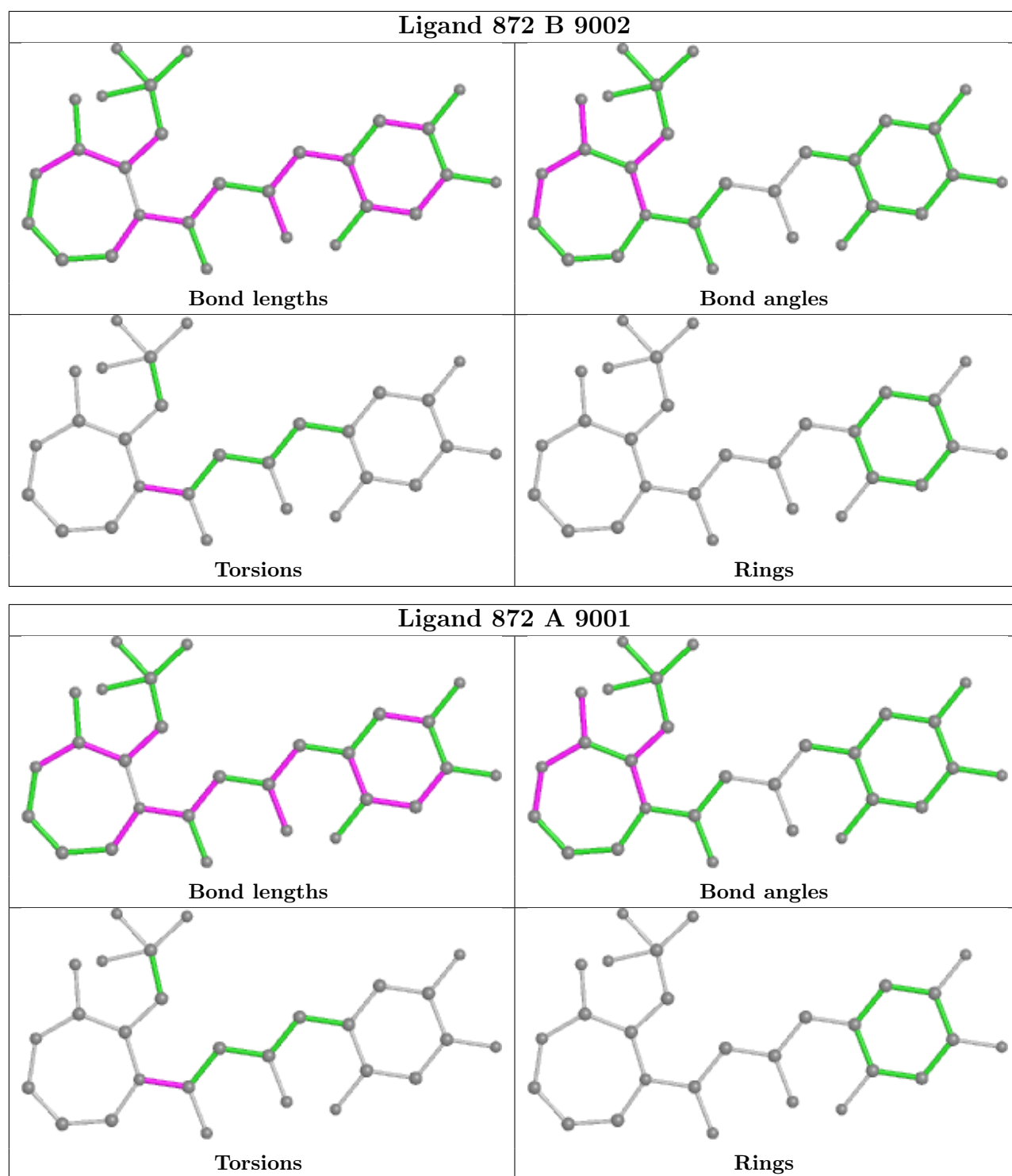
5.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	728/728 (100%)	-0.15	12 (1%)	72	80	16, 27, 49, 64	0
1	B	728/728 (100%)	-0.11	20 (2%)	54	64	18, 28, 49, 64	0
All	All	1456/1456 (100%)	-0.13	32 (2%)	62	72	16, 28, 49, 64	0

The worst 5 of 32 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	39	THR	5.6
1	B	39	THR	4.8
1	B	766	PRO	4.1
1	B	95	PHE	4.1
1	B	88	VAL	3.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
3	NAG	H	2	14/15	0.46	0.40	65,68,69,70	0
2	NDG	C	2	14/15	0.54	0.28	61,62,64,64	0
3	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.69	0.30	62,66,68,68	0
3	NAG	K	2	14/15	0.74	0.24	50,55,56,57	0
3	NAG	E	2	14/15	0.76	0.28	50,56,58,59	0

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WORLDWIDE
wwPDB
PROTEIN DATA BANK

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors($\mathring{A}^2$)	Q<0.9
3	NAG	G	2	14/15	0.77	0.38	60,62,66,67	0
2	NDG	F	2	14/15	0.79	0.32	54,57,60,62	0
3	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.80	0.31	58,61,64,64	0
3	NAG	J	2	14/15	0.83	0.24	45,51,54,57	0
3	NAG	G	1	14/15	0.84	0.30	47,50,54,59	0
2	NAG	C	1	14/15	0.88	0.14	49,50,55,58	0
3	NAG	I	2	14/15	0.88	0.20	50,53,55,56	0
3	NAG	K	1	14/15	0.89	0.14	34,36,44,47	0
3	NAG	H	1	14/15	0.91	0.19	53,56,61,62	0
3	NAG	E	1	14/15	0.92	0.17	47,49,52,52	0
3	NAG	I	1	14/15	0.92	0.16	42,47,50,51	0
2	NAG	F	1	14/15	0.94	0.15	34,40,49,50	0
3	NAG	J	1	14/15	0.96	0.11	27,33,41,44	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.
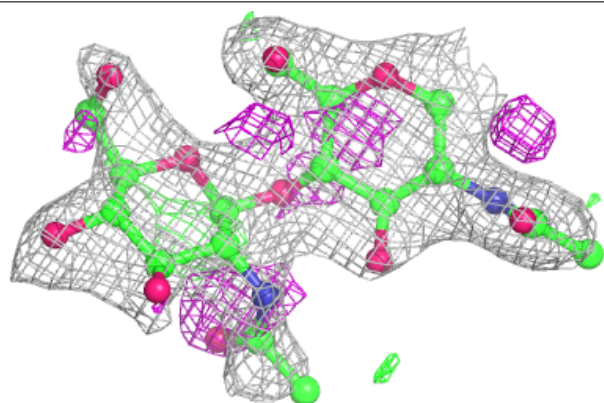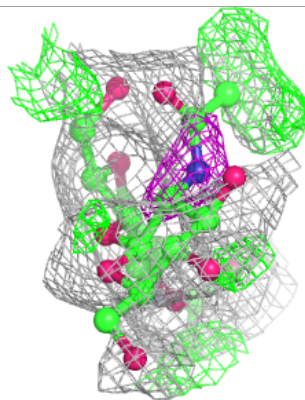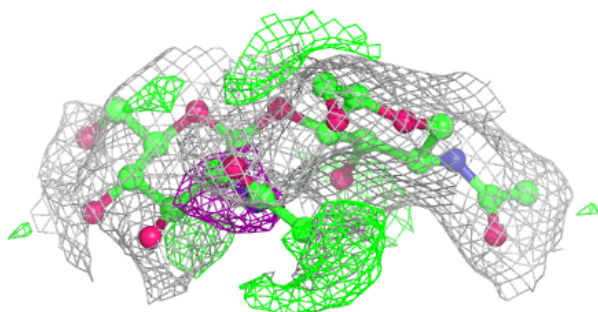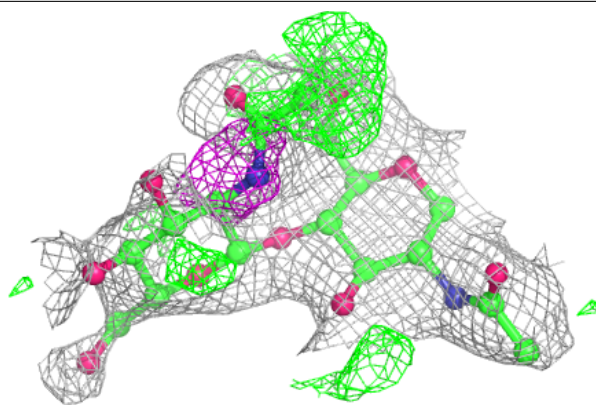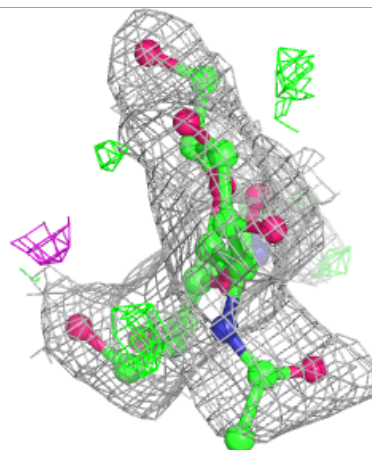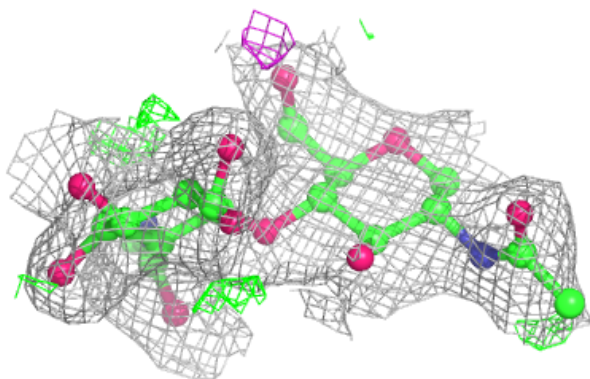
Electron density around Chain C:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)
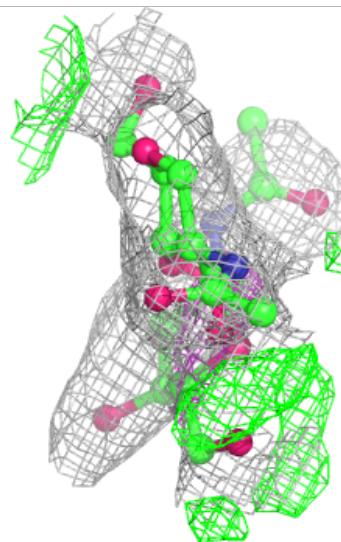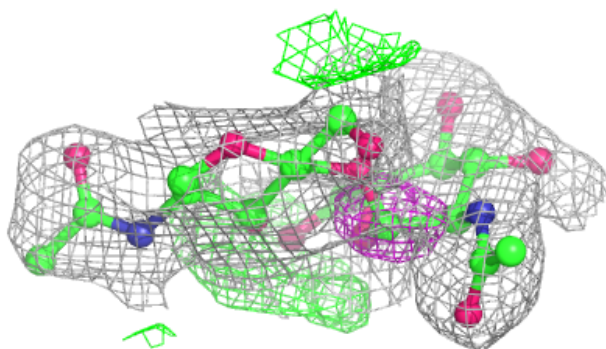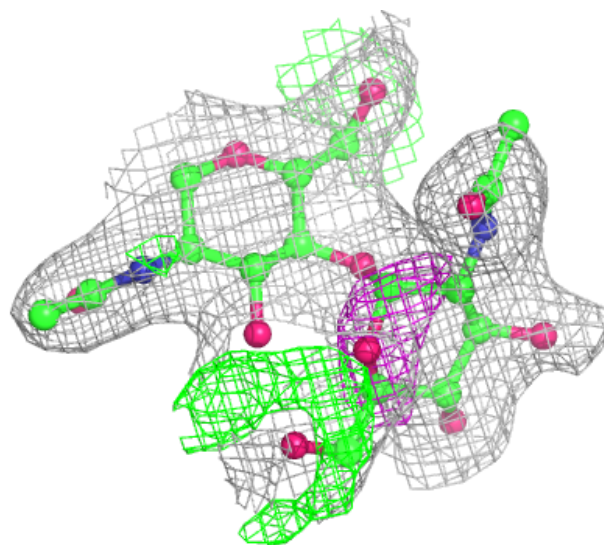
Electron density around Chain F:

$2mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
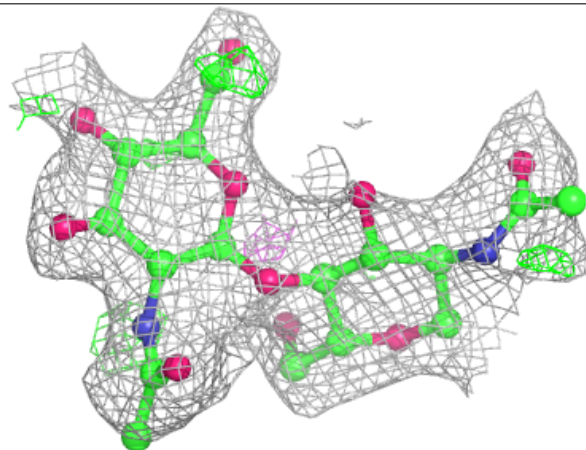and green (positive)
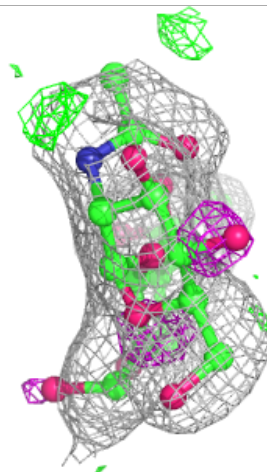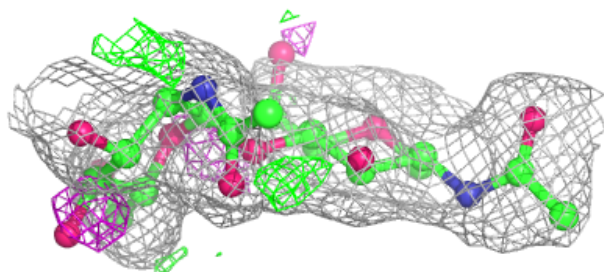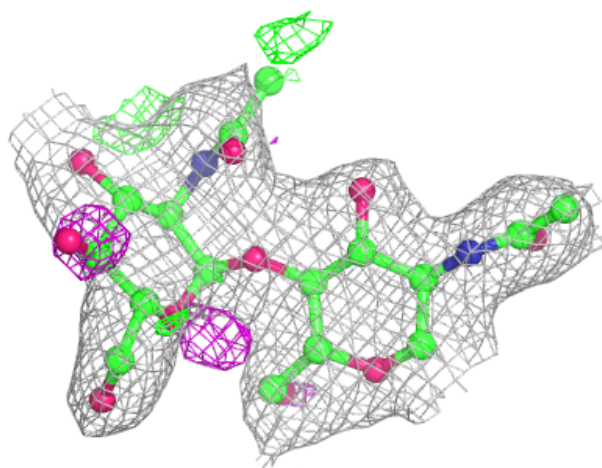
Electron density around Chain D:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)
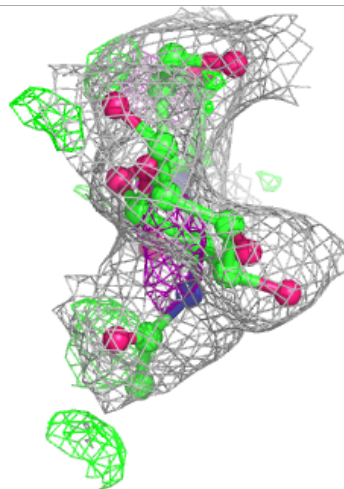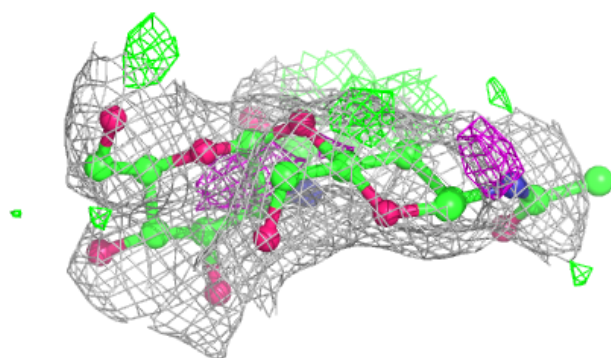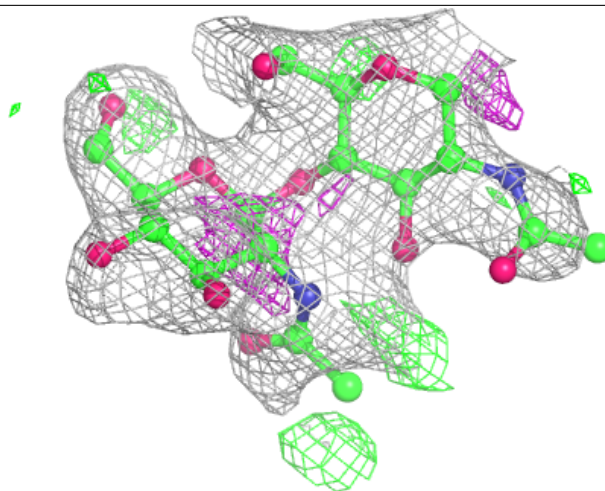
Electron density around Chain E:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
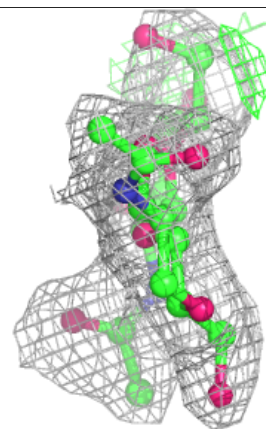mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
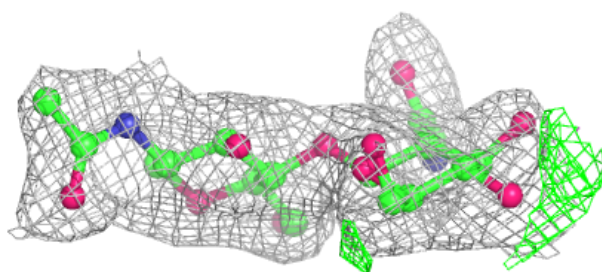and green (positive)
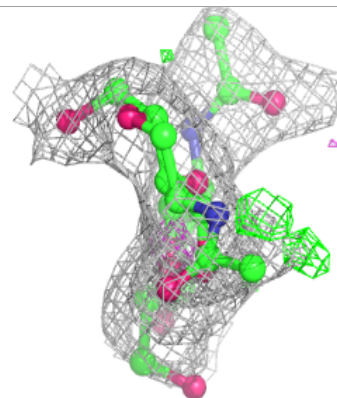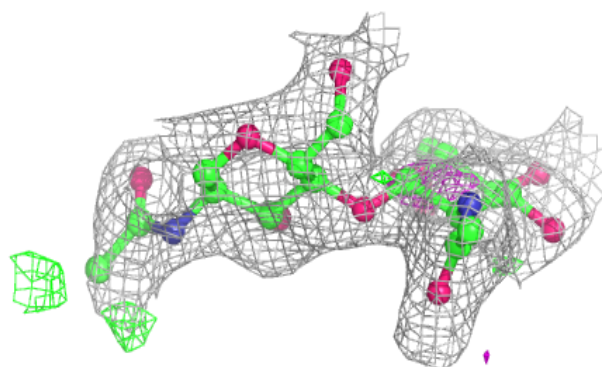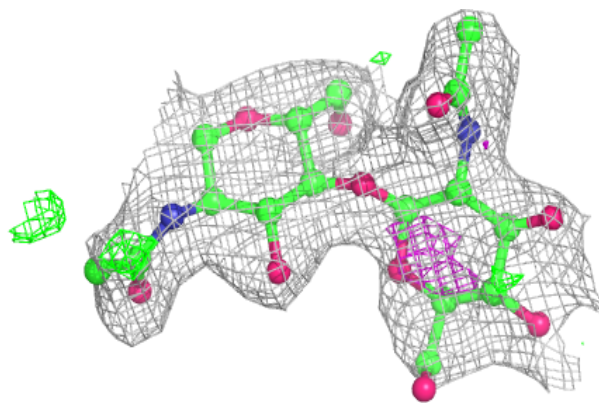
Electron density around Chain G:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)
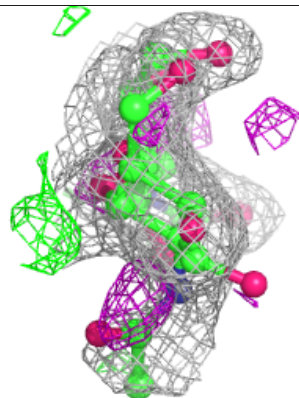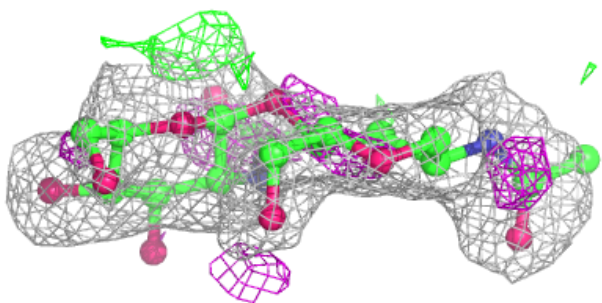
Electron density around Chain H:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

Electron density around Chain I:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
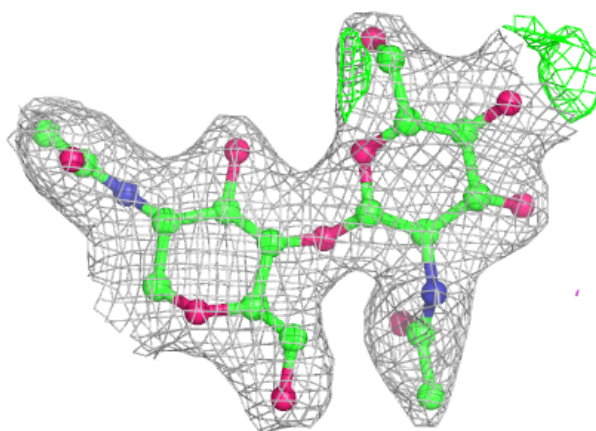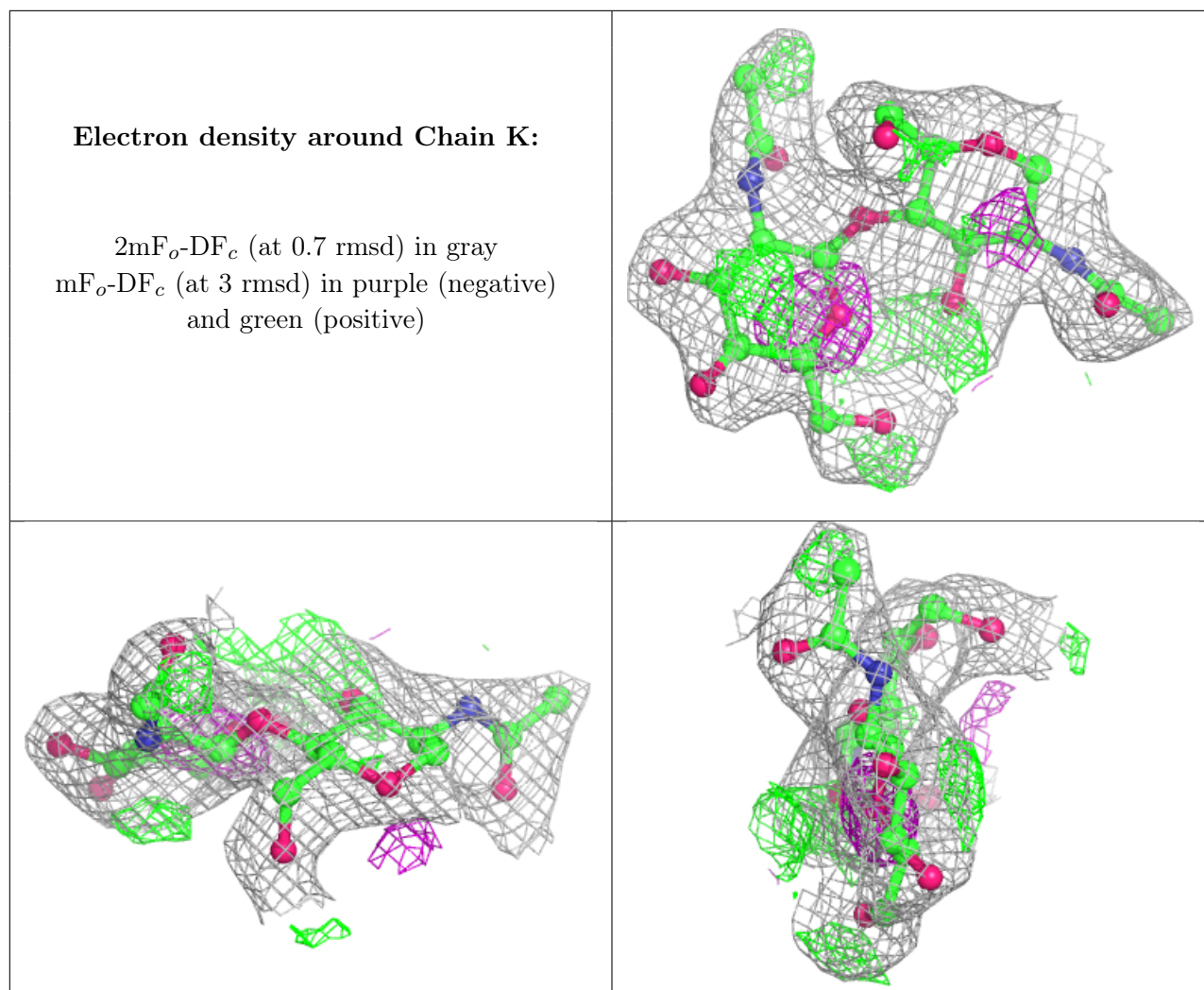and green (positive)

Electron density around Chain J:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

Electron density around Chain K:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
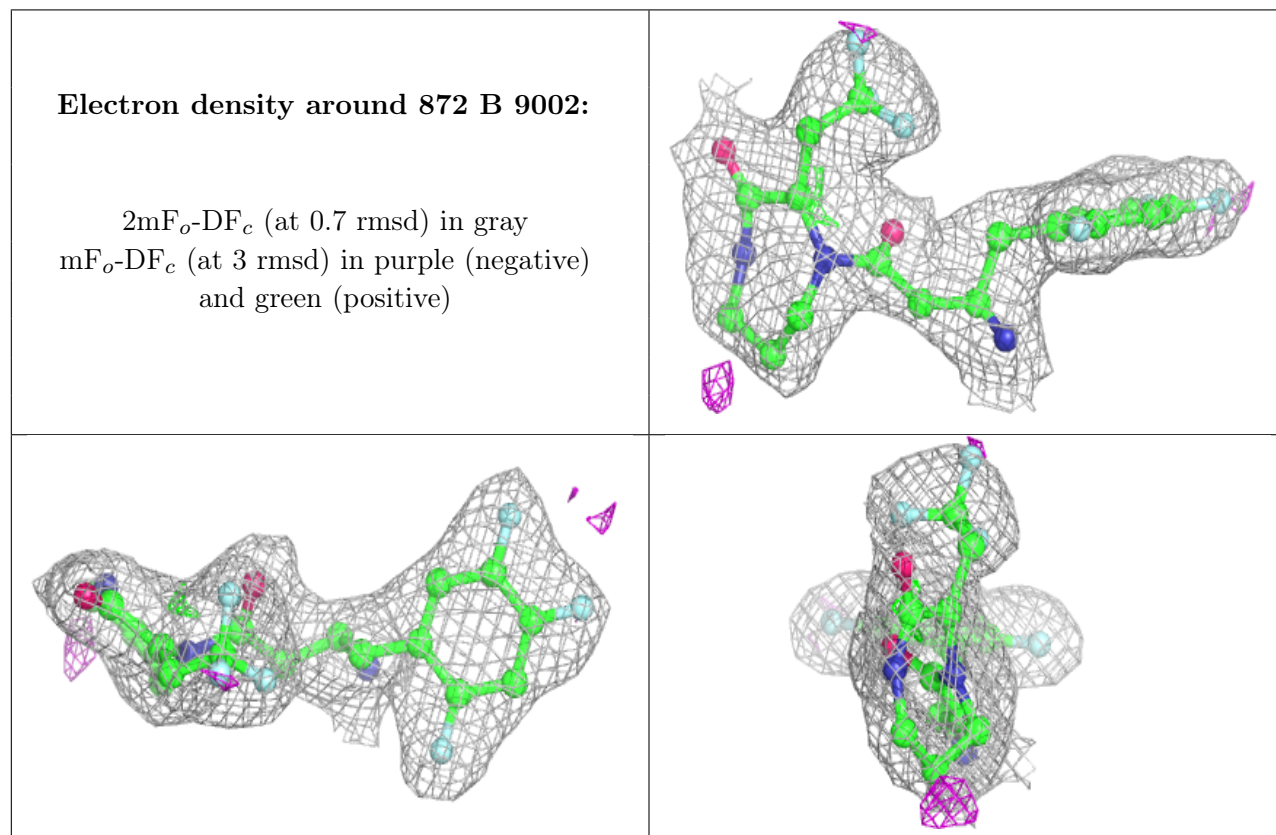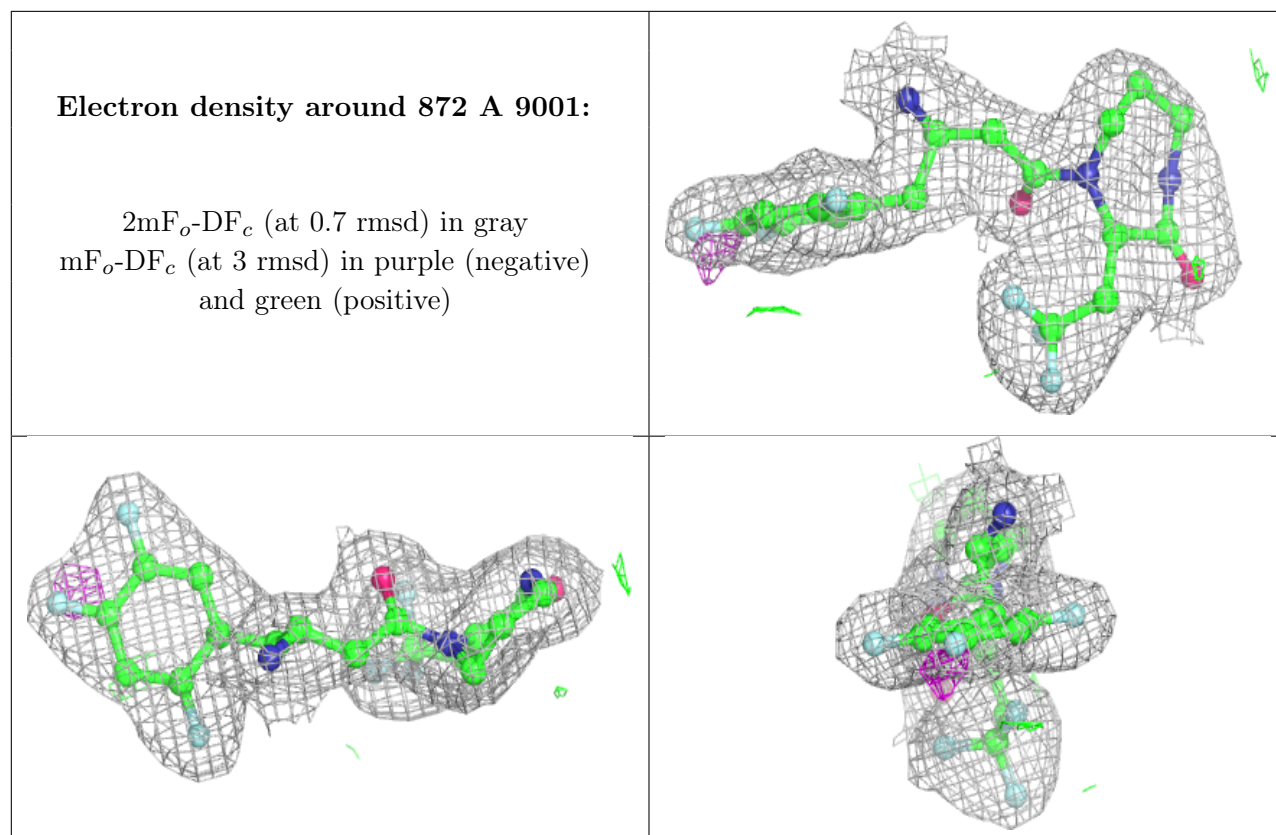mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

6.4 Ligands ⓘ

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
4	NAG	A	1092	14/15	0.65	0.50	66,67,69,69	0
4	NAG	A	1520	14/15	0.67	0.32	61,64,66,66	0
4	NAG	B	2092	14/15	0.74	0.42	63,66,66,67	0
4	NAG	B	2150	14/15	0.77	0.34	54,58,58,58	0
4	NAG	B	2321	14/15	0.83	0.26	41,44,45,47	0
4	NAG	A	1281	14/15	0.87	0.18	47,48,51,52	0
6	872	B	9002	28/28	0.94	0.19	22,28,44,46	0
6	872	A	9001	28/28	0.95	0.21	19,27,38,40	0
5	NA	A	9111	1/1	0.97	0.12	37,37,37,37	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around 872 B 9002:

$2mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
$mF_o\text{-}DF_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

Electron density around 872 A 9001:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.