

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Feb 12, 2017 – 07:40 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4J1P

Title X-ray crystal structure of bromodomain 2 of human brd2 in complex with

rvx208 to 1.08 A resolution

: Stein, A.J.; White, A.; Suto, R.K. Authors

2013-02-01 Deposited on

1.08 Å(reported) Resolution

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at

http://wwpdb.org/validation/2016/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity 4.02b-467

> 1.7.2 (RC1), CSD as538be (2017) Mogul

Xtriage (Phenix) 1.9-1692

trunk28620EDS

20161228.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 28th 2016) Percentile statistics

> Refmac 5.8.0135 CCP4 6.5.0

Ideal geometry (proteins) Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Parkinson et al. (1996)

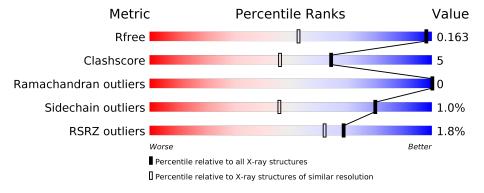
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : recalc28949

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.08 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$
R_{free}	100719	1006 (1.12-1.04)
Clashscore	112137	1051 (1.12-1.04)
Ramachandran outliers	110173	1008 (1.12-1.04)
Sidechain outliers	110143	1006 (1.12-1.04)
RSRZ outliers	101464	1009 (1.12-1.04)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
			2%		
1	A	114	87%	8%	5%



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1293 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

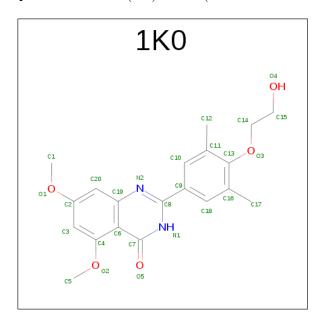
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Bromodomain containing 2, isoform CRA_a.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	114	Total 1008	C 651	N 171	O 176	S 10	0	12	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference	
A	342	SER	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q658Y7	
A	343	MET	-	EXPRESSION TAG	UNP Q658Y7	

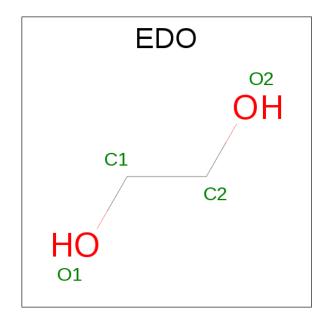
• Molecule 2 is 2-[4-(2-HYDROXYETHOXY)-3,5-DIMETHYLPHENYL]-5,7-DIMETHOXY QUINAZOLIN-4(3H)-ONE (three-letter code: 1K0) (formula: C₂₀H₂₂N₂O₅).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
	11		27	20	2	5		



 \bullet Molecule 3 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula: $\mathrm{C_2H_6O_2}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 4	C 2	O 2	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

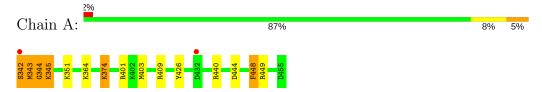
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	254	Total O 254 254	0	7



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Bromodomain containing 2, isoform CRA_a





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants	51.10Å 66.35Å 75.85Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.56 - 1.08	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	19.56 - 1.08	EDS
% Data completeness	99.3 (19.56-1.08)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.3 (19.56-1.08)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.04	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.36 (at 1.08Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0029	Depositor
D D.	0.128 , 0.159	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.137 , 0.163	DCC
R_{free} test set	2810 reflections (5.36%)	DCC
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	10.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.361	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.39, 47.9	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	1293	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	15.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.93% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



 $^{^1 {\}rm Intensities}$ estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: 1K0, EDO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	1.20	5/1066~(0.5%)	1.19	11/1429 (0.8%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
1	A	344	GLY	N-CA	-9.28	1.32	1.46
1	A	342	SER	N-CA	6.85	1.60	1.46
1	A	409	ARG	CZ-NH1	6.83	1.42	1.33
1	A	345	LYS	CA-CB	-5.36	1.42	1.53
1	A	409	ARG	NE-CZ	5.07	1.39	1.33

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	448[C]	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	7.79	126.25	120.80
1	A	448[D]	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	7.79	126.25	120.80
1	A	448[C]	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	-6.31	116.38	120.80
1	A	448[D]	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	-6.31	116.38	120.80
1	A	401	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.28	117.16	120.30
1	A	364	LYS	N-CA-CB	5.52	120.53	110.60
1	A	409	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.43	123.01	120.30
1	A	345	LYS	CA-CB-CG	5.41	125.30	113.40

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	374[A]	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	5.29	123.87	111.70
1	A	374[B]	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	5.29	123.87	111.70
1	A	343	MET	CA-C-O	-5.15	109.29	120.10

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	343	MET	Mainchain,Peptide
1	A	449	ARG	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1008	0	1028	10	2
2	A	27	0	22	0	0
3	A	4	0	6	0	0
4	A	254	0	0	8	3
All	All	1293	0	1056	10	3

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (10) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash	
		distance (Å)	overlap (Å)	
1:A:403[A]:MET:CE	4:A:740:HOH:O	2.17	0.91	
1:A:403[A]:MET:HE1	4:A:740:HOH:O	1.86	0.68	
1:A:351[A]:LYS:NZ	4:A:734:HOH:O	2.28	0.61	
1:A:444[D]:ASP:OD2	4:A:694:HOH:O	2.17	0.58	
1:A:374[B]:LYS:HG2	4:A:673:HOH:O	2.09	0.52	
1:A:426:TYR:OH	1:A:440[D]:ARG:HD2	2.10	0.52	
1:A:403[A]:MET:HE2	4:A:740:HOH:O	1.99	0.49	
1:A:342:SER:OG	1:A:344:GLY:HA2	2.13	0.49	

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	
1:A:440[C]:ARG:NH2	4:A:794:HOH:O	2.39	0.48	
1:A:403[A]:MET:HE3	4:A:652:HOH:O	2.20	0.41	

All (3) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:342:SER:N	4:A:786:HOH:O[7_544]	1.92	0.28
1:A:448[D]:PHE:CE2	4:A:841:HOH:O[3_554]	2.13	0.07
4:A:803:HOH:O	4:A:806:HOH:O[3_554]	2.19	0.01

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers		
1	A	124/114 (109%)	123 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	112/100 (112%)	111 (99%)	1 (1%)		82	50



All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	345	LYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	e Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Pos	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	туре	Chain	Res Link		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2			
2	1K0	A	501	-	28,29,29	1.43	4 (14%)	36,41,41	2.05	6 (16%)			
3	EDO	A	502	-	3,3,3	1.64	1 (33%)	2,2,2	0.61	0			

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	1K0	A	501	-	-	0/12/12/12	0/3/3/3
3	EDO	A	502	-	-	0/1/1/1	0/0/0/0

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	501	1K0	C18-C9	-3.96	1.32	1.39
2	A	501	1K0	C20-C19	-3.19	1.37	1.41
2	A	501	1K0	C19-N2	2.21	1.41	1.37
3	A	502	EDO	C2-C1	2.25	1.64	1.48
2	A	501	1K0	C7-N1	3.54	1.39	1.33

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	A	501	1K0	C6-C7-N1	-8.51	115.95	124.12
2	A	501	1K0	N2-C8-N1	-4.18	122.84	126.08
2	A	501	1K0	C10-C9-C8	-2.18	117.24	120.22
2	A	501	1K0	C18-C9-C8	2.29	123.36	120.22
2	A	501	1K0	C8-N2-C19	3.48	118.97	116.34
2	A	501	1K0	C7-N1-C8	4.42	122.76	116.17

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9	
1	A	114/114 (100%)	0.09	2 (1%)	69	62	8, 11, 23, 31	0

All (2) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	342	SER	3.7
1	A	432	ASP	2.6

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. LLDF column lists the quality of electron density of the group with respect to its neighbouring residues in protein, DNA or RNA chains. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	LLDF	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	1K0	A	501	27/27	0.98	0.06	-0.76	8,10,18,25	0
3	EDO	A	502	4/4	0.76	0.30	-	16,17,19,22	0



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

