



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Feb 14, 2024 – 11:32 AM EST

PDB ID : 3J3O
EMDB ID : EMD-5291
Title : Conformational Shift of a Major Poliovirus Antigen Confirmed by Immuno-
Cryogenic Electron Microscopy: 160S Poliovirus and C3-Fab Complex
Authors : Lin, J.; Cheng, N.; Hogle, J.M.; Steven, A.C.; Belnap, D.M.
Deposited on : 2013-04-10
Resolution : 11.10 Å (reported)
Based on initial models : 1FPT, 1ASJ

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev70
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
MapQ : 1.9.9
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

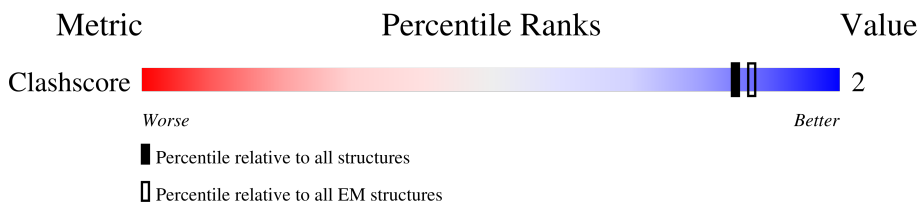
1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

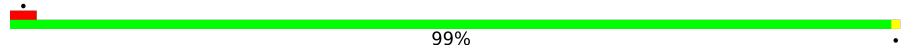
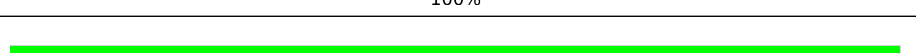
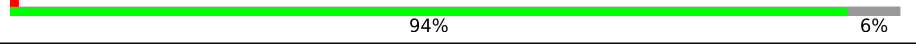
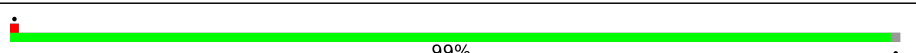
The reported resolution of this entry is 11.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	L	219	 99% .
2	H	220	 100%
3	0	5	 100%
4	1	302	 94% 6%
5	2	272	 98% ..
6	3	238	 99% .
7	4	68	 87% . 12%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1326 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called C3 antibody, light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
1	L	219	Total C 219 219	0	219

- Molecule 2 is a protein called C3 antibody, heavy chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
2	H	220	Total C 220 220	0	220

- Molecule 3 is a protein called unknown peptide.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
3	0	5	Total C 5 5	0	5

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Protein VP1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
4	1	283	Total C 283 283	0	283

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Protein VP2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
5	2	268	Total C 268 268	0	268

- Molecule 6 is a protein called Protein VP3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
6	3	235	Total C 235 235	0	235

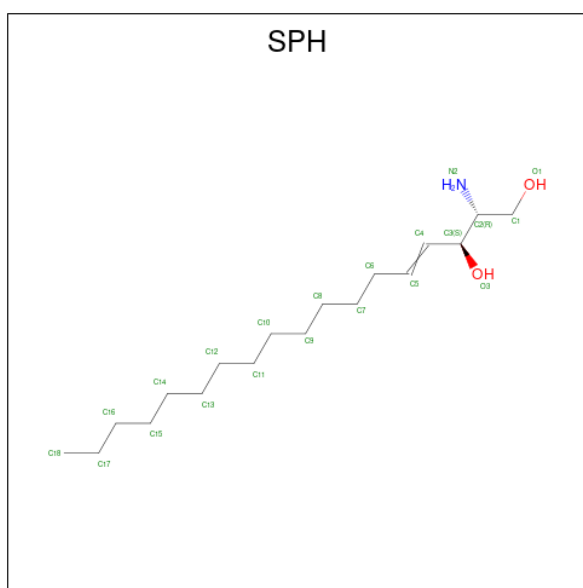
There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
3	123	SER	PHE	conflict	UNP P03300

- Molecule 7 is a protein called Protein VP4.

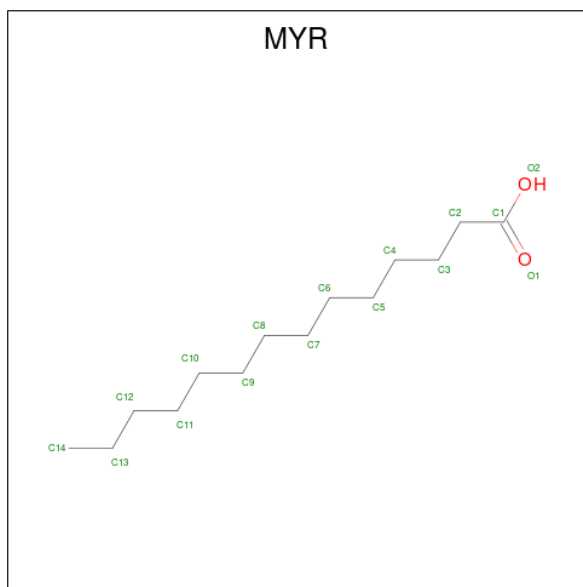
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
7	4	60	Total C 60 60	0	60

- Molecule 8 is SPHINGOSINE (three-letter code: SPH) (formula: $C_{18}H_{37}NO_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	
8	1	1	21	18	1	2	0

- Molecule 9 is MYRISTIC ACID (three-letter code: MYR) (formula: $C_{14}H_{28}O_2$).

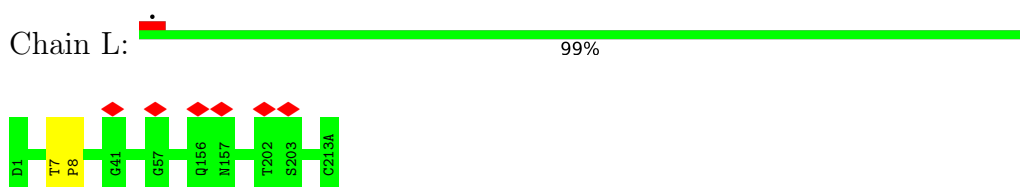


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf
9	4	1	Total	C	O	0
			15	14	1	

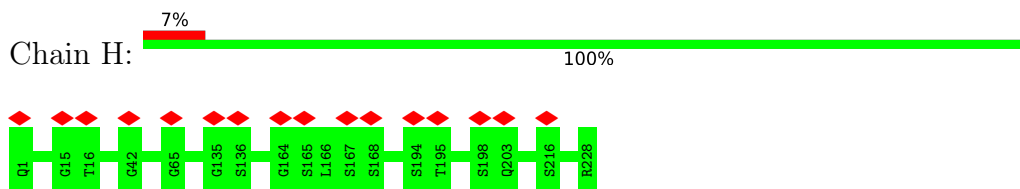
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: C3 antibody, light chain



- Molecule 2: C3 antibody, heavy chain

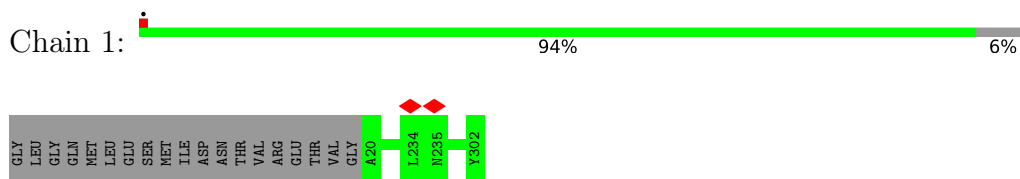


- Molecule 3: unknown peptide

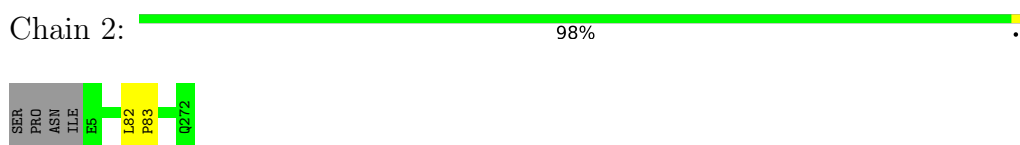


There are no outlier residues recorded for this chain.

- Molecule 4: Protein VP1

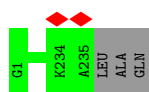


- Molecule 5: Protein VP2


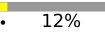


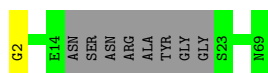
- Molecule 6: Protein VP3

Chain 3:  99%



• Molecule 7: Protein VP4

Chain 4:  87%  12%



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, I	Depositor
Number of particles used	4184	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.5 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	CTF and decay correction of each particle	Depositor
Microscope	FEI/PHILIPS CM200FEG	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	120	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	14	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	730	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1770	Depositor
Magnification	37587	Depositor
Image detector	KODAK SO-163 FILM	Depositor
Maximum map value	276.944	Depositor
Minimum map value	-82.283	Depositor
Average map value	19.681	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	51.860	Depositor
Recommended contour level	45.6	Depositor
Map size (\AA)	452.352, 452.352, 452.352	wwPDB
Map dimensions	247, 247, 247	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (\AA)	1.824, 1.824, 1.824	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SPH, MYR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

There are no protein, RNA or DNA chains available to summarize Z scores of covalent bonds and angles.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	L	219	0	0	1	0
2	H	220	0	0	0	0
3	0	5	0	0	0	0
4	1	283	0	0	0	0
5	2	268	0	0	1	0
6	3	235	0	0	0	0
7	4	60	0	0	1	0
8	1	21	0	37	0	0
9	4	15	0	27	1	0
All	All	1326	0	64	3	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All (3) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
7:4:2:GLY:CA	9:4:101:MYR:C1	2.44	0.96
5:2:82:LEU:CA	5:2:83:PRO:CA	2.90	0.50
1:L:7:THR:CA	1:L:8:PRO:CA	2.97	0.43

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

There are no protein backbone outliers to report in this entry.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report in this entry.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
9	MYR	4	101	-	14,14,15	0.41	0	13,13,15	0.71	0
8	SPH	1	401	-	19,20,20	0.84	1 (5%)	18,21,21	2.58	4 (22%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
9	MYR	4	101	-	-	5/11/12/13	-
8	SPH	1	401	-	-	9/21/21/21	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
8	1	401	SPH	C1-C2	3.17	1.57	1.52

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
8	1	401	SPH	O3-C3-C2	-6.73	96.64	107.31
8	1	401	SPH	O1-C1-C2	6.10	124.23	111.43
8	1	401	SPH	O3-C3-C4	-4.41	99.04	110.85
8	1	401	SPH	C1-C2-C3	-3.10	106.36	113.03

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 14 torsion outliers are listed below:

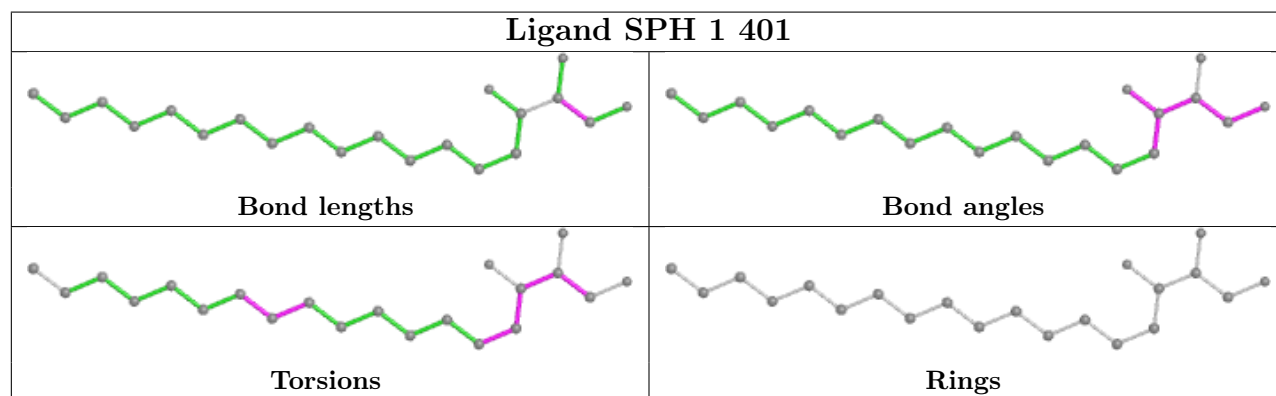
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
8	1	401	SPH	O1-C1-C2-N2
8	1	401	SPH	O1-C1-C2-C3
8	1	401	SPH	C1-C2-C3-O3
8	1	401	SPH	N2-C2-C3-O3
8	1	401	SPH	C2-C3-C4-C5

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
9	4	101	MYR	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

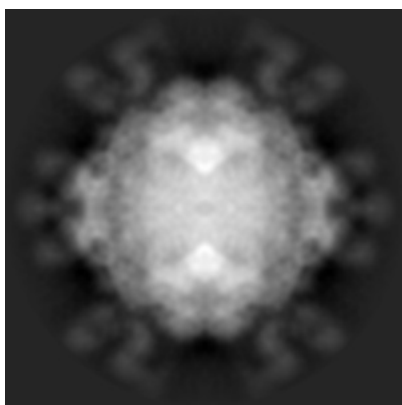
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-5291. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

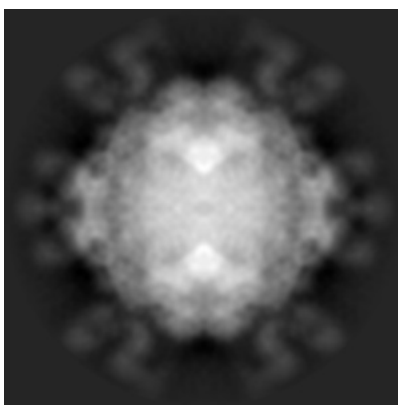
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

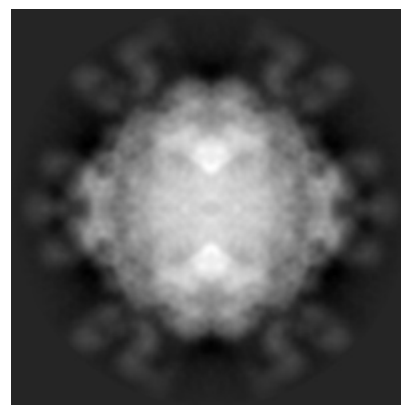
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

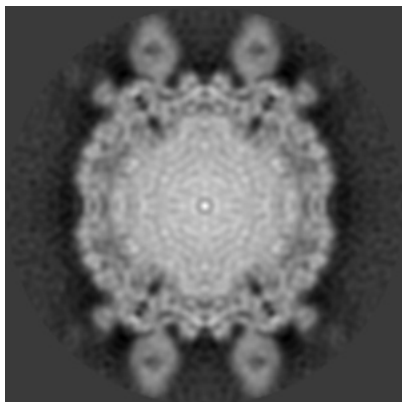


Z

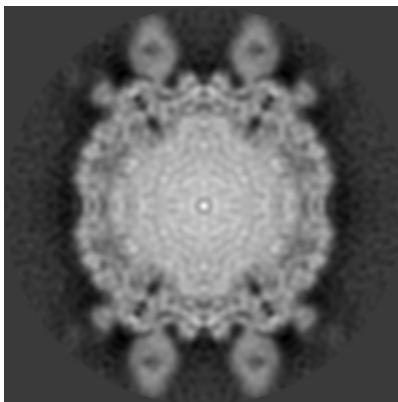
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

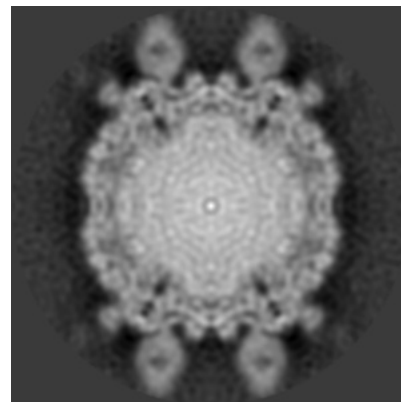
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 123



Y Index: 123

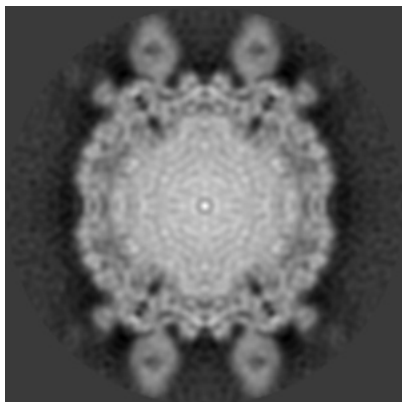


Z Index: 123

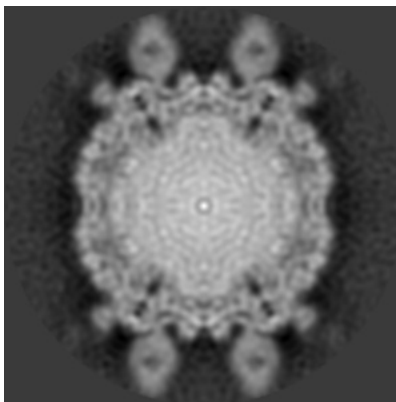
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [\(i\)](#)

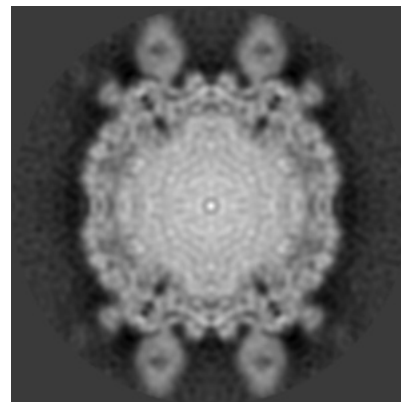
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 123



Y Index: 123

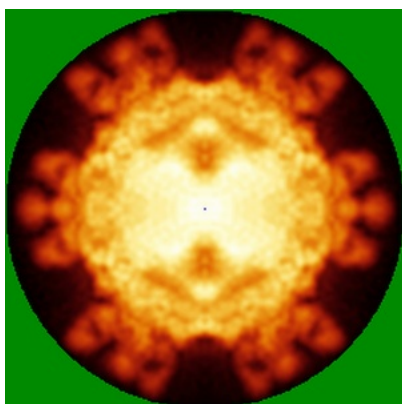


Z Index: 123

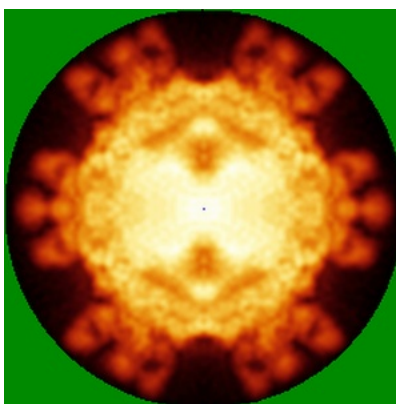
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [\(i\)](#)

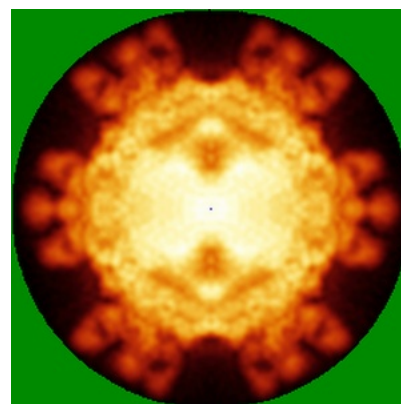
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

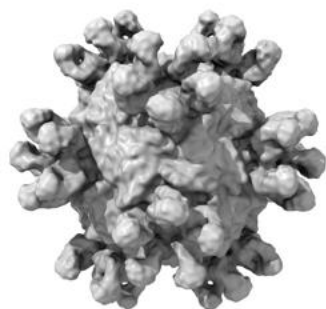


Z

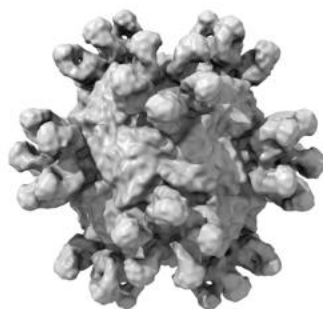
The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

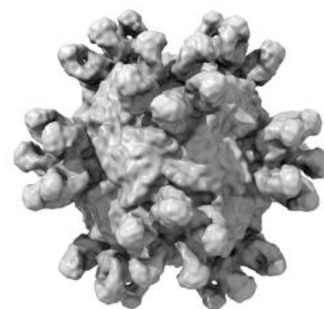
6.5.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 45.6. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

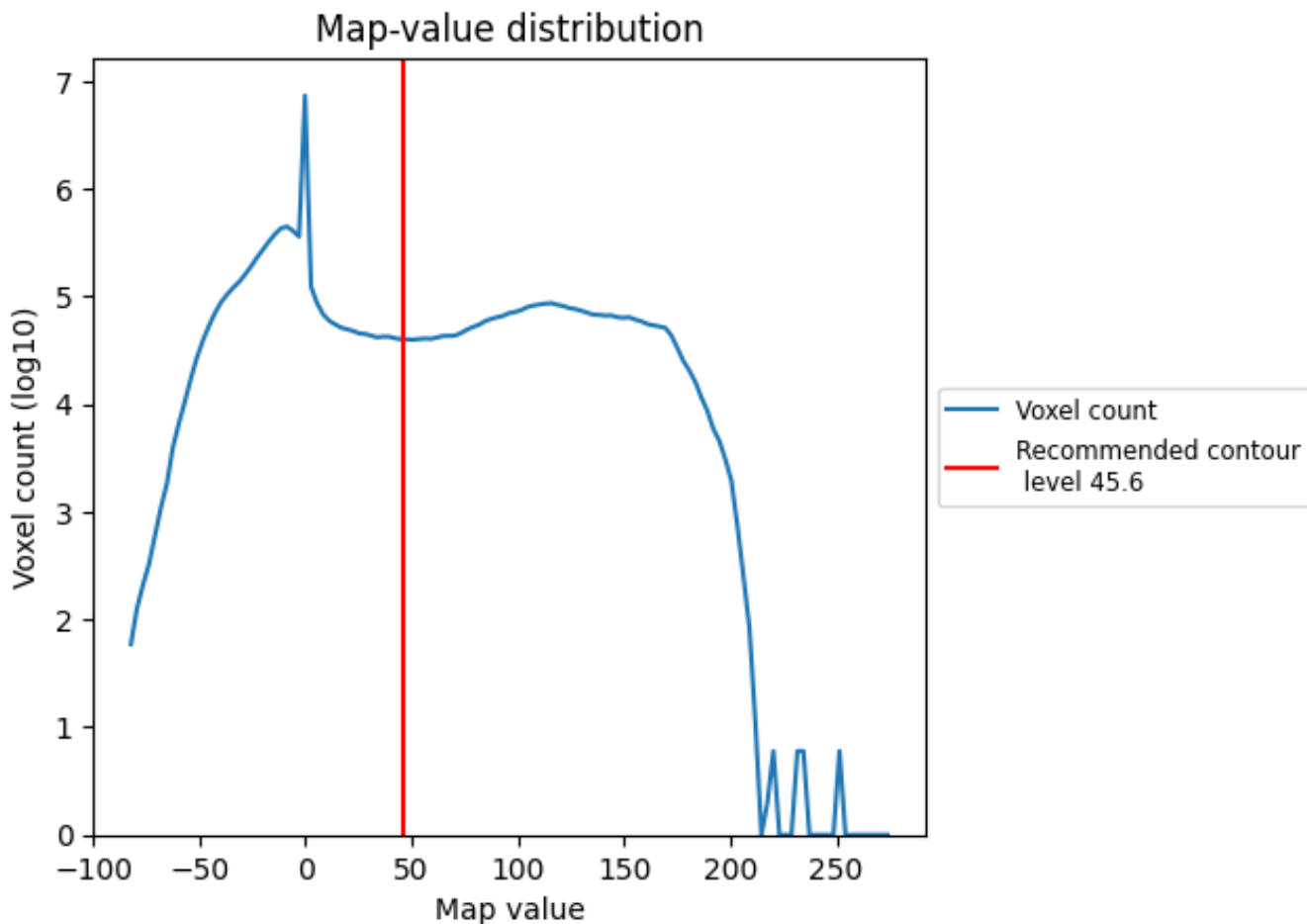
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

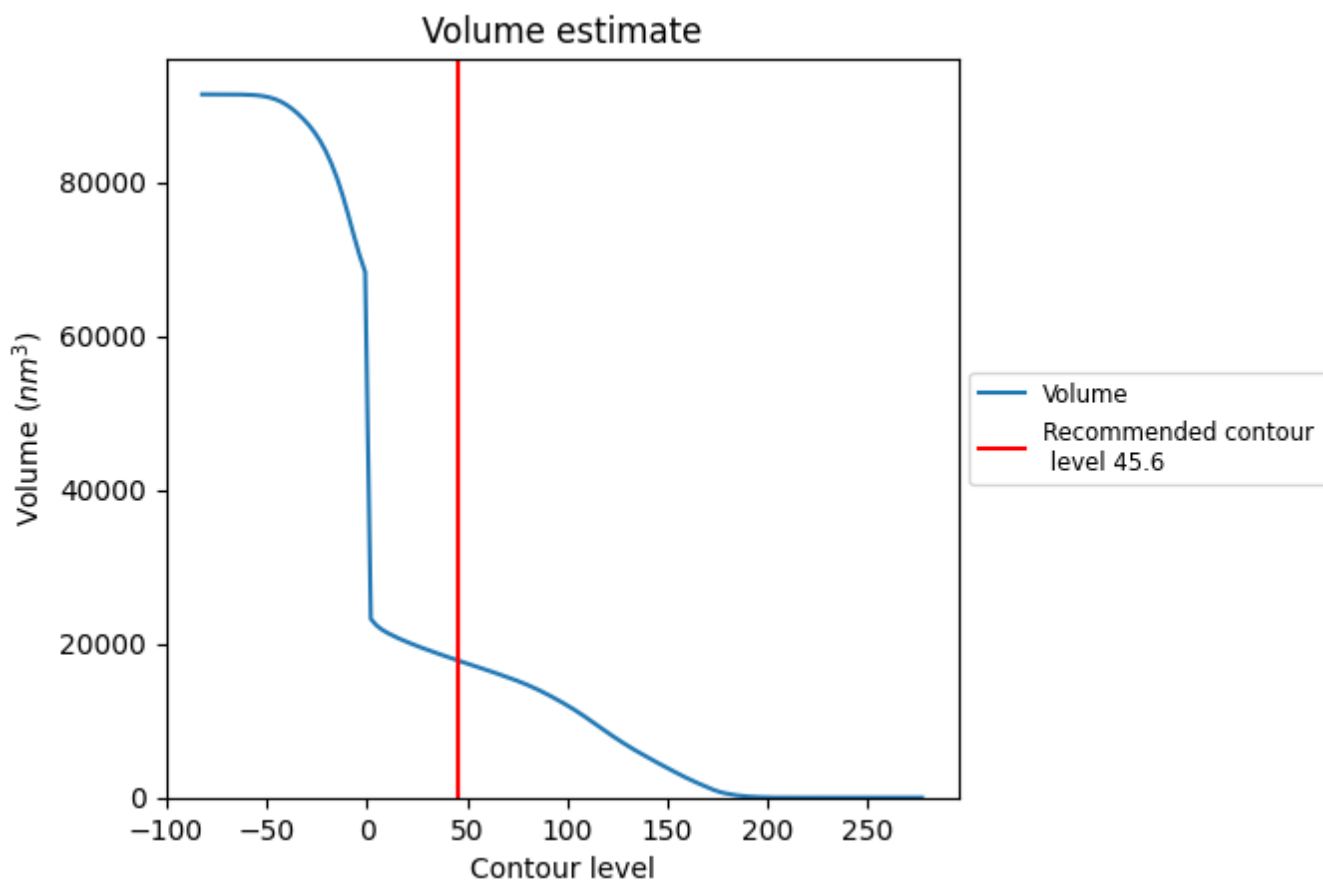
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

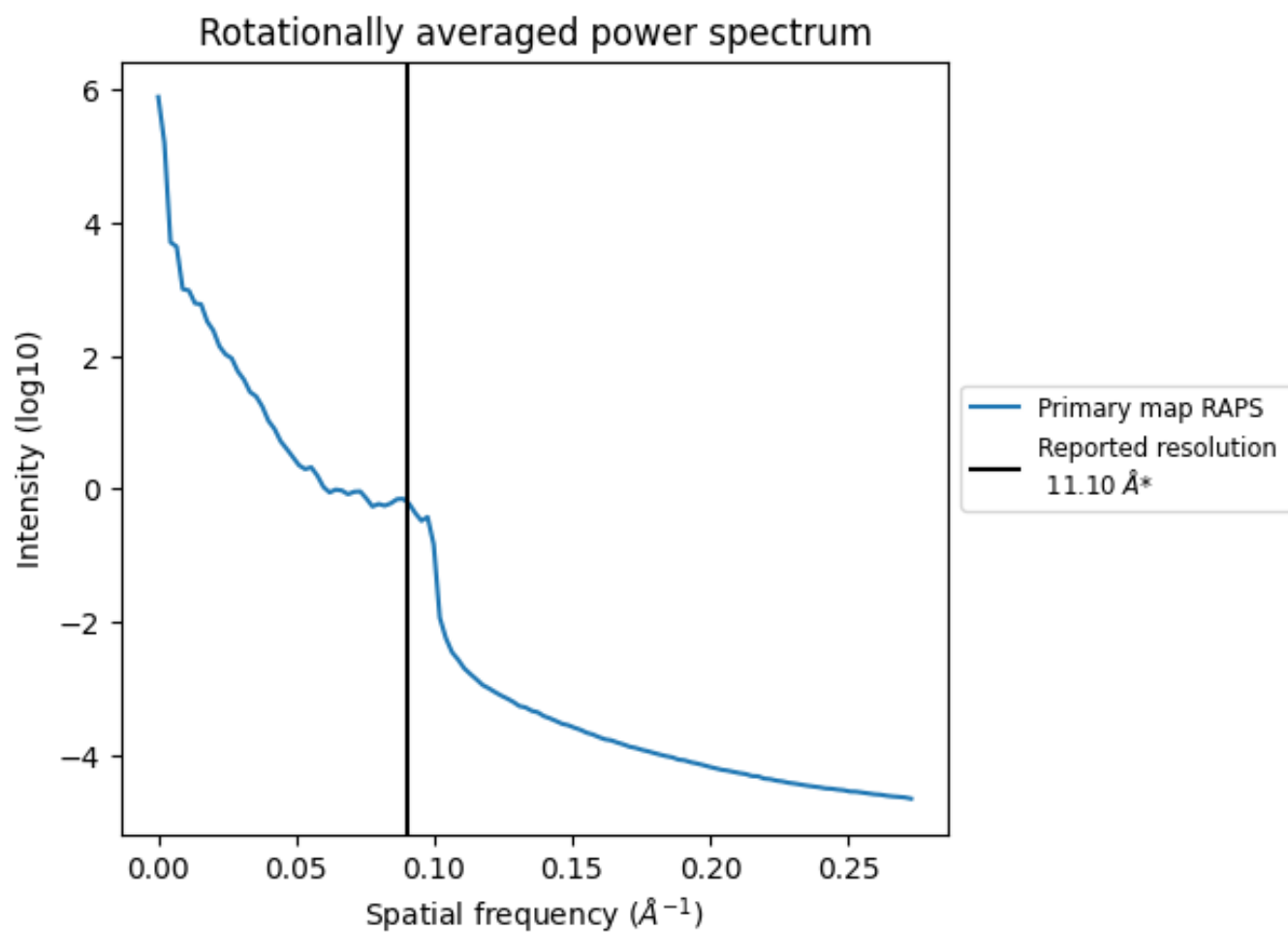
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 17808 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 16087 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.090\AA^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

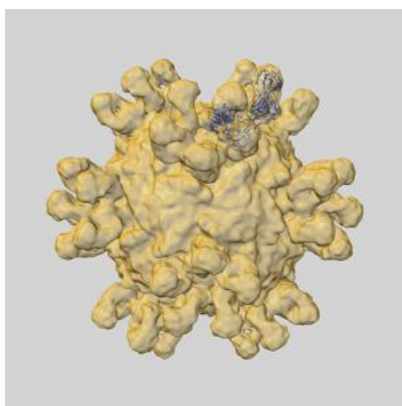
This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

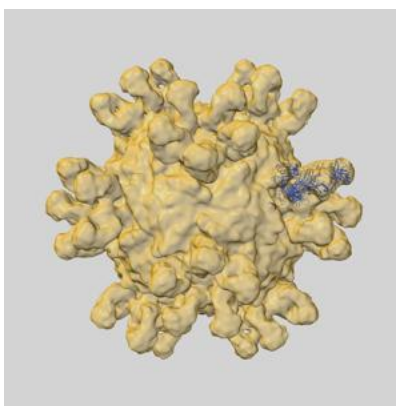
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-5291 and PDB model 3J3O. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

9.1 Map-model overlays

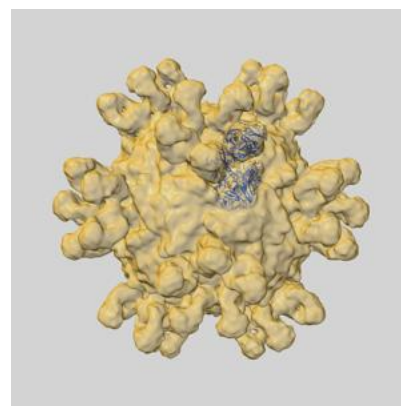
9.1.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X

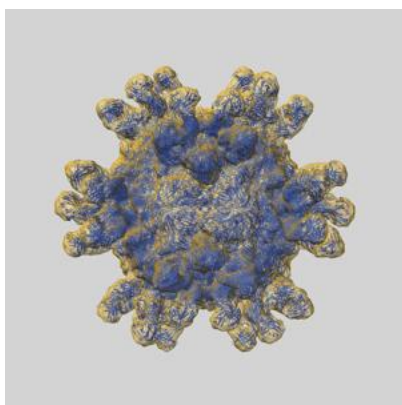


Y

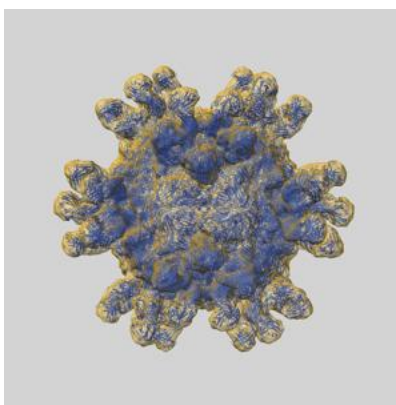


Z

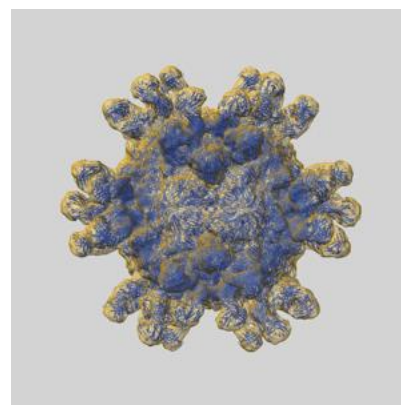
9.1.2 Map-model assembly overlay [i](#)



X



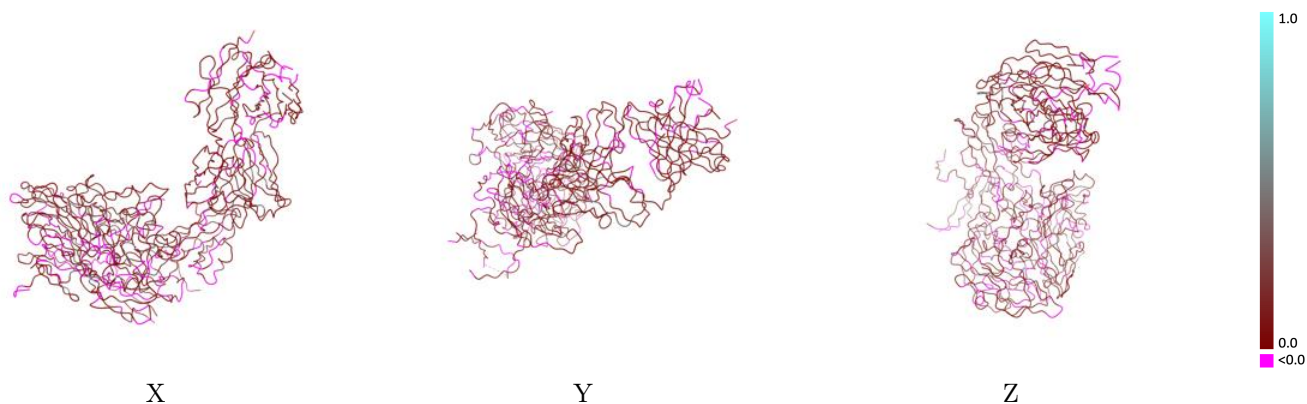
Y



Z

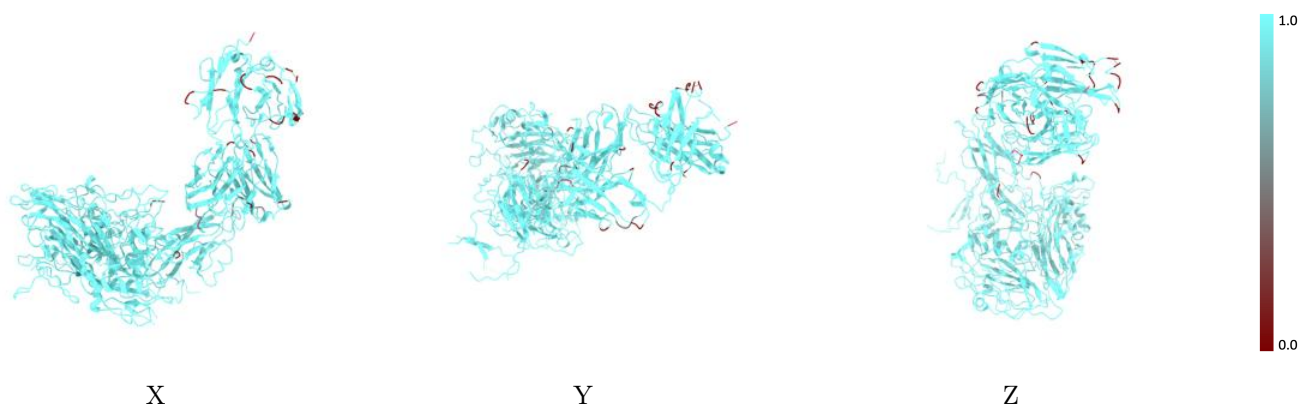
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 45.6 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



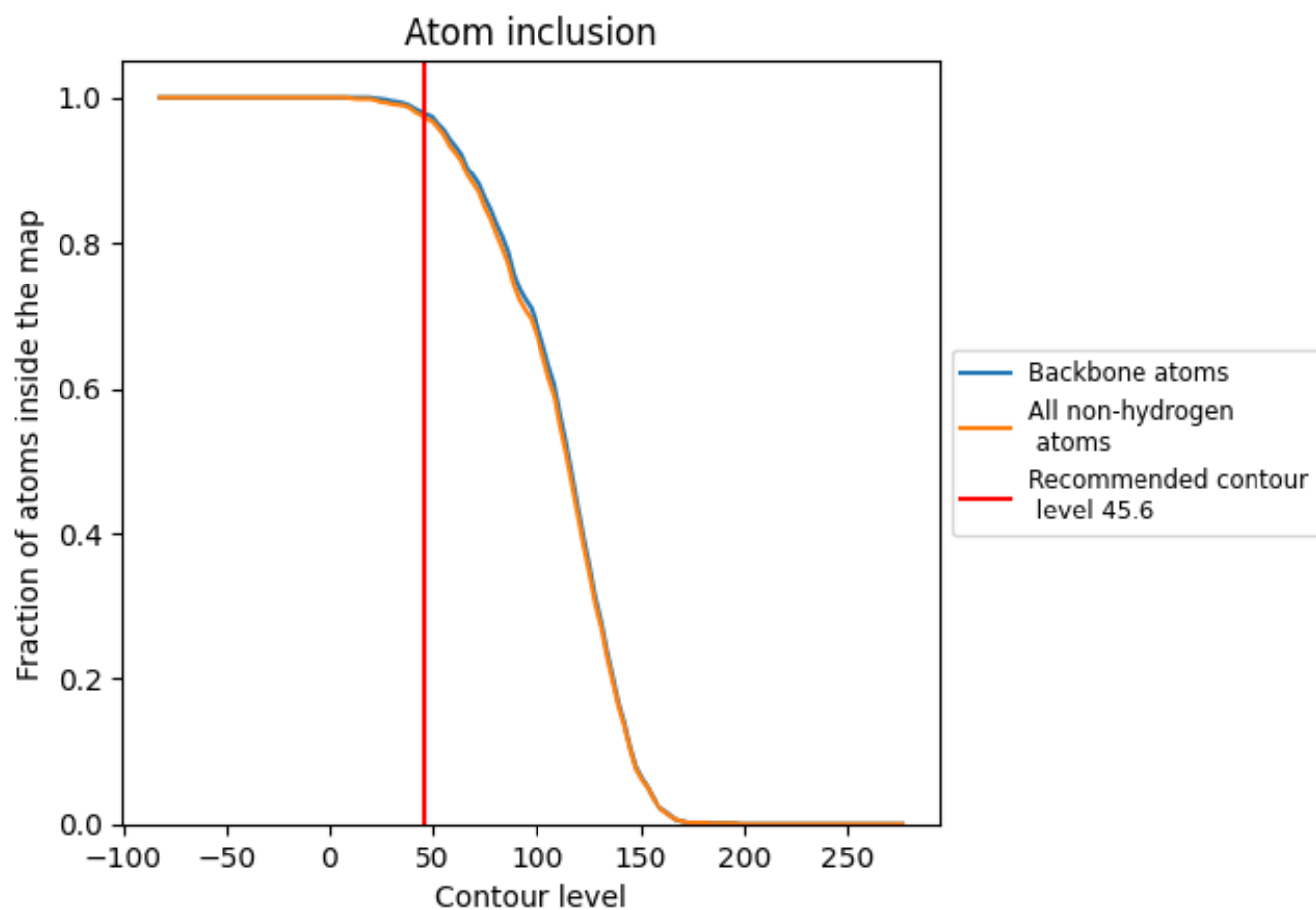
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (45.6).

















9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 98% of all backbone atoms, 97% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (45.6) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.9740	 0.0800
0	 1.0000	 0.0670
1	 0.9930	 0.0770
2	 1.0000	 0.1010
3	 0.9920	 0.0900
4	 0.9070	 0.0240
H	 0.9230	 0.0770
L	 0.9730	 0.0700

