

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	1J47
Title	:	3D Solution NMR Structure of the M9I Mutant of the HMG-Box Domain of
		the Human Male Sex Determining Factor SRY Complexed to DNA
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	2.29
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.29

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

There are no overall percentile quality scores available for this entry.

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	В	14	100%
2	С	14	100%
3	А	85	100%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2401 atoms, of which 1087 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(*CP*CP*TP*GP*CP*AP*CP*AP*AP*AP*CP*AP *CP*C)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms						
1	D	1.4	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	Р	0	
	D	14	434	133	157	53	78	13	0	

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(*GP*GP*TP*GP*TP*TP*TP*GP*TP*GP*CP*A P*GP*G)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms						
0	C	1.4	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	Р	0	
	U	14	452	139	161	53	86	13	U	

• Molecule 3 is a protein called SEX-DETERMINING REGION Y PROTEIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms						
2	Λ	85	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	S	0	
0	A	00	1515	474	769	145	121	6	0	

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	1	MET	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q05066
А	9	ILE	MET	engineered mutation	UNP Q05066



4 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: 5'-D(*CP*CP*TP*GP*CP*AP*CP*AP*AP*AP*CP*AP*CP*C)-3'

Chain E	3:										10	00%													-			
C101 C102 T103 G104 C105 A106	C107 A108 A109 A110	C111 A112 C113	C114																									
• Molec	ule 2:	5'-I	D(*)	GP	°*G	P*	ΤF)*(GP) *]	ΓP	*T	'P*	ΤP	*G	P'	^κ Τ.	P*	GI	D *	CI	D *	AF)*(GF)* (G)	-3'
Chain C):										10	00%													-			
6115 6116 7117 6118 7119 7119 7120	T121 G122 T123 G124	C125 A126 G127	G128																									
• Molec	ule 3:	SEX	K-D)E]	ΓEI	RM	IIN	IN	IG	R	EC	GIC	ΟN	Y	PR	0	ТE	IN	I									
Chain A	1:										1(00%													-			
M1 02 75 75 76 75	R7 P8 19 N10	A11 F12 I13	V14 W15	817 817	019 019 028	R21 K23	M23 A24	L25	E26 N27	P28 R29	M30 R31	N32	E34 E34	536 K37	ቢ 38 L39	G40 V41	042 1143	K44	M45 L46	T47 E48	A49	E50 K51	W52 P53	F54	056	E57 A58	q 59	KoO
L61 Q62 A63 M64 H65 R66	E67 K68 Y69 P70	N71 Y72 K73	Y74 R75 875	P76 R77 P76	K79 A80	K81 M82	L83 P84	K85																				



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: ?.

Of the 400 calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: RESTRAINED REGULARIZED MEAN STRUCTURE.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR NIH VERSION (HTTP://NMR.CIT.NIH.GOV)	refinement	(HTTP://NMR.CIT.NIH.GC

No chemical shift data was provided.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	В	0	0	0	0
2	С	0	0	0	0
3	А	0	0	0	0
All	All	0	0	0	-

The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
3	А	0	-	-	-	-
All	All	0	-	-	-	-

There are no Ramachandran outliers.



6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
3	А	0	-	-	-
All	All	0	-	-	-

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

