

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID : 1J4Q

Title : NMR STRUCTURE OF THE FHA1 DOMAIN OF RAD53 IN COMPLEX

WITH A RAD9-DERIVED PHOSPHOTHREONINE (AT T192) PEPTIDE

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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

ShiftChecker : 2.29

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.29

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

There are no overall percentile quality scores available for this entry.

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	151	100%
2	В	13	100%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2619 atoms, of which 1316 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called PROTEIN KINASE SPK1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms								
1	Λ	151	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0			
	A	151	2424	751	1224	215	230	4	U			

• Molecule 2 is a protein called DNA REPAIR PROTEIN RAD9.

Mol	Chain	Residues		A	Aton	ns			Trace
9	D	19	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
	Б	13	195	61	92	14	27	1	U

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	169	TPO	THR	modified residue	UNP P14737



4 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: PROTEIN KINASE SPK1

Chain	A:															100)%																		
A14 T15 Q16 R17 F18	L19 I20 E21	K22 F23	S24 025	E26	128	G29 E20	N31	132 V33	C34	R35	137	C38	T40	G41	143	P44	145 R46	D47	L48 S49	A50	152	853	Q54 V55	T26	K57 F58	K59	R60	162	K63	K64	99M	T67 F68	695	N71	P72 A73
C74 D75 Y76 H77	G79 N80 181	S82 R83	L84 S85	N86	K87 H88	F89	191	1.93	G94	E95	265	86N 66.1	L100	L101	D103	i Ai	S105 T106	N107	G108 T109	W110	N112	G113	Q114 V115	V116	E117 K118	N119	\$120 N121		L123	L124	Q126	G127 D128	E129	T131	V132 G133
V134 G135 V136 E137 S138		S142 L143			I147 N148	D149		K152		L155 E156	Q157	N158 K159	V160	D161	1163	R164																			
• Mole	ecule	e 2:	D	N.	A	Rl	EΡ	A.	ΙR	F	PR	О	Τ.	ΕI	Ν	R	lΑ	D	9																
Chain	В:															100)%																•		
£ 9 ८ 8 5	0 + 0	1 W 4	ം വ	7																															



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)



The models were refined using the following method: THE COMPLEX STRUCTURE ARE GENERATED USING A TOTAL OF 2474 RESTRAINTS. AMONG THEM, 3 ARTIFICIAL CONSTRAINTS, 192 TALOS- DERIVED DIHEDRAL ANGLE RESTRAINTS, 78 H-BOND RESTRAINTS, 22 INTERMOLECULAR DISTANCE CONSTRAINS, AND 2179 INTRA-FHA1 AND INTRA- PEPTIDE DISTANCE CONSTRAINTS.

Of the? calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion:?.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
XwinNMR	structure solution	2.6
CNS	structure solution	1.0
CNS	refinement	1.0

No chemical shift data was provided.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TPO

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	0	0	0	0
2	В	0	0	0	0
All	All	0	0	0	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	0	-	-	-	-
2	В	0	-	-	-	-

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	0	-	-	-	-

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	0	-	-	-
2	В	0	-	-	-
All	All	0	-	-	-

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Pog	Link	Bo	Bond lengths		
WIOI	туре	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2	
2	TPO	В	169	2	8,10,11	0.92	0 (0%)	

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types,



if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Trens	Chain	Des	Timle	Bo	es	
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	TPO	В	169	2	10,14,16	1.06	0 (0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	TPO	В	169	2	-	0,9,11,13	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

