



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Sep 10, 2023 – 03:28 PM EDT

PDB ID : 4J6C  
Title : The 1.9 Å crystal structure of CYP154C5 from *Nocardia farcinica* in complex with progesterone  
Authors : Herzog, K.; Hoffmann, K.M.  
Deposited on : 2013-02-11  
Resolution : 1.90 Å (reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.35.1  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

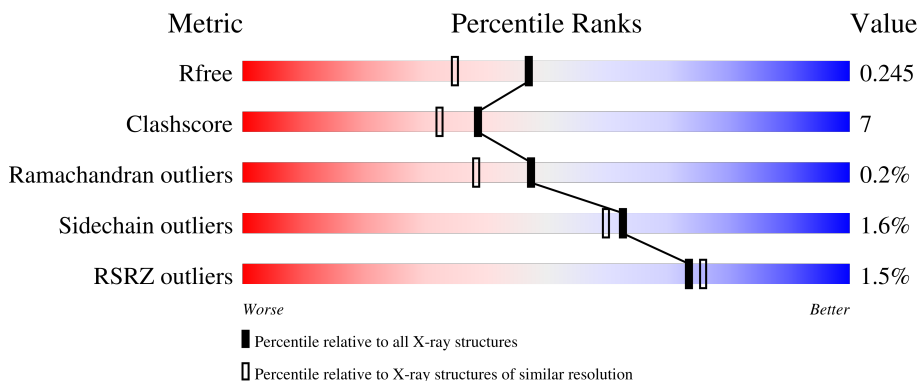
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

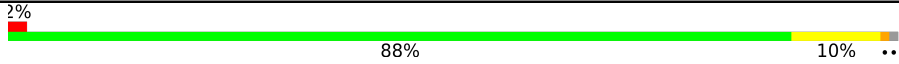
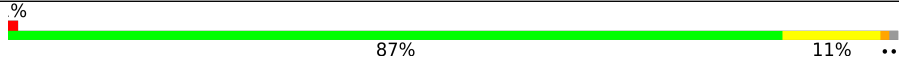
The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	6207 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	141614	6847 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6760 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6760 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6082 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	410	 2% 88% 10% ..
1	B	410	 % 87% 11% ..

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	FMT	B	507	-	-	X	-

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

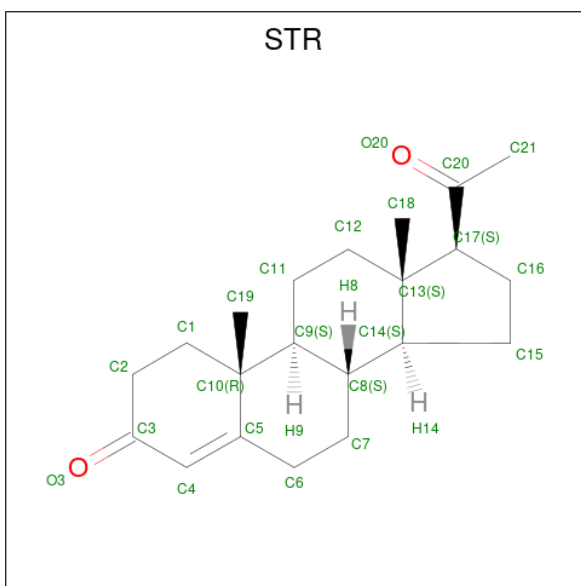
There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7183 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	407	Total 3181	C 2014	N 562	O 595	S 10	0	6	0
1	B	406	Total 3160	C 2004	N 555	O 591	S 10	0	5	0

- Molecule 2 is PROGESTERONE (three-letter code: STR) (formula:  $C_{21}H_{30}O_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	O		
2	A	1	Total 23	C 21	O 2	0	0
2	B	1	Total 23	C 21	O 2	0	0

- Molecule 3 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula:  $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
			Total	C	Fe	N			O
3	A	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0
3	B	1	43	34	1	4	4	0	0

- Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Mg		
4	A	1	1	1	0	0
4	B	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 5 is FORMIC ACID (three-letter code: FMT) (formula: CH<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
5	B	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
5	B	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
5	B	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0

- Molecule 6 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total K 1 1	0	0
6	B	1	Total K 1 1	0	0

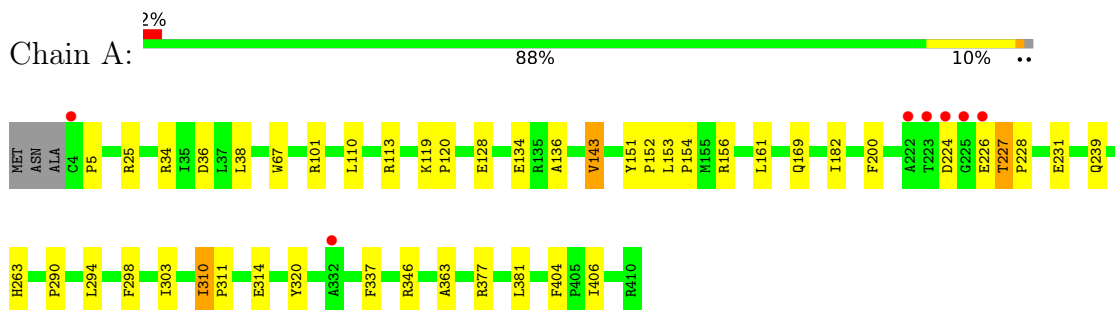
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	352	Total O 352 352	0	0
7	B	342	Total O 342 342	0	0

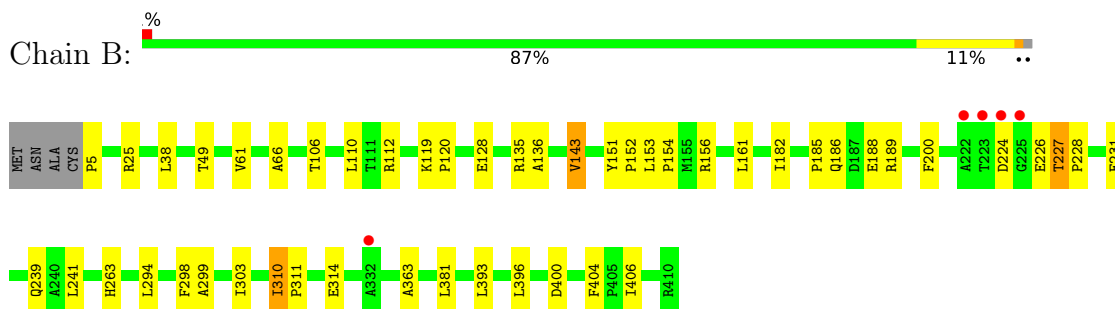
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase



- Molecule 1: Cytochrome P450 monooxygenase



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	103.00Å 103.00Å 217.86Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	82.55 – 1.90 42.01 – 1.90	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	100.0 (82.55-1.90) 100.0 (42.01-1.90)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.10	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	3.67 (at 1.89Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.192 , 0.238 0.201 , 0.245	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3448 reflections (5.08%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	20.3	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.063	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.36 , 49.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.038 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	7183	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	28.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 22.35 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 5.8016e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: STR, FMT, MG, HEM, K

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$
1	A	0.65	0/3246	0.48	1/4424 (0.0%)
1	B	0.67	1/3225 (0.0%)	0.46	1/4396 (0.0%)
All	All	0.66	1/6471 (0.0%)	0.47	2/8820 (0.0%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	135	ARG	CZ-NH1	-9.02	1.21	1.33

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	101	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.78	123.19	120.30
1	B	135	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.38	122.99	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3181	0	3131	37	0
1	B	3160	0	3105	51	0
2	A	23	0	30	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	23	0	30	0	0
3	A	43	0	30	4	0
3	B	43	0	30	6	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	B	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	3	0	2	0	0
5	B	9	0	3	2	0
6	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	B	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	352	0	0	3	0
7	B	342	0	0	15	0
All	All	7183	0	6361	96	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (96) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:226:GLU:HB3	1:B:227:THR:HA	1.21	1.16
1:B:226:GLU:CB	1:B:227:THR:HA	1.75	1.14
1:B:226:GLU:HB3	1:B:227:THR:CA	1.81	1.10
1:B:298:PHE:HB2	7:B:860:HOH:O	1.55	1.06
1:B:303:ILE:HB	1:B:310:ILE:HG23	1.39	1.03
1:A:226:GLU:HB3	1:A:227:THR:HA	1.38	1.00
1:A:226:GLU:CB	1:A:227:THR:HA	1.94	0.97
1:A:226:GLU:HB3	1:A:227:THR:CA	1.96	0.94
1:B:61:VAL:HG22	7:B:860:HOH:O	1.72	0.89
3:B:501:HEM:HHC	3:B:501:HEM:HBB2	1.53	0.89
1:B:303:ILE:HB	1:B:310:ILE:CG2	2.05	0.87
1:A:346:ARG:CG	1:A:346:ARG:NE	2.41	0.83
1:A:310:ILE:CD1	1:A:314:GLU:HB3	2.10	0.82
1:B:61:VAL:CG2	7:B:860:HOH:O	2.29	0.80
1:B:393:LEU:HD12	7:B:883:HOH:O	1.82	0.80
1:B:5:PRO:HB2	7:B:832:HOH:O	1.82	0.79
3:A:502:HEM:HHC	3:A:502:HEM:HBB2	1.63	0.79
1:A:25:ARG:NE	1:A:25:ARG:CG	2.47	0.78
1:B:226:GLU:HB3	1:B:227:THR:C	2.04	0.76
1:B:381:LEU:HD11	1:B:406:ILE:HD12	1.68	0.75
1:B:66:ALA:HB3	7:B:860:HOH:O	1.89	0.72
1:B:25:ARG:CG	1:B:25:ARG:NE	2.55	0.69

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:381:LEU:HD11	1:A:406:ILE:HD12	1.72	0.68
1:A:34:ARG:NE	1:A:34:ARG:CG	2.57	0.68
1:A:310:ILE:C	1:A:310:ILE:HD12	2.14	0.68
1:B:381:LEU:HD11	1:B:406:ILE:CD1	2.24	0.67
1:A:381:LEU:CD1	1:A:406:ILE:HD12	2.25	0.67
1:B:226:GLU:HB2	1:B:227:THR:HA	1.71	0.67
1:B:200:PHE:CD2	1:B:239:GLN:HG2	2.30	0.67
1:B:381:LEU:CD1	1:B:406:ILE:HD12	2.24	0.66
1:B:363:ALA:HB1	3:B:501:HEM:CBB	2.26	0.66
1:A:226:GLU:HB3	1:A:227:THR:C	2.15	0.65
1:A:381:LEU:HD11	1:A:406:ILE:CD1	2.26	0.65
1:A:200:PHE:CD2	1:A:239:GLN:HG2	2.32	0.64
1:B:186:GLN:HE22	1:B:189:ARG:HE	1.45	0.64
1:A:310:ILE:HD13	1:A:314:GLU:HB3	1.82	0.62
1:B:299:ALA:HB2	1:B:310:ILE:HD12	1.82	0.61
1:B:231[B]:GLU:HB2	7:B:884:HOH:O	2.00	0.61
3:B:501:HEM:HBB2	3:B:501:HEM:CHC	2.29	0.61
1:A:303:ILE:HB	1:A:310:ILE:HG23	1.81	0.61
1:B:393:LEU:CD1	7:B:883:HOH:O	2.43	0.60
1:A:363:ALA:HB1	3:A:502:HEM:CBB	2.33	0.59
1:A:153:LEU:HB3	1:A:154:PRO:HD3	1.84	0.58
1:B:310:ILE:HD11	1:B:314:GLU:HB3	1.85	0.58
1:B:66:ALA:CB	7:B:860:HOH:O	2.48	0.58
1:B:153:LEU:HB3	1:B:154:PRO:HD3	1.86	0.58
5:B:507:FMT:H	7:B:778:HOH:O	2.04	0.57
1:B:263:HIS:HE1	7:B:647:HOH:O	1.87	0.57
1:B:400:ASP:CG	7:B:883:HOH:O	2.43	0.56
1:B:110:LEU:HD21	1:B:161:LEU:HD21	1.87	0.56
1:B:310:ILE:C	1:B:310:ILE:HD13	2.27	0.55
1:A:320:TYR:CE1	7:A:743:HOH:O	2.54	0.55
1:A:226:GLU:HB2	1:A:227:THR:HA	1.87	0.55
3:B:501:HEM:HBC2	3:B:501:HEM:HMC2	1.89	0.55
1:B:186:GLN:NE2	1:B:189:ARG:HE	2.05	0.52
1:A:310:ILE:HD11	1:A:314:GLU:HB3	1.89	0.52
1:B:226:GLU:HB3	1:B:228:PRO:N	2.25	0.51
1:A:310:ILE:HD12	1:A:311:PRO:N	2.26	0.51
1:B:310:ILE:HD13	1:B:311:PRO:O	2.11	0.51
1:B:151:TYR:HB3	1:B:152:PRO:HD3	1.93	0.50
1:A:231:GLU:HB2	7:A:777:HOH:O	2.11	0.50
3:B:501:HEM:HBC2	3:B:501:HEM:CMC	2.42	0.50
1:A:5:PRO:HB2	7:A:742:HOH:O	2.12	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:128:GLU:CD	1:A:156[A]:ARG:HH12	2.16	0.48
1:A:38:LEU:HD11	1:A:182:ILE:HD11	1.96	0.48
1:A:110:LEU:HD21	1:A:161:LEU:HD21	1.94	0.48
1:B:299:ALA:CB	1:B:310:ILE:HD12	2.42	0.48
1:B:396:LEU:HB2	7:B:811:HOH:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:294:LEU:C	1:A:294:LEU:HD13	2.35	0.47
1:B:186:GLN:HE21	1:B:186:GLN:HA	1.80	0.46
1:B:49:THR:HG23	7:B:936:HOH:O	2.14	0.46
1:A:226:GLU:HB3	1:A:228:PRO:N	2.30	0.46
1:B:363:ALA:CB	3:B:501:HEM:CBB	2.93	0.46
1:A:151:TYR:HB3	1:A:152:PRO:HD3	1.96	0.46
1:B:310:ILE:CD1	1:B:314:GLU:HB3	2.45	0.46
1:B:182:ILE:HD12	1:B:182:ILE:HA	1.84	0.45
1:A:156[A]:ARG:HD3	1:A:169:GLN:HE22	1.81	0.45
1:B:106:THR:HG21	1:B:241:LEU:HD21	1.98	0.45
1:B:310:ILE:C	1:B:310:ILE:CD1	2.85	0.45
1:B:128:GLU:CD	1:B:156[A]:ARG:HH12	2.20	0.44
1:A:182:ILE:HD12	1:A:182:ILE:HA	1.87	0.44
1:B:38:LEU:HD11	1:B:182:ILE:HD11	1.99	0.44
5:B:507:FMT:C	7:B:778:HOH:O	2.64	0.44
3:A:502:HEM:HBB2	3:A:502:HEM:CHC	2.39	0.43
1:B:294:LEU:C	1:B:294:LEU:HD13	2.39	0.42
1:A:119:LYS:HB3	1:A:120:PRO:HD3	2.02	0.42
1:A:263:HIS:CE1	1:A:337:PHE:HB3	2.54	0.42
1:B:119:LYS:HB3	1:B:120:PRO:HD3	2.02	0.41
1:B:112:ARG:CG	1:B:112:ARG:NE	2.84	0.41
1:B:186:GLN:NE2	1:B:186:GLN:HA	2.34	0.41
1:B:136:ALA:HB1	1:B:143:VAL:HG13	2.03	0.41
1:A:134[B]:GLU:OE2	1:A:377:ARG:NH2	2.50	0.41
1:A:136:ALA:HB1	1:A:143:VAL:HG13	2.03	0.40
1:A:290:PRO:HG2	3:A:502:HEM:HAB	2.03	0.40
1:B:185:PRO:HB2	1:B:188[B]:GLU:HG3	2.03	0.40
1:A:67:TRP:CG	1:A:298:PHE:CE1	3.10	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	411/410 (100%)	400 (97%)	10 (2%)	1 (0%)	47	38
1	B	409/410 (100%)	398 (97%)	10 (2%)	1 (0%)	47	38
All	All	820/820 (100%)	798 (97%)	20 (2%)	2 (0%)	47	38

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	224	ASP
1	B	224	ASP

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	329/341 (96%)	323 (98%)	6 (2%)	59	55
1	B	325/341 (95%)	321 (99%)	4 (1%)	71	70
All	All	654/682 (96%)	644 (98%)	10 (2%)	62	62

All (10) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	36	ASP
1	A	113	ARG
1	A	143	VAL
1	A	227	THR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	310	ILE
1	A	404	PHE
1	B	143	VAL
1	B	227	THR
1	B	310	ILE
1	B	404	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	53	GLN
1	A	169	GLN
1	A	392	ASN
1	B	53	GLN
1	B	186	GLN
1	B	263	HIS
1	B	392	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 12 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 8 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	FMT	B	507	-	2,2,2	1.25	0	1,1,1	0.67	0
5	FMT	B	505	-	2,2,2	0.70	0	1,1,1	0.71	0
5	FMT	B	506	-	2,2,2	0.85	0	1,1,1	0.69	0
5	FMT	A	504	-	2,2,2	1.36	0	1,1,1	0.67	0
2	STR	B	503	-	26,26,26	0.83	0	42,42,42	1.02	1 (2%)
3	HEM	B	501	1	41,50,50	2.23	15 (36%)	45,82,82	2.23	14 (31%)
3	HEM	A	502	1	41,50,50	2.07	11 (26%)	45,82,82	2.27	16 (35%)
2	STR	A	501	-	26,26,26	0.93	1 (3%)	42,42,42	1.12	2 (4%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '2' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	HEM	A	502	1	-	3/12/54/54	-
2	STR	B	503	-	-	2/4/62/62	0/4/4/4
3	HEM	B	501	1	-	6/12/54/54	-
2	STR	A	501	-	-	2/4/62/62	0/4/4/4

All (27) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	B	501	HEM	C1A-NA	6.14	1.48	1.36
3	A	502	HEM	C1A-NA	5.87	1.48	1.36
3	B	501	HEM	C4A-NA	5.55	1.47	1.36
3	A	502	HEM	C4A-NA	4.60	1.45	1.36
3	A	502	HEM	C3C-C2C	4.54	1.46	1.40
3	B	501	HEM	C4D-ND	-4.29	1.32	1.40
3	B	501	HEM	C3C-C2C	4.15	1.46	1.40
3	A	502	HEM	C3D-C2D	3.79	1.44	1.36
3	A	502	HEM	C4D-ND	-3.71	1.33	1.40
3	A	502	HEM	C3B-C2B	3.46	1.44	1.37
3	B	501	HEM	C3B-C2B	3.44	1.44	1.37
3	B	501	HEM	C3D-C2D	3.25	1.43	1.36
3	B	501	HEM	C2C-C1C	3.15	1.49	1.42
3	B	501	HEM	FE-NB	3.05	2.12	1.96
3	B	501	HEM	CHB-C1B	2.92	1.42	1.35

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	502	HEM	C2C-C1C	2.83	1.49	1.42
3	A	502	HEM	FE-ND	2.78	2.10	1.96
3	A	502	HEM	CHB-C1B	2.74	1.42	1.35
3	B	501	HEM	C2A-C3A	2.71	1.45	1.37
3	B	501	HEM	FE-ND	2.67	2.10	1.96
3	A	502	HEM	FE-NB	2.49	2.09	1.96
3	A	502	HEM	CHA-C4D	2.44	1.41	1.35
3	B	501	HEM	O1A-CGA	2.33	1.29	1.22
2	A	501	STR	C13-C17	-2.23	1.52	1.56
3	B	501	HEM	CHA-C4D	2.19	1.40	1.35
3	B	501	HEM	C1B-NB	-2.16	1.36	1.40
3	B	501	HEM	CHC-C4B	2.13	1.47	1.41

All (33) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	B	501	HEM	C3B-C2B-C1B	-5.76	102.21	106.49
3	A	502	HEM	C2B-C1B-NB	5.62	116.49	109.84
3	A	502	HEM	C2D-C1D-ND	5.35	116.29	109.88
3	B	501	HEM	C2B-C1B-NB	5.28	116.10	109.84
3	B	501	HEM	C2D-C1D-ND	5.18	116.09	109.88
3	A	502	HEM	C3B-C2B-C1B	-5.04	102.75	106.49
3	B	501	HEM	C3D-C4D-ND	4.80	115.51	110.17
3	A	502	HEM	C3D-C4D-ND	4.80	115.51	110.17
3	B	501	HEM	C1D-C2D-C3D	-4.27	102.47	106.96
3	A	502	HEM	C1D-C2D-C3D	-4.27	102.47	106.96
3	A	502	HEM	CHD-C1D-C2D	-3.50	119.51	124.98
3	B	501	HEM	C4D-ND-C1D	-3.10	101.88	105.07
3	A	502	HEM	C4D-ND-C1D	-3.08	101.89	105.07
3	B	501	HEM	CHD-C1D-C2D	-3.07	120.19	124.98
2	A	501	STR	C21-C20-C17	2.63	121.38	117.56
3	B	501	HEM	C4A-C3A-C2A	-2.60	105.19	107.00
3	A	502	HEM	CHB-C1B-C2B	-2.54	119.70	126.72
3	B	501	HEM	CMC-C2C-C3C	2.53	129.42	124.68
3	A	502	HEM	CMC-C2C-C3C	2.50	129.35	124.68
3	B	501	HEM	CBD-CAD-C3D	-2.44	105.84	112.63
3	B	501	HEM	CHB-C1B-C2B	-2.35	120.22	126.72
3	A	502	HEM	CHA-C4D-C3D	-2.19	121.23	125.33
3	B	501	HEM	CHA-C4D-C3D	-2.19	121.23	125.33
3	A	502	HEM	C4D-C3D-C2D	-2.18	103.71	106.90
3	A	502	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA	-2.17	107.68	113.76
3	A	502	HEM	C4B-C3B-C2B	-2.15	105.41	107.11

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	B	501	HEM	C2C-C3C-C4C	2.14	108.39	106.90
3	A	502	HEM	C4A-C3A-C2A	-2.14	105.51	107.00
3	A	502	HEM	CBD-CAD-C3D	-2.12	106.74	112.63
3	A	502	HEM	C1B-NB-C4B	-2.11	102.89	105.07
2	B	503	STR	C1-C10-C9	-2.09	105.81	108.73
3	B	501	HEM	C1B-NB-C4B	-2.05	102.95	105.07
2	A	501	STR	C6-C5-C10	2.02	120.49	116.77

There are no chirality outliers.

All (13) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	B	501	HEM	C1A-C2A-CAA-CBA
3	B	501	HEM	C3A-C2A-CAA-CBA
2	A	501	STR	C16-C17-C20-O20
2	A	501	STR	C16-C17-C20-C21
2	B	503	STR	C16-C17-C20-O20
2	B	503	STR	C16-C17-C20-C21
3	A	502	HEM	C4B-C3B-CAB-CBB
3	B	501	HEM	C4B-C3B-CAB-CBB
3	A	502	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O2A
3	B	501	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O1A
3	A	502	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O1A
3	B	501	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O2A
3	B	501	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD-O2D

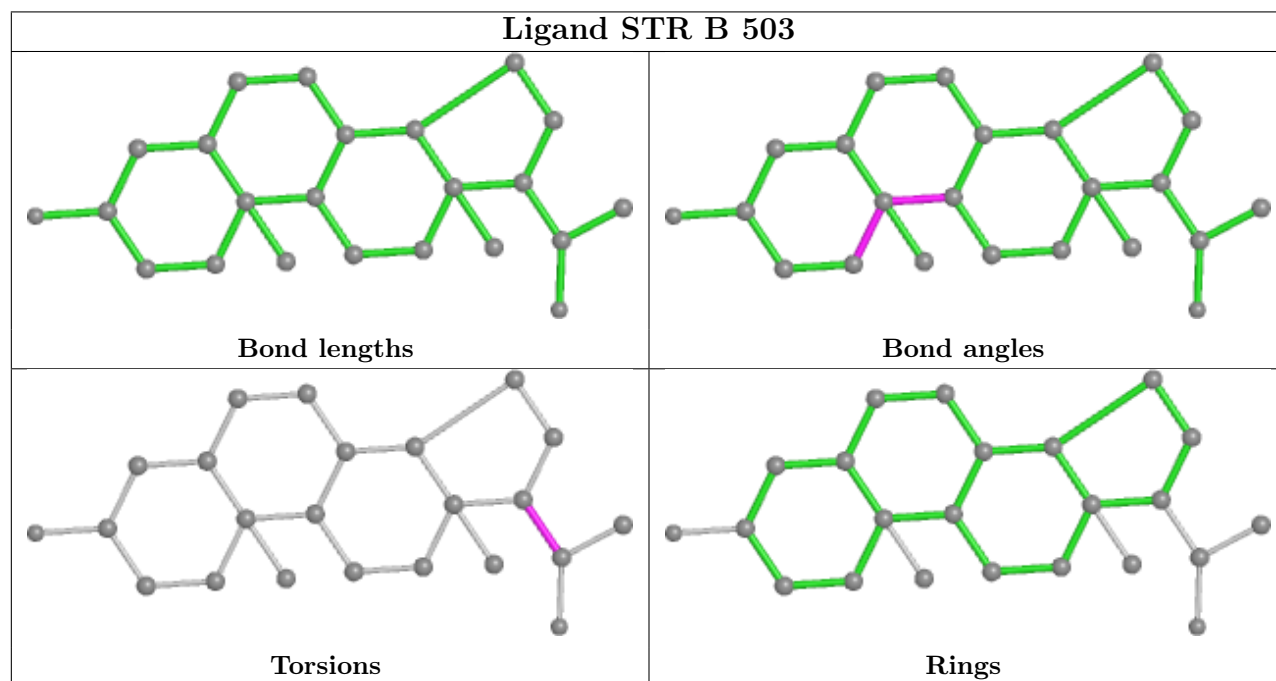
There are no ring outliers.

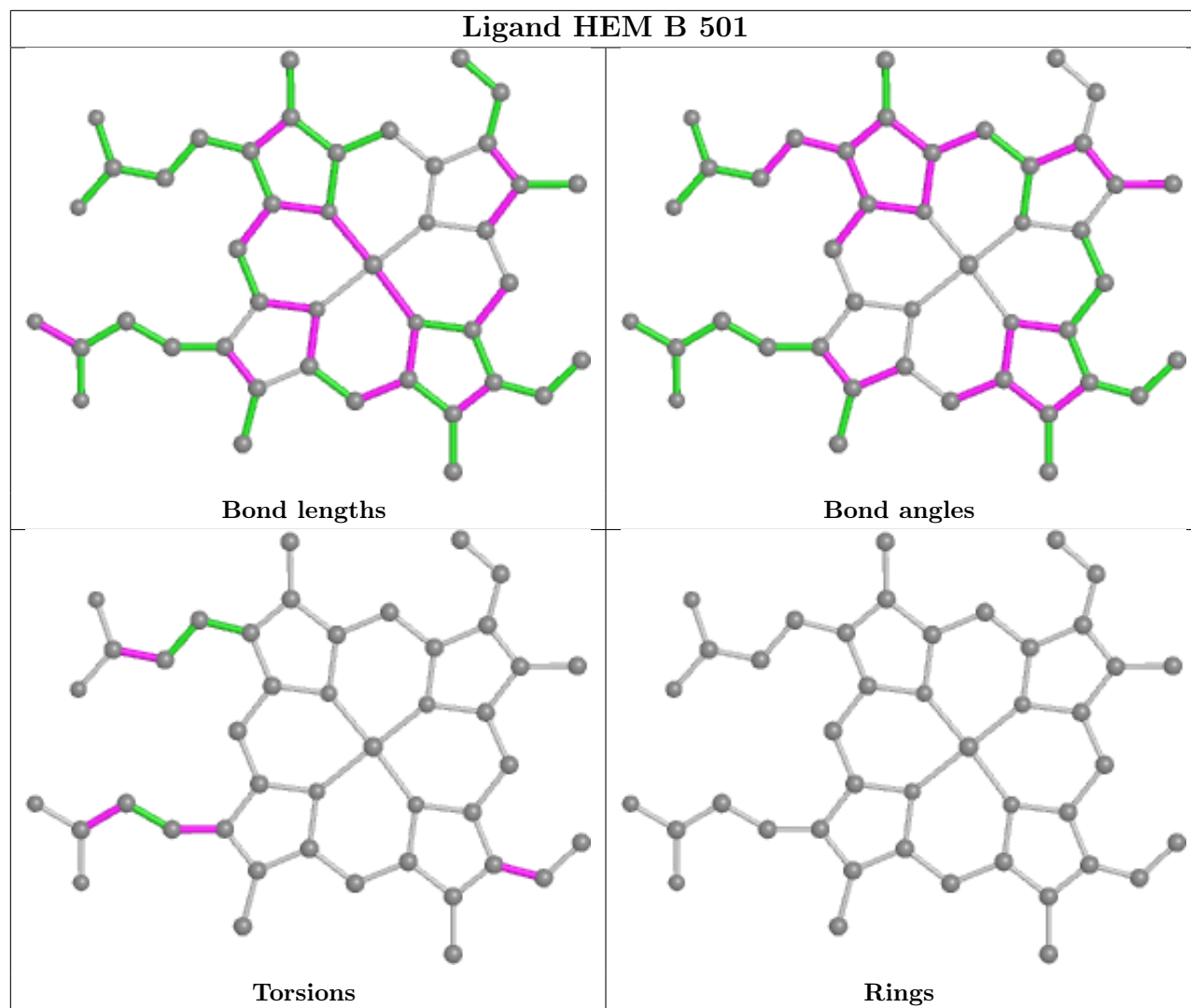
3 monomers are involved in 12 short contacts:

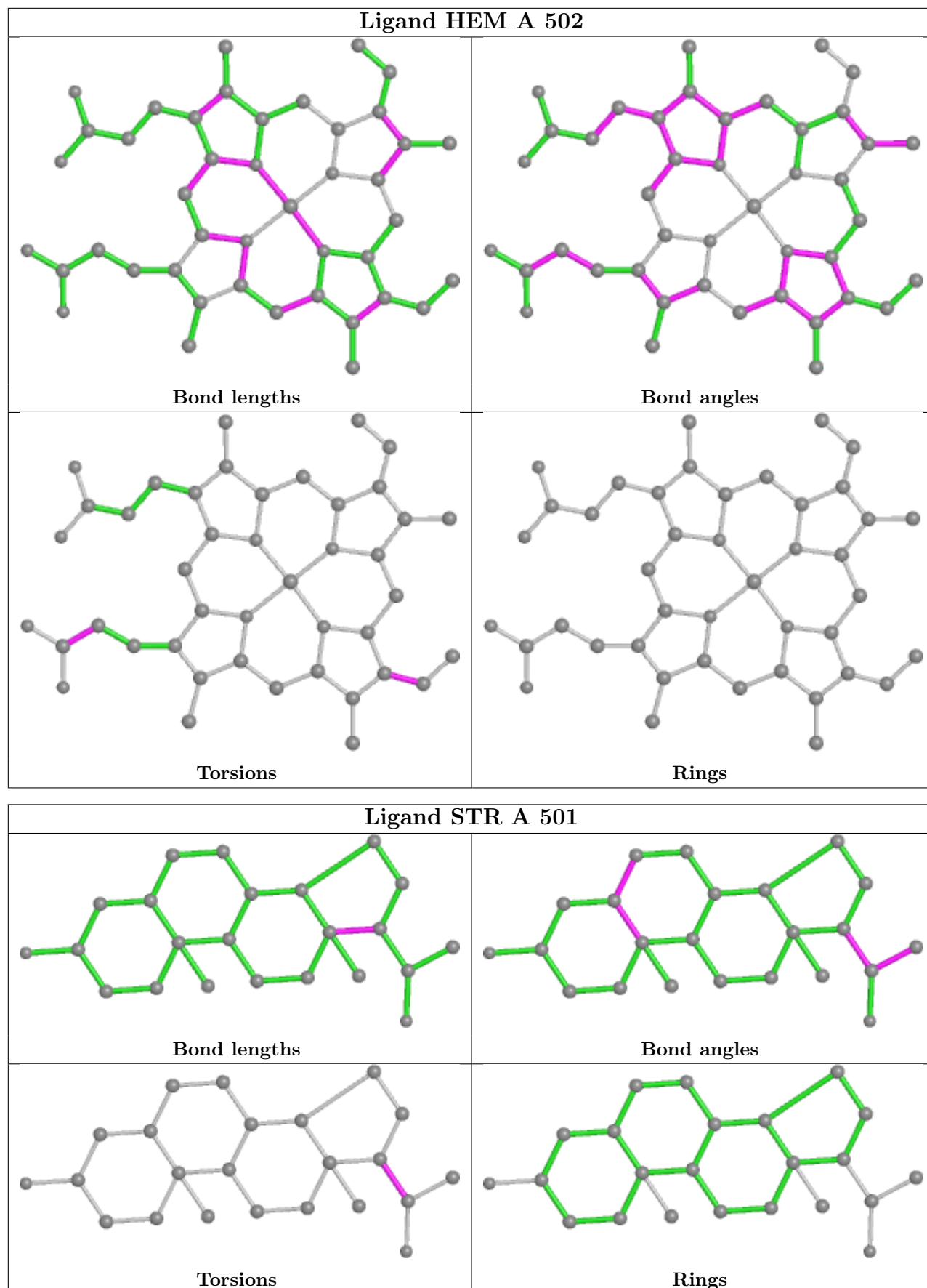
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	B	507	FMT	2	0
3	B	501	HEM	6	0
3	A	502	HEM	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the

average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	407/410 (99%)	0.04	7 (1%) 70 72	16, 27, 41, 82	0
1	B	406/410 (99%)	0.02	5 (1%) 79 81	17, 28, 41, 87	0
All	All	813/820 (99%)	0.03	12 (1%) 73 76	16, 27, 41, 87	0

All (12) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	4	CYS	5.3
1	A	223	THR	4.9
1	A	222	ALA	4.5
1	B	223	THR	3.8
1	A	225	GLY	3.7
1	B	222	ALA	3.6
1	A	224	ASP	3.2
1	B	225	GLY	3.1
1	B	224	ASP	2.8
1	A	332	ALA	2.6
1	B	332	ALA	2.2
1	A	226	GLU	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands

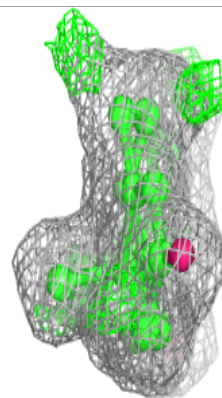
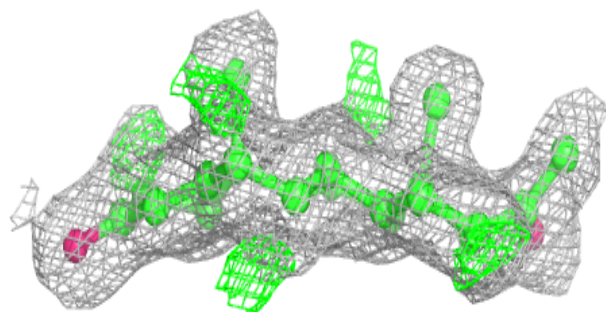
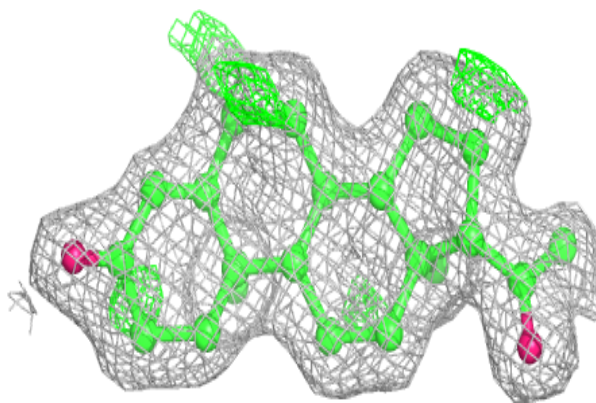
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
6	K	B	504	1/1	0.84	0.09	70,70,70,70	0
5	FMT	B	507	3/3	0.86	0.14	26,26,27,32	0
5	FMT	A	504	3/3	0.88	0.15	24,24,27,31	0
2	STR	A	501	23/23	0.90	0.12	15,17,20,24	0
6	K	A	505	1/1	0.91	0.07	72,72,72,72	0
5	FMT	B	505	3/3	0.91	0.10	48,48,49,51	0
5	FMT	B	506	3/3	0.92	0.09	40,40,46,46	0
2	STR	B	503	23/23	0.92	0.11	15,18,21,26	0
3	HEM	B	501	43/43	0.95	0.10	17,19,22,26	0
3	HEM	A	502	43/43	0.96	0.10	14,17,21,26	0
4	MG	A	503	1/1	0.99	0.17	10,10,10,10	0
4	MG	B	502	1/1	0.99	0.16	10,10,10,10	0

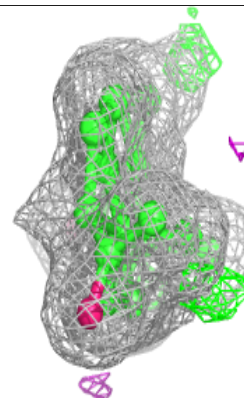
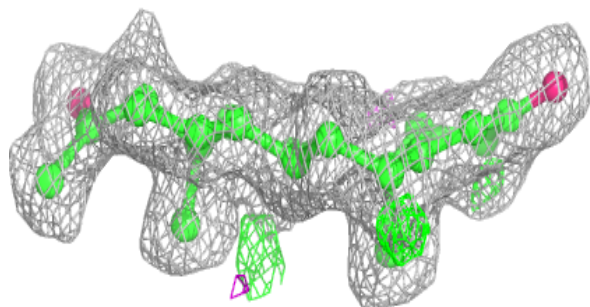
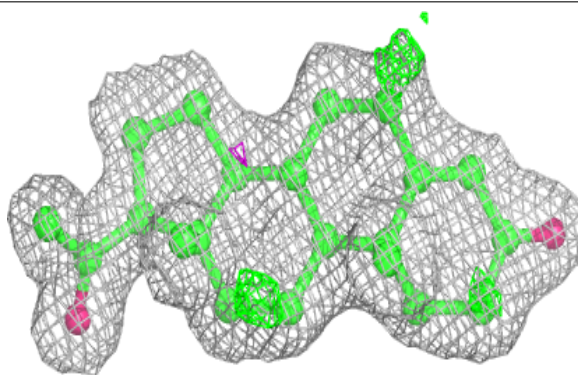
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

**Electron density around STR A 501:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

**Electron density around STR B 503:**

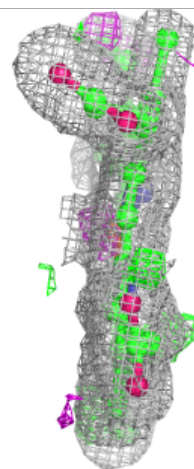
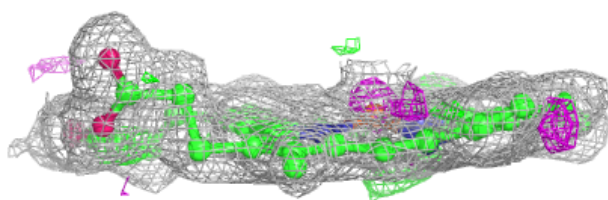
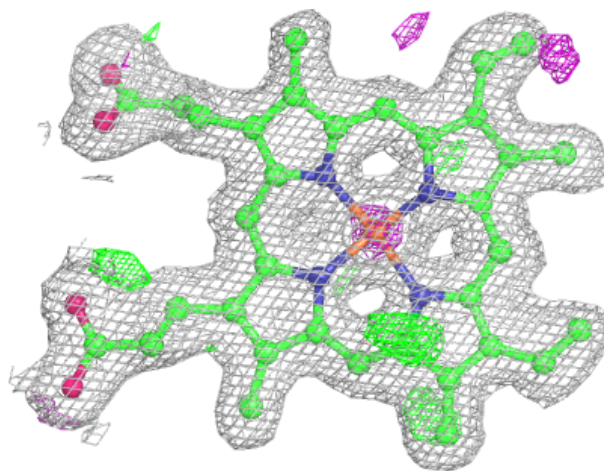
$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

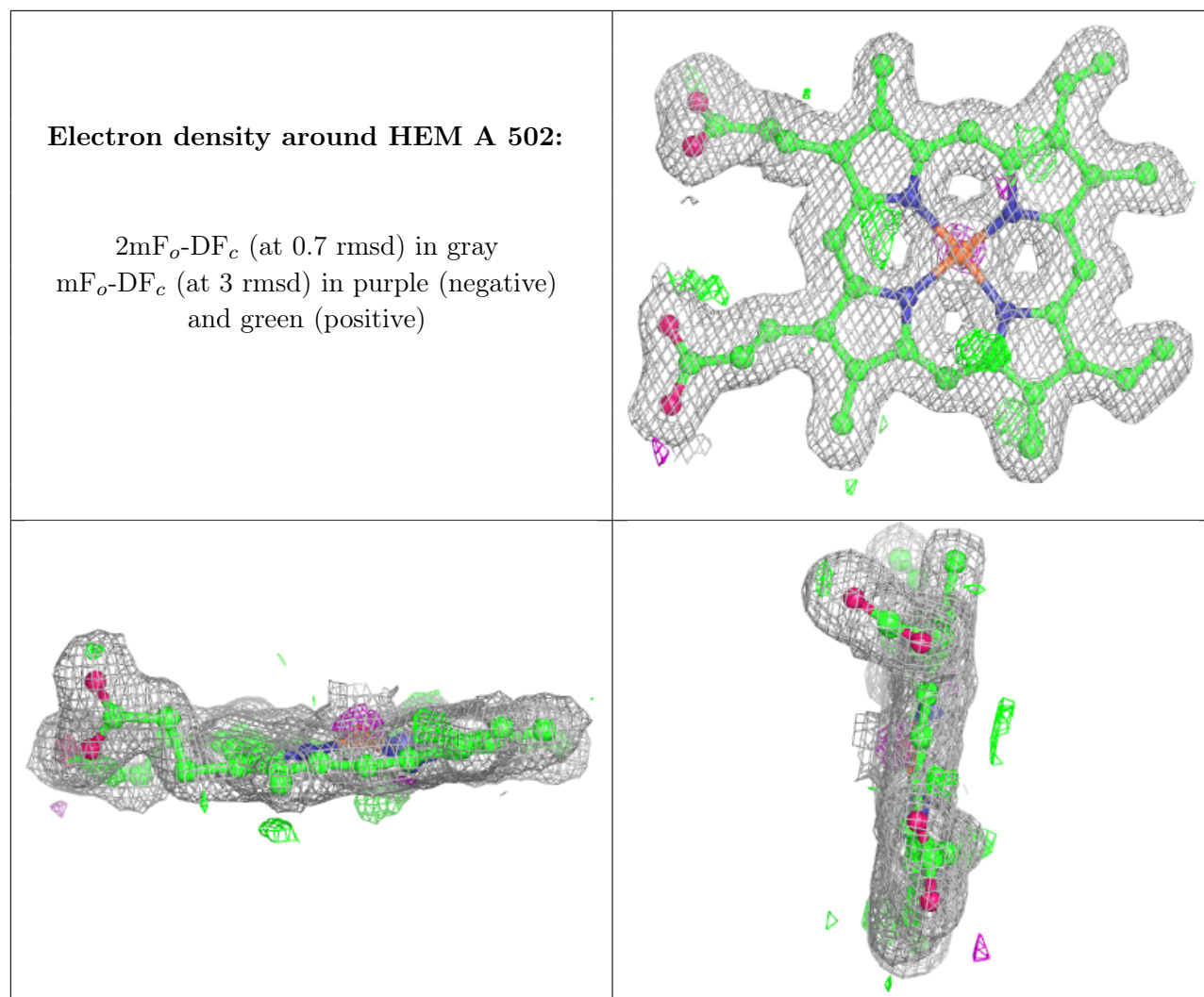




**Electron density around HEM B 501:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.