

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 23, 2024 – 04:22 PM EDT

PDB ID : 5J81

Title : Crystal structure of Glycoprotein C from Puumala virus in the post-fusion

conformation (pH 6.0)

Authors: Willensky, S.; Dessau, M.

Deposited on : 2016-04-07

Resolution : 1.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.37.1 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} CCP4 & : & 7.0.044 & (Gargrove) \end{tabular}$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

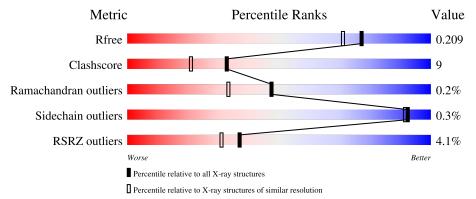
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{\rm A})}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	5950 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	141614	6793 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6697 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6696 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5850 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	448	84% 7% • 8%					
2	В	3	33%	33%	33%			



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3580 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Envelopment polyprotein.

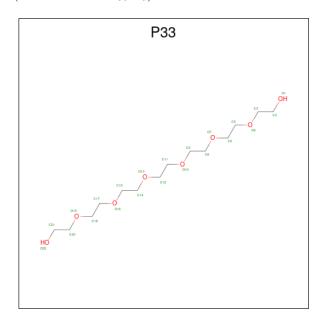
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	411	Total	С	N	О	S	0	2	0
1	A	411	3143	1978	527	607	31	0) 	0

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	3	Total 39	C 22	N 2	O 15	0	0	0

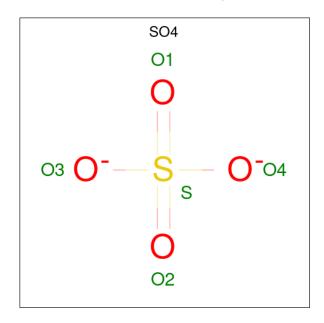
• Molecule 3 is 3,6,9,12,15,18-HEXAOXAICOSANE-1,20-DIOL (three-letter code: P33) (formula: $C_{14}H_{30}O_8$).





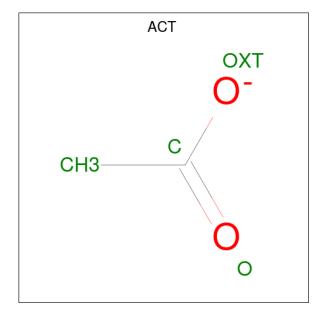
Mol	Chain	Residues	Ator	$\mathbf{n}\mathbf{s}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 0 22 1	C O	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: $\mathrm{O_4S}).$



Mo	1	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4		A	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 5 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula: $\mathrm{C_2H_3O_2}).$





Page 5

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total 4	C 2	O 2	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

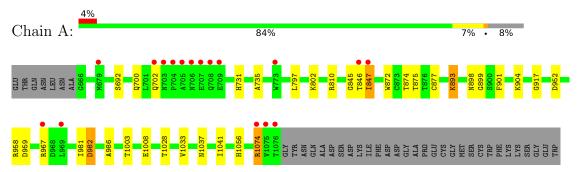
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	367	Total O 367 367	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Envelopment polyprotein



• Molecule 2: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B: 33% 33% 33%





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	H 3 2	Depositor	
Cell constants	96.43Å 96.43Å 247.11Å	Donositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	48.22 - 1.80	Depositor	
Resolution (A)	48.22 - 1.80	EDS	
% Data completeness	99.9 (48.22-1.80)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	99.9 (48.22-1.80)	EDS	
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.01 \; ({\rm at} \; 1.79 {\rm \AA})$	Xtriage	
Refinement program	PHENIX	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.183 , 0.209	Depositor	
	0.183 , 0.209	DCC	
R_{free} test set	2103 reflections (5.08%)	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	33.4	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.224	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38, 48.0	EDS	
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage	
	0.014 for -1/3 *h + 1/3 *k + 1/3 *l, -k, 8/3 *h + 4/		
	3*k+1/3*1		
Estimated twinning fraction	0.027 for -2/3 *h- 1/3 *k- 1/3 *l, -1/3 *h- 2/3 *k+	Xtriage	
	1/3*l,-4/3*h+4/3*k+1/3*l 0.018 for -h,1/3*h-1/3*k-1/3*l,-4/3*h-8/3*k		
	+1/3*l		
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS	
Total number of atoms	3580	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	25.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.74% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ACT, P33, NAG, BMA, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
			RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
	1	A	0.42	4/3225 (0.1%)	0.59	5/4378 (0.1%)	

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	893	LYS	CE-NZ	-11.07	1.21	1.49
1	A	893	LYS	CD-CE	-6.92	1.33	1.51
1	A	893	LYS	CB-CG	-5.84	1.36	1.52
1	A	1074	ARG	CG-CD	-5.13	1.39	1.51

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	1074	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	11.22	125.91	120.30
1	A	1074	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-6.86	116.87	120.30
1	A	1074	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	-6.13	115.02	123.60
1	A	893	LYS	CB-CA-C	5.85	122.09	110.40
1	A	893	LYS	CB-CG-CD	-5.01	98.58	111.60

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3143	0	3044	53	0
2	В	39	0	34	1	0
3	A	22	0	30	4	0
4	A	5	0	0	0	0
5	A	4	0	3	1	0
6	A	367	0	0	11	8
All	All	3580	0	3111	55	8

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

The worst 5 of 55 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:893:LYS:HZ1	1:A:1074:ARG:NH1	1.33	1.26
1:A:893:LYS:HE3	1:A:1074:ARG:CZ	1.72	1.18
1:A:893:LYS:HZ1	1:A:1074:ARG:CZ	1.59	1.13
1:A:893:LYS:CE	1:A:1074:ARG:CZ	2.31	1.09
1:A:893:LYS:NZ	1:A:1074:ARG:CZ	2.14	1.09

The worst 5 of 8 symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
6:A:1596:HOH:O	6:A:1633:HOH:O[15_554]	1.84	0.36
6:A:1592:HOH:O	6:A:1643:HOH:O[2_665]	1.89	0.31
6:A:1612:HOH:O	6:A:1622:HOH:O[3_565]	2.09	0.11
6:A:1339:HOH:O	6:A:1371:HOH:O[2_665]	2.10	0.10
6:A:1547:HOH:O	6:A:1596:HOH:O[16_445]	2.13	0.07

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	412/448 (92%)	400 (97%)	11 (3%)	1 (0%)	47 33	

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	847	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1	A	355/382~(93%)	354 (100%)	1 (0%)	92 91	

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	982	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	1037	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	e Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.46	0	17,19,21	0.69	0
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	0.41	0	17,19,21	0.50	0
2	BMA	В	3	2	11,11,12	2.00	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.67	4 (26%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	В	3	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{ iny A})$
2	В	3	BMA	C1-C2	6.27	1.66	1.52

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	3	BMA	O2-C2-C1	3.61	116.54	109.15
2	В	3	BMA	C1-C2-C3	3.26	113.67	109.67
2	В	3	BMA	O2-C2-C3	-2.61	104.91	110.14
2	В	3	BMA	O5-C5-C4	-2.20	105.46	110.83

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:



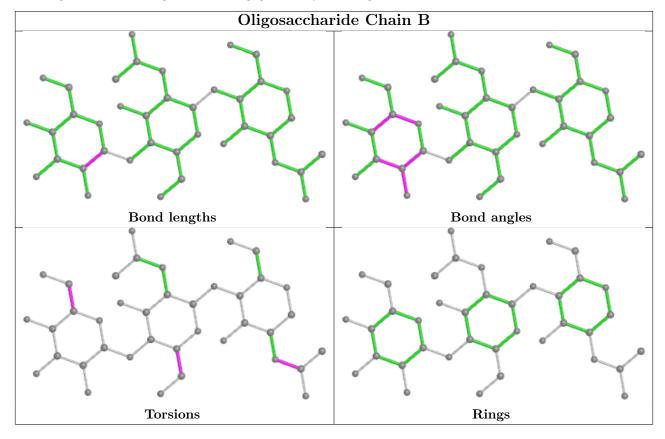
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	В	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
2	В	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	В	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	3	BMA	1	0
2	В	2	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and



the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	pe Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	Type		nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	SO4	A	1205	-	4,4,4	0.14	0	6,6,6	0.06	0
3	P33	A	1204	-	21,21,21	0.44	0	20,20,20	0.53	0
5	ACT	A	1206	-	3,3,3	0.76	0	3,3,3	0.92	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	P33	A	1204	_	-	7/19/19/19	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	1204	P33	O16-C17-C18-O19
3	A	1204	P33	O19-C20-C21-O22
3	A	1204	P33	O7-C8-C9-O10
3	A	1204	P33	O10-C11-C12-O13
3	A	1204	P33	C21-C20-O19-C18

There are no ring outliers.

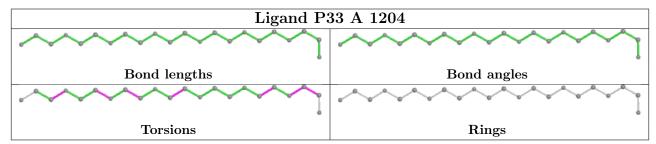
2 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	1204	P33	4	0
5	A	1206	ACT	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is



within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	#RSRZ>	>2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	411/448 (91%)	-0.16	17 (4%) 37	31	8, 19, 44, 113	0

The worst 5 of 17 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	705	ALA	14.4
1	A	704	PRO	8.3
1	A	708	GLN	5.3
1	A	707	GLU	5.3
1	A	709	GLU	5.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

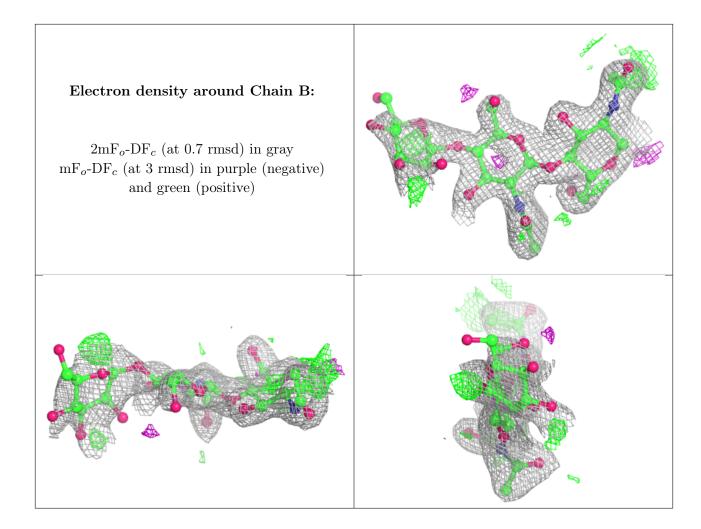
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	BMA	В	3	11/12	0.75	0.21	86,94,101,101	0
2	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.84	0.17	32,49,70,78	0
2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.88	0.12	20,29,33,48	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





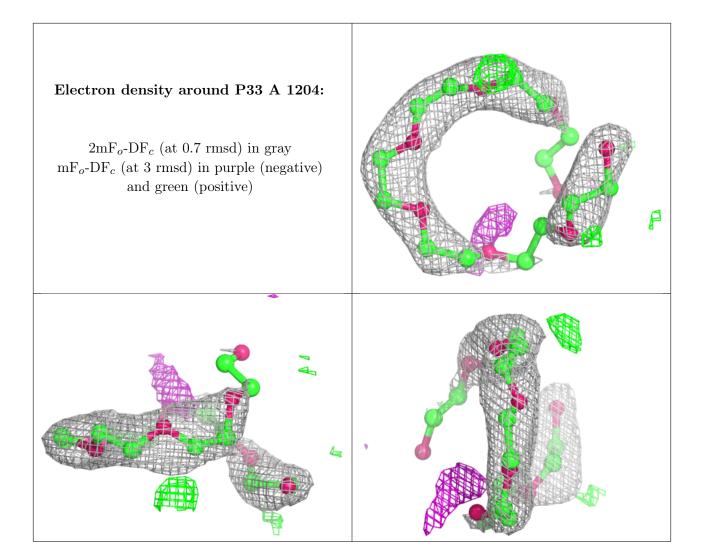
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors({ m \AA}^2)}$	Q<0.9
5	ACT	A	1206	4/4	0.74	0.22	28,35,40,44	0
3	P33	A	1204	22/22	0.79	0.22	45,57,80,83	0
4	SO4	A	1205	5/5	0.97	0.09	46,50,52,66	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

