

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 25, 2020 – 02:35 PM BST

PDB ID : 4JAV

Title: Structural basis of a rationally rewired protein-protein interface (HK853wt and

RR468mutant V13P, L14I, I17M and N21V)

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Deposited on : 2013-02-19

Resolution : 3.10 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Mol Probity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.13

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4: 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

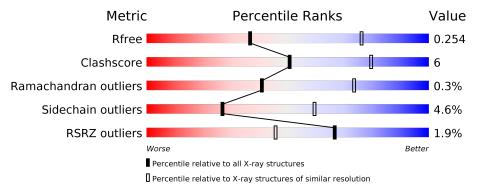
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	Similar resolution $(\#\text{Entries}, \text{resolution range}(\mathring{A}))$		
$R_{free}$	130704	1094 (3.10-3.10)		
Clashscore	141614	1184 (3.10-3.10)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1141 (3.10-3.10)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	1141 (3.10-3.10)		
RSRZ outliers	127900	1067 (3.10-3.10)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	258	80%	14% • 5%
1	В	258	79%	14% • 5%
2	С	122	87%	11%
2	D	122	85%	12% ••

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit crite-



ria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	SO4	В	503	_	_	X	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5944 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Histidine kinase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	246	Total 1968	C 1253	Δ.1	O 379	S 3	0	0	0
-	D	0.4.4		C		O	$\frac{s}{S}$	0	-1	0
	В	244	1953	1243	333	374	3	U		0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Response regulator.

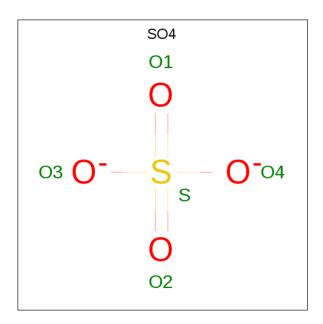
$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues		${f Atoms}$						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	С	101	Total	Ве	С	F	N	О	S	0	0	0
<i>Z</i>		121	965	1	620	3	155	181	5			
2	D	120	Total	Be	С	F	N	О	S	0	2	0
<i>Z</i>	ש	120	961	1	619	3	154	179	5			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
С	13	PRO	VAL	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q9WYT9
С	14	ILE	LEU	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q9WYT9
С	17	MET	ILE	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q9WYT9
С	21	VAL	ASN	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q9WYT9
D	13	PRO	VAL	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q9WYT9
D	14	ILE	LEU	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q9WYT9
D	17	MET	ILE	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q9WYT9
D	21	VAL	ASN	ENGINEERED MUTATION	UNP Q9WYT9

• Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).





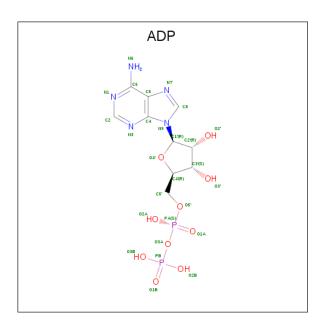
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
3	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
3	В	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
3	В	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
3	В	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	В	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
4	A	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
4	D	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
4	С	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is ADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ADP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{10}P_2$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	
	Α	1	Total	С	Ν	О	Р	0	0	
)	Э   A	1	27	10	5	10	2	U	0	
E .	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
5   B		1	27	10	5	10	2	U		

• Molecule 6 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	В	1	Total Cl 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 7 is water.

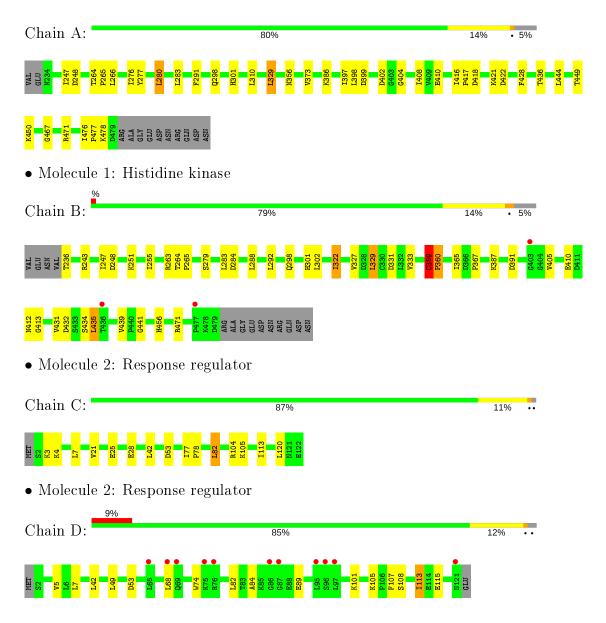
Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	8	Total O 8 8	0	0
7	В	1	Total O 1 1	0	0
7	С	4	Total O 4 4	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Histidine kinase





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants	119.32Å 143.93Å 138.97Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	44.55 - 3.10	Depositor
Resolution (A)	44.51 - 3.10	EDS
% Data completeness	99.8 (44.55-3.10)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.8 (44.51-3.10)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.51 (at 3.12Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.7.0032	Depositor
D D.	0.202 , 0.253	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.202 , $0.254$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1129 reflections $(5.13\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	71.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.065	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35, 44.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	5944	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	71.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.85% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, BFD, SO4, ADP, CL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles		
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.27	0/2000	0.46	0/2705	
1	В	0.29	0/1988	0.59	$5/2688 \ (0.2\%)$	
2	С	0.27	0/966	0.48	0/1294	
2	D	0.28	0/968	0.46	0/1298	
All	All	0.28	0/5922	0.51	5/7985 (0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	В	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	${f Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	В	412	ASN	N-CA-C	-10.35	83.04	111.00
1	В	412	ASN	CB-CA-C	7.96	126.32	110.40
1	В	359	CYS	C-N-CD	-6.73	105.80	120.60
1	В	413	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.44	99.51	113.10
1	В	360	PRO	N-CA-CB	5.18	109.51	103.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	Group
1	В	359	CYS	Peptide



#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1968	0	1989	21	0
1	В	1953	0	1976	36	0
2	С	965	0	1010	7	0
2	D	961	0	1014	6	0
3	A	10	0	0	0	0
3	В	15	0	0	2	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	В	1	0	0	0	0
4	С	1	0	0	0	0
4	D	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	27	0	12	0	0
5	В	27	0	12	0	0
6	В	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	8	0	0	0	0
7	В	1	0	0	0	0
7	С	4	0	0	0	0
All	All	5944	0	6013	68	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 68 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:B:387:LYS:CE	1:B:435:LEU:HD11	1.69	1.21
1:B:387:LYS:HE3	1:B:435:LEU:HD11	1.43	0.99
1:B:387:LYS:NZ	1:B:435:LEU:HD21	1.81	0.95
1:B:387:LYS:HE2	1:B:435:LEU:HD11	1.47	0.94
1:B:387:LYS:HZ3	1:B:435:LEU:HD21	1.35	0.88

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Outliers   Percent	
1	A	$244/258 \ (95\%)$	237 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
1	В	243/258 (94%)	233 (96%)	8 (3%)	2 (1%)	19	54
2	С	118/122 (97%)	117 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
2	D	$119/122 \ (98\%)$	116 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	$724/760 \ (95\%)$	703 (97%)	19 (3%)	2 (0%)	41	73

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	360	PRO
1	В	359	CYS

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	in Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	$221/232 \; (95\%)$	213 (96%)	8 (4%)	35	67
1	В	$219/232 \ (94\%)$	207 (94%)	12 (6%)	21	53
2	С	108/109 (99%)	104 (96%)	4 (4%)	34	66
2	D	109/109 (100%)	103 (94%)	6 (6%)	21	53
All	All	$657/682 \; (96\%)$	627 (95%)	30 (5%)	27	59

5 of 30 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	322	ILE
1	В	359	CYS
2	D	107	PHE
1	В	331	ASP
1	В	391	ASP

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 9 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	323	ASN
1	В	356	ASN
1	В	300	ASN
1	A	300	ASN
1	В	298	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type Cha	Type	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Dag	Link	Bond lengths			В	Sond ang	gles
	Chain	Chain Res	Res Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2																	
2	BFD	С	53	2,4	8,11,12	1.12	0	3,15,17	1.83	1 (33%)																
2	BFD	D	53	2,4	8,11,12	1.13	0	3,15,17	1.77	1 (33%)																

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mo	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	BFD	С	53	2,4	-	2/5/11/13	_
2	BFD	D	53	2,4	-	2/5/11/13	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
2	С	53	BFD	OD2-CG-CB	-3.09	117.91	124.73
2	D	53	BFD	OD2-CG-CB	-3.03	118.05	124.73

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	53	BFD	CA-CB-CG-OD2
2	С	53	BFD	CA-CB-CG-OD1
2	D	53	BFD	CA-CB-CG-OD1
2	D	53	BFD	CA-CB-CG-OD2

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 12 ligands modelled in this entry, 5 are monoatomic - leaving 7 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Trmo	Chain	Res	es Link	Во	nd leng	ths	Bond angles		
10101	Type		rtes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	ADP	A	504	4	24,29,29	1.04	3 (12%)	29,45,45	1.31	4 (13%)
3	SO4	В	501	-	4,4,4	0.32	0	6,6,6	0.10	0
3	SO4	A	501	_	4,4,4	0.31	0	6,6,6	0.10	0
5	ADP	В	505	4	24,29,29	1.02	2 (8%)	29,45,45	1.38	5 (17%)
3	SO4	A	502	4	4,4,4	0.34	0	6,6,6	0.08	0
3	SO4	В	503	-	4,4,4	0.31	0	6,6,6	0.05	0
3	SO4	В	502	-	4,4,4	0.31	0	6,6,6	0.08	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	ADP	A	504	4	-	1/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	ADP	В	505	4	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({ t \AA})$
5	В	505	ADP	C5-C4	2.59	1.47	1.40
5	A	504	ADP	C5-C4	2.58	1.47	1.40
5	A	504	ADP	O4'-C1'	2.06	1.44	1.41
5	A	504	ADP	C2-N3	2.02	1.35	1.32
5	В	505	ADP	C2-N3	2.00	1.35	1.32

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
5	В	505	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-3.32	123.49	128.68
5	В	505	ADP	PA-O3A-PB	-3.29	121.54	132.83
5	A	504	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-3.23	123.64	128.68
5	A	504	ADP	C3'-C2'-C1'	2.88	105.31	100.98
5	В	505	ADP	C3'-C2'-C1'	2.84	105.26	100.98

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	504	ADP	PA-O3A-PB-O3B

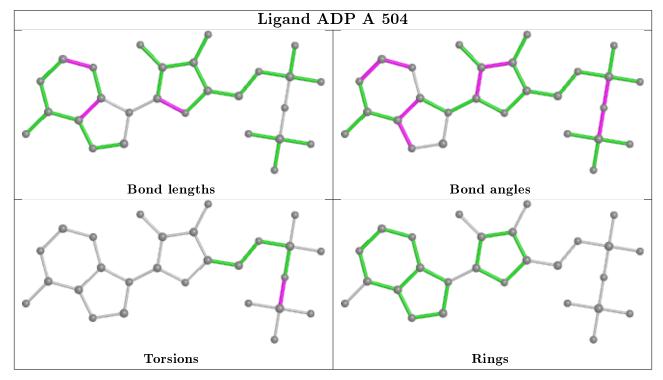


There are no ring outliers.

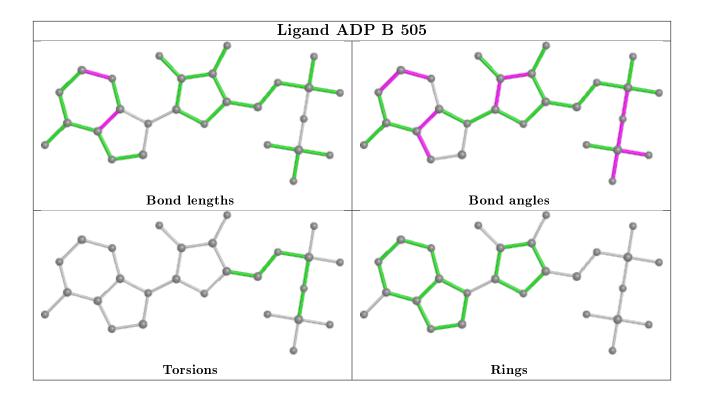
1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	503	SO4	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	$246/258 \ (95\%)$	-0.12	0 100 100	44, 63, 87, 99	0
1	В	244/258 (94%)	0.14	3 (1%) 79 61	47, 75, 110, 160	0
2	С	$120/122 \ (98\%)$	-0.01	0 100 100	45, 58, 81, 91	0
2	D	119/122 (97%)	0.61	11 (9%) 9 3	49, 82, 120, 128	0
All	All	729/760 (95%)	0.10	14 (1%) 66 46	44, 68, 106, 160	0

The worst 5 of 14 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	D	69	GLN	4.3
2	D	97	LEU	3.4
1	В	436	THR	3.2
2	D	68	LEU	2.8
2	D	121	ASN	2.6

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	${f Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors(\AA^2)}$	Q<0.9
2	BFD	D	53	12/13	0.95	0.17	55,58,64,65	0
2	BFD	С	53	12/13	0.98	0.17	47,49,54,54	0

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



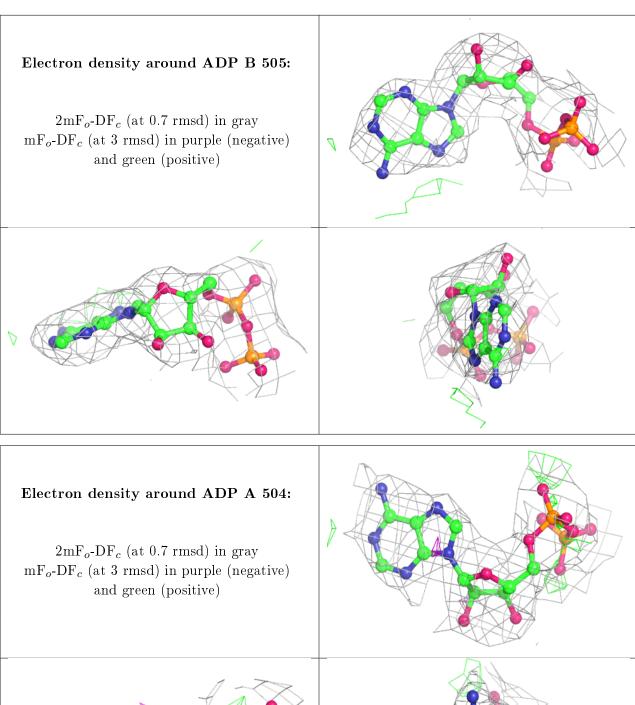
### 6.4 Ligands (i)

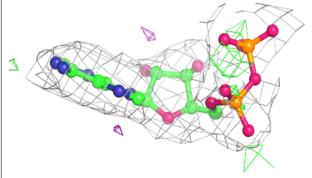
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

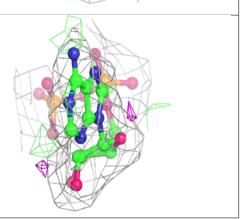
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{\textbf{B-factors}}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	SO4	В	503	5/5	0.83	0.21	161,162,163,165	0
6	$\operatorname{CL}$	В	506	1/1	0.86	0.28	79,79,79,79	0
3	SO4	A	502	5/5	0.89	0.18	110,112,112,113	0
3	SO4	В	502	5/5	0.91	0.23	141,142,143,143	0
4	MG	В	504	1/1	0.92	0.16	60,60,60,60	0
4	MG	A	503	1/1	0.94	0.29	40,40,40,40	0
4	MG	D	201	1/1	0.95	0.15	45,45,45,45	0
3	SO4	В	501	5/5	0.96	0.13	83,84,86,86	0
4	MG	С	201	1/1	0.97	0.18	40,40,40,40	0
3	SO4	A	501	5/5	0.97	0.13	79,81,82,82	0
5	ADP	В	505	27/27	0.98	0.20	70,73,75,76	0
5	ADP	A	504	27/27	0.98	0.21	48,52,53,54	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.











# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

