

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 5, 2024 – 11:46 AM JST

PDB ID	:	9JE0
EMDB ID	:	EMD-61403
Title	:	Human URAT1 bound to benzbromarone
Authors	:	Wu, C.; Zhang, C.; Jin, S.; Wang, J.J.; Dai, A.; Jiang, Y.; Yang, D.; Xu, H.E.
Deposited on	:	2024-09-01
Resolution	:	3.23 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis	:	FAILED
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ	:	FAILED
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.39

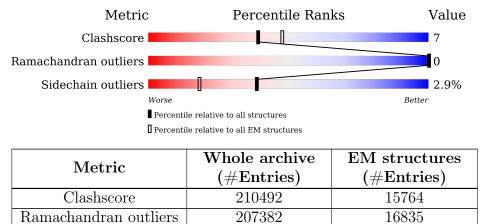
1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ MICROSCOPY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.23 Å.

Sidechain outliers

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



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The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

16415

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	А	553	66%	12%	21%		



2 Entry composition (i)

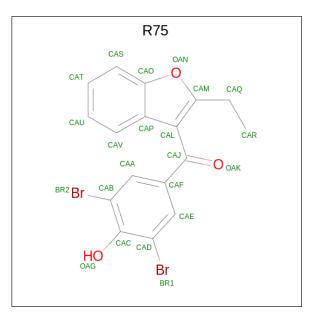
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3321 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Solute carrier family 22 member 12.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace	
1	А	435	Total 3298	C 2159	N 554	O 557	S 28	0	0

• Molecule 2 is [3,5-bis(bromanyl)-4-oxidanyl-phenyl]-(2-ethyl-1-benzofuran-3-yl)metha none (three-letter code: R75) (formula: C₁₇H₁₂Br₂O₃) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	1	AltConf			
2	А	1	Total 22	Br 2	C 17	O 3	0

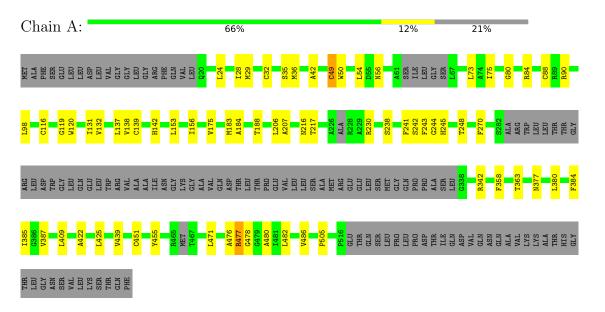
• Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		Atoms		AltConf
3	А	1	Total (1 1	О 1	0		



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Solute carrier family 22 member 12



4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	152534	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING ONLY	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TALOS ARCTICA	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{\AA}^2)$	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1200	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	5000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	FEI FALCON I (4k x 4k)	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: $\mathbf{R}75$

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.26	0/3384	0.42	0/4619	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	3298	0	3368	47	0
2	А	22	0	0	5	0
3	А	1	0	0	2	0
All	All	3321	0	3368	47	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 47 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)	
1:A:477:ARG:NH1	2:A:601:R75:BR1	2.39	1.09	

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:477:ARG:HD3	2:A:601:R75:OAG	1.65	0.97
1:A:477:ARG:HD2	2:A:601:R75:BR1	2.27	0.90
1:A:175:VAL:HG13	1:A:216:ASN:HD21	1.48	0.79
1:A:49:CYS:HA	1:A:120:TRP:HA	1.70	0.72

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There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed			
1	А	425/553~(77%)	416 (98%)	9~(2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mo	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	345/442 (78%)	335~(97%)	10 (3%)	37 64		

5 of 10 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	455	TYR
1	А	477	ARG

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	486	VAL
1	А	230	ARG
1	А	238	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	39	ASN
1	А	216	ASN
1	А	245	HIS
1	А	377	ASN
1	А	382	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	Bond lengths		Bond angles		
WIOI	туре	Unam	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	R75	А	601	-	18,24,24	1.72	3 (16%)	$26,\!35,\!35$	1.90	8 (30%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	R75	А	601	-	-	4/6/10/10	0/3/3/3

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	А	601	R75	CAL-CAJ	-3.55	1.46	1.50
2	А	601	R75	CAP-CAO	-3.54	1.35	1.43
2	А	601	R75	OAK-CAJ	-3.11	1.17	1.22

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	А	601	R75	CAD-CAC-CAB	3.96	121.48	116.56
2	А	601	R75	CAV-CAP-CAO	3.31	122.47	120.38
2	А	601	R75	CAA-CAB-CAC	-2.89	118.76	121.90
2	А	601	R75	BR1-CAD-CAE	2.75	123.08	118.39
2	А	601	R75	CAP-CAL-CAJ	-2.66	119.29	125.12

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	А	601	R75	CAE-CAF-CAJ-OAK
2	А	601	R75	CAA-CAF-CAJ-OAK
2	А	601	R75	CAE-CAF-CAJ-CAL
2	А	601	R75	CAA-CAF-CAJ-CAL

There are no ring outliers.

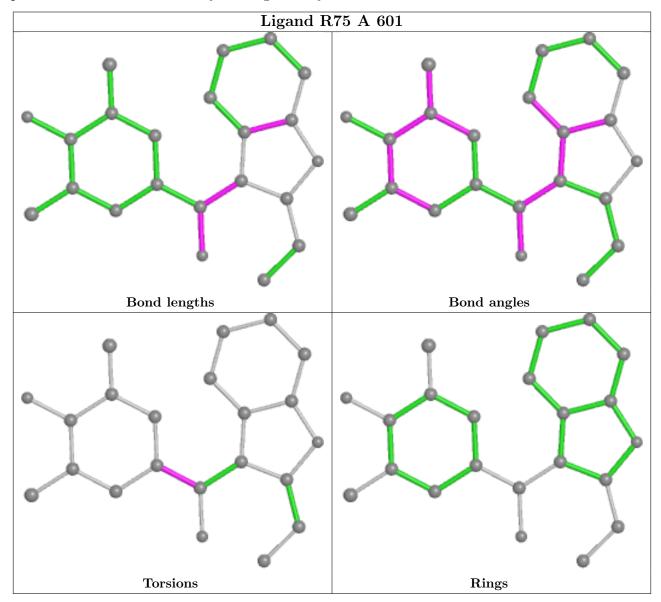
1 monomer is involved in 5 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	А	601	R75	5	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is



within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

