

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Oct 10, 2023 – 04:09 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	7JHZ
Title	:	Crystal structure of the carbohydrate-binding domain VP8 <sup>*</sup> of human P[8]
		rotavirus strain BM13851 in complex with LNDFH I
Authors	:	Xu, S.; Stuckert, M.R.; McGinnis, K.R.; Jiang, X.; Kennedy, M.A.
Deposited on	:	2020-07-21
Resolution	:	2.68  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

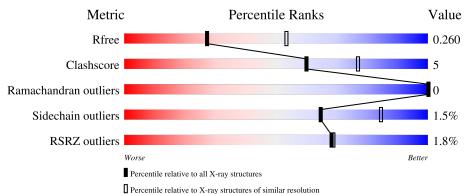
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	2.35.1
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35.1

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.68 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	3863 (2.70-2.66)
Clashscore	141614	4210 (2.70-2.66)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4141 (2.70-2.66)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4141 (2.70-2.66)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3780 (2.70-2.66)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of cha	ain
1	А	160	84%	9% 8%
1	В	160	81%	12% • 6%
1	С	160	2% 85%	9% 6%
2	F	6	83%	17%
3	Е	5	20% 80	%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3802 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	1 A	148	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
		140	1205	763	207	234	1			
1	В	151	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
	ГБ	101	1230	776	214	238	2	0	0	0
1	1 0	150	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
	150	1221	771	210	239	1	0	0	0	

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Outer capsid protein VP4.

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-4)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-glucopyranose.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ 4 \\ \beta & 3 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\beta} 3 \xrightarrow{\beta} 6 \xrightarrow{4} \beta \xrightarrow{\beta} 4$$

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	F	6	Total 68	C 38	N 1	O 29	4	0	0

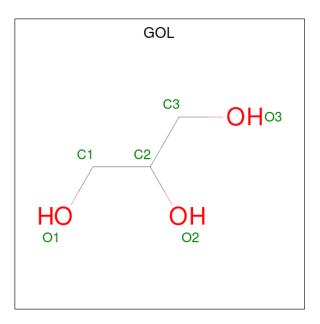
• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-4)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-galactopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	Е	5	Total 57	C 32	N 1	0 24	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0
4	С	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0

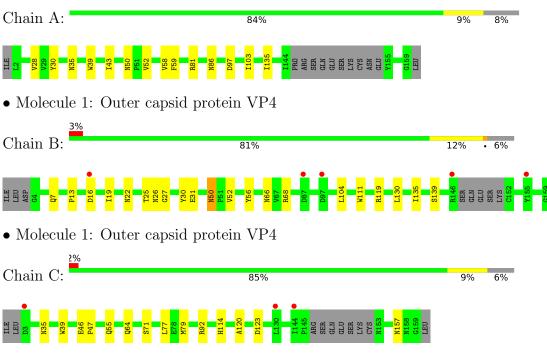
• Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	3	Total O 3 3	0	0
5	В	3	Total O 3 3	0	0
5	С	3	Total O 3 3	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Outer capsid protein VP4

 • Molecule 2: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-4)] 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-glucopy ranose

Chain F:	83%	17%
36C1 1AL2 1AC3 1AC3 1AL4 1AC5 1C5 1C5		

 $\label{eq:alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-4)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-galactopyranose$ 

Chain E:	20%	80%
GAL1 NAG2 GAL3 FUC4 FUC5		



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	112.19Å 63.39Å 72.26Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $91.15^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	44.78 - 2.68	Depositor
Resolution (A)	44.74 - 2.68	EDS
% Data completeness	95.5 (44.78-2.68)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.5(44.74-2.68)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.18	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$\frac{\mathbf{R}_{sym}}{< I/\sigma(I) > 1}$	3.34 (at 2.69Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0267	Depositor
D D	0.211 , $0.263$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.214 , $0.260$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	608 reflections $(4.40%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	27.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.344	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, $32.8$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$<  L  > = 0.47, < L^2 > = 0.30$	Xtriage
	0.025  for  -1/2 *h- 3/2 *k,- 1/2 *h+ 1/2 *k,-l	
	0.024 for -1/2*h+3/2*k,1/2*h+1/2*k,-l	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.049 for $1/2$ *h- $3/2$ *k,- $1/2$ *h- $1/2$ *k,-l	Xtriage
	0.032 for $1/2$ *h+ $3/2$ *k, $1/2$ *h- $1/2$ *k,-l	
	0.038 for -h,-k,l	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.90	EDS
Total number of atoms	3802	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	25.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.05% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, BGC, GAL, FUC, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain		lengths	Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.61	0/1238	0.80	0/1689	
1	В	0.60	0/1264	0.79	0/1724	
1	С	0.60	0/1255	0.81	0/1713	
All	All	0.60	0/3757	0.80	0/5126	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1205	0	1128	8	0
1	В	1230	0	1150	16	1
1	С	1221	0	1136	11	1
2	F	68	0	60	1	0
3	Ε	57	0	51	0	0
4	В	6	0	8	0	0
4	С	6	0	8	0	0
5	А	3	0	0	0	0
5	В	3	0	0	0	0
5	С	3	0	0	0	0
All	All	3802	0	3541	34	1



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 34 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:55:GLN:HE22	1:C:64:GLN:NE2	1.85	0.74
1:C:55:GLN:HE22	1:C:64:GLN:HE21	1.36	0.70
1:B:30:TYR:CD1	1:B:135:ILE:HD11	2.27	0.69
1:C:120:ALA:H	1:C:157:ASN:HD21	1.49	0.61
1:B:50:ASN:H	1:B:50:ASN:HD22	1.49	0.60

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:119:ARG:NH2	1:C:157:ASN:O[1_554]	2.16	0.04

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	144/160~(90%)	139~(96%)	5(4%)	0	100 100
1	В	147/160~(92%)	142 (97%)	5(3%)	0	100 100
1	С	146/160~(91%)	141 (97%)	5(3%)	0	100 100
All	All	437/480 (91%)	422 (97%)	15 (3%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	134/146~(92%)	133~(99%)	1 (1%)	84 93
1	В	137/146~(94%)	133~(97%)	4 (3%)	42 69
1	С	136/146~(93%)	135~(99%)	1 (1%)	84 93
All	All	407/438~(93%)	401 (98%)	6 (2%)	65 84

5 of 6 residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	31	GLU
1	В	50	ASN
1	С	71	SER
1	В	7	GLN
1	А	97	ASP

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 16 such side chains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	114	HIS
1	С	90	ASN
1	В	114	HIS
1	С	86	ASN
1	В	90	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

11 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
10101	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
3	GAL	Е	1	3	12,12,12	1.14	1 (8%)	$17,\!17,\!17$	1.40	3 (17%)
3	NAG	Е	2	3	14,14,15	1.02	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.43	3 (17%)
3	GAL	Е	3	3	11,11,12	1.89	2 (18%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.95	3 (20%)
3	FUC	Е	4	3	10,10,11	1.44	1 (10%)	14,14,16	1.00	1 (7%)
3	FUC	Е	5	3	10,10,11	0.75	0	14,14,16	0.91	0
2	BGC	F	1	2	12,12,12	2.25	2 (16%)	$17,\!17,\!17$	3.77	9 (52%)
2	GAL	F	2	2	11,11,12	1.26	2 (18%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	2.10	2 (13%)
2	NAG	F	3	2	14,14,15	1.84	2 (14%)	17,19,21	1.74	4 (23%)
2	GAL	F	4	2	11,11,12	1.12	1 (9%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.71	2 (13%)
2	FUC	F	5	2	10,10,11	0.75	0	14,14,16	1.62	3 (21%)
2	FUC	F	6	2	10,10,11	1.20	0	14,14,16	1.26	1 (7%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	GAL	Е	1	3	-	2/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	Е	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	GAL	Е	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	FUC	Е	4	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
3	FUC	Е	5	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
2	BGC	F	1	2	-	2/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	F	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	F	3	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	F	4	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	FUC	F	5	2	-	-	0/1/1/1
2	FUC	F	6	2	-	-	0/1/1/1



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
2	F	1	BGC	C1-C2	6.51	1.67	1.52
2	F	3	NAG	C1-C2	4.35	1.58	1.52
3	Е	3	GAL	O5-C1	4.14	1.50	1.43
2	F	1	BGC	C4-C3	3.56	1.61	1.52
2	F	3	NAG	O5-C1	3.51	1.49	1.43

The worst 5 of 12 bond length outliers are listed below:

The worst 5 of 31 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	F	1	BGC	O5-C1-C2	-9.25	93.79	110.28
2	F	1	BGC	O1-C1-C2	-7.59	87.67	109.03
3	Е	3	GAL	O5-C5-C6	5.86	116.39	107.20
2	F	2	GAL	C1-C2-C3	5.69	116.66	109.67
2	F	4	GAL	O5-C5-C6	5.50	115.83	107.20

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	F	1	BGC	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	F	4	GAL	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	F	1	BGC	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	F	4	GAL	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	Е	1	GAL	C4-C5-C6-O6

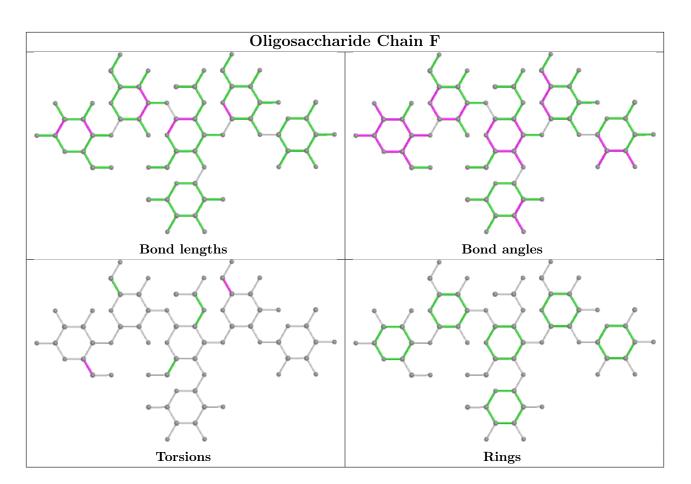
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

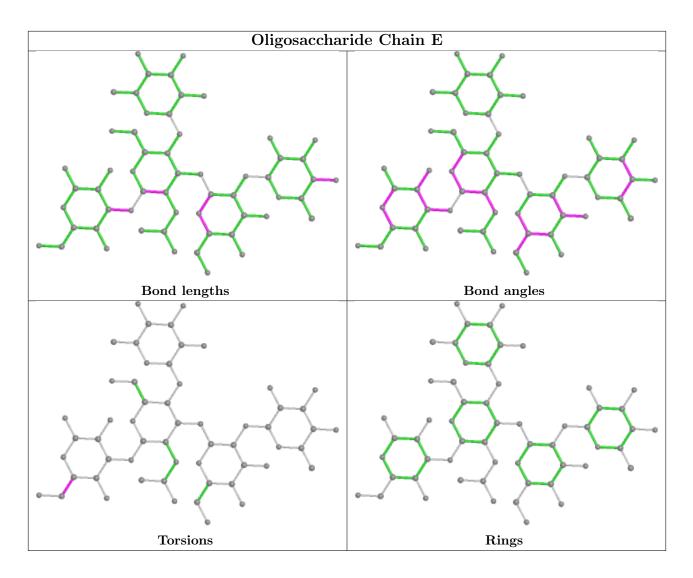
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	F	3	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	$\operatorname{gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
IVIOI	туре	Unam	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
4	GOL	С	301	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.11	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.32	0
4	GOL	В	201	-	5,5,5	0.15	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.41	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral



centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	GOL	С	301	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	В	201	-	-	1/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	В	201	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
4	С	301	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	148/160~(92%)	-0.04	0 100 100	14, 23, 34, 44	0
1	В	151/160~(94%)	0.13	5 (3%) 46 45	14, 23, 42, 48	0
1	С	150/160~(93%)	0.16	3 (2%) 65 65	14, 25, 40, 49	0
All	All	449/480 (93%)	0.09	8 (1%) 68 69	14, 24, 40, 49	0

The worst 5 of 8 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	144	ILE	3.1
1	В	87	ASP	2.8
1	В	155	TYR	2.6
1	В	97	ASP	2.3
1	С	130	LEU	2.2

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\operatorname{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	GAL	F	2	11/12	0.86	0.30	40,46,49,49	0
2	FUC	F	5	10/11	0.88	0.21	35,39,42,44	0
3	GAL	Е	1	12/12	0.88	0.21	33,40,44,47	0

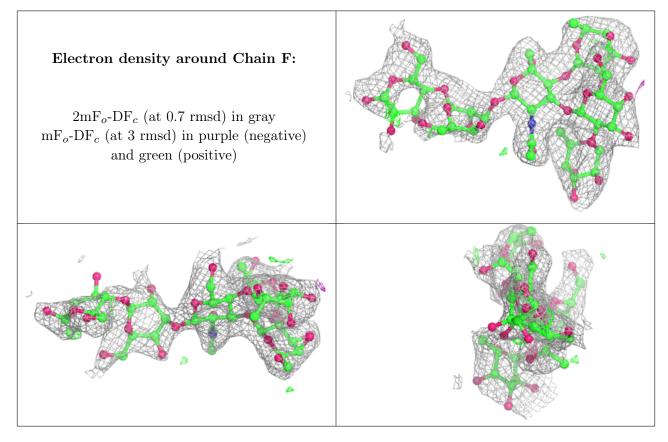
Continued on next page...



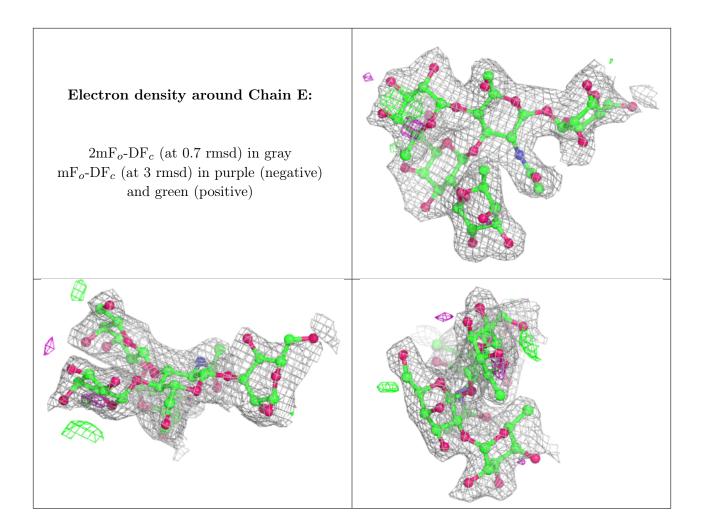
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	$\mathbf{RSR}$	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	$Q{<}0.9$
2	BGC	F	1	12/12	0.89	0.20	42,48,60,62	4
3	FUC	Е	4	10/11	0.89	0.26	28,32,32,33	0
2	NAG	F	3	14/15	0.90	0.19	29,33,36,37	0
3	GAL	Е	3	11/12	0.93	0.15	30,32,33,34	0
2	GAL	F	4	11/12	0.93	0.21	30,31,32,32	0
3	FUC	Е	5	10/11	0.93	0.22	26,27,29,29	0
3	NAG	Е	2	14/15	0.94	0.16	30,32,33,33	0
2	FUC	F	6	10/11	0.95	0.18	31,33,35,36	0

Continued from previous page...

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
4	GOL	В	201	6/6	0.84	0.19	23,24,24,25	0
4	GOL	С	301	6/6	0.90	0.18	35,36,36,38	0

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

