

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

May 25, 2020 – 12:00 pm BST

PDB ID : 5JL9

Title: HUMAN PLACENTAL AROMATASE CYTOCHROME P450 (CYP19A1):

ANDROSTENEDIONE COMPLEX #4

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Deposited on : 2016-04-26

Resolution : 3.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.11

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

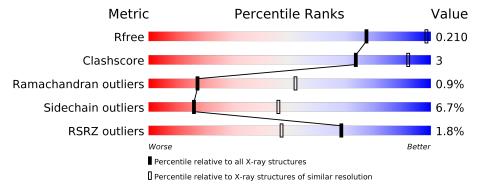
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Similar resolution} \ (\# ext{Entries}, ext{resolution range}(ext{Å})) \end{aligned}$
R_{free}	130704	1094 (3.10-3.10)
Clashscore	141614	1184 (3.10-3.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1141 (3.10-3.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1141 (3.10-3.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1067 (3.10-3.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
			2%		
1	A	503	77%	12%	10%



2 Entry composition (i)

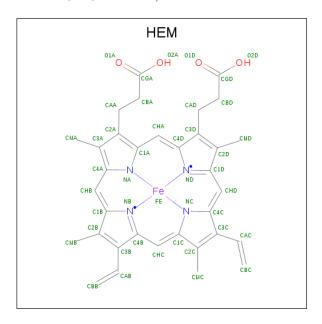
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3739 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Aromatase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Λ	452	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0
1	A	452	3668	2367	620	651	30	0	L L	0

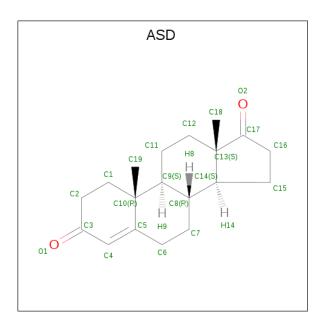
• Molecule 2 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: C₃₄H₃₂FeN₄O₄).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
2	A	1	Total 43	C 34	Fe 1	N 4	O 4	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 4-ANDROSTENE-3-17-DIONE (three-letter code: ASD) (formula: C₁₉H₂₆O₂).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 21	C 19	O 2	0	0	

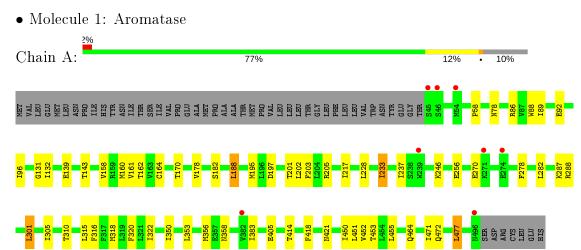
• Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	7	Total O 7 7	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	140.02Å 140.02Å 119.38Å	Danagitan
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	37.80 - 3.10	Depositor
Resolution (A)	30.19 - 3.10	EDS
% Data completeness	99.0 (37.80-3.10)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.1 (30.19-3.10)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.53 (at 3.11Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0131	Depositor
D D.	0.189 , 0.211	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.191 , 0.210	DCC
R_{free} test set	1203 reflections (4.86%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	94.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.013	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.30 , 52.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.023 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	3739	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	99.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.87% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



 $^{^{1}}$ Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEM, ASD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.42	0/3748	0.70	1/5050 (0.0%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	301	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.17	129.48	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	89	ILE	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Α	3668	0	3741	23	0
2	A	43	0	30	4	0
3	A	21	0	26	2	0
4	A	7	0	0	0	0
All	All	3739	0	3797	25	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (25) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:315:LEU:HD22	1:A:450:ILE:HD11	1.62	0.79
1:A:160:MET:HE2	1:A:202:LEU:HD22	1.81	0.62
1:A:322:ILE:HD13	1:A:455:LEU:HD11	1.84	0.59
2:A:600:HEM:HBC2	2:A:600:HEM:HMC2	1.87	0.56
1:A:160:MET:CE	1:A:202:LEU:HD22	2.36	0.56
1:A:477:LEU:HD22	3:A:601:ASD:H151	1.90	0.54
1:A:320:PHE:CE2	1:A:471:ILE:HD11	2.43	0.53
2:A:600:HEM:HMB2	2:A:600:HEM:HBB2	1.90	0.53
1:A:202:LEU:HD23	1:A:203:PHE:CE1	2.45	0.52
1:A:350:ILE:HA	1:A:353:LEU:HD12	1.94	0.49
1:A:318:MET:CE	1:A:451:LEU:HD11	2.42	0.49
1:A:217:ILE:HG12	1:A:305:ILE:HG22	1.95	0.48
1:A:278:PHE:CZ	1:A:282:LEU:HD11	2.49	0.47
1:A:139:GLU:O	1:A:143:THR:HG23	2.17	0.44
1:A:132:ILE:HD11	2:A:600:HEM:CMD	2.47	0.44
1:A:278:PHE:CE2	1:A:282:LEU:HD11	2.53	0.44
1:A:320:PHE:CD2	1:A:471:ILE:HD11	2.53	0.43
1:A:356:MET:CE	1:A:452:VAL:HG23	2.49	0.43
1:A:310:THR:HG21	3:A:601:ASD:H192	2.00	0.43
1:A:188:LEU:HD13	1:A:316:PHE:CD1	2.55	0.42
1:A:197:ASP:O	1:A:201:THR:HG23	2.20	0.42
1:A:132:ILE:HD11	2:A:600:HEM:HMD3	2.01	0.41
1:A:58:PRO:HA	1:A:88:TRP:HB2	2.03	0.41
1:A:158:VAL:O	1:A:161:VAL:HG12	2.20	0.41
1:A:358:ASN:OD1	1:A:418:PHE:HB3	2.21	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	451/503 (90%)	413 (92%)	34 (8%)	4 (1%)	17 52

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	288	ARG
1	A	421	ASN
1	A	131	GLY
1	A	233	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1	A	407/452 (90%)	380 (93%)	27 (7%)	16 47	

All (27) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	78	ASN
1	A	86	ARG
1	A	92	GLU
1	A	96	ILE
1	A	162	THR
1	A	164	CYS
1	A	170	THR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	178	VAL
1	A	182	SER
1	A	188	LEU
1	A	195	MET
1	A	205	ARG
1	A	228	LEU
1	A	233	ILE
1	A	237	ILE
1	A	246	LYS
1	A	256	GLU
1	A	270	GLU
1	A	287	LYS
1	A	301	LEU
1	A	383	ILE
1	A	405	GLU
1	A	414	THR
1	A	453	THR
1	A	464	GLN
1	A	472	GLN
1	A	477	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	393	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Т	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	nd leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	ASD	A	601	-	24,24,24	0.75	0	39,39,39	1.30	3 (7%)
2	HEM	A	600	1	27,50,50	0.96	1 (3%)	17,82,82	1.40	3 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

	Mol	Type	Chain	${f Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
ſ	3	ASD	A	601	_	-	-	0/4/4/4
	2	HEM	A	600	1	-	0/6/54/54	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	${ m Observed}({ m \AA})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(\mathbf{\AA})$
2	A	600	HEM	C3B-C2B	-2.27	1.37	1.40

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	A	601	ASD	C16-C17-C13	3.29	111.84	108.59
3	A	601	ASD	C15-C16-C17	-3.23	102.45	105.70
2	A	600	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	-3.07	106.82	112.49
2	A	600	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD	-2.63	108.26	112.67
3	A	601	ASD	C18-C13-C14	2.43	116.57	112.98
2	A	600	HEM	C4C-C3C-C2C	-2.11	105.42	106.90

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

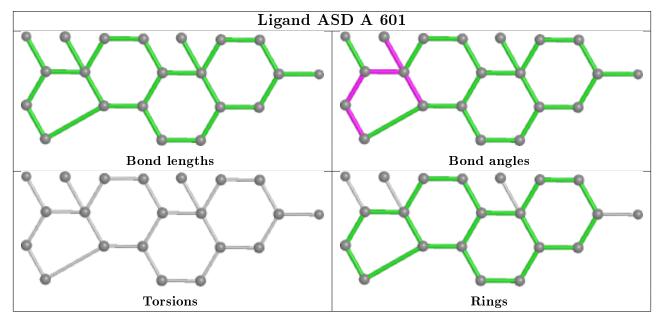
There are no ring outliers.



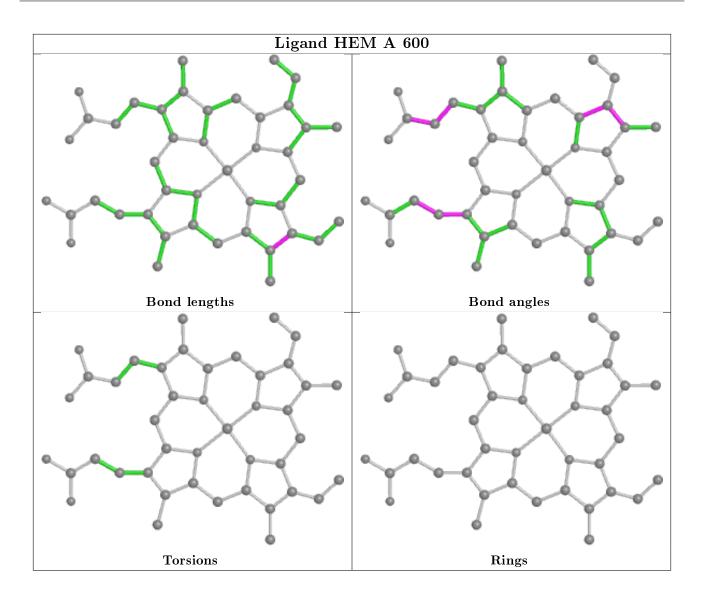
2 monomers are involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	601	ASD	2	0
2	A	600	HEM	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	452/503 (89%)	-0.23	8 (1%) 68 47	70, 96, 132, 180	0

All (8) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	45	SER	4.0
1	A	271	LYS	3.1
1	A	54	MET	2.8
1	A	496	ASN	2.6
1	A	274	GLU	2.6
1	A	239	TRP	2.5
1	A	382	VAL	2.2
1	A	46	SER	2.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

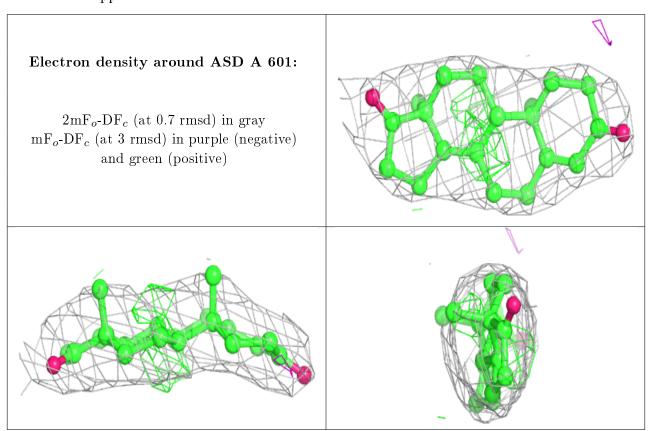
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

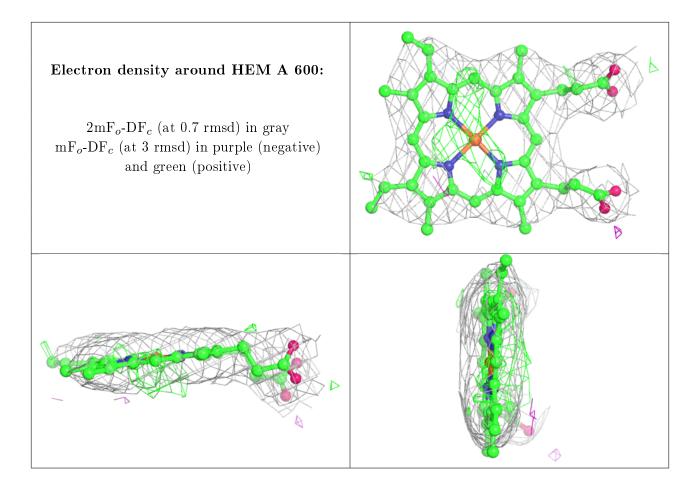


Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}({ m \AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	ASD	A	601	21/21	0.98	0.32	74,78,81,83	0
2	HEM	A	600	43/43	0.98	0.26	65,71,79,86	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

