

# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	1JNJ
Title	:	NMR solution structure of the human beta2-microglobulin
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

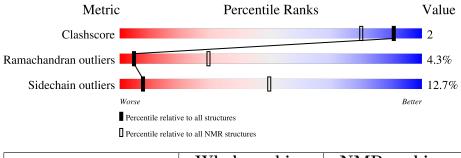
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. $(2010)$
ShiftChecker	:	2.26
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.26

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive}\ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR}  { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	Δ	100	900/	1.40/	E 0/
L	A	100	80%	14%	• 5%



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 9 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core	Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model					
1	A:2-A:96 (95)	0.42	9			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17, 19, 20
2	7, 10
Single-model clusters	12; 15; 18



# 3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1640 atoms, of which 803 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called beta2-microglobulin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
1	٨	100	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	0
	А	100	1640	533	803	141	159	4	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	0	MET	-	cloning artifact	UNP P61769

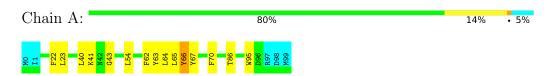


# 4 Residue-property plots (i)

## 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: beta2-microglobulin



# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 9. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: beta2-microglobulin

Chain A:	70%	23% •• 5%
M0 11 710 811 812 813 813 815 815 815 815 815 815 815 815 815 815	F22 L23 F22 F23 F23 F40 F40 F41 F41 F43 F43 F55 F65 F65 F65 F66 F70 F70	076 138 139 139 139



# 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing, restrained molecular dynamics, restrained molecular mechanics.* 

Of the 380 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: target function.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DIANA	structure solution	1.5
Discover	refinement	2000

No chemical shift data was provided.



# 6 Model quality (i)

## 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chair	Chain	B	ond lengths	Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	#Z > 5	
1	А	$0.60 {\pm} 0.00$	$0{\pm}0/817~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$0.92{\pm}0.02$	$0{\pm}0/1109~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	
All	All	0.60	0/16340 ( $0.0%$ )	0.92	9/22180~(~0.0%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	А	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	$2.6{\pm}1.1$
All	All	0	52

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$	Moo Worst	d <b>els</b> Total
1	A	63	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-7.31	116.61	121.00	5	9

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 10 unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	А	66	TYR	Sidechain	20
1	А	63	TYR	Sidechain	12
1	А	67	TYR	Sidechain	6
1	А	26	TYR	Sidechain	3
1	А	30	PHE	Sidechain	3



## 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	793	755	755	$2\pm1$
All	All	15860	15100	15100	48

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Mod	dels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:54:LEU:HD21	1:A:62:PHE:CE1	0.68	2.23	5	1
1:A:54:LEU:HD11	1:A:62:PHE:CE1	0.52	2.40	15	1
1:A:95:TRP:CG	1:A:96:ASP:N	0.46	2.84	15	2
1:A:23:LEU:HB2	1:A:70:PHE:CD1	0.45	2.47	16	12
1:A:70:PHE:HB2	1:A:78:TYR:CE2	0.45	2.47	19	4

5 of 18 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

#### 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles			
1	А	95/100~(95%)	$77 \pm 3 (81 \pm 3\%)$	$14\pm3~(15\pm3\%)$	$4\pm1$ ( $4\pm1\%$ )		5	29
All	All	1900/2000~(95%)	1541 (81%)	278 (15%)	81 (4%)		5	29

 $5~{\rm of}~20$  unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	41	LYS	17
1	А	43	GLY	13
1	А	74	GLU	8

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	58	LYS	7
1	А	15	ALA	5

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perc	entiles
1	А	90/95~(95%)	$79\pm2$ (87±3%)	$11\pm2~(13\pm3\%)$	8	49
All	All	1800/1900~(95%)	1571 (87%)	229 (13%)	8	49

5 of 40 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	40	LEU	20
1	А	64	LEU	20
1	А	86	THR	17
1	А	22	PHE	16
1	А	62	PHE	15

#### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



## 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

