

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 6, 2023 – 02:36 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	1JS9
Title	:	Brome Mosaic Virus
Authors	:	Lucas, R.W.; Larson, S.B.; McPherson, A.
Deposited on	:	2001-08-16
Resolution	:	3.40  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

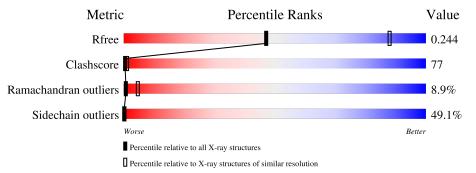
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	2.35
buster-report	:	1.1.7(2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber $(2001)$
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R <sub>free</sub>	130704	1026 (3.48-3.32)
Clashscore	141614	1055(3.48-3.32)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1038 (3.48-3.32)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1038 (3.48-3.32)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	А	189	13%	37%	26%	• 21%	, )		
1	В	189	13%	41%	33%		13%		
1	С	189	24%	43%		31%	•		



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3762 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

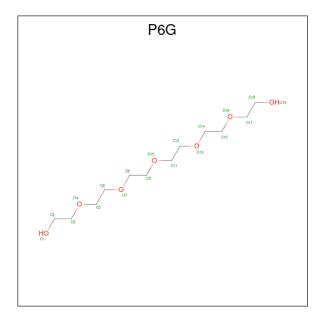
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	А	149	Total	С	Ν	0	S	8	0	0
1	Л	149	1133	728	190	212	3	0	0	U
1	В	165	Total	С	Ν	0	S	4	0	0
1	D	105	1245	799	211	232	3	4	0	0
1	С	189	Total	С	Ν	0	S	1	0	0
1	U	189	1363	869	235	256	3	4	0	0

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Coat protein.

• Molecule 2 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0
2	С	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is HEXAETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: P6G) (formula:  $C_{12}H_{26}O_7$ ).





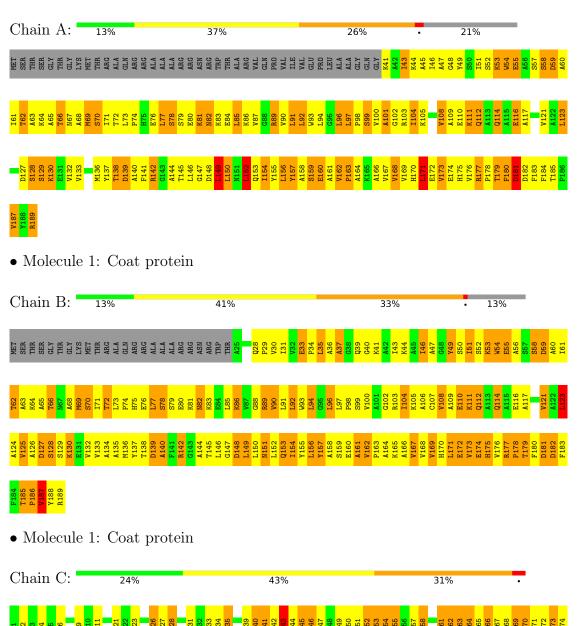


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
3	В	1	Total 19	C 12	0 7	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Coat protein



# A140 H75 A140 H75 A144 S78 A144 S78 A144 S78 A145 E80 L145 L146 L144 E84 L145 K81 G143 S78 G144 K82 L149 E84 L150 K82 L149 E84 L151 K83 Q155 K83 L160 L96 L154 K93 A161 L94 L152 L94 A161 L94 L157 L94 A161 L94 L157 R109 V165 L147 V165 L147 V165 L146 L157 R117 V156 V100 V157 V133 L158 V126 V136 L146 L158 L142</t



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	Н 3	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	50.3 (39.70-3.40) 69.2 (39.79-3.40)	Depositor EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	(Not available) 0.17	Depositor Depositor
$\frac{\mathbf{R}_{sym}}{< I/\sigma(I) > 1}$	$0.59 (at 3.40 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.851, CNS 1.1 0.238 , 0.250	Depositor Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.231 , $0.244$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	5118 reflections $(2.51\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	80.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.012	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32, $301.9$	EDS
L-test for $twinning^2$	$<  L  > = 0.49, < L^2 > = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	$\begin{array}{c} 0.007 \ {\rm for} \ -{\rm h}, 1/3^{\rm *}{\rm h}-1/3^{\rm *}{\rm k}-1/3^{\rm *}{\rm l}, -4/3^{\rm *}{\rm h}-8/3^{\rm *}{\rm k} \\ +1/3^{\rm *}{\rm l} \\ 0.007 \ {\rm for} \ -1/3^{\rm *}{\rm h}+1/3^{\rm *}{\rm k}+1/3^{\rm *}{\rm l}, -{\rm k}, 8/3^{\rm *}{\rm h}+4/\\ 3^{\rm *}{\rm k}+1/3^{\rm *}{\rm l}, -{\rm k}, 8/3^{\rm *}{\rm h}+4/\\ 0.009 \ {\rm for} \ -2/3^{\rm *}{\rm h}-1/3^{\rm *}{\rm k}-1/3^{\rm *}{\rm l}, -1/3^{\rm *}{\rm h}-2/3^{\rm *}{\rm k}+\\ 1/3^{\rm *}{\rm l}, -4/3^{\rm *}{\rm h}+4/3^{\rm *}{\rm k}+1/3^{\rm *}{\rm l} \\ 0.005 \ {\rm for} \ 1/3^{\rm *}{\rm h}+2/3^{\rm *}{\rm k}-1/3^{\rm *}{\rm l}, -{\rm k}, -8/3^{\rm *}{\rm h}-4/3^{\rm *}\\ {\rm k}-1/3^{\rm *}{\rm l} \\ 0.008 \ {\rm for} \ -1/3^{\rm *}{\rm h}-2/3^{\rm *}{\rm k}+1/3^{\rm *}{\rm l}, -2/3^{\rm *}{\rm h}-1/3^{\rm *}{\rm k}-\\ 1/3^{\rm *}{\rm l}, 4/3^{\rm *}{\rm h}-4/3^{\rm *}{\rm k}-1/3^{\rm *}{\rm l} \\ 0.006 \ {\rm for} \ -{\rm h}, 2/3^{\rm *}{\rm h}+1/3^{\rm *}{\rm k}+1/3^{\rm *}{\rm l}, 4/3^{\rm *}{\rm h}+8/3\\ {\rm *}{\rm k}-1/3^{\rm *}{\rm l} \\ 0.019 \ {\rm for} \ {\rm h}, -{\rm h}-{\rm k}, -{\rm l} \end{array}$	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.84	EDS
Total number of atoms	3762	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	102.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.11% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



 $<sup>^1 \</sup>mathrm{Intensities}$  estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG,  $\rm P6G$ 

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.45	0/1154	0.71	1/1566~(0.1%)	
1	В	0.42	0/1268	0.70	1/1723~(0.1%)	
1	С	0.42	0/1386	0.70	1/1887~(0.1%)	
All	All	0.43	0/3808	0.70	3/5176~(0.1%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	123	LEU	CA-CB-CG	7.35	132.20	115.30
1	С	123	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.62	130.53	115.30
1	А	171	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-5.11	103.54	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1133	0	1159	178	0
1	В	1245	0	1278	212	0
1	С	1363	0	1343	200	0
2	А	1	0	0	0	0
2	С	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	19	0	26	0	0
All	All	3762	0	3806	581	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 77.

The worst 5 of 581 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:123:LEU:HD22	1:A:123:LEU:H	1.16	1.05
1:B:53:LYS:HG2	1:B:172:GLU:HG3	1.38	1.01
1:B:35:LEU:HD12	1:B:35:LEU:H	1.22	1.00
1:C:69:MET:HG3	1:C:154:ILE:HD11	1.43	1.00
1:B:123:LEU:HD11	1:B:137:TYR:HA	1.43	0.97

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percenti	les
1	А	147/189~(78%)	108 (74%)	28 (19%)	11 (8%)	1 7	
1	В	163/189~(86%)	117 (72%)	30 (18%)	16 (10%)	0 4	
1	С	187/189~(99%)	126 (67%)	44 (24%)	17 (9%)	1 4	
All	All	497/567~(88%)	351 (71%)	102 (20%)	44 (9%)	1 5	

5 of 44 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	101	ALA
1	А	111	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	139	ASP
1	А	181	ASP
1	В	111	LYS

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	117/146~(80%)	61~(52%)	56~(48%)	0 0		
1	В	128/146~(88%)	66~(52%)	62~(48%)	0 0		
1	С	128/146~(88%)	63 (49%)	65~(51%)	0 0		
All	All	373/438~(85%)	190 (51%)	183 (49%)	0 0		

 $5~{\rm of}~183$  residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	183	PHE
1	С	92	LEU
1	С	28	GLN
1	С	64	LYS
1	С	105	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	153	GLN
1	С	82	ASN
1	В	28	GLN
1	А	153	GLN
1	С	67	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	B	ond ang	les
	туре	Ullalli	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	P6G	В	2001	-	18,18,18	0.73	0	17,17,17	0.79	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	P6G	В	2001	-	-	4/16/16/16	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

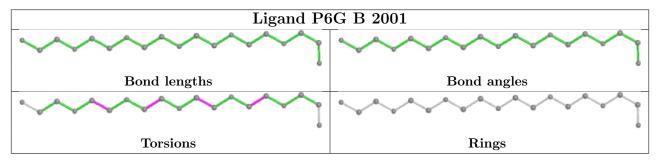
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	В	2001	P6G	O7-C8-C9-O10
3	В	2001	P6G	O10-C11-C12-O13
3	В	2001	P6G	O4-C5-C6-O7
3	В	2001	P6G	O13-C14-C15-O16



There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

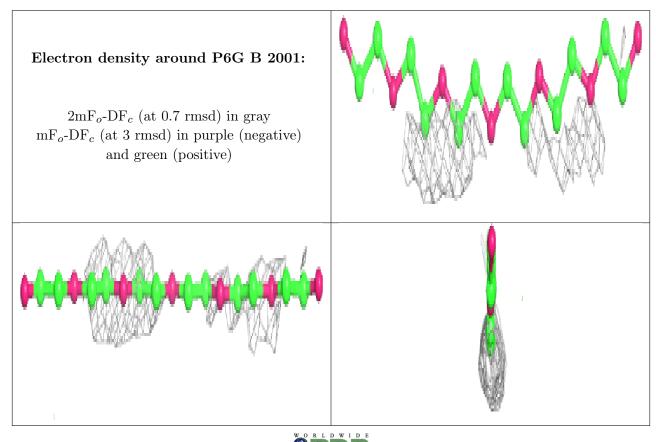
### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

