

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 25, 2024 – 11:52 AM EDT

PDB ID : 6JT5

Title : Crystal structure of PQQ doamin of Pyranose Dehydrogenase from Coprinopsis

cinerea: apo-from

Authors: Takeda, K.; Ishida, T.; Yoshida, M.; Samejima, M.; Ohno, H.; Igarashi, K.;

Nakamura, N.

Deposited on : 2019-04-09

Resolution : 1.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.37.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

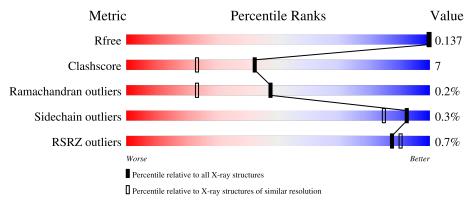
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{A})}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	2936 (1.50-1.50)
Clashscore	141614	3144 (1.50-1.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3066 (1.50-1.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3064 (1.50-1.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2884 (1.50-1.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
			<mark>%</mark>	
1	A	410	90%	10%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
6	PGE	A	705	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

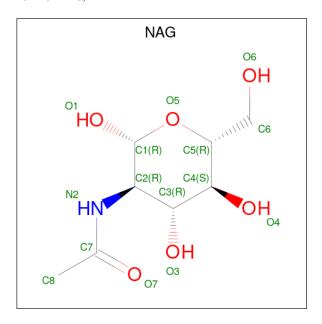
There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4144 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Extracellular PQQ-dependent sugar dehydrogenase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	409	Total	C	N	O	S	0	20	0
			3315	2067	612	623	13			

• Molecule 2 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).



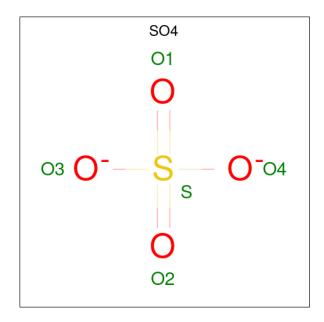
Mol	Chain	Residues	A	ton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

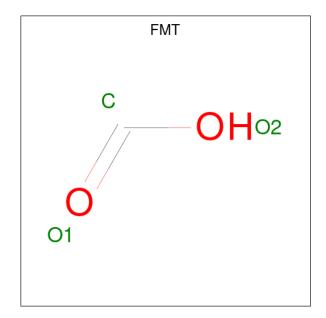


 \bullet Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Ato	ms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0

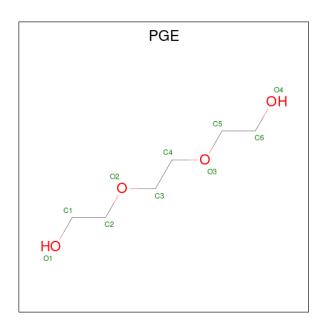
 \bullet Molecule 5 is FORMIC ACID (three-letter code: FMT) (formula: $\mathrm{CH_2O_2}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C C 3 1 2	2	0	0

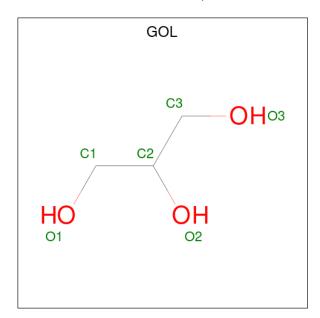
 \bullet Molecule 6 is TRIETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: PGE) (formula: $\mathrm{C_6H_{14}O_4}).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
6	A	1	Total 10	C 6	O 4	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 7 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $\mathrm{C_3H_8O_3}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
7	A	1	Total C O 12 6 6	0	1

• Molecule 8 is water.



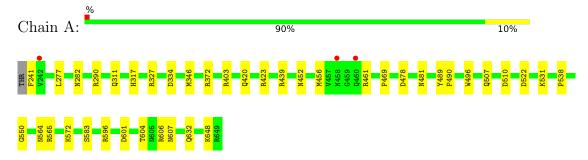
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	775	Total O 778 778	0	3



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Extracellular PQQ-dependent sugar dehydrogenase





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	62.30Å 47.85Å 69.38Å	Donositon
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 115.55° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.75 - 1.50	Depositor
Resolution (A)	19.75 - 1.50	EDS
% Data completeness	99.6 (19.75-1.50)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.6 (19.75-1.50)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.08	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	14.08 (at 1.50Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0073	Depositor
D D	0.105 , 0.134	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.107 , 0.137	DCC
R_{free} test set	2955 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	5.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.062	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35, 45.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.018 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	4144	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	13.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.29% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, SO4, FMT, GOL, PGE, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	1.00	$1/3435 \ (0.0\%)$	1.12	$16/4681 \ (0.3\%)$	

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	583	SER	CB-OG	-5.14	1.35	1.42

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	478	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-10.73	108.64	118.30
1	A	327	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.98	125.29	120.30
1	A	327	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.17	115.71	120.30
1	A	439	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.20	116.20	120.30
1	A	403	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.12	116.24	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3315	0	3201	43	0
2	A	14	0	13	0	0

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Continued	trom	mmoninonic	maaa
COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	5	0	0	0	0
5	A	3	0	1	0	0
6	A	10	0	14	14	0
7	A	18	0	24	0	0
8	A	778	0	0	25	4
All	All	4144	0	3253	46	4

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

The worst 5 of 46 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:423[A]:ARG:NH2	8:A:802:HOH:O	1.70	1.25
1:A:346:MET:SD	8:A:1385:HOH:O	2.00	1.16
1:A:461[B]:ARG:HG2	1:A:461[B]:ARG:HH21	1.02	1.08
1:A:420[B]:GLN:NE2	8:A:803:HOH:O	1.86	1.06
1:A:346:MET:HE1	8:A:857:HOH:O	1.56	1.05

All (4) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} { m Clash} \\ { m overlap} \ ({ m \AA}) \end{array}$
8:A:860:HOH:O	8:A:1360:HOH:O[1_545]	1.95	0.25
8:A:1070:HOH:O	8:A:1502:HOH:O[2_656]	2.03	0.17
8:A:850:HOH:O	8:A:1209:HOH:O[2_657]	2.04	0.16
8:A:1043:HOH:O	8:A:1373:HOH:O[1_655]	2.19	0.01

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	427/410 (104%)	413 (97%)	13 (3%)	1 (0%)	47 23

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	317	HIS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	F	erce	entiles
1	A	363/345 (105%)	362 (100%)	1 (0%)		92	85

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	469	PRO

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	350	ASN
1	A	452	ASN
1	A	458	ASN
1	A	460	GLN
1	A	564	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 7 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuna	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	SO4	A	703	3	4,4,4	1.33	1 (25%)	6,6,6	0.63	0
2	NAG	A	701	1	14,14,15	0.96	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.59	2 (11%)
7	GOL	A	707[A]	-	5,5,5	0.52	0	5,5,5	1.01	0
5	FMT	A	704	3	2,2,2	0.43	0	1,1,1	0.26	0
7	GOL	A	707[B]	-	5,5,5	0.67	0	5,5,5	0.74	0
7	GOL	A	706	-	5,5,5	1.43	1 (20%)	5,5,5	2.78	3 (60%)
6	PGE	A	705	-	9,9,9	0.78	0	8,8,8	1.82	3 (37%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	A	701	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	GOL	A	707[B]	-	-	3/4/4/4	-
7	GOL	A	707[A]	-	-	3/4/4/4	-
7	GOL	A	706	-	-	1/4/4/4	-
6	PGE	A	705	-	-	4/7/7/7	-

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
4	A	703	SO4	O1-S	2.46	1.59	1.46
7	A	706	GOL	O2-C2	2.24	1.50	1.43

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
2	A	701	NAG	O5-C1	2.01	1.46	1.43

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	A	701	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-4.61	104.01	111.29
7	A	706	GOL	O2-C2-C1	-4.30	90.19	109.12
7	A	706	GOL	O2-C2-C3	3.68	125.34	109.12
6	A	705	PGE	O3-C4-C3	3.35	125.50	110.39
2	A	701	NAG	C6-C5-C4	-2.82	106.39	113.00

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 11 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	A	707[A]	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
6	A	705	PGE	O1-C1-C2-O2
7	A	707[B]	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
7	A	706	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
6	A	705	PGE	C1-C2-O2-C3

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 14 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes	
6	A	705	PGE	14	0	

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	409/410 (99%)	-0.38	3 (0%)	87 90	6, 9, 17, 42	0

All (3) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	458	ASN	3.3
1	A	460	GLN	2.9
1	A	242	VAL	2.4

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
7	GOL	A	706	6/6	0.85	0.14	22,25,26,27	0
2	NAG	A	701	14/15	0.88	0.17	22,25,29,36	0
6	PGE	A	705	10/10	0.94	0.18	17,26,31,32	0
7	GOL	A	707[A]	6/6	0.95	0.17	8,12,12,14	6

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f \AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
7	GOL	A	707[B]	6/6	0.95	0.17	10,14,17,20	6
4	SO4	A	703	5/5	0.99	0.05	7,7,8,8	0
5	FMT	A	704	3/3	0.99	0.04	7,7,7,7	0
3	CA	A	702	1/1	1.00	0.03	6,6,6,6	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

