

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 6, 2023 – 01:29 pm BST

PDB ID : 5JWJ BMRB ID : 30087

Title : NMR solution structure of a thermophilic lysine methyl transferase from Sul-

folobus islandicus

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Κ.

Deposited on : 2016-05-12

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} wwPDB\text{-}ShiftChecker &:& v1.2\\ BMRB \ Restraints \ Analysis &:& v1.2 \end{array}$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

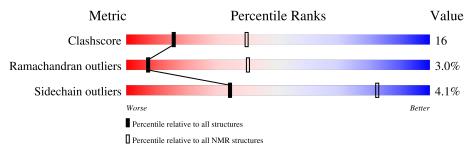
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.33

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 84%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain							
1	٨	170								
1	A	172	58%	18%	•	16%	6%			



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 6 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues							
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid m							
1	A:14-A:100, A:113-A:159	0.44	6				
	(134)						

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20
2	7, 16
Single-model clusters	5



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2592 atoms, of which 1315 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Protein-lysine N-methyltransferase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	٨	169	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1	А	162	2592	814	1315	220	237	6	U

There are 12 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	34	ALA	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP F0NBH8
A	162	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP F0NBH8
A	163	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP F0NBH8
A	164	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP F0NBH8
A	165	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP F0NBH8
A	166	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP F0NBH8
A	167	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP F0NBH8
A	168	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP F0NBH8
A	169	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP F0NBH8
A	170	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP F0NBH8
A	171	HIS	=	expression tag	UNP F0NBH8
A	172	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP F0NBH8

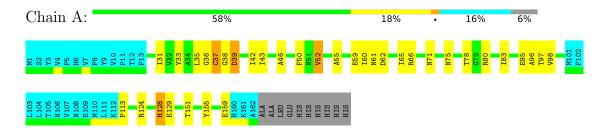


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

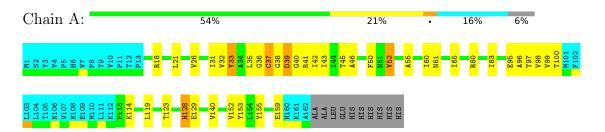
• Molecule 1: Protein-lysine N-methyltransferase



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 6. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Protein-lysine N-methyltransferase





Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Xplor-NIH	refinement	
CYANA	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1793
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1752
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	41
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	84%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	0.69 ± 0.00	$0\pm0/1064~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	0.74 ± 0.01	$0\pm0/1434~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	
All	All	0.69	0/21280 (0.0%)	0.74	7/28680 (0.0%)	

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below.

7	/Iol	Chain	Ros	Type	Atoms	7	\downarrow ()bcorrod(o) \downarrow (dos)(o) \downarrow		Mod	dels
1	MIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed()	ideai()	Worst	Total
	1	A	33	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-5.18	117.89	121.00	7	7

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mo	ol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1		A	1050	1078	1076	35±5
Al	l	All	21000	21560	21520	694

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

5 of 189 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom 1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	$\operatorname{Distance}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}})$	Models		
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total	
1:A:87:ASN:O	1:A:91:VAL:HG23	0.76	1.81	3	3	

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	$Distance(\mathring{A})$	${f Models}$	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	n(A) Distance(A)		Total
1:A:26:VAL:HG13	1:A:30:ASP:OD2	0.75	1.80	15	2
1:A:33:TYR:CD1	1:A:96:ALA:HB2	0.74	2.18	15	7
1:A:21:LEU:O	1:A:26:VAL:HG12	0.72	1.83	20	6
1:A:119:LEU:HD23	1:A:123:THR:HG21	0.68	1.65	11	7

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	134/172 (78%)	125±2 (93±1%)	5±2 (4±1%)	4±1 (3±0%)	7 40
All	All	2680/3440 (78%)	2496 (93%)	104 (4%)	80 (3%)	7 40

5 of 8 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	39	ASP	20
1	A	128	HIS	19
1	A	37	CYS	14
1	A	52	VAL	12
1	A	78	THR	7

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	ain Analysed Rotameric Outlier		Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	114/149 (77%)	109±2 (96±2%)	5±2 (4±2%)	34 82
All	All	2280/2980 (77%)	2186 (96%)	94 (4%)	34 82



5 of 28 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	83	ILE	20
1	A	35	LEU	10
1	A	39	ASP	7
1	A	128	HIS	6
1	A	30	ASP	5

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 84% for the well-defined parts and 77% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1793
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1752
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	41
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	5

The following errors were found when reading this chemical shift list.

• Chemical shift has been reported more than once. First 5 (of 41) occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Pog	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
LIST ID	Chain	rtes	Type	Type Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	35	LEU	HD11	0.741	•	1
1	A	35	LEU	HD12	0.741	•	1
1	A	35	LEU	HD13	0.741		1
1	A	111	LEU	HD11	0.547	•	1
1	A	111	LEU	HD12	0.547	•	1
1	A	111	LEU	HD13	0.547	•	1

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

• No matching atom found in the structure. First 5 (of 41) occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Pog	Type	Atom		Shift Data	
LIST ID	Chain	nes	туре	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	163	ALA	Н	8.241	•	1

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Continue				A .	Shift Data			
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity	
1	A	163	ALA	HA	4.235		1	
1	A	163	ALA	N	123.604	•	1	
1	A	163	ALA	HB3	1.352		1	
1	A	163	ALA	HB2	1.352	•	1	
1	A	163	ALA	HB1	1.352		1	
1	A	164	ALA	Н	8.079	•	1	
1	A	164	ALA	HA	4.251		1	
1	A	164	ALA	N	122.714	•	1	
1	A	164	ALA	HB3	1.355		1	
1	A	164	ALA	HB2	1.355	•	1	
1	A	164	ALA	HB1	1.355	•	1	
1	A	165	LEU	С	177.343	•	1	
1	A	165	LEU	CA	55.233		1	
1	A	165	LEU	СВ	42.421	•	1	
1	A	165	LEU	CD1	24.751	•	2	
1	A	165	LEU	CD2	23.408	•	2	
1	A	165	LEU	CG	27.076	•	1	
1	A	165	LEU	Н	7.967	•	1	
1	A	165	LEU	HA	4.272	•	1	
1	A	165	LEU	HB2	1.608	•	2	
1	A	165	LEU	HB3	1.53	•	2	
1	A	165	LEU	HG	1.583	•	1	
1	A	165	LEU	N	120.6	•	1	
1	A	165	LEU	HD11	0.904	•	2	
1	A	165	LEU	HD12	0.904		2	
1	A	165	LEU	HD13	0.904	•	2	
1	A	165	LEU	HD21	0.853		2	
1	A	165	LEU	HD22	0.853	•	2	
1	A	165	LEU	HD23	0.853	•	2	
1	A	166	GLU	С	176.265	•	1	
1	A	166	GLU	CA	56.57	•	1	
1	A	166	GLU	СВ	30.352	•	1	
1	A	166	GLU	CG	35.477	•	1	
1	A	166	GLU	Н	8.101	•	1	
1	A	166	GLU	HA	4.205	•	1	
1	A	166	GLU	HB2	1.903		1	
1	A	166	GLU	HG2	2.191	•	1	
1	A	166	GLU	N	120.951		1	
1	A	166	GLU	HB3	1.903	•	1	
1	A	166	GLU	HG3	2.191	•	1	



7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	154	-0.24 ± 0.11	None needed ($< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	141	0.06 ± 0.09	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
¹³ C′	154	0.06 ± 0.11	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	153	0.09 ± 0.17	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 84%, i.e. 1559 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1860. 0 out of 24 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	674/675 (100%)	275/276 (100%)	268/268 (100%)	131/131 (100%)
Sidechain	853/1090 (78%)	583/706 (83%)	270/339 (80%)	0/45~(0%)
Aromatic	32/95 (34%)	18/46 (39%)	13/44 (30%)	1/5 (20%)
Overall	1559/1860 (84%)	876/1028 (85%)	551/651 (85%)	132/181 (73%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

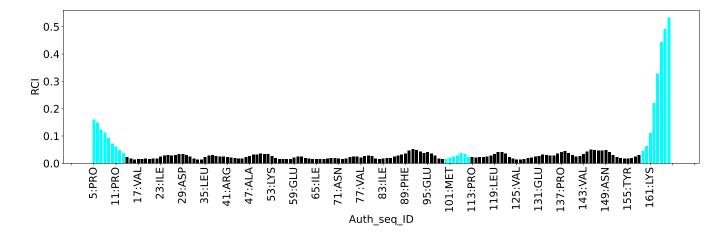
List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	132	ILE	HG23	-0.85	-0.56 - 2.11	-6.1
1	A	132	ILE	HG22	-0.85	-0.56 - 2.11	-6.1
1	A	132	ILE	HG21	-0.85	-0.56 - 2.11	-6.1
1	A	129	GLU	HG3	1.08	1.20 - 3.30	-5.5
1	A	56	VAL	НВ	0.32	0.43 - 3.54	-5.3

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray



bars.
Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	2713
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	825
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	745
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	389
Long range (i-j ≥5)	754
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	251
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	17.2
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	4.4

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	68.0	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	5.3	0.47
>0.5 (Large)	None	None



8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

$\operatorname{Bins}\ (^{\circ})$	Average number of violations per model	$\mathbf{Max} \ (^{\circ})$
1.0-10.0 (Small)	2.0	3.0
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	None	None
>20.0 (Large)	None	None



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

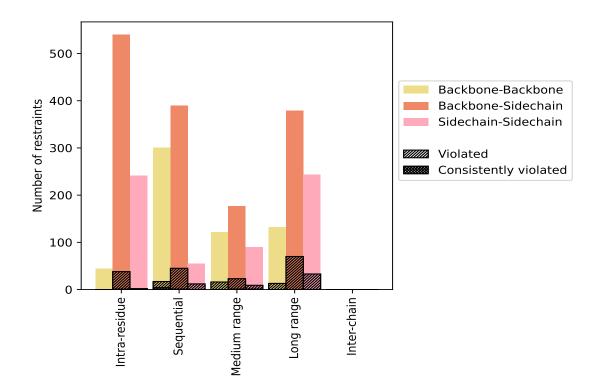
The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Doodnointe tour	Count	5 % ¹	Vi	olated	3	Consis	tentl	${ m y~Violated^4}$
Restraints type	Count	%0°	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^{1}$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	825	30.4	40	4.8	1.5	1	0.1	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	44	1.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	540	19.9	38	7.0	1.4	1	0.2	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	241	8.9	2	0.8	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	745	27.5	74	9.9	2.7	5	0.7	0.2
Backbone-Backbone	301	11.1	17	5.6	0.6	4	1.3	0.1
Backbone-Sidechain	389	14.3	45	11.6	1.7	1	0.3	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	55	2.0	12	21.8	0.4	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($ i-j >1 \& i-j <5$)	389	14.3	48	12.3	1.8	2	0.5	0.1
Backbone-Backbone	122	4.5	16	13.1	0.6	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	177	6.5	23	13.0	0.8	1	0.6	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	90	3.3	9	10.0	0.3	1	1.1	0.0
Long range ($ i-j \ge 5$)	754	27.8	116	15.4	4.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	132	4.9	13	9.8	0.5	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	379	14.0	70	18.5	2.6	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	243	9.0	33	13.6	1.2	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	2713	100.0	278	10.2	10.2	8	0.3	0.3
Backbone-Backbone	599	22.1	46	7.7	1.7	4	0.7	0.1
Backbone-Sidechain	1485	54.7	176	11.9	6.5	3	0.2	0.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	629	23.2	56	8.9	2.1	1	0.2	0.0

 $^{^1}$ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models



9.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

MadalID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	5	M (8)	N/ (Å)	SD^6 (Å)	Madian (Å)
Model ID	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	\mathbf{SD}^6 (Å)	Median (Å)
1	10	13	10	26	0	59	0.15	0.25	0.04	0.14
2	11	18	20	34	0	83	0.14	0.21	0.02	0.14
3	12	22	17	23	0	74	0.15	0.24	0.03	0.14
4	4	25	20	27	0	76	0.14	0.36	0.04	0.13
5	15	24	14	29	0	82	0.15	0.39	0.05	0.14
6	11	21	11	29	0	72	0.15	0.32	0.04	0.14
7	8	22	22	30	0	82	0.15	0.43	0.05	0.14
8	9	21	14	27	0	71	0.15	0.36	0.05	0.14
9	10	18	15	32	0	75	0.15	0.36	0.05	0.14
10	8	18	20	26	0	72	0.14	0.32	0.04	0.14
11	9	19	14	30	0	72	0.15	0.36	0.04	0.13

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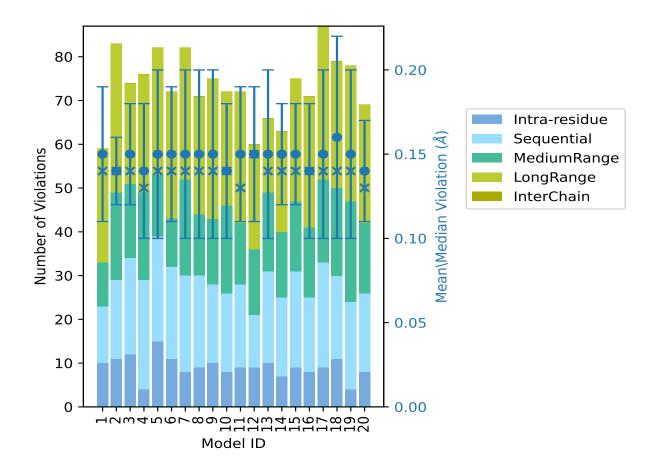


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Model ID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	3	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD^6 (Å)	Median (Å)
Model 1D	IR^1	SQ^2	$ m MR^3$	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (A)	Max (A)	$SD^*(A)$	Median (A)
12	9	12	15	24	0	60	0.15	0.37	0.04	0.15
13	10	21	18	17	0	66	0.15	0.39	0.05	0.14
14	7	18	15	23	0	63	0.15	0.31	0.03	0.14
15	9	22	16	28	0	75	0.15	0.28	0.03	0.14
16	8	17	16	30	0	71	0.14	0.4	0.04	0.14
17	9	24	19	35	0	87	0.15	0.38	0.05	0.14
18	11	19	20	29	0	79	0.16	0.41	0.06	0.14
19	4	20	23	31	0	78	0.15	0.47	0.05	0.14
20	8	18	16	27	0	69	0.14	0.24	0.03	0.13

 $^{^1}$ Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph: Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

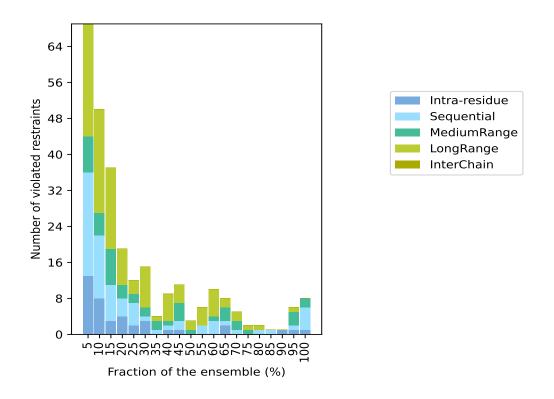
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 2435(IR:785, SQ:671, MR:341, LR:638, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Nu	$\overline{\mathbf{mber}}$	of vio	lated	restra	aints	Fraction	n of the ensemble
IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Count ⁶	%
13	23	8	25	0	69	1	5.0
8	14	5	23	0	50	2	10.0
3	8	8	18	0	37	3	15.0
4	4	3	8	0	19	4	20.0
2	5	2	3	0	12	5	25.0
3	1	2	9	0	15	6	30.0
0	1	2	1	0	4	7	35.0
1	1	1	6	0	9	8	40.0
1	2	4	4	0	11	9	45.0
0	0	1	2	0	3	10	50.0
0	2	0	4	0	6	11	55.0
0	3	1	6	0	10	12	60.0
2	1	3	2	0	8	13	65.0
0	1	2	2	0	5	14	70.0
0	0	1	1	0	2	15	75.0
0	1	0	1	0	2	16	80.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	17	85.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	18	90.0
1	1	3	1	0	6	19	95.0
1	5	2	0	0	8	20	100.0

 $^{^1}$ Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Number of models with violations



9.3.1 Bar graph: Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

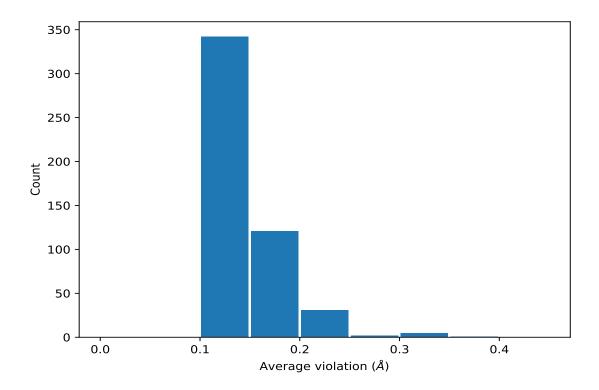


9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram: Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble





9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean (Å)	${ m SD}^1\ (m \AA)$	Median (Å)
(1,932)	1:A:53:LYS:H	1:A:52:VAL:H	20	0.19	0.04	0.22
(1,262)	1:A:22:GLU:HG3	1:A:23:ILE:H	20	0.18	0.02	0.18
(1,288)	1:A:23:ILE:HG12	1:A:19:ARG:HD2	20	0.16	0.02	0.17
(1,288)	1:A:23:ILE:HG12	1:A:19:ARG:HD3	20	0.16	0.02	0.17
(1,598)	1:A:40:GLY:H	1:A:39:ASP:H	20	0.16	0.03	0.15
(1,1002)	1:A:55:ALA:H	1:A:56:VAL:H	20	0.16	0.02	0.16
(1,639)	1:A:43:ILE:HB	1:A:40:GLY:HA2	20	0.15	0.01	0.15
(1,1657)	1:A:96:ALA:H	1:A:95:GLU:HA	20	0.14	0.01	0.14
(1,923)	1:A:53:LYS:HA	1:A:53:LYS:HB3	20	0.12	0.0	0.12
(1,302)	1:A:23:ILE:H	1:A:22:GLU:HG2	19	0.17	0.01	0.17
(1,767)	1:A:46:ALA:HB1	1:A:50:PHE:HA	19	0.16	0.02	0.17

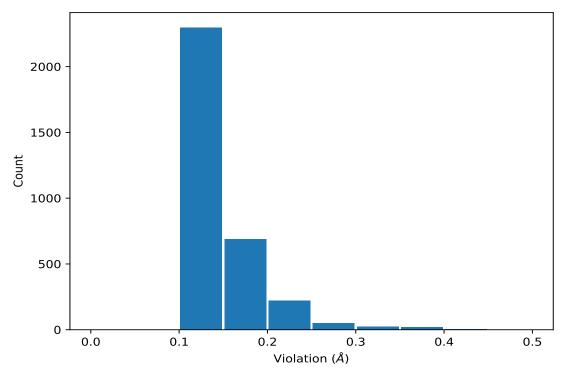
¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation



9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram: Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,1781)	1:A:111:LEU:H	1:A:110:MET:H	19	0.47
(1,2112)	1:A:130:PHE:HD1	1:A:130:PHE:HA	7	0.43
(1,2112)	1:A:130:PHE:HD2	1:A:130:PHE:HA	7	0.43
(1,263)	1:A:22:GLU:HG2	1:A:19:ARG:HG2	18	0.41
(1,2402)	1:A:146:GLY:HA3	1:A:148:MET:H	16	0.4
(1,1781)	1:A:111:LEU:H	1:A:110:MET:H	5	0.39
(1,16)	1:A:8:PRO:HB2	1:A:7:VAL:HA	13	0.39
(1,16)	1:A:8:PRO:HB3	1:A:7:VAL:HA	13	0.39
(1,2707)	1:A:161:LYS:HG2	1:A:135:TRP:HD1	18	0.38
(1,2707)	1:A:161:LYS:HG3	1:A:135:TRP:HD1	18	0.38
(1,1781)	1:A:111:LEU:H	1:A:110:MET:H	17	0.38

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)	
(1,2692)	1:A:160:HIS:HB3	1:A:159:GLU:HA	12	0.37	
(1,62)	1:A:11:PRO:HB2	1:A:9:TYR:HD1	4	0.36	



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

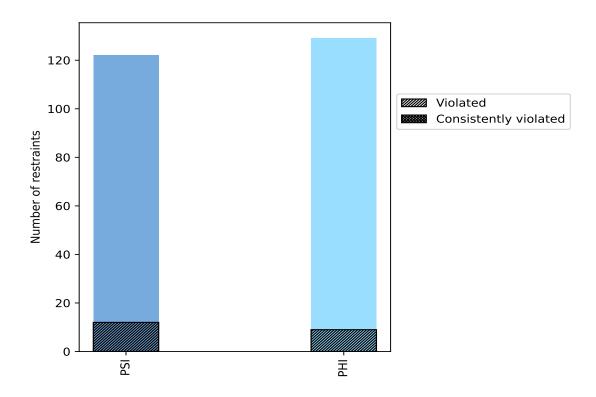
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle true	Count	$\%^{1}$	Vio	lated	3	Consis	tent	${ m ly~Violated^4}$
Angle type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
PSI	122	48.6	12	9.8	4.8	0	0.0	0.0
PHI	129	51.4	9	7.0	3.6	0	0.0	0.0
Total	251	100.0	21	8.4	8.4	0	0.0	0.0

 $^{^1}$ percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories



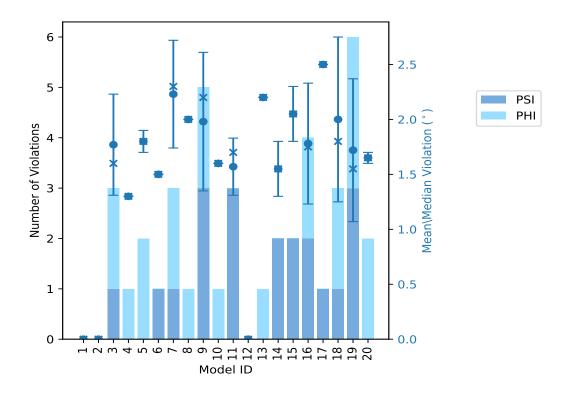
10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Nun	nber o	f violations	Mean (°)	Mov (°)	SD (°)	Modian (°)
Wiodei 1D	PSI	PHI	Total	Mean ()	$\mathbf{Max} \ (^{\circ})$	\mathbf{SD} (°)	\mid Median (°) \mid
1	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	1	2	3	1.77	2.4	0.46	1.6
4	0	1	1	1.3	1.3	0.0	1.3
5	0	2	2	1.8	1.9	0.1	1.8
6	1	0	1	1.5	1.5	0.0	1.5
7	1	2	3	2.23	2.8	0.49	2.3
8	0	1	1	2.0	2.0	0.0	2.0
9	3	2	5	1.98	2.8	0.63	2.2
10	0	1	1	1.6	1.6	0.0	1.6
11	3	0	3	1.57	1.8	0.26	1.7
12	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
13	0	1	1	2.2	2.2	0.0	2.2
14	2	0	2	1.55	1.8	0.25	1.55
15	2	0	2	2.05	2.3	0.25	2.05
16	2	2	4	1.78	2.5	0.55	1.75
17	1	0	1	2.5	2.5	0.0	2.5
18	1	2	3	2.0	3.0	0.75	1.8
19	3	3	6	1.72	3.0	0.65	1.55
20	0	2	2	1.65	1.7	0.05	1.65



10.2.1 Bar graph: Dihedral violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Nun	nber o	f violated restraints	Fraction of the ensemble		
PSI	PHI	Total	Count ¹	%	
7	5	12	1	5.0	
3	2	5	2	10.0	
1	0	1	3	15.0	
1	1	2	4	20.0	
0	0	0	5	25.0	
0	0	0	6	30.0	
0	0	0	7	35.0	
0	1	1	8	40.0	
0	0	0	9	45.0	
0	0	0	10	50.0	
0	0	0	11	55.0	

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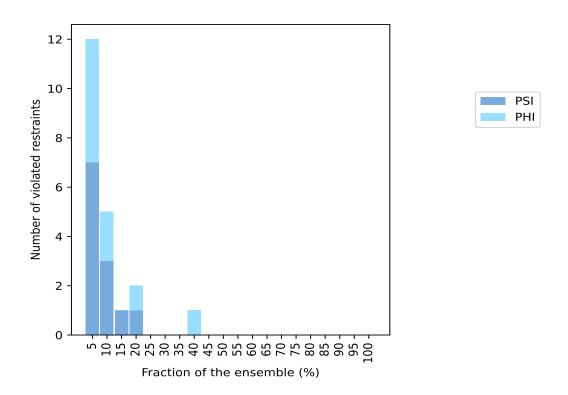


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Nun	nber o	f violated restraints	Fraction of the ensemble		
PSI	PHI	Total	Count ¹	%	
0	0	0	12	60.0	
0	0	0	13	65.0	
0	0	0	14	70.0	
0	0	0	15	75.0	
0	0	0	16	80.0	
0	0	0	17	85.0	
0	0	0	18	90.0	
0	0	0	19	95.0	
0	0	0	20	100.0	

¹ Number of models with violations

10.3.1 Bar graph: Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble (i)



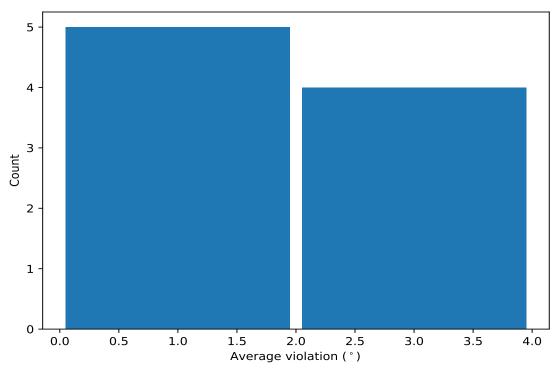
10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble (i)

10.4.1 Histogram: Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models



in the ensemble



10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean	\mathbf{SD}^2	Median
(1,48)	1:A:60:ILE:C	1:A:61:ASN:N	1:A:61:ASN:CA	1:A:61:ASN:C	8	1.69	0.37	1.6
(1,47)	1:A:59:GLU:C	1:A:60:ILE:N	1:A:60:ILE:CA	1:A:60:ILE:C	4	2.4	0.6	2.45
(1,134)	1:A:14:GLU:N	1:A:14:GLU:CA	1:A:14:GLU:C	1:A:15:LYS:N	4	1.67	0.54	1.55
(1,196)	1:A:87:ASN:N	1:A:87:ASN:CA	1:A:87:ASN:C	1:A:88:PHE:N	3	1.87	0.33	1.8
(1,119)	1:A:146:GLY:C	1:A:147:ASN:N	1:A:147:ASN:CA	1:A:147:ASN:C	2	2.65	0.15	2.65
(1,241)	1:A:147:ASN:N	1:A:147:ASN:CA	1:A:147:ASN:C	1:A:148:MET:N	2	2.2	0.1	2.2
(1,132)	1:A:10:VAL:N	1:A:10:VAL:CA	1:A:10:VAL:C	1:A:11:PRO:N	2	2.1	0.3	2.1
(1,211)	1:A:113:PRO:N	1:A:113:PRO:CA	1:A:113:PRO:C	1:A:114:LYS:N	2	1.5	0.3	1.5
(1,129)	1:A:158:GLY:C	1:A:159:GLU:N	1:A:159:GLU:CA	1:A:159:GLU:C	2	1.45	0.15	1.45

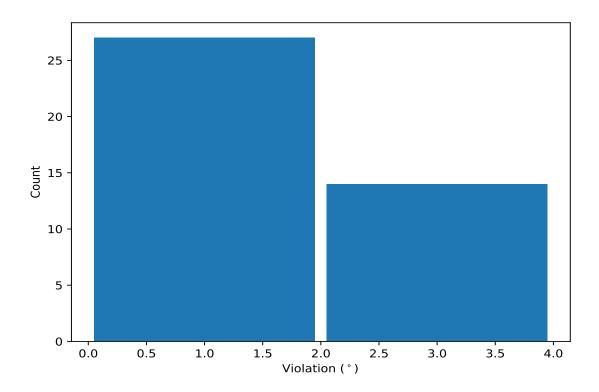
¹ Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

10.5.1 Histogram: Distribution of violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.





10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the list of violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,47)	1:A:59:GLU:C	1:A:60:ILE:N	1:A:60:ILE:CA	1:A:60:ILE:C	18	3.0
(1,47)	1:A:59:GLU:C	1:A:60:ILE:N	1:A:60:ILE:CA	1:A:60:ILE:C	19	3.0
(1,27)	1:A:35:LEU:C	1:A:36:GLY:N	1:A:36:GLY:CA	1:A:36:GLY:C	9	2.8
(1,119)	1:A:146:GLY:C	1:A:147:ASN:N	1:A:147:ASN:CA	1:A:147:ASN:C	7	2.8
(1,134)	1:A:14:GLU:N	1:A:14:GLU:CA	1:A:14:GLU:C	1:A:15:LYS:N	17	2.5
(1,119)	1:A:146:GLY:C	1:A:147:ASN:N	1:A:147:ASN:CA	1:A:147:ASN:C	16	2.5
(1,209)	1:A:102:PHE:N	1:A:102:PHE:CA	1:A:102:PHE:C	1:A:103:LEU:N	9	2.4
(1,132)	1:A:10:VAL:N	1:A:10:VAL:CA	1:A:10:VAL:C	1:A:11:PRO:N	3	2.4
(1,241)	1:A:147:ASN:N	1:A:147:ASN:CA	1:A:147:ASN:C	1:A:148:MET:N	7	2.3
(1,196)	1:A:87:ASN:N	1:A:87:ASN:CA	1:A:87:ASN:C	1:A:88:PHE:N	15	2.3

