WORLDWIDE PDB PROTEIN DATA BANK

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jun 18, 2024 – 12:18 PM JST

PDB ID	:	8K2R
BMRB ID	:	36580
Title	:	The structure of HtpG M domain in complex with unstructured D131D binding site b
Authors	:	Qu, X.; Huang, C.
Deposited on	:	2023-07-13

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

|		
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 25%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Clashscore		1
Ramachandran outliers		0.1%
Sidechain outliers		3.8%

Worse   *Better*

▮ Percentile relative to all structures
▯ Percentile relative to all NMR structures
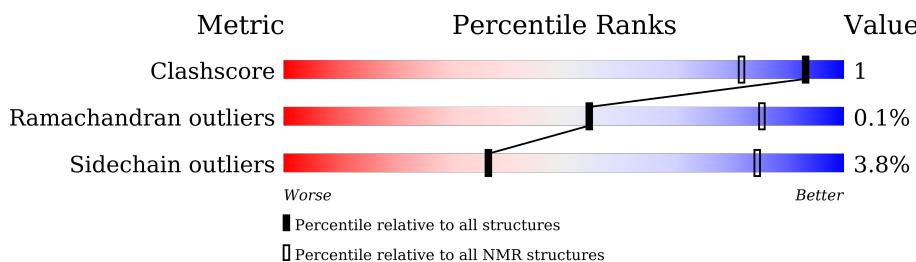
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	268	96% · · ·
2	B	75	95% 5%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 20 models. Model 17 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:232-A:489 (258)	1.16	17

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	6, 7, 8, 12, 18, 19
2	4, 5, 9, 13, 20
3	1, 2, 10, 15, 17
4	3, 11, 14, 16

3 Entry composition ⓘ

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5513 atoms, of which 2743 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Molecular chaperone HtpG (Fragment).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	265	4332	1390	2146	371	418	7	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	227	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A7A6VTW3
A	228	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP A0A7A6VTW3
A	229	MET	-	expression tag	UNP A0A7A6VTW3

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Disordered protein(D131D).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
2	B	71	1181	370	597	107	106	1	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	597	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P00644
B	598	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P00644
B	599	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P00644
B	600	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P00644

4 Residue-property plots ⓘ

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Molecular chaperone HtpG (Fragment)

Chain A:

• Molecule 2: Disordered protein(D131D)

Chain B:
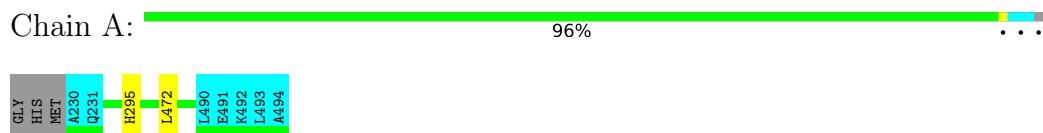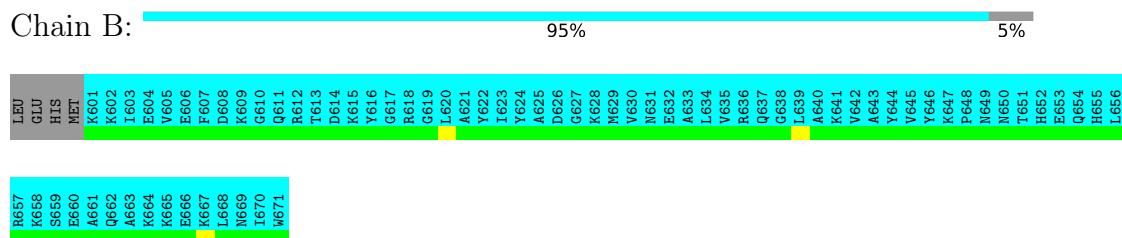
4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 17. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Molecular chaperone HtpG (Fragment)

Chain A:

• Molecule 2: Disordered protein(D131D)

Chain B:
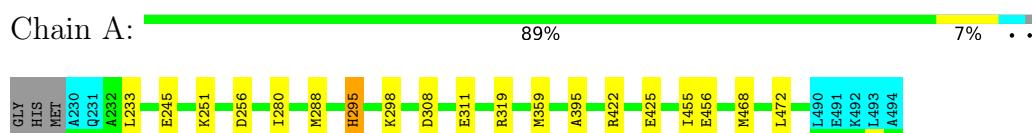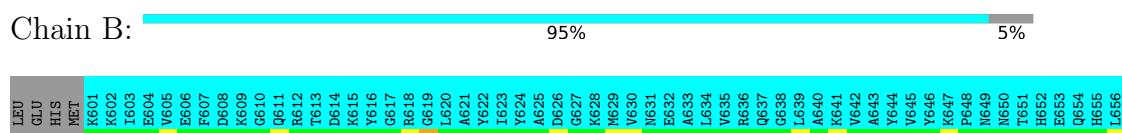
R657 K658 S659 E660 A661 Q662 A663 K664 K665 E666 K667 L668 N669 I670 W671

5   Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics.*

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	
CYANA	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	955
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	955
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	25%

6 Model quality ⓘ

6.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	2133	2087	2080	5±2
2	B	0	0	0	0±0
All	All	42660	41740	41600	107

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

5 of 81 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models Worst	Total
1:A:285:PRO:HG3	1:A:322:ARG:HH22	0.62	1.54	4	1
1:A:288:MET:SD	1:A:319:ARG:HG3	0.60	2.37	3	2
1:A:404:SER:HB3	1:A:458:LEU:HD23	0.57	1.76	15	2
1:A:434:THR:HB	1:A:466:GLU:HG2	0.57	1.76	11	1
1:A:468:MET:SD	1:A:472:LEU:HD12	0.55	2.41	17	5

6.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

6.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR

entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	258/268 (96%)	250±2 (97±1%)	8±2 (3±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	54	85
2	B	0	-	-	-	-	
All	All	5160/6860 (75%)	4990 (97%)	167 (3%)	3 (0%)	54	85

All 2 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	232	ALA	2
1	A	487	ASP	1

6.3.2   Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	233/240 (97%)	224±3 (96±1%)	9±3 (4±1%)	36	84
2	B	0	-	-	-	
All	All	4660/6060 (77%)	4485 (96%)	175 (4%)	36	84

5 of 60 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	311	GLU	10
1	A	348	LEU	10
1	A	295	HIS	8
1	A	322	ARG	8
1	A	291	ARG	8

6.3.3   RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation ⓘ

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 25% for the well-defined parts and 20% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_0*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping ⓘ

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	955
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	955
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	10

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing ⓘ

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_\alpha$	255	-0.01 ± 0.09	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_\beta$	246	0.94 ± 0.09	Should be checked
$^{13}C'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	227	-0.03 ± 0.26	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments ⓘ

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 25%, i.e. 927 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 3647. 0 out of 41 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	688/1282 (54%)	220/516 (43%)	248/516 (48%)	220/250 (88%)
Sidechain	239/2019 (12%)	0/1302 (0%)	239/633 (38%)	0/84 (0%)

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	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	0/346 (0%)	0/167 (0%)	0/159 (0%)	0/20 (0%)
Overall	927/3647 (25%)	220/1985 (11%)	487/1308 (37%)	220/354 (62%)

### 7.1.4   Statistically unusual chemical shifts   ⓘ

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	279	TYR	H	117.59	4.70 − 11.88	152.2
1	A	328	SER	H	31.14	5.45 − 11.10	40.5
1	A	340	GLN	H	29.41	5.39 − 11.05	37.5
1	A	279	TYR	N	9.63	100.12 − 140.79	-27.2
1	A	380	LEU	CB	57.53	33.11 − 51.34	8.4
1	A	335	SER	CB	51.64	56.28 − 71.32	-8.1
1	A	462	ASP	CB	53.22	32.98 − 48.76	7.8
1	A	380	LEU	CA	40.90	45.17 − 66.21	-7.0
1	A	360	LEU	CB	30.11	33.11 − 51.34	-6.7
1	A	353	THR	CB	58.99	61.12 − 78.27	-6.2

7.1.5   Random Coil Index (RCI) plots   ⓘ

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:
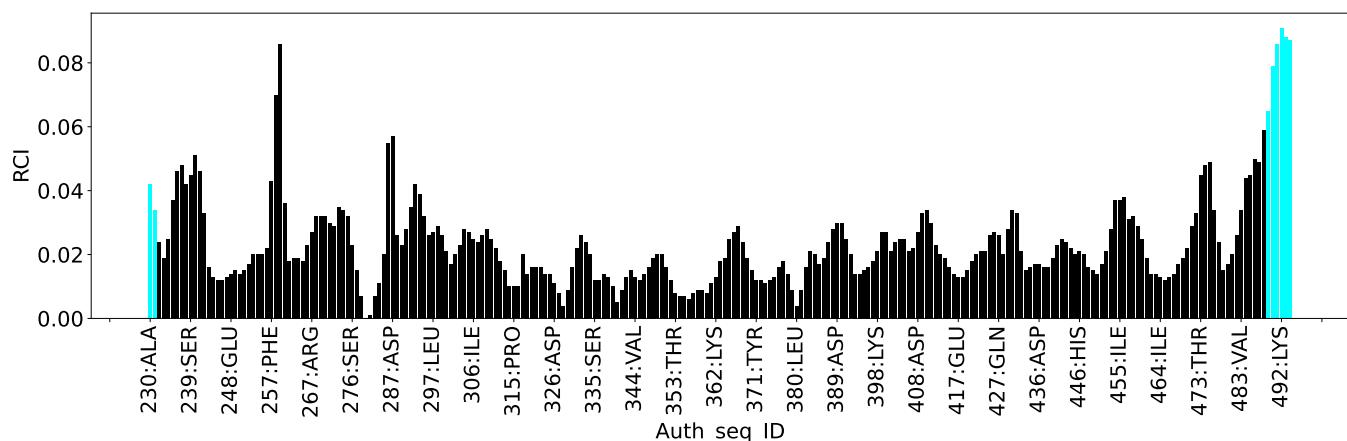
8 NMR restraints analysis ⓘ

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints ⓘ

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	3999
Intra-residue ($|i-j|$=0)	0
Sequential ($|i-j|$=1)	840
Medium range ($|i-j|$>1 and $|i-j|$<5)	1269
Long range ($|i-j|$≥5)	1872
Inter-chain	18
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	10.9
Number of long range restraints per residue[1]	5.1

[1]Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations ⓘ

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model ⓘ

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å
are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	42.2	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	97.3	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	53.4	6.06

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model ⓘ

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.There are no dihedral-angle violations

9 Distance violation analysis (i)

9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restraints type	Count	%[1]	Violated[3]			Consistently Violated[4]		
			Count	%[2]	%[1]	Count	%[2]	%[1]
Intra-residue (|i-j|=0)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (|i-j|=1)	840	21.0	29	3.5	0.7	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	537	13.4	2	0.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	289	7.2	22	7.6	0.6	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	14	0.4	5	35.7	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range (|i-j|>1 & |i-j|<5)	1269	31.7	318	25.1	8.0	3	0.2	0.1
Backbone-Backbone	599	15.0	131	21.9	3.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	469	11.7	127	27.1	3.2	3	0.6	0.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	201	5.0	60	29.9	1.5	0	0.0	0.0
Long range (|i-j|≥5)	1872	46.8	604	32.3	15.1	4	0.2	0.1
Backbone-Backbone	297	7.4	125	42.1	3.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	741	18.5	270	36.4	6.8	2	0.3	0.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	834	20.9	209	25.1	5.2	2	0.2	0.1
Inter-chain	18	0.5	18	100.0	0.5	7	38.9	0.2
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	18	0.5	18	100.0	0.5	7	38.9	0.2
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	3999	100.0	969	24.2	24.2	14	0.4	0.4
Backbone-Backbone	1433	35.8	258	18.0	6.5	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	1499	37.5	419	28.0	10.5	5	0.3	0.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	1067	26.7	292	27.4	7.3	9	0.8	0.2

[1] percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, [2] percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, [3] violated in at least one model, [4] violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations ⓘ
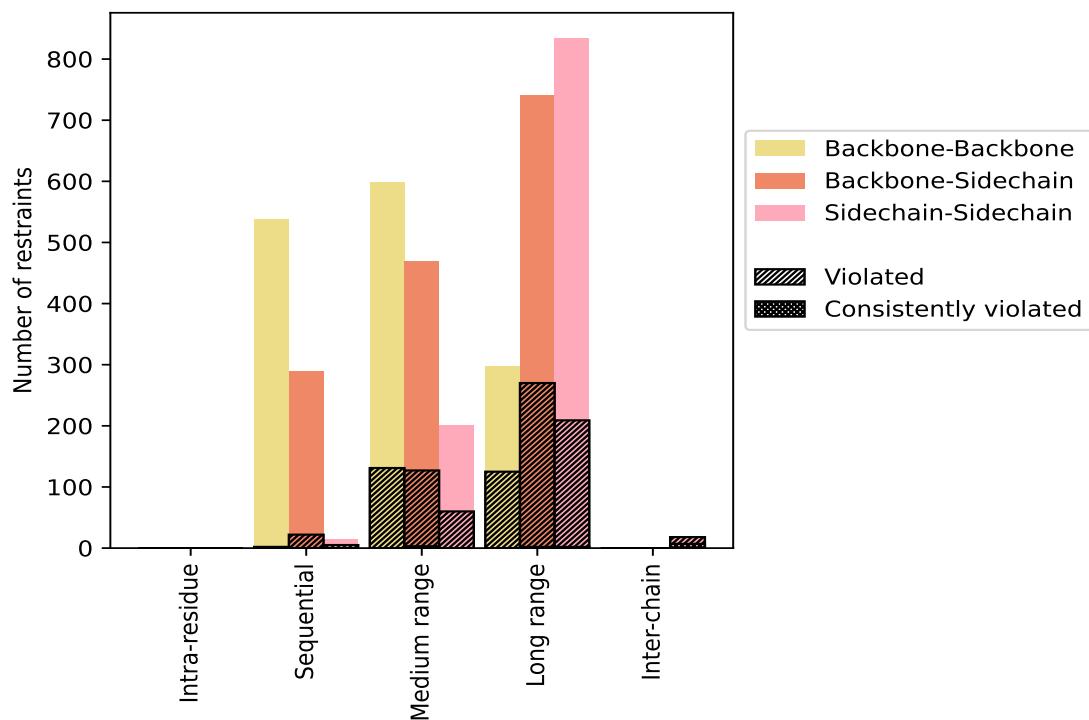
Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model ⓘ

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å
are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD[6] (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
1	0	4	63	108	14	189	0.45	2.78	0.38	0.37
2	0	9	71	103	12	195	0.46	6.06	0.57	0.36
3	0	6	56	129	12	203	0.45	3.55	0.46	0.34
4	0	9	71	114	16	210	0.47	3.84	0.49	0.36
5	0	5	65	99	17	186	0.56	5.92	0.82	0.37
6	0	5	55	93	13	166	0.48	3.3	0.59	0.3
7	0	8	54	135	15	212	0.49	4.59	0.56	0.36
8	0	11	66	104	14	195	0.49	4.07	0.6	0.36
9	0	7	58	106	15	186	0.52	5.13	0.73	0.39
10	0	7	66	110	17	200	0.51	4.51	0.6	0.36

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Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD[6] (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total				
11	0	4	54	96	13	167	0.53	3.54	0.61	0.39
12	0	4	73	104	14	195	0.46	3.64	0.52	0.35
13	0	5	63	108	14	190	0.43	3.2	0.38	0.33
14	0	6	78	128	15	227	0.46	4.41	0.48	0.35
15	0	5	61	120	15	201	0.49	4.54	0.62	0.32
16	0	11	48	109	14	182	0.45	3.98	0.46	0.34
17	0	5	55	129	16	205	0.48	3.36	0.56	0.34
18	0	5	60	154	15	234	0.45	3.71	0.49	0.37
19	0	8	56	108	12	184	0.45	2.58	0.4	0.36
20	0	8	52	104	15	179	0.5	4.18	0.58	0.37

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6]Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model ⓘ
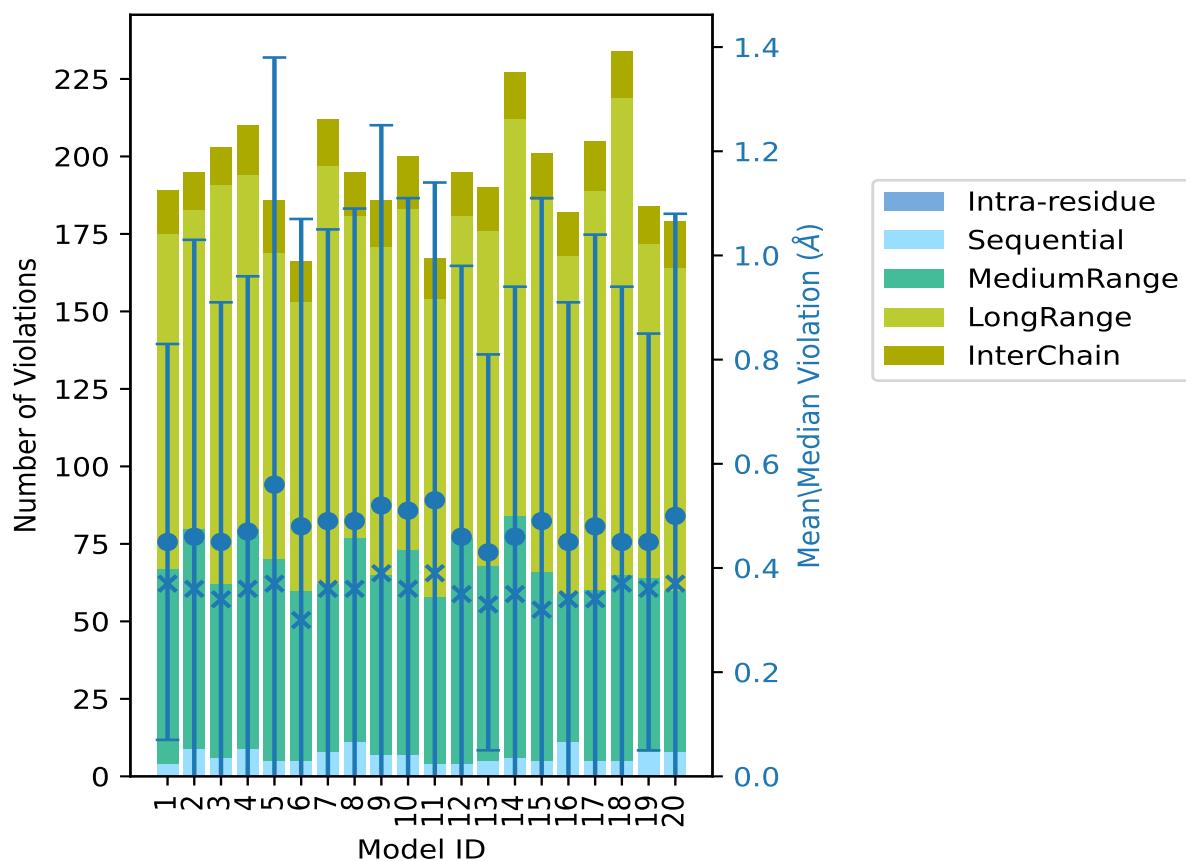
The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 3030(IR:0, SQ:811, MR:951, LR:1268, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR[1]	SQ[2]	MR[3]	LR[4]	IC[5]	Total	Count[6]	%
0	7	107	214	0	328	1	5.0
0	5	59	117	0	181	2	10.0
0	3	32	59	0	94	3	15.0
0	2	25	45	1	73	4	20.0
0	2	23	39	0	64	5	25.0
0	3	13	26	0	42	6	30.0
0	1	19	12	1	33	7	35.0
0	1	8	22	1	32	8	40.0
0	3	4	17	0	24	9	45.0
0	0	7	12	1	20	10	50.0
0	0	4	7	0	11	11	55.0
0	0	5	10	0	15	12	60.0
0	1	1	4	1	7	13	65.0
0	0	1	7	0	8	14	70.0
0	1	1	5	0	7	15	75.0
0	0	2	2	1	5	16	80.0
0	0	2	0	2	4	17	85.0
0	0	2	0	1	3	18	90.0
0	0	0	2	2	4	19	95.0
0	0	3	4	7	14	20	100.0

[1]Intra-residue restraints, [2]Sequential restraints, [3]Medium range restraints, [4]Long range restraints, [5]Inter-chain restraints, [6] Number of models with violations

9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble ⓘ
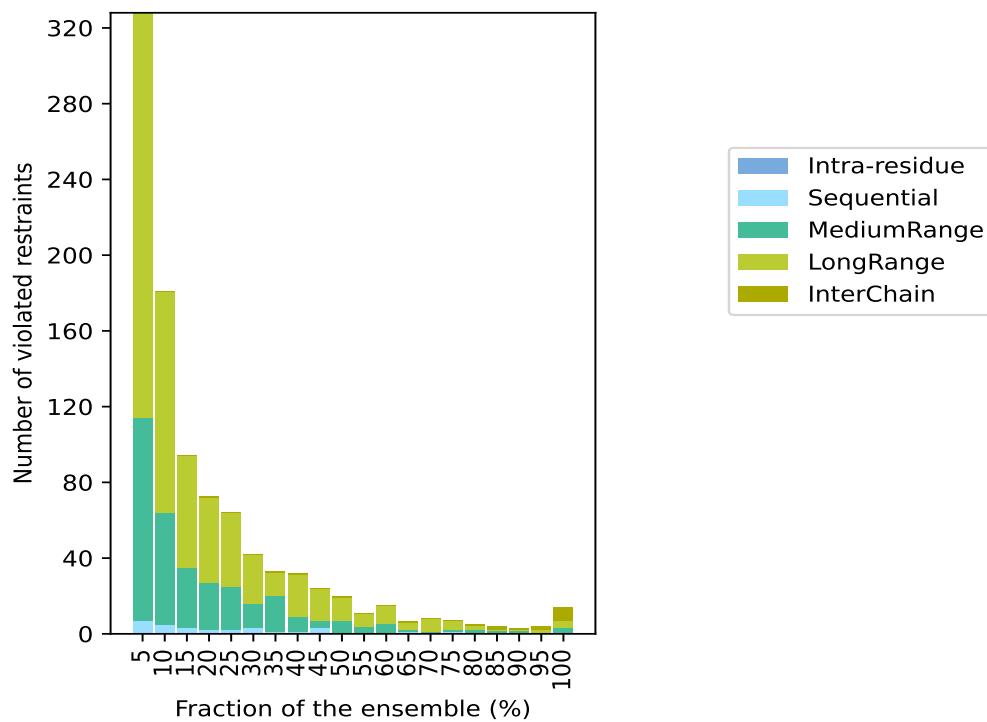
9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble ⓘ

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations ⓘ

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble
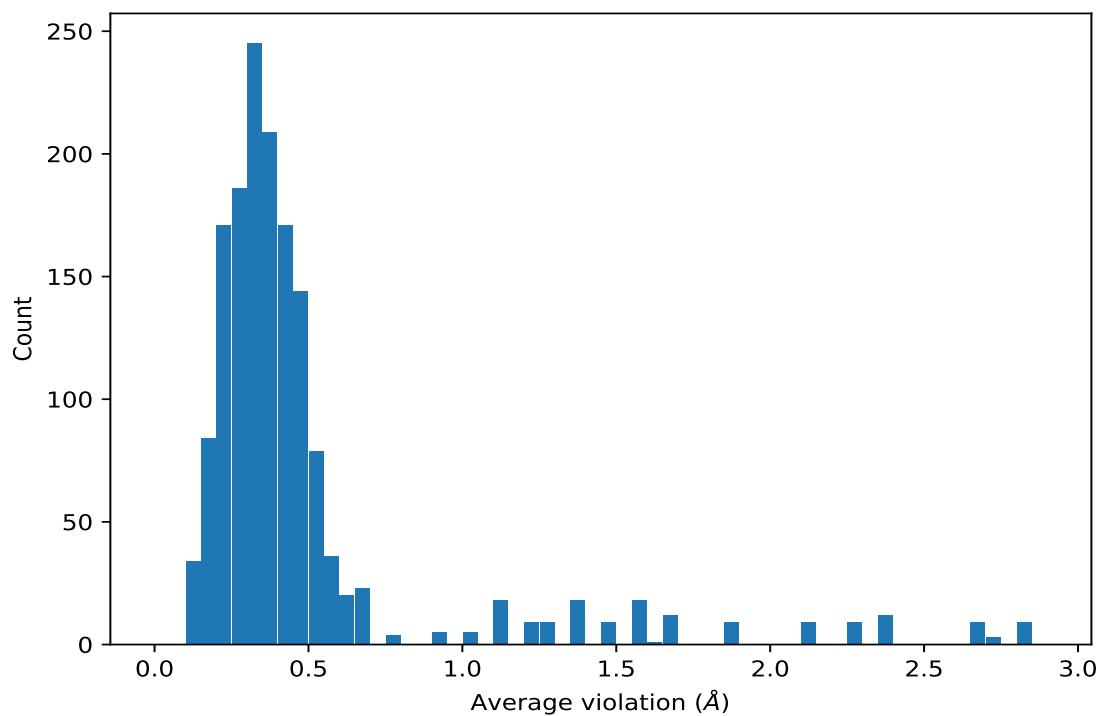
9.4.2　Table: Most violated distance restraints ⓘ

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models[1]	Mean (Å)	SD[1] (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD11	2:630:B:VAL:HG21	20	2.81	1.33	2.57
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD11	2:630:B:VAL:HG22	20	2.81	1.33	2.57
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD11	2:630:B:VAL:HG23	20	2.81	1.33	2.57
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD12	2:630:B:VAL:HG21	20	2.81	1.33	2.57
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD12	2:630:B:VAL:HG22	20	2.81	1.33	2.57
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD12	2:630:B:VAL:HG23	20	2.81	1.33	2.57
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD13	2:630:B:VAL:HG21	20	2.81	1.33	2.57
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD13	2:630:B:VAL:HG22	20	2.81	1.33	2.57
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD13	2:630:B:VAL:HG23	20	2.81	1.33	2.57
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD11	2:634:B:LEU:HD21	20	2.66	1.09	2.76
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD11	2:634:B:LEU:HD22	20	2.66	1.09	2.76
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD11	2:634:B:LEU:HD23	20	2.66	1.09	2.76
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD12	2:634:B:LEU:HD21	20	2.66	1.09	2.76
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD12	2:634:B:LEU:HD22	20	2.66	1.09	2.76
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD12	2:634:B:LEU:HD23	20	2.66	1.09	2.76
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD13	2:634:B:LEU:HD21	20	2.66	1.09	2.76

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models[1]	Mean (Å)	SD[1] (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD13	2:634:B:LEU:HD22	20	2.66	1.09	2.76
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD13	2:634:B:LEU:HD23	20	2.66	1.09	2.76
(1,3974)	1:472:A:LEU:HD11	2:629:B:MET:HE1	20	2.39	0.91	2.56
(1,3974)	1:472:A:LEU:HD11	2:629:B:MET:HE2	20	2.39	0.91	2.56
(1,3974)	1:472:A:LEU:HD11	2:629:B:MET:HE3	20	2.39	0.91	2.56
(1,3974)	1:472:A:LEU:HD12	2:629:B:MET:HE1	20	2.39	0.91	2.56
(1,3974)	1:472:A:LEU:HD12	2:629:B:MET:HE2	20	2.39	0.91	2.56
(1,3974)	1:472:A:LEU:HD12	2:629:B:MET:HE3	20	2.39	0.91	2.56
(1,3974)	1:472:A:LEU:HD13	2:629:B:MET:HE1	20	2.39	0.91	2.56
(1,3974)	1:472:A:LEU:HD13	2:629:B:MET:HE2	20	2.39	0.91	2.56
(1,3974)	1:472:A:LEU:HD13	2:629:B:MET:HE3	20	2.39	0.91	2.56
(1,3971)	1:314:A:MET:HE1	2:622:B:TYR:HE2	20	2.38	1.22	2.13
(1,3971)	1:314:A:MET:HE2	2:622:B:TYR:HE2	20	2.38	1.22	2.13
(1,3971)	1:314:A:MET:HE3	2:622:B:TYR:HE2	20	2.38	1.22	2.13
(1,3967)	1:396:A:ILE:HD11	2:621:B:ALA:HB1	20	2.11	0.68	2.3
(1,3967)	1:396:A:ILE:HD11	2:621:B:ALA:HB2	20	2.11	0.68	2.3
(1,3967)	1:396:A:ILE:HD11	2:621:B:ALA:HB3	20	2.11	0.68	2.3
(1,3967)	1:396:A:ILE:HD12	2:621:B:ALA:HB1	20	2.11	0.68	2.3
(1,3967)	1:396:A:ILE:HD12	2:621:B:ALA:HB2	20	2.11	0.68	2.3
(1,3967)	1:396:A:ILE:HD12	2:621:B:ALA:HB3	20	2.11	0.68	2.3
(1,3967)	1:396:A:ILE:HD13	2:621:B:ALA:HB1	20	2.11	0.68	2.3
(1,3967)	1:396:A:ILE:HD13	2:621:B:ALA:HB2	20	2.11	0.68	2.3
(1,3967)	1:396:A:ILE:HD13	2:621:B:ALA:HB3	20	2.11	0.68	2.3
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD11	2:629:B:MET:HE1	20	1.89	1.02	1.85
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD11	2:629:B:MET:HE2	20	1.89	1.02	1.85
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD11	2:629:B:MET:HE3	20	1.89	1.02	1.85
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD12	2:629:B:MET:HE1	20	1.89	1.02	1.85
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD12	2:629:B:MET:HE2	20	1.89	1.02	1.85
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD12	2:629:B:MET:HE3	20	1.89	1.02	1.85
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD13	2:629:B:MET:HE1	20	1.89	1.02	1.85
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD13	2:629:B:MET:HE2	20	1.89	1.02	1.85
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD13	2:629:B:MET:HE3	20	1.89	1.02	1.85
(1,3973)	1:464:A:ILE:HD11	2:625:B:ALA:HB1	20	1.57	0.89	1.56
(1,3973)	1:464:A:ILE:HD11	2:625:B:ALA:HB2	20	1.57	0.89	1.56
(1,3973)	1:464:A:ILE:HD11	2:625:B:ALA:HB3	20	1.57	0.89	1.56
(1,3973)	1:464:A:ILE:HD12	2:625:B:ALA:HB1	20	1.57	0.89	1.56
(1,3973)	1:464:A:ILE:HD12	2:625:B:ALA:HB2	20	1.57	0.89	1.56
(1,3973)	1:464:A:ILE:HD12	2:625:B:ALA:HB3	20	1.57	0.89	1.56
(1,3973)	1:464:A:ILE:HD13	2:625:B:ALA:HB1	20	1.57	0.89	1.56
(1,3973)	1:464:A:ILE:HD13	2:625:B:ALA:HB2	20	1.57	0.89	1.56
(1,3973)	1:464:A:ILE:HD13	2:625:B:ALA:HB3	20	1.57	0.89	1.56
(1,980)	1:286:A:TRP:HZ3	1:289:A:TRP:H	20	0.67	0.1	0.69

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models[1]	Mean (Å)	SD[1] (Å)	Median (Å)
(2,7)	1:338:A:ILE:HD11	1:345:A:THR:HG21	20	0.67	0.14	0.67
(2,7)	1:338:A:ILE:HD11	1:345:A:THR:HG22	20	0.67	0.14	0.67
(2,7)	1:338:A:ILE:HD11	1:345:A:THR:HG23	20	0.67	0.14	0.67
(2,7)	1:338:A:ILE:HD12	1:345:A:THR:HG21	20	0.67	0.14	0.67
(2,7)	1:338:A:ILE:HD12	1:345:A:THR:HG22	20	0.67	0.14	0.67
(2,7)	1:338:A:ILE:HD12	1:345:A:THR:HG23	20	0.67	0.14	0.67
(2,7)	1:338:A:ILE:HD13	1:345:A:THR:HG21	20	0.67	0.14	0.67
(2,7)	1:338:A:ILE:HD13	1:345:A:THR:HG22	20	0.67	0.14	0.67
(2,7)	1:338:A:ILE:HD13	1:345:A:THR:HG23	20	0.67	0.14	0.67
(1,642)	1:268:A:VAL:HG11	1:276:A:SER:H	20	0.59	0.09	0.62

[1]Number of violated models, [2]Standard deviation

9.5   All violated distance restraints ⓘ

9.5.1   Histogram : Distribution of distance violations ⓘ

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.
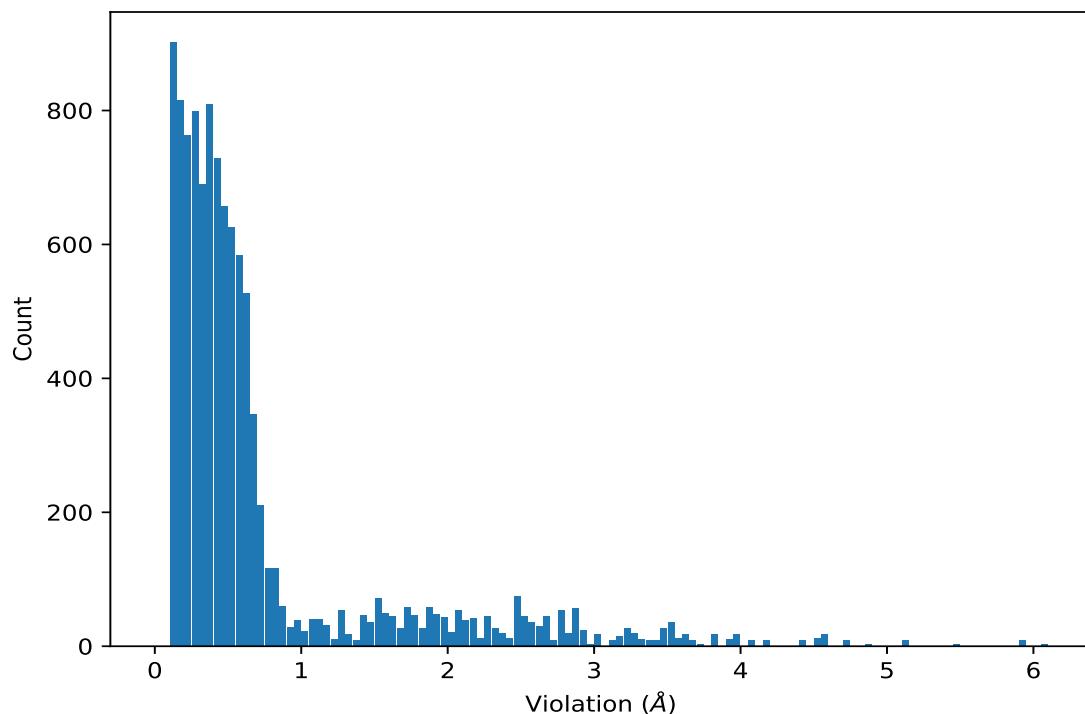
9.5.2 Table : All distance violations ⓘ

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,3971)	1:314:A:MET:HE1	2:622:B:TYR:HE2	2	6.06
(1,3971)	1:314:A:MET:HE2	2:622:B:TYR:HE2	2	6.06
(1,3971)	1:314:A:MET:HE3	2:622:B:TYR:HE2	2	6.06
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD11	2:630:B:VAL:HG21	5	5.92
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD11	2:630:B:VAL:HG22	5	5.92
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD11	2:630:B:VAL:HG23	5	5.92
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD12	2:630:B:VAL:HG21	5	5.92
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD12	2:630:B:VAL:HG22	5	5.92
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD12	2:630:B:VAL:HG23	5	5.92
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD13	2:630:B:VAL:HG21	5	5.92
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD13	2:630:B:VAL:HG22	5	5.92
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD13	2:630:B:VAL:HG23	5	5.92
(2,16)	1:467:A:TRP:NE1	2:630:B:VAL:HG11	5	5.46
(2,16)	1:467:A:TRP:NE1	2:630:B:VAL:HG12	5	5.46
(2,16)	1:467:A:TRP:NE1	2:630:B:VAL:HG13	5	5.46
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD11	2:630:B:VAL:HG21	9	5.13
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD11	2:630:B:VAL:HG22	9	5.13
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD11	2:630:B:VAL:HG23	9	5.13
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD12	2:630:B:VAL:HG21	9	5.13
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD12	2:630:B:VAL:HG22	9	5.13
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD12	2:630:B:VAL:HG23	9	5.13
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD13	2:630:B:VAL:HG21	9	5.13
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD13	2:630:B:VAL:HG22	9	5.13
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD13	2:630:B:VAL:HG23	9	5.13
(2,16)	1:467:A:TRP:NE1	2:630:B:VAL:HG11	9	4.88
(2,16)	1:467:A:TRP:NE1	2:630:B:VAL:HG12	9	4.88
(2,16)	1:467:A:TRP:NE1	2:630:B:VAL:HG13	9	4.88
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD11	2:629:B:MET:HE1	9	4.7
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD11	2:629:B:MET:HE2	9	4.7
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD11	2:629:B:MET:HE3	9	4.7
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD12	2:629:B:MET:HE1	9	4.7
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD12	2:629:B:MET:HE2	9	4.7
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD12	2:629:B:MET:HE3	9	4.7
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD13	2:629:B:MET:HE1	9	4.7
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD13	2:629:B:MET:HE2	9	4.7
(1,3975)	1:400:A:LEU:HD13	2:629:B:MET:HE3	9	4.7
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD11	2:630:B:VAL:HG21	7	4.59
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD11	2:630:B:VAL:HG22	7	4.59

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD11	2:630:B:VAL:HG23	7	4.59
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD12	2:630:B:VAL:HG21	7	4.59
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD12	2:630:B:VAL:HG22	7	4.59
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD12	2:630:B:VAL:HG23	7	4.59
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD13	2:630:B:VAL:HG21	7	4.59
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD13	2:630:B:VAL:HG22	7	4.59
(1,3976)	1:464:A:ILE:HD13	2:630:B:VAL:HG23	7	4.59
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD11	2:634:B:LEU:HD21	5	4.57
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD11	2:634:B:LEU:HD22	5	4.57
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD11	2:634:B:LEU:HD23	5	4.57
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD12	2:634:B:LEU:HD21	5	4.57
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD12	2:634:B:LEU:HD22	5	4.57
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD12	2:634:B:LEU:HD23	5	4.57
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD13	2:634:B:LEU:HD21	5	4.57
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD13	2:634:B:LEU:HD22	5	4.57
(1,3977)	1:458:A:LEU:HD13	2:634:B:LEU:HD23	5	4.57
(1,3971)	1:314:A:MET:HE1	2:622:B:TYR:HE2	15	4.54
(1,3971)	1:314:A:MET:HE2	2:622:B:TYR:HE2	15	4.54
(1,3971)	1:314:A:MET:HE3	2:622:B:TYR:HE2	15	4.54
(1,3980)	1:423:A:MET:HE1	2:639:B:LEU:HD11	10	4.51

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis ⓘ

No dihedral-angle restraints found