wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Feb 14, 2024 – 05:29 AM EST

PDB ID	:	3K3C
Title	:	The N-terminal PAS domain crystal structure of Rv1364c from Mycobacterium tuberculosis at 1.62
Authors	:	King-Scott, J.; Tucker, P.A.
Deposited on	:	2009-10-02
Resolution	:	1.62 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

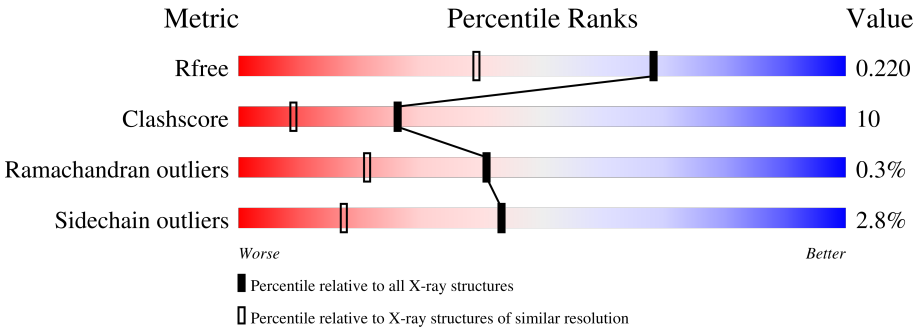
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.62 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	4693 (1.64-1.60)
Clashscore	141614	5002 (1.64-1.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4888 (1.64-1.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4887 (1.64-1.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	158	79% 15% • •
1	B	158	82% 13% • •
1	C	158	81% 12% •• 5%
1	D	158	84% 9% • 5%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	GOL	B	163	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5976 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

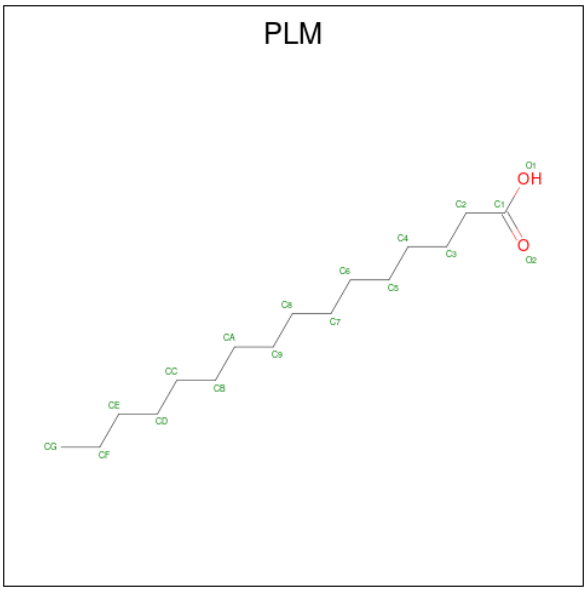
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Protein Rv1364c/MT1410.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	152	Total	C	N	O	S	0	14	0
			1305	817	232	251	5			
1	B	152	Total	C	N	O	S	0	14	0
			1299	815	230	249	5			
1	C	150	Total	C	N	O	S	0	14	0
			1292	815	229	246	2			
1	D	150	Total	C	N	O	S	0	13	0
			1291	812	230	247	2			

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

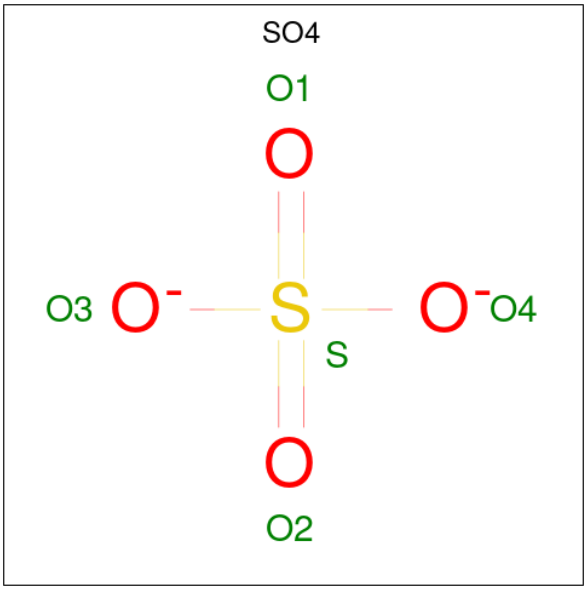
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q11034
A	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q11034
B	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q11034
B	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q11034
C	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q11034
C	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q11034
D	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q11034
D	0	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q11034

- Molecule 2 is PALMITIC ACID (three-letter code: PLM) (formula: $C_{16}H_{32}O_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total C O 18 16 2	0	0
2	B	1	Total C O 18 16 2	0	0

- Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O_4S).



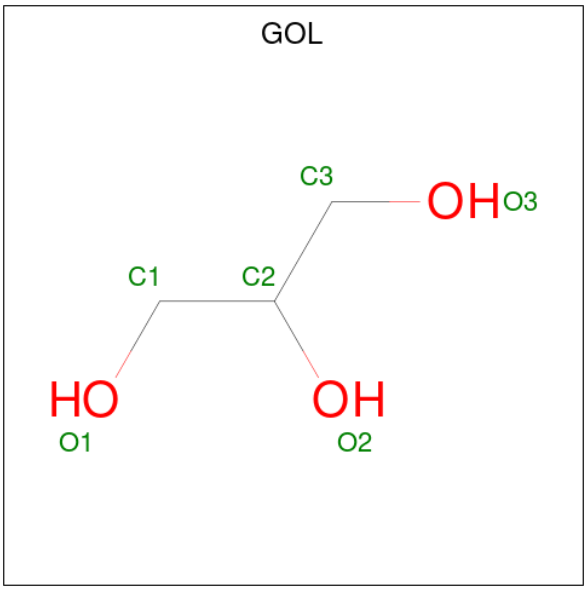
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
3	B	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	C	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
3	C	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
3	D	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0
3	D	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

- Molecule 4 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	B	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	B	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	B	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	B	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
4	D	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

- Molecule 5 is water.

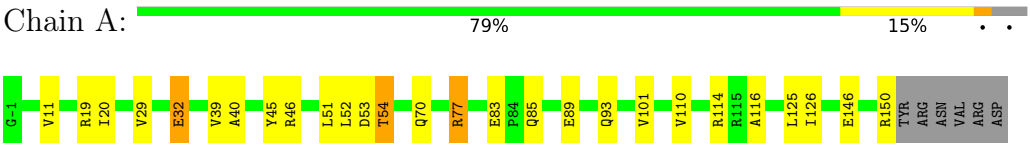
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	213	Total O 213 213	0	0
5	B	202	Total O 202 202	0	0
5	C	125	Total O 125 125	0	0
5	D	117	Total O 117 117	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

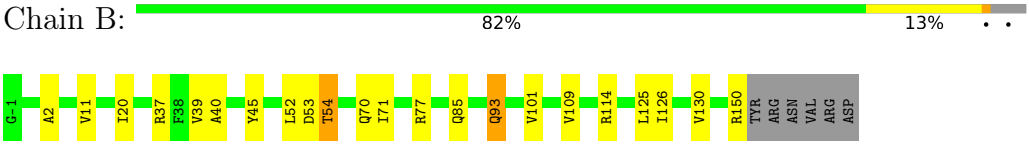
- Molecule 1: Protein Rv1364c/MT1410

Chain A:



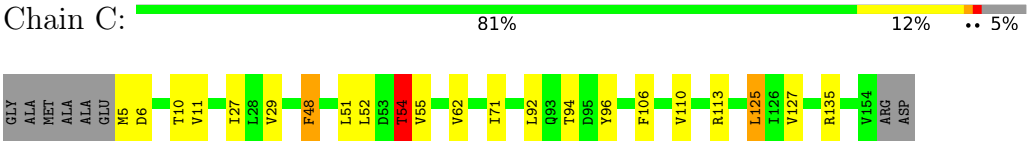
- Molecule 1: Protein Rv1364c/MT1410

Chain B:



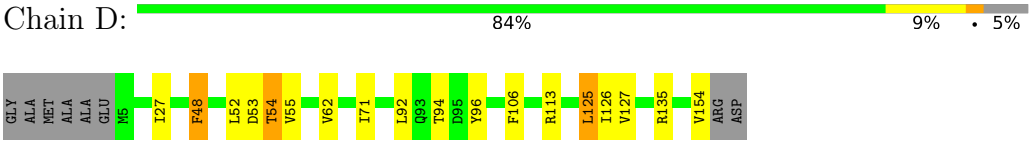
- Molecule 1: Protein Rv1364c/MT1410

Chain C:



- Molecule 1: Protein Rv1364c/MT1410

Chain D:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	209.07Å 63.82Å 61.30Å 90.00° 89.95° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 1.62 19.90 – 1.62	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.1 (20.00-1.62) 95.9 (19.90-1.62)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	2.17 (at 1.62Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.181 , 0.212 0.191 , 0.220	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	4935 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	15.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.281	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.36 , 43.7	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.50$, $< L^2 > = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.487 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	5976	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	24.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.61% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, PLM, GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$
1	A	0.71	0/1359	0.87	5/1838 (0.3%)
1	B	0.74	0/1359	0.86	3/1838 (0.2%)
1	C	0.52	0/1361	0.74	2/1845 (0.1%)
1	D	0.52	0/1354	0.74	1/1835 (0.1%)
All	All	0.63	0/5433	0.81	11/7356 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	1	0
1	B	1	0
1	C	1	0
All	All	3	0

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 11 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	54	THR	CA-CB-CG2	5.91	120.67	112.40
1	B	54	THR	OG1-CB-CG2	5.89	123.54	110.00
1	C	54	THR	CA-CB-CG2	5.83	120.57	112.40
1	B	114	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.72	117.44	120.30
1	D	113	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.71	123.16	120.30

All (3) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
1	A	54	THR	CB
1	B	54	THR	CB
1	C	54	THR	CB

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1305	0	1283	41	0
1	B	1299	0	1283	28	0
1	C	1292	0	1272	30	0
1	D	1291	0	1262	17	0
2	A	18	0	31	4	0
2	B	18	0	31	3	0
3	A	5	0	0	0	0
3	B	5	0	0	0	0
3	C	10	0	0	0	0
3	D	10	0	0	0	0
4	A	30	0	40	4	0
4	B	30	0	40	9	0
4	D	6	0	8	1	0
5	A	213	0	0	7	0
5	B	202	0	0	11	0
5	C	125	0	0	1	0
5	D	117	0	0	1	0
All	All	5976	0	5250	110	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 110 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:32[B]:GLU:HG2	1:A:39[B]:VAL:HG11	1.35	1.07
1:C:110[B]:VAL:HG22	1:C:125[B]:LEU:CD2	1.84	1.06

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:32[B]:GLU:HG2	1:A:39[B]:VAL:CG1	1.98	0.92
1:B:39[B]:VAL:HG12	5:B:475:HOH:O	1.70	0.92
1:C:110[B]:VAL:HG22	1:C:125[B]:LEU:HD23	1.52	0.91

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	164/158 (104%)	160 (98%)	3 (2%)	1 (1%)	25 8
1	B	164/158 (104%)	160 (98%)	3 (2%)	1 (1%)	25 8
1	C	162/158 (102%)	162 (100%)	0	0	100 100
1	D	161/158 (102%)	161 (100%)	0	0	100 100
All	All	651/632 (103%)	643 (99%)	6 (1%)	2 (0%)	41 21

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	53	ASP
1	A	53	ASP

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	138/130 (106%)	131 (95%)	7 (5%)	24 5
1	B	138/130 (106%)	135 (98%)	3 (2%)	52 25
1	C	140/130 (108%)	135 (96%)	5 (4%)	35 11
1	D	139/130 (107%)	134 (96%)	5 (4%)	35 11
All	All	555/520 (107%)	535 (96%)	20 (4%)	43 11

5 of 20 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	125[B]	LEU
1	D	54	THR
1	D	125[B]	LEU
1	D	125[A]	LEU
1	A	150	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

19 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	SO4	C	158	-	4,4,4	0.16	0	6,6,6	0.11	0
4	GOL	B	161	-	5,5,5	0.50	0	5,5,5	0.65	0
2	PLM	A	157	-	17,17,17	0.78	0	17,17,17	0.84	0
3	SO4	D	158	-	4,4,4	0.15	0	6,6,6	0.14	0
3	SO4	A	158	-	4,4,4	0.16	0	6,6,6	0.21	0
4	GOL	A	163	-	5,5,5	0.57	0	5,5,5	0.32	0
3	SO4	B	158	-	4,4,4	0.12	0	6,6,6	0.18	0
4	GOL	B	163	-	5,5,5	0.26	0	5,5,5	0.63	0
2	PLM	B	157	-	17,17,17	0.83	1 (5%)	17,17,17	0.90	0
4	GOL	D	159	-	5,5,5	0.33	0	5,5,5	0.34	0
4	GOL	A	161	-	5,5,5	0.70	0	5,5,5	0.62	0
3	SO4	C	157	-	4,4,4	0.16	0	6,6,6	0.33	0
4	GOL	A	159	-	5,5,5	0.28	0	5,5,5	0.20	0
3	SO4	D	157	-	4,4,4	0.24	0	6,6,6	0.50	0
4	GOL	B	159	-	5,5,5	0.31	0	5,5,5	0.33	0
4	GOL	A	162	-	5,5,5	0.40	0	5,5,5	0.71	0
4	GOL	B	162	-	5,5,5	0.32	0	5,5,5	0.29	0
4	GOL	B	160	-	5,5,5	0.69	0	5,5,5	0.18	0
4	GOL	A	160	-	5,5,5	0.30	0	5,5,5	0.26	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	GOL	B	160	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	A	161	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	D	159	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
2	PLM	A	157	-	-	12/15/15/15	-
4	GOL	A	159	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	B	161	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	B	159	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	A	163	-	-	3/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	B	163	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	A	162	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	B	162	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	GOL	A	160	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
2	PLM	B	157	-	-	5/15/15/15	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	157	PLM	O1-C1	-2.05	1.23	1.30

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 40 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	160	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
4	A	160	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
4	A	162	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	B	159	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	B	159	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3

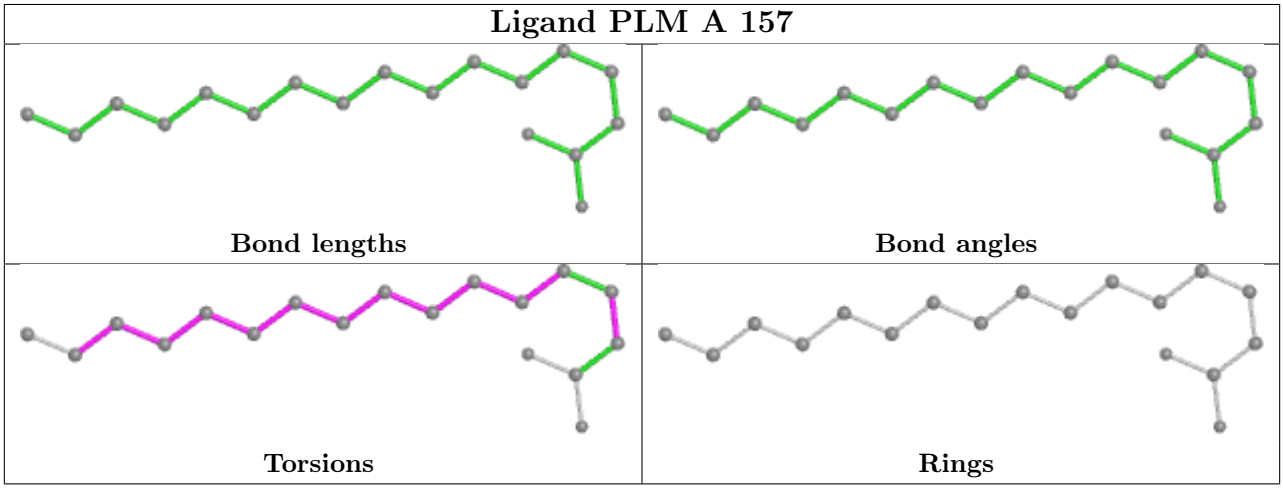
There are no ring outliers.

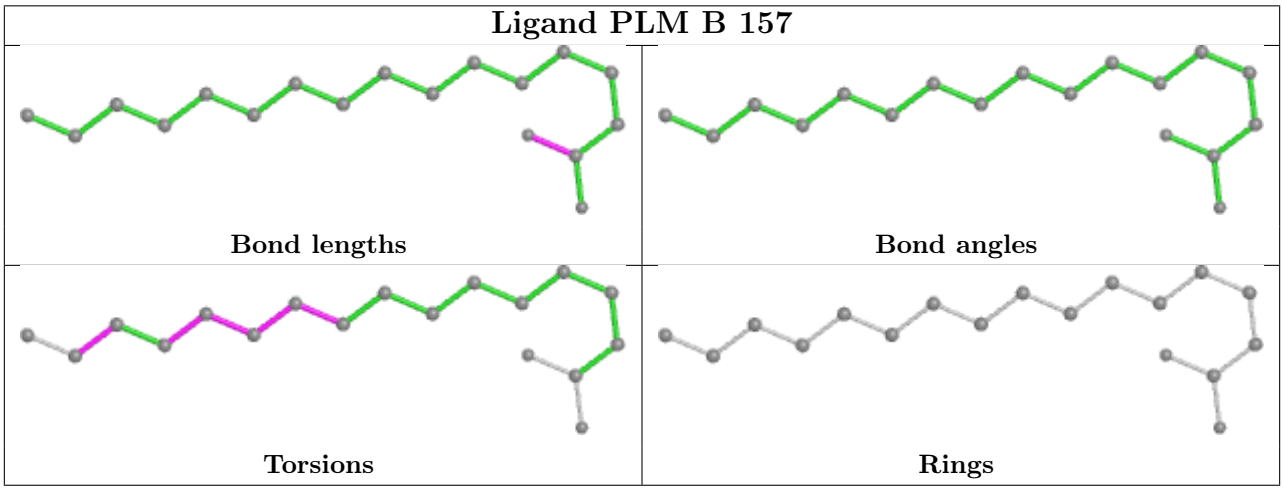
11 monomers are involved in 21 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	B	161	GOL	1	0
2	A	157	PLM	4	0
4	A	163	GOL	2	0
4	B	163	GOL	5	0
2	B	157	PLM	3	0
4	D	159	GOL	1	0
4	A	159	GOL	1	0
4	B	159	GOL	1	0
4	A	162	GOL	1	0
4	B	162	GOL	1	0
4	B	160	GOL	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier.

Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

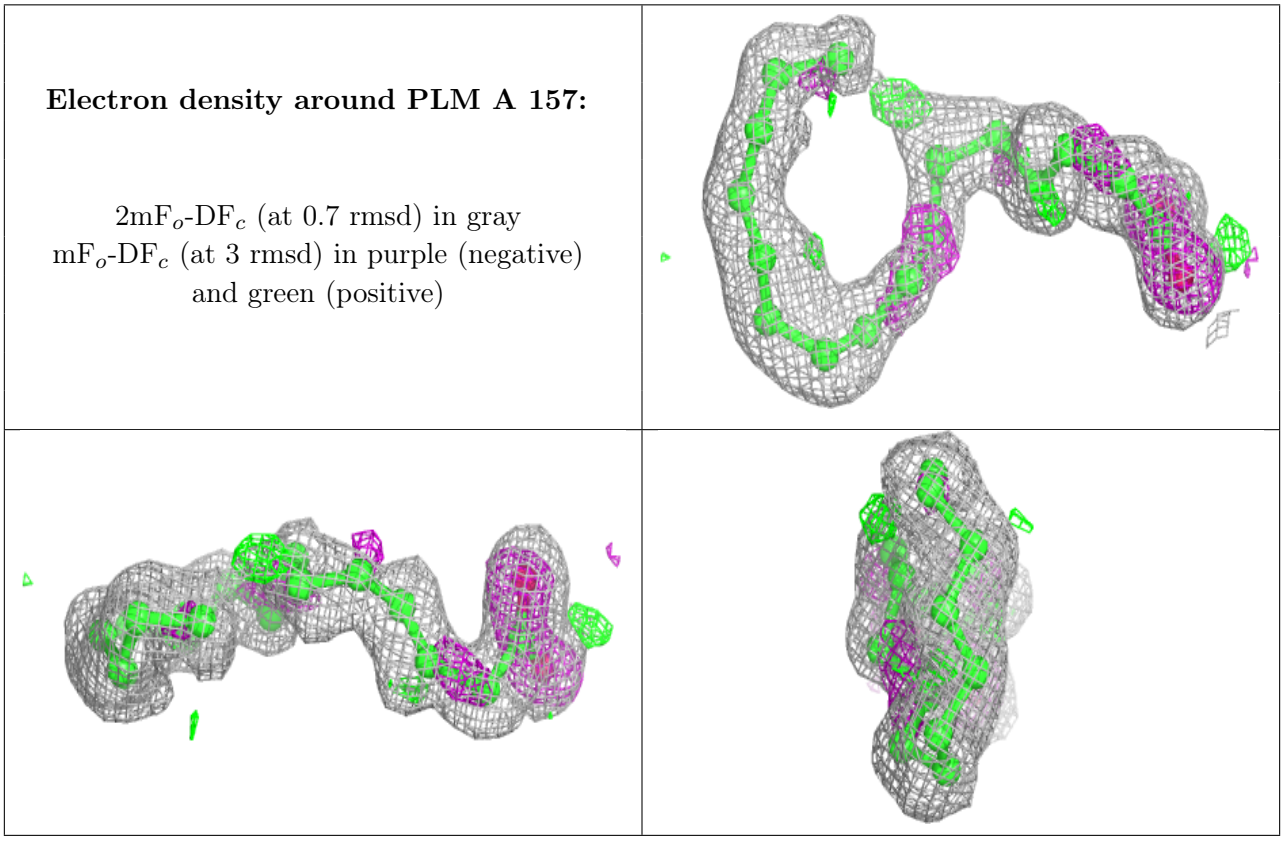
6.4 Ligands

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

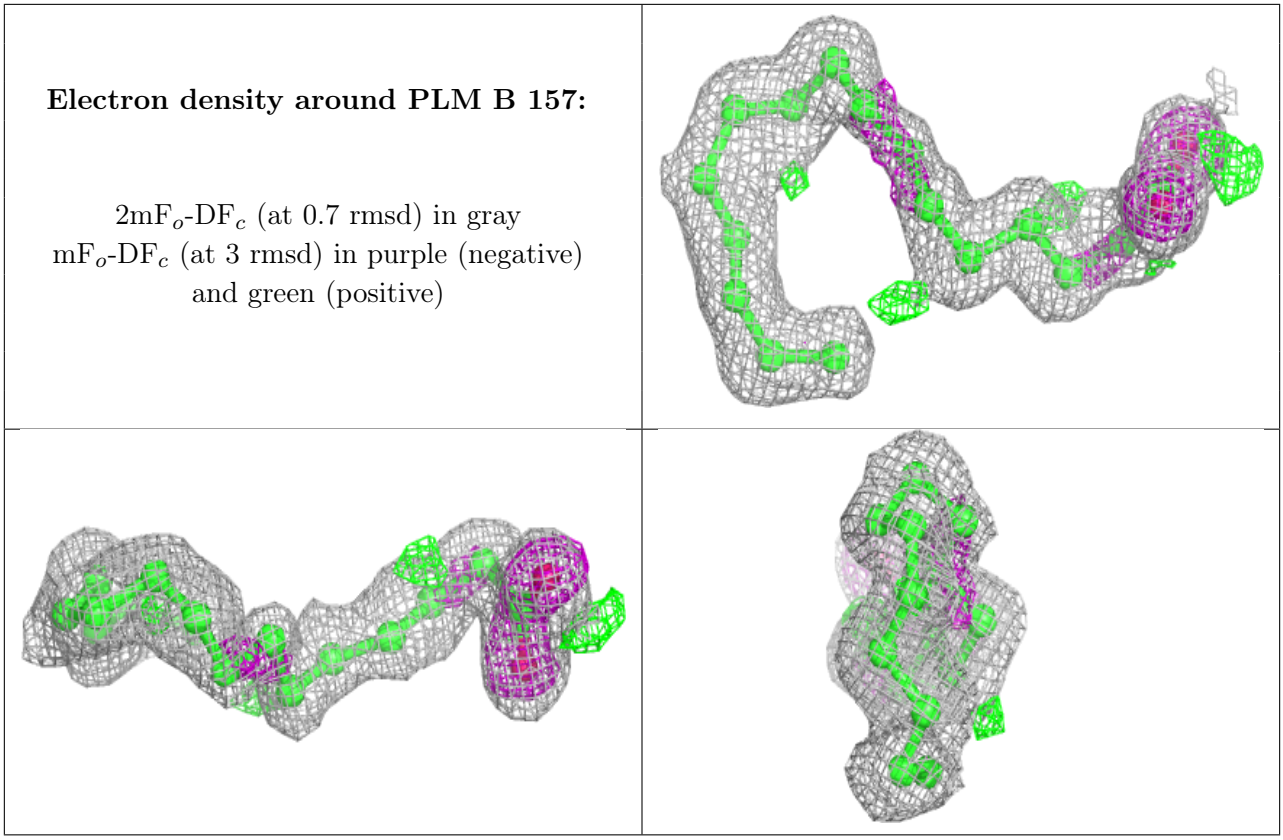
Electron density around PLM A 157:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



Electron density around PLM B 157:

$2mF_o$-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.