



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 19, 2024 – 01:24 PM EST

PDB ID : 4K5R
Title : The 2.0 angstrom crystal structure of MTMOIV, a baeyer-villiger monooxygenase from the mithramycin biosynthetic pathway in streptomyces argillaceus.
Authors : Noinaj, N.; Bosserman, M.A.; Rohr, J.; Buchanan, S.K.
Deposited on : 2013-04-15
Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.36
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

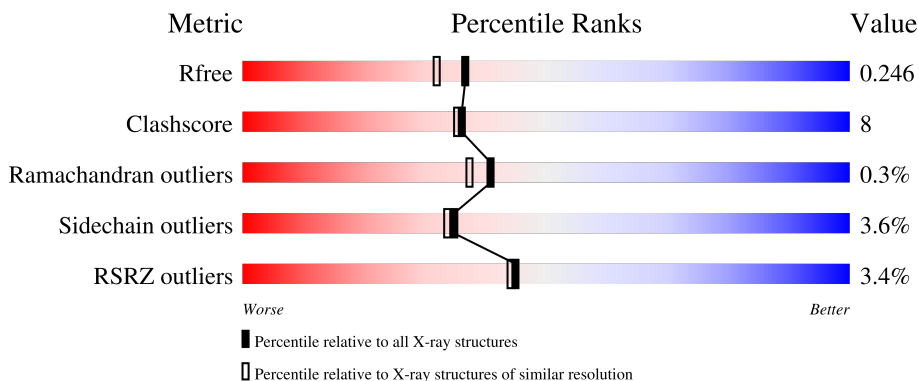
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

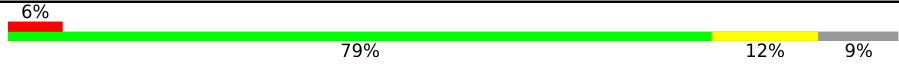
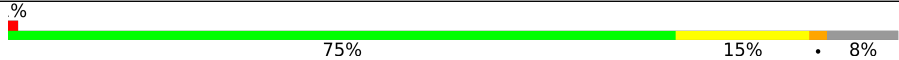
The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	536	
1	B	536	

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7700 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Oxygenase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	490	3603	2280	666	653	4	0	0	0
1	B	491	3633	2298	671	660	4	0	0	0

There are 42 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

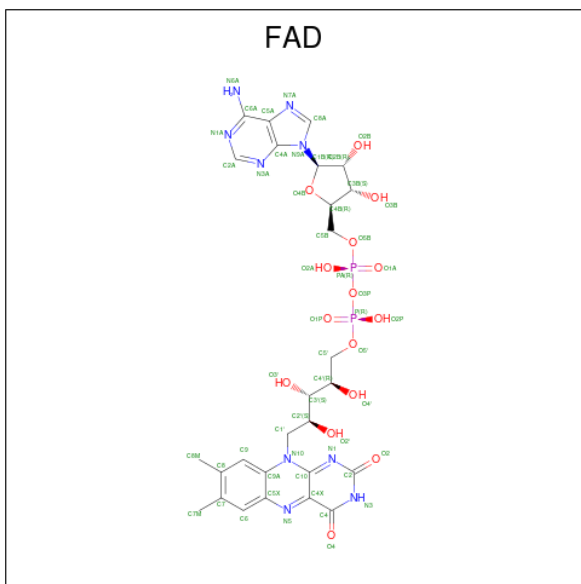
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q194P4
A	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q194P4
A	0	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q194P4
A	106	ALA	GLY	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	129	ARG	PRO	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	136	GLY	ARG	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	156	ARG	PRO	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	162	ALA	GLY	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	177	GLY	ALA	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	178	ILE	ASP	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	179	GLY	ARG	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	225	ARG	PRO	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	226	VAL	GLY	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	227	VAL	TRP	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	228	VAL	SER	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	229	ILE	SER	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	230	GLU	SER	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	231	TYR	SER	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	403	PRO	SER	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	410	ALA	PRO	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
A	421	GLY	ARG	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	-2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q194P4
B	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q194P4
B	0	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q194P4
B	106	ALA	GLY	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	129	ARG	PRO	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	136	GLY	ARG	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	156	ARG	PRO	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	162	ALA	GLY	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	177	GLY	ALA	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	178	ILE	ASP	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	179	GLY	ARG	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	225	ARG	PRO	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	226	VAL	GLY	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	227	VAL	TRP	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	228	VAL	SER	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	229	ILE	SER	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	230	GLU	SER	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	231	TYR	SER	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	403	PRO	SER	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	410	ALA	PRO	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4
B	421	GLY	ARG	SEE REMARK 999	UNP Q194P4

- Molecule 2 is FLAVIN-ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: FAD) (formula: $C_{27}H_{33}N_9O_{15}P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
			Total	C	N	O			P
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			53	27	9	15	2		
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			53	27	9	15	2		

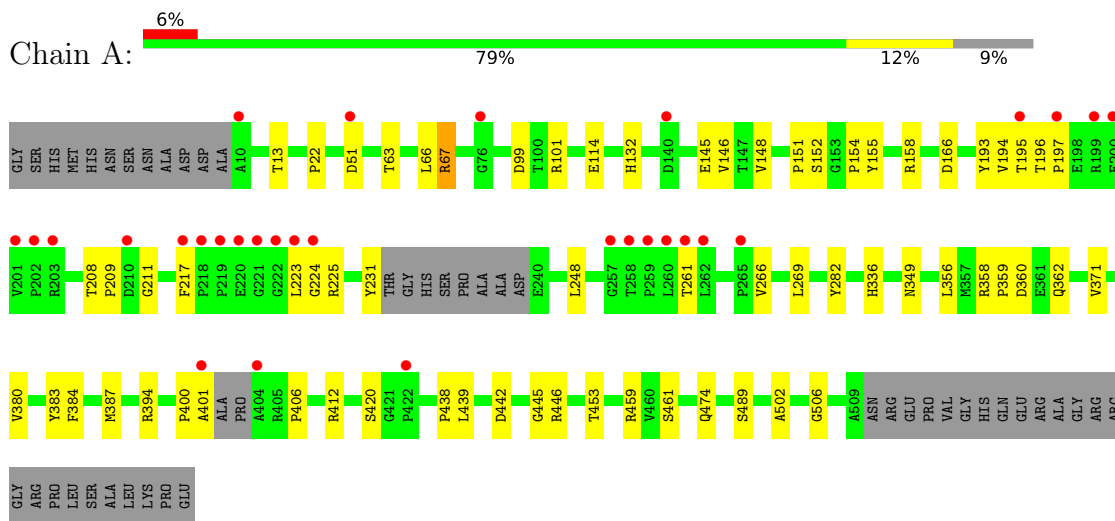
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	169	Total 169	O 169	0	0
3	B	189	Total 189	O 189	0	0

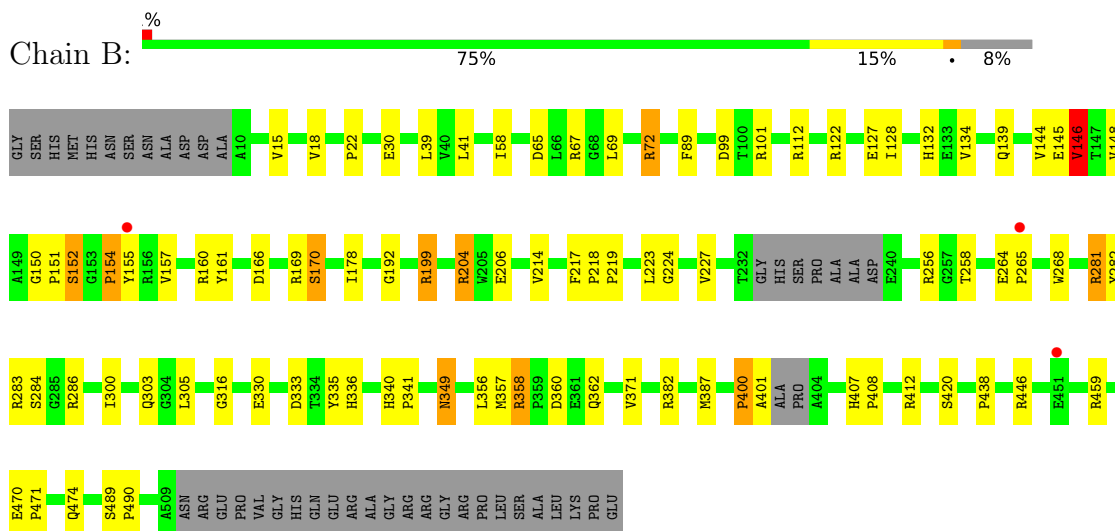
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Oxygenase



- Molecule 1: Oxygenase



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	83.30Å 56.05Å 124.90Å 90.00° 95.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.92 – 2.00 42.83 – 2.00	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.1 (19.92-2.00) 99.1 (42.83-2.00)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.99 (at 2.00Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE: DEV_501)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.205 , 0.249 0.203 , 0.246	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3889 reflections (5.03%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	29.8	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.437	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.32 , 54.0	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	7700	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	47.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.84% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.47	0/3684	0.56	1/5035 (0.0%)
1	B	0.56	1/3714 (0.0%)	0.61	1/5073 (0.0%)
All	All	0.51	1/7398 (0.0%)	0.58	2/10108 (0.0%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	B	146	VAL	CB-CG1	-5.48	1.41	1.52

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	358	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.29	123.95	120.30
1	B	358	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.38	123.49	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3603	0	3557	48	0
1	B	3633	0	3605	71	0
2	A	53	0	31	0	0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	53	0	31	0	0
3	A	169	0	0	3	0
3	B	189	0	0	8	0
All	All	7700	0	7224	117	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (117) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:400:PRO:HA	1:A:401:ALA:HB3	1.30	1.07
1:B:160:ARG:HH21	1:B:160:ARG:HG2	1.36	0.90
1:B:303:GLN:HE22	1:B:349:ASN:HD21	1.25	0.85
1:B:489:SER:HB3	1:B:490:PRO:CD	2.09	0.83
1:A:400:PRO:HA	1:A:401:ALA:CB	2.08	0.81
1:A:282:TYR:H	1:A:336:HIS:HD2	1.29	0.80
1:B:132:HIS:HD2	1:B:155:TYR:OH	1.66	0.79
1:B:335:TYR:HB3	3:B:829:HOH:O	1.84	0.77
1:B:160:ARG:HG2	1:B:160:ARG:NH2	1.93	0.76
1:B:39:LEU:HD13	1:B:127:GLU:HG2	1.69	0.75
1:B:300:ILE:HD12	1:B:357:MET:HE1	1.70	0.73
1:A:446:ARG:HD3	1:A:474:GLN:OE1	1.88	0.73
1:B:72:ARG:HH11	1:B:72:ARG:HG3	1.52	0.72
1:A:152:SER:HB3	1:B:89:PHE:CD2	2.26	0.70
1:B:300:ILE:HD12	1:B:357:MET:CE	2.22	0.69
1:B:166:ASP:OD1	1:B:170:SER:HB2	1.92	0.69
1:A:51:ASP:OD2	1:A:225:ARG:NH2	2.26	0.68
1:B:72:ARG:HG3	1:B:72:ARG:NH1	2.06	0.66
1:B:72:ARG:HH11	1:B:72:ARG:CG	2.09	0.66
1:B:128:ILE:O	1:B:128:ILE:HG13	1.98	0.64
1:A:400:PRO:CA	1:A:401:ALA:HB3	2.18	0.63
1:A:489:SER:HA	3:A:860:HOH:O	1.99	0.62
1:B:146:VAL:HG12	1:B:146:VAL:O	2.00	0.62
1:B:282:TYR:H	1:B:336:HIS:HD2	1.46	0.62
1:A:195:THR:HG22	1:A:223:LEU:N	2.15	0.61
1:A:132:HIS:HD2	1:A:155:TYR:OH	1.84	0.61
1:A:193:TYR:CE1	1:A:225:ARG:HB2	2.36	0.60
1:B:489:SER:HB3	1:B:490:PRO:HD2	1.84	0.60
1:A:211:GLY:HA2	1:A:359:PRO:HG2	1.84	0.60
1:B:217:PHE:CD1	1:B:224:GLY:HA3	2.37	0.59

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:150:GLY:O	1:B:151:PRO:C	2.41	0.57
1:B:151:PRO:O	1:B:152:SER:CB	2.47	0.57
1:A:217:PHE:CD1	1:A:224:GLY:HA3	2.40	0.57
1:A:197:PRO:HD2	1:A:261:THR:O	2.05	0.56
1:A:394:ARG:NH2	1:A:412:ARG:HG3	2.20	0.56
1:B:132:HIS:CD2	1:B:155:TYR:OH	2.53	0.56
1:B:489:SER:HB3	1:B:490:PRO:HD3	1.88	0.56
1:B:412:ARG:HD2	3:B:878:HOH:O	2.04	0.56
1:B:256:ARG:HD3	1:B:258:THR:O	2.07	0.54
1:B:264:GLU:OE1	1:B:265:PRO:HA	2.07	0.54
1:B:150:GLY:C	1:B:151:PRO:O	2.40	0.54
1:B:407:HIS:ND1	1:B:408:PRO:HD2	2.22	0.54
1:A:51:ASP:CG	1:A:225:ARG:NH2	2.61	0.54
1:A:51:ASP:OD1	1:A:225:ARG:NH2	2.41	0.54
1:A:360:ASP:C	1:A:360:ASP:OD1	2.44	0.53
1:A:282:TYR:H	1:A:336:HIS:CD2	2.19	0.53
1:A:22:PRO:HD3	1:A:114:GLU:CG	2.40	0.52
1:A:63:THR:O	1:A:67:ARG:HG2	2.10	0.52
1:A:442:ASP:CG	1:A:445:GLY:O	2.49	0.51
1:A:442:ASP:OD2	1:A:445:GLY:O	2.28	0.51
1:B:144:VAL:CG2	1:B:286:ARG:HB2	2.41	0.51
1:B:69:LEU:CD2	1:B:72:ARG:HH12	2.25	0.50
1:B:214:VAL:HB	1:B:227:VAL:HB	1.93	0.50
1:A:442:ASP:OD1	1:A:445:GLY:O	2.29	0.50
1:B:300:ILE:HD12	1:B:357:MET:SD	2.54	0.48
1:B:146:VAL:O	1:B:146:VAL:CG1	2.62	0.48
1:B:151:PRO:O	1:B:152:SER:HB3	2.13	0.48
1:B:148:VAL:O	1:B:154:PRO:HA	2.14	0.48
1:B:65:ASP:HA	3:B:881:HOH:O	2.14	0.48
1:A:151:PRO:O	1:B:204:ARG:HA	2.13	0.48
1:B:281:ARG:NH2	1:B:284:SER:HA	2.30	0.47
1:A:145:GLU:HG2	1:A:158:ARG:HG3	1.97	0.47
1:B:150:GLY:O	1:B:151:PRO:O	2.33	0.47
1:A:502:ALA:HA	1:A:506:GLY:O	2.15	0.47
1:B:178:ILE:HG12	1:B:281:ARG:HD3	1.96	0.47
1:B:67:ARG:HA	1:B:67:ARG:HD3	1.63	0.46
1:B:145:GLU:HA	1:B:157:VAL:O	2.15	0.46
1:B:282:TYR:H	1:B:336:HIS:CD2	2.29	0.46
1:A:384:PHE:HD1	1:A:387:MET:HE2	1.81	0.46
1:A:412:ARG:HD2	3:A:857:HOH:O	2.16	0.46
1:A:400:PRO:HD2	1:A:406:PRO:HB3	1.98	0.45

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:192:GLY:HA2	1:B:268:TRP:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:194:VAL:HG12	1:A:266:VAL:HG22	1.98	0.45
1:B:199:ARG:HG2	1:B:219:PRO:O	2.16	0.45
1:B:223:LEU:HD23	1:B:223:LEU:HA	1.71	0.45
1:B:438:PRO:HD2	1:B:459:ARG:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:356:LEU:HD21	1:A:371:VAL:HG21	1.99	0.44
1:A:145:GLU:HG2	1:A:158:ARG:CG	2.48	0.44
1:B:489:SER:CB	1:B:490:PRO:CD	2.89	0.44
1:B:30:GLU:HB3	1:B:316:GLY:HA3	2.00	0.43
1:B:400:PRO:HB2	1:B:401:ALA:H	1.71	0.43
1:B:39:LEU:CD1	1:B:127:GLU:HG2	2.43	0.43
1:B:470:GLU:HA	1:B:471:PRO:C	2.39	0.43
1:B:387:MET:HG3	3:B:715:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:66:LEU:HD12	1:A:67:ARG:HD2	2.00	0.43
1:A:148:VAL:O	1:A:154:PRO:HA	2.19	0.43
1:A:400:PRO:CA	1:A:401:ALA:CB	2.88	0.43
1:A:248:LEU:HD22	1:A:269:LEU:HD21	1.99	0.43
1:B:218:PRO:HA	1:B:219:PRO:HD3	1.93	0.43
1:B:358:ARG:HH11	1:B:358:ARG:HG3	1.83	0.43
1:A:453:THR:O	1:A:453:THR:HG22	2.19	0.42
1:A:196:THR:HG22	1:A:217:PHE:CD1	2.53	0.42
1:B:283:ARG:NH1	1:B:333:ASP:OD1	2.51	0.42
1:B:139:GLN:N	3:B:720:HOH:O	2.42	0.42
1:B:58:ILE:HG13	3:B:709:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:166:ASP:OD1	1:A:166:ASP:N	2.52	0.42
1:A:438:PRO:HD2	1:A:459:ARG:O	2.19	0.42
1:B:283:ARG:HB3	3:B:724:HOH:O	2.19	0.42
1:B:41:LEU:HD13	1:B:148:VAL:HG21	2.02	0.42
1:B:356:LEU:HD21	1:B:371:VAL:HG21	2.02	0.42
1:A:22:PRO:HD3	1:A:114:GLU:HG2	2.01	0.41
1:A:208:THR:HB	1:A:209:PRO:HD2	2.02	0.41
1:A:208:THR:O	1:A:359:PRO:HB3	2.20	0.41
1:B:407:HIS:CE1	1:B:408:PRO:HD2	2.55	0.41
1:A:67:ARG:NE	1:A:67:ARG:HA	2.36	0.41
1:B:166:ASP:OD1	1:B:166:ASP:N	2.51	0.41
1:B:18:VAL:HG22	1:B:134:VAL:HG21	2.02	0.41
1:B:22:PRO:HB2	1:B:305:LEU:HD11	2.03	0.41
1:A:380:VAL:O	1:A:383:TYR:HB3	2.20	0.41
1:A:406:PRO:HA	3:A:842:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:B:446:ARG:HD3	1:B:474:GLN:OE1	2.20	0.41
1:B:204:ARG:HH21	1:B:206:GLU:HB3	1.85	0.41

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:382:ARG:NH1	3:B:831:HOH:O	2.54	0.41
1:B:15:VAL:HG22	1:B:161:TYR:HB2	2.02	0.41
1:B:160:ARG:HH21	1:B:160:ARG:CG	2.12	0.40
1:A:439:LEU:HD23	1:A:461:SER:HB2	2.03	0.40
1:B:340:HIS:HB3	1:B:341:PRO:HD3	2.04	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	484/536 (90%)	464 (96%)	20 (4%)	0	100	100
1	B	485/536 (90%)	464 (96%)	18 (4%)	3 (1%)	25	19
All	All	969/1072 (90%)	928 (96%)	38 (4%)	3 (0%)	41	37

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	360	ASP
1	B	400	PRO
1	B	154	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	348/405 (86%)	339 (97%)	9 (3%)	46	48
1	B	355/405 (88%)	339 (96%)	16 (4%)	27	24
All	All	703/810 (87%)	678 (96%)	25 (4%)	35	34

All (25) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	13	THR
1	A	67	ARG
1	A	99	ASP
1	A	101	ARG
1	A	146	VAL
1	A	231	TYR
1	A	349	ASN
1	A	362	GLN
1	A	420	SER
1	B	72	ARG
1	B	99	ASP
1	B	101	ARG
1	B	112	ARG
1	B	122	ARG
1	B	146	VAL
1	B	152	SER
1	B	169	ARG
1	B	170	SER
1	B	199	ARG
1	B	204	ARG
1	B	281	ARG
1	B	330	GLU
1	B	349	ASN
1	B	362	GLN
1	B	420	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (11) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	102	HIS
1	A	132	HIS
1	A	336	HIS
1	A	353	GLN
1	A	362	GLN

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	102	HIS
1	B	132	HIS
1	B	303	GLN
1	B	336	HIS
1	B	353	GLN
1	B	362	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	FAD	B	601	-	53,58,58	1.19	4 (7%)	68,89,89	1.35	11 (16%)
2	FAD	A	601	-	53,58,58	1.20	4 (7%)	68,89,89	1.34	11 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	FAD	B	601	-	-	4/30/50/50	0/6/6/6
2	FAD	A	601	-	-	1/30/50/50	0/6/6/6

All (8) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	601	FAD	C4X-N5	4.12	1.38	1.30
2	A	601	FAD	C2A-N3A	4.12	1.38	1.32
2	B	601	FAD	C4X-N5	3.91	1.38	1.30
2	B	601	FAD	C2A-N3A	3.81	1.38	1.32
2	A	601	FAD	C10-N1	2.89	1.39	1.33
2	B	601	FAD	C10-N1	2.83	1.39	1.33
2	A	601	FAD	C2A-N1A	2.40	1.38	1.33
2	B	601	FAD	C2A-N1A	2.25	1.38	1.33

All (22) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	B	601	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-5.47	120.13	128.68
2	A	601	FAD	N3A-C2A-N1A	-5.41	120.22	128.68
2	B	601	FAD	C4-N3-C2	-2.94	120.22	125.64
2	A	601	FAD	C4X-C4-N3	2.93	120.64	113.19
2	A	601	FAD	C4-N3-C2	-2.90	120.29	125.64
2	B	601	FAD	C4X-C4-N3	2.53	119.62	113.19
2	A	601	FAD	C4X-C10-N1	-2.51	118.90	124.73
2	A	601	FAD	P-O3P-PA	-2.48	124.31	132.83
2	B	601	FAD	C10-C4X-N5	-2.43	119.71	124.86
2	A	601	FAD	C9A-C5X-N5	-2.41	119.81	122.43
2	A	601	FAD	O4-C4-C4X	-2.39	120.27	126.60
2	B	601	FAD	C4X-C10-N10	2.39	119.97	116.48
2	B	601	FAD	P-O3P-PA	-2.29	124.98	132.83
2	B	601	FAD	C4X-C10-N1	-2.27	119.47	124.73
2	A	601	FAD	C10-C4X-N5	-2.23	120.11	124.86
2	A	601	FAD	C10-N1-C2	2.20	121.29	116.90
2	B	601	FAD	O4-C4-C4X	-2.15	120.90	126.60
2	B	601	FAD	O4B-C1B-C2B	-2.10	103.85	106.93
2	A	601	FAD	C4X-C10-N10	2.10	119.55	116.48
2	B	601	FAD	C4-C4X-C10	2.10	120.31	116.79
2	B	601	FAD	C3B-C2B-C1B	2.06	104.08	100.98
2	A	601	FAD	C5X-C9A-N10	2.05	120.07	117.95

There are no chirality outliers.

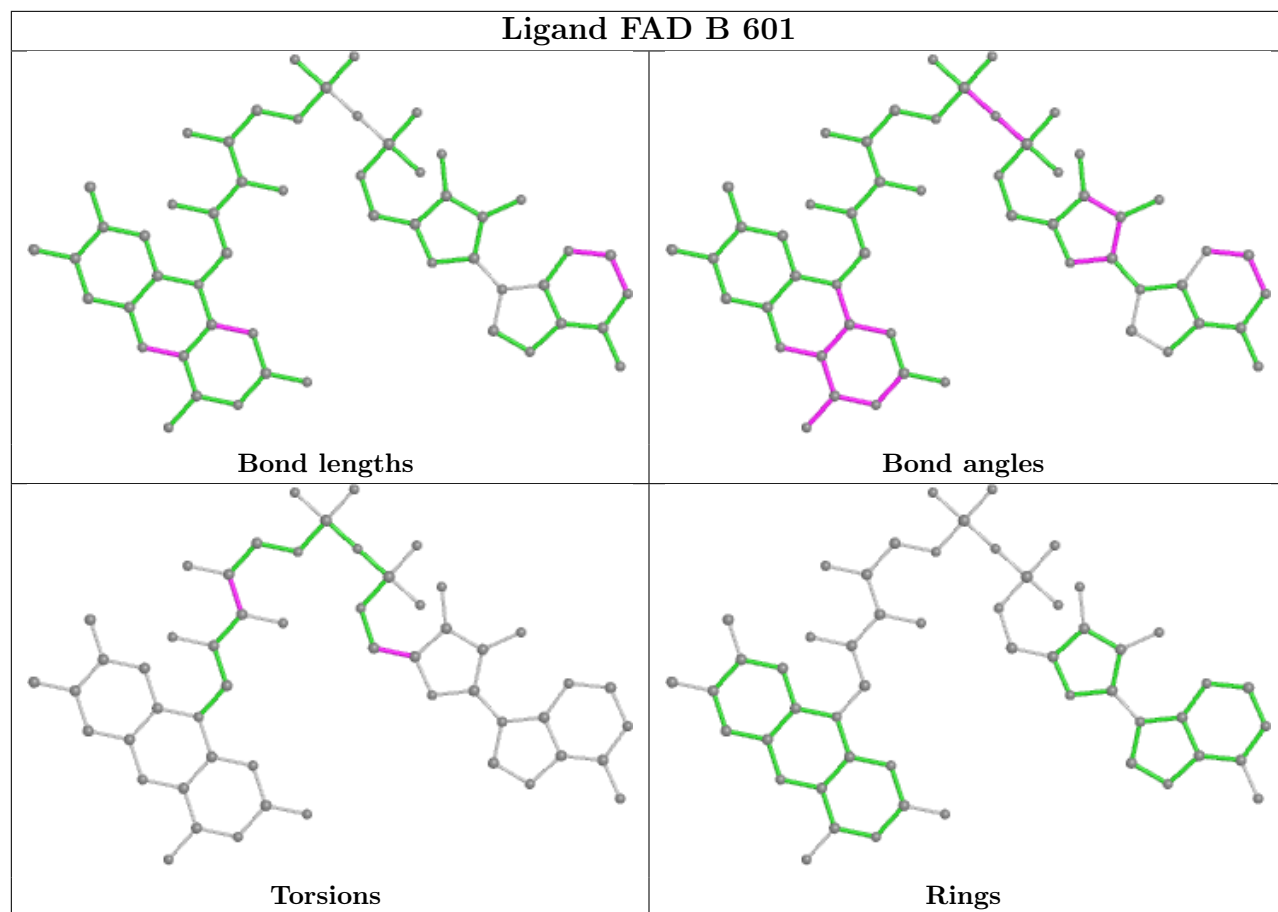
All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

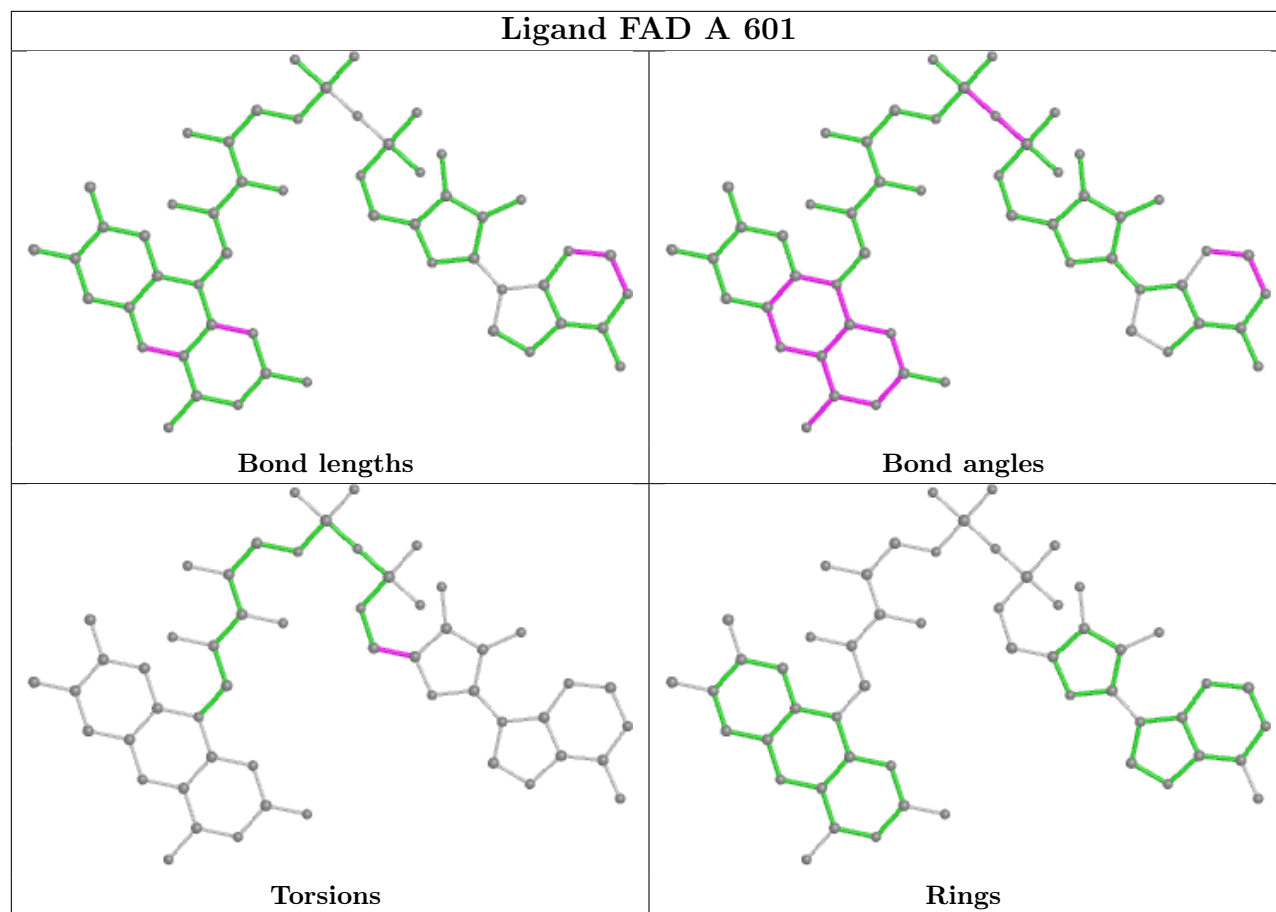
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	601	FAD	C2'-C3'-C4'-O4'
2	B	601	FAD	O3'-C3'-C4'-O4'
2	A	601	FAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B
2	B	601	FAD	O3'-C3'-C4'-C5'
2	B	601	FAD	O4B-C4B-C5B-O5B

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	490/536 (91%)	0.03	30 (6%) 21 20	25, 43, 95, 131	0
1	B	491/536 (91%)	-0.10	3 (0%) 89 88	12, 45, 85, 120	0
All	All	981/1072 (91%)	-0.04	33 (3%) 45 44	12, 44, 90, 131	0

All (33) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	197	PRO	4.6
1	A	10	ALA	4.5
1	A	262	LEU	4.2
1	A	260	LEU	3.8
1	A	219	PRO	3.6
1	A	76	GLY	3.5
1	A	201	VAL	3.5
1	A	265	PRO	3.4
1	A	217	PHE	3.3
1	A	221	GLY	3.3
1	A	200	GLU	3.2
1	B	155	TYR	3.1
1	A	224	GLY	3.1
1	A	261	THR	3.1
1	A	195	THR	3.0
1	A	404	ALA	2.9
1	A	258	THR	2.9
1	A	222	GLY	2.8
1	A	199	ARG	2.7
1	A	401	ALA	2.7
1	A	223	LEU	2.6
1	A	202	PRO	2.6
1	A	220	GLU	2.5
1	A	51	ASP	2.5

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	451	GLU	2.5
1	A	210	ASP	2.4
1	A	218	PRO	2.3
1	A	259	PRO	2.3
1	A	422	PRO	2.3
1	A	203	ARG	2.2
1	A	140	ASP	2.1
1	B	265	PRO	2.1
1	A	257	GLY	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [\(i\)](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [\(i\)](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [\(i\)](#)

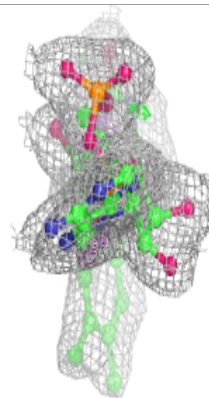
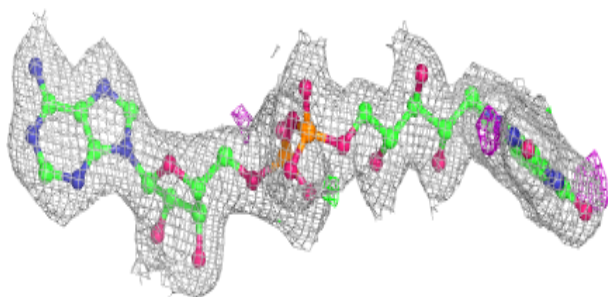
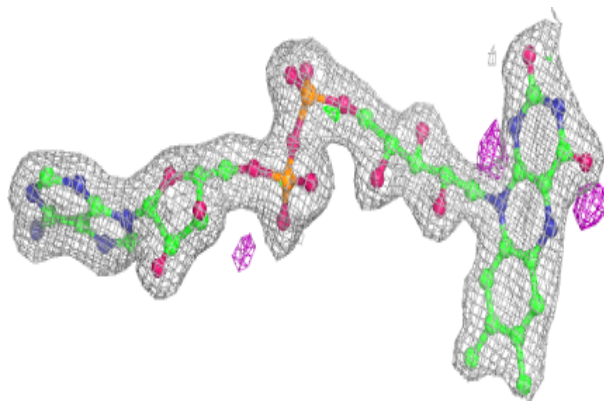
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	FAD	A	601	53/53	0.96	0.12	19,35,49,51	0
2	FAD	B	601	53/53	0.96	0.15	14,31,42,46	0

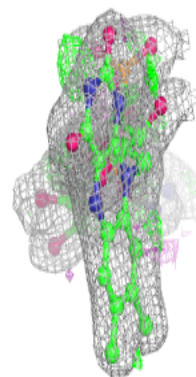
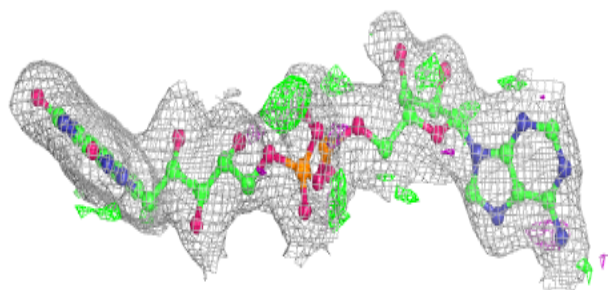
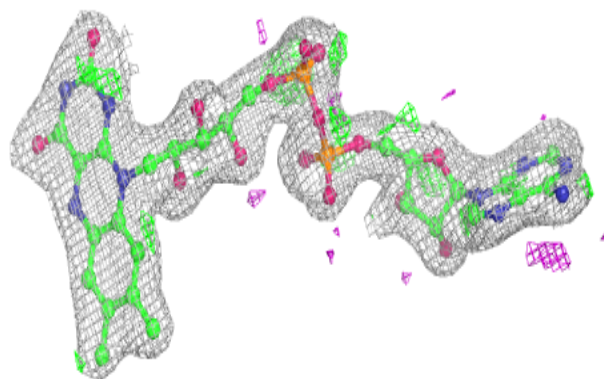
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around FAD A 601:

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

**Electron density around FAD B 601:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
 mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.