

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 15, 2020 – 11:17 pm BST

PDB ID : 4K7T

Title: Structure of the ternary complex of bacitracin, zinc, and geranyl-pyrophosph

ate

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Deposited on : 2013-04-17

Resolution : 1.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.11

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

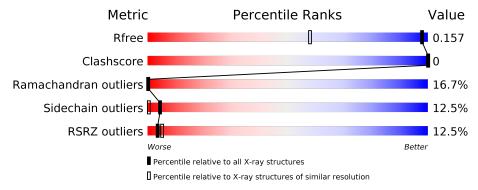
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	1619 (1.14-1.06)
Clashscore	141614	1671 (1.14-1.06)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1615 (1.14-1.06)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1613 (1.14-1.06)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1588 (1.14-1.06)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
			8%	
1	A	12	92%	8%



2 Entry composition (i)

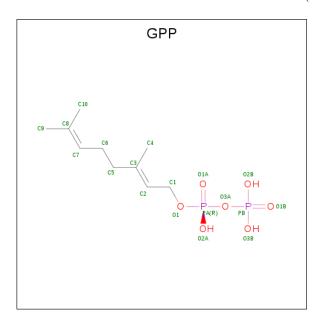
There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 260 atoms, of which 119 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called bacitracin A2.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	1.0	Total	С	Н	Ν	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	12	202	66	102	17	16	1	0	0	U

• Molecule 2 is GERANYL DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GPP) (formula: C₁₀H₂₀O₇P₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
2	Λ	1	Total	С	Н	О	Р	0	0
	A	1	36	10	17	7	2	0	0

• Molecule 3 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0

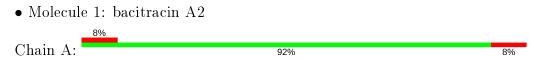
$\bullet\,$ Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	20	Total O 20 20	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.







4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 62	Depositor	
Cell constants	$35.98\text{\AA} 35.98\text{Å} 16.12\text{Å}$	Danagitan	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	12.01 - 1.10	Depositor	
resolution (A)	15.58 - 1.10	EDS	
% Data completeness	99.9 (12.01-1.10)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	$100.0 \ (15.58-1.10)$	EDS	
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	5.12 (at 1.10Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.8.1_1168	Depositor	
D D.	0.127 , 0.149	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.138 , 0.157	DCC	
R_{free} test set	230 reflections (4.61%)	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	7.0	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.418	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.55 , 65.8	EDS	
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.079 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage	
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS	
Total number of atoms	260	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	12.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 16.11% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $< L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, NA, DGL, DAS, DPN, ORD, GPP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bon	d angles
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.79	0/60	1.12	1/72~(1.4%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	2	CYS	CA-CB-SG	-5.97	103.25	114.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	100	102	98	0	0
2	A	19	17	17	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	20	0	0	0	2
All	All	141	119	115	0	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.



There are no clashes within the asymmetric unit.

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} \ (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{array}{c} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{array}$
5:A:217:HOH:O	5:A:219:HOH:O[6_555]	1.88	0.32
5:A:217:HOH:O	5:A:217:HOH:O[4_565]	2.09	0.11

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	6/12~(50%)	5 (83%)	0	1 (17%)	0 0

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	${f Res}$	Type
1	A	2	CYS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	8/8 (100%)	7 (88%)	1 (12%)	4 0

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	2	CYS

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

4 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	$ \mathbf{B} $	ond leng	${ m gths}$	В	sond ang	gles
10101	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	ORD	A	7	1	6,7,8	0.58	0	2,7,9	0.39	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	${ m Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	ORD	A	7	1	-	1/5/6/8	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	7	ORD	O-C-CA-CB



There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	Bond lengths		Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes 1		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	GPP	A	101	3,4	16,18,18	0.66	0	21,25,25	1.04	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GPP	A	101	3,4	-	3/19/19/19	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

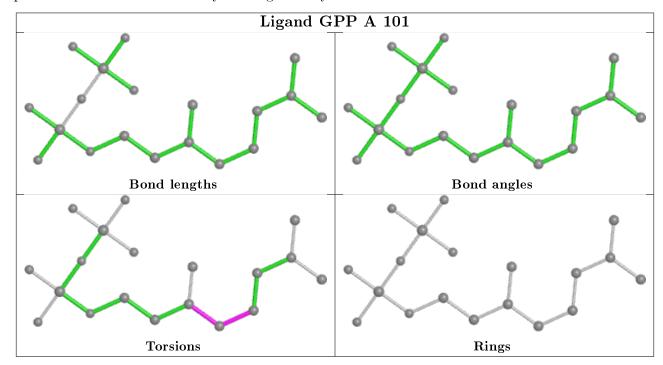
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	101	GPP	C4-C3-C5-C6
2	A	101	GPP	C2-C3-C5-C6
2	A	101	GPP	C3-C5-C6-C7

There are no ring outliers.



No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(\AA^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	8/12 (66%)	0.70	1 (12%) 3 5	7, 10, 12, 13	0

All (1) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	1	ILE	2.8

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	ORD	A	7	8/9	0.94	0.08	8,11,13,13	0
1	DAS	A	11	8/9	0.96	0.07	6,8,9,10	0
1	DGL	A	4	9/10	0.96	0.09	6,8,9,9	0
1	DPN	A	9	11/12	0.97	0.07	7,9,12,12	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

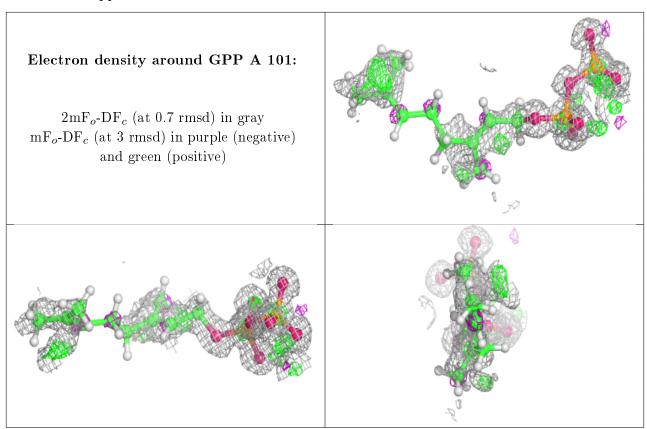
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	GPP	A	101	19/19	0.98	0.12	5,20,29,29	0
4	NA	A	103	1/1	1.00	0.04	6,6,6,6	0
3	ZN	A	102	1/1	1.00	0.04	6,6,6,6	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

