wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report

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PDB ID	:	2K9E
BMRB ID	:	15983
Title	:	NMR Solution Structure for ShK-192: A Potent KV1.3-Specific Immunosuppressive Polypeptide
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

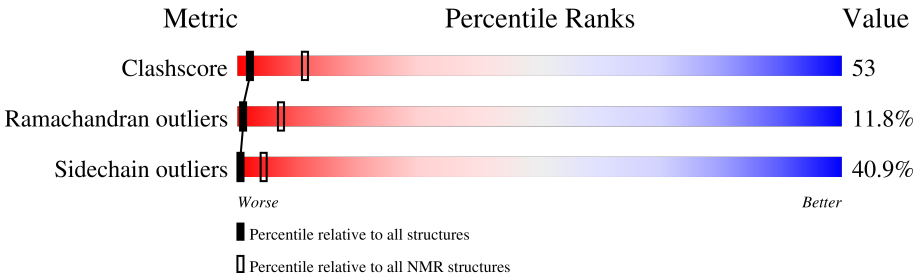
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust	:	Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 67%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	38	8% 53% 18% 21%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 10 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:5-A:20, A:22-A:35 (30)	0.60	10

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 15, 16, 20
2	2, 17, 19
3	14, 18
4	11, 13
Single-model clusters	3; 5; 6

3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 608 atoms, of which 305 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Kappa-stichotoxin-She3a.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	P	S	
1	A	38	608	185	305	57	54	1	6	1

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

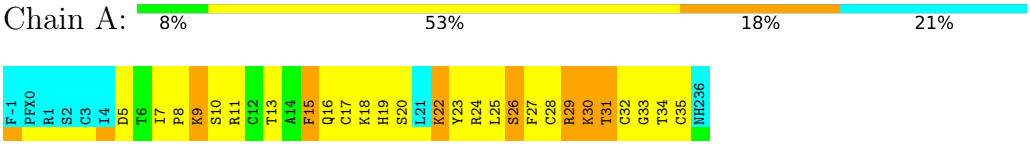
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-1	ZV4	-	expression tag	UNP P29187
A	0	PFX	-	expression tag	UNP P29187
A	21	NLE	MET	engineered mutation	UNP P29187
A	36	NH2	-	amidation	UNP P29187

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

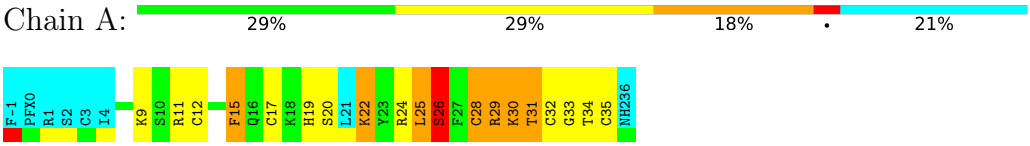
- Molecule 1: Kappa-stichotoxin-She3a



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 10. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Kappa-stichotoxin-She3a



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing, molecular dynamics.*

Of the 50 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	336
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	329
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	7
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	67%

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NH2, NLE, ZV4, PFX

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.57±0.16	0±0/241 (0.0± 0.1%)	0.81±0.18	0±0/318 (0.0± 0.1%)
All	All	0.59	1/4820 (0.0%)	0.83	2/6360 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.1±0.2
All	All	0	1

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	18	LYS	C-O	17.80	1.57	1.23	2	1

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	18	LYS	O-C-N	-20.68	89.61	122.70	2	1
1	A	18	LYS	CA-C-O	14.06	149.62	120.10	2	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	18	LYS	Mainchain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	238	238	237	25±8
All	All	4760	4760	4740	507

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 53.

5 of 210 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:25:LEU:HD12	1:A:25:LEU:O	0.92	1.63	15	5
1:A:24:ARG:O	1:A:25:LEU:HD23	0.92	1.63	10	2
1:A:8:PRO:O	1:A:10:SER:N	0.88	2.07	8	12
1:A:24:ARG:O	1:A:34:THR:HG21	0.87	1.70	3	6
1:A:7:ILE:O	1:A:7:ILE:HD13	0.86	1.71	14	3

6.3 Torsion angles

6.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	30/38 (79%)	19±2 (62±6%)	8±2 (26±5%)	4±2 (12±5%)	1	7
All	All	600/760 (79%)	374 (62%)	155 (26%)	71 (12%)	1	7

5 of 13 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	22	LYS	13
1	A	9	LYS	12
1	A	30	LYS	10
1	A	10	SER	7
1	A	25	LEU	5

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	28/32 (88%)	17±2 (59±8%)	11±2 (41±8%)	0 4
All	All	560/640 (88%)	331 (59%)	229 (41%)	0 4

5 of 25 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	15	PHE	19
1	A	31	THR	19
1	A	22	LYS	18
1	A	26	SER	15
1	A	29	ARG	14

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

3 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	ZV4	A	-1	1	14,15,16	0.85±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)
1	NLE	A	21	1	6,7,8	0.51±0.02	0±0 (0±0%)
1	PFX	A	0	1	9,9,10	0.90±0.02	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	ZV4	A	-1	1	18,21,23	0.78±0.02	1±0 (5±1%)
1	NLE	A	21	1	2,7,9	0.68±0.02	0±0 (0±0%)
1	PFX	A	0	1	8,8,10	0.72±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	ZV4	A	-1	1	-	0±0,11,12,14	0±0,1,1,1
1	PFX	A	0	1	-	0±0,6,7,8	-
1	NLE	A	21	1	-	0±0,5,6,8	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	-1	ZV4	CG-CB-CA	2.36	109.33	114.10	12	19

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 67% for the well-defined parts and 66% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	336
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	329
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	7
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	2

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- No matching atom found in the structure. First 5 (of 7) occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	0	PFX	HA	4.2	0.03	1
1	A	0	PFX	HB2	3.19	0.03	1
1	A	0	PFX	HB3	3.19	0.03	1
1	A	0	PFX	HD1	7.73	0.03	1
1	A	0	PFX	HD2	7.73	0.03	1
1	A	0	PFX	HE1	7.36	0.03	1
1	A	0	PFX	HE2	7.36	0.03	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	32	-0.47 ± 0.22	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

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Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
$^{13}C'$	1	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	31	1.45 ± 1.04	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 67%, i.e. 273 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 405. 0 out of 1 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	118/149 (79%)	60/60 (100%)	30/60 (50%)	28/29 (97%)
Sidechain	138/219 (63%)	138/140 (99%)	0/65 (0%)	0/14 (0%)
Aromatic	17/37 (46%)	17/18 (94%)	0/17 (0%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	273/405 (67%)	215/218 (99%)	30/142 (21%)	28/45 (62%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts

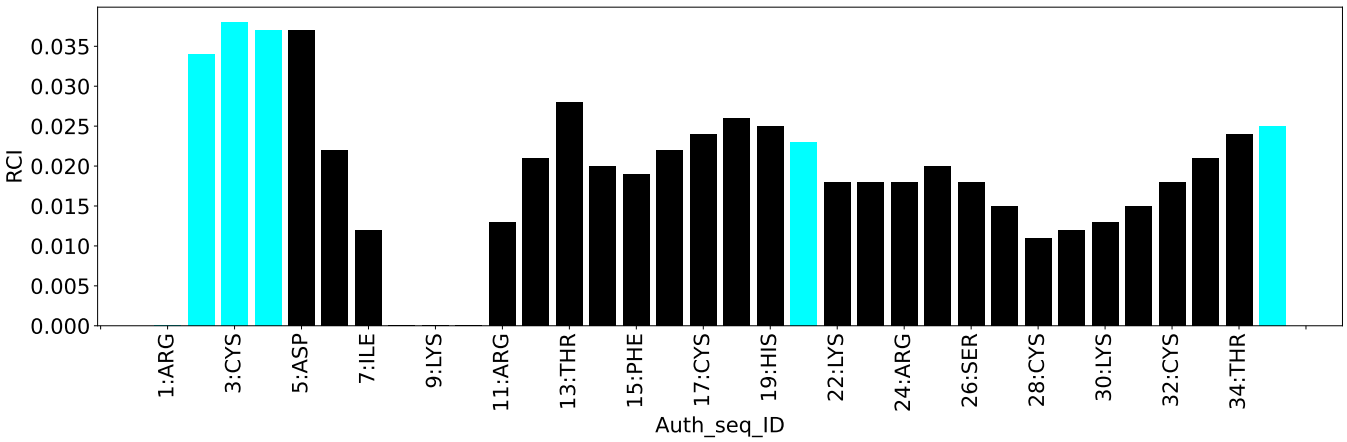
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	9	LYS	C	60.26	167.28 – 186.22	-61.5
1	A	13	THR	HG1	5.78	0.08 – 2.19	22.0

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:


RCI
0.035
0.030
0.025
0.020
0.015
0.010
0.005
0.000
1:ARG
3:CYS
5:ASP
7:ILE
9:LYS
11:ARG
13:THR
15:PHE
17:CYS
19:HIS
22:LYS
24:ARG
26:SER
28:CYS
30:LYS
32:CYS
34:THR
Auth_seq_ID