

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 2, 2021 – 10:20 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2KIL

Title : NMR structure of the H103G mutant SO2144 H-NOX domain from Shewanella

oneidensis in the Fe(II)CO ligation state

Authors : Erbil, W.K. Deposited on : 2009-05-06

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

ShiftChecker : 2.23.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

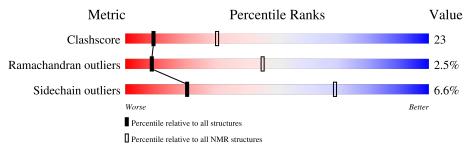
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.23.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality	Quality of chain				
1	A	181	49%	31%	•	19%		



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 7 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: closest to the average.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

	Well-defined (core) protein residues									
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model										
1	A:4-A:29,	A:45-A:108,	0.24	7						
	A:117-A:132,	A:138-A:178								
	(147)									

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 11, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20
2	3, 6, 10
3	12, 16



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2940 atoms, of which 1457 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

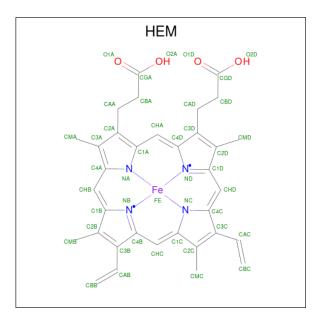
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Putative uncharacterized protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
1	Λ	101	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1	A	181	2856	910	1423	247	264	12	U

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	103	GLY	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q8EF49

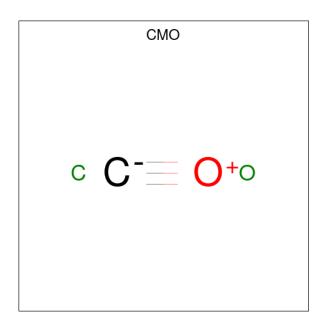
• Molecule 2 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$).



	Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					
ſ	9	Λ	1	Total	С	Fe	Н	N	О
	2	А	1	73	34	1	30	4	4

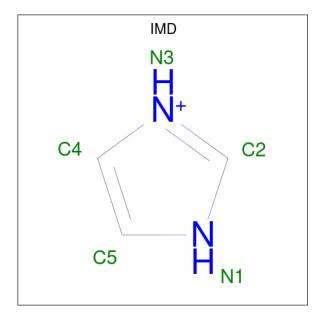
• Molecule 3 is CARBON MONOXIDE (three-letter code: CMO) (formula: CO).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Ato	oms	
9	Λ	1	Total	С	О
3	А	1	2	1	1

 \bullet Molecule 4 is IMIDAZOLE (three-letter code: IMD) (formula: $\mathrm{C_3H_5N_2}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	ton	ns		
4	٨	1	Total	С	Η	N	
4	А	1	9	3	4	2	

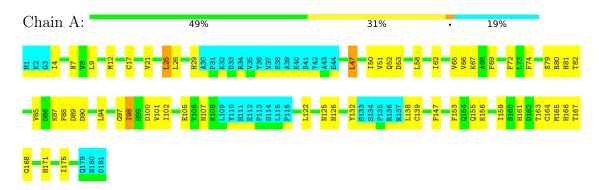


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

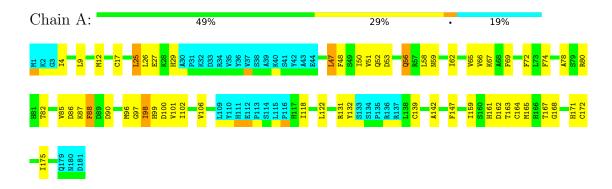
• Molecule 1: Putative uncharacterized protein



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 7. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Putative uncharacterized protein





Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
XPLOR-NIH	refinement	

No chemical shift data was provided.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CMO, HEM, IMD

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1160	1154	1146	54±7
2	A	43	30	30	2±2
4	A	5	4	4	0±0
All	All	24200	23760	23600	1086

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 23.

5 of 317 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	${f Models}$		
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total	
1:A:25:LEU:HD13	1:A:26:LEU:N	0.89	1.82	18	20	
1:A:122:LEU:HD22	1:A:122:LEU:N	0.76	1.96	6	6	
1:A:25:LEU:HD22	1:A:25:LEU:O	0.69	1.87	2	20	
1:A:25:LEU:C	1:A:25:LEU:HD22	0.69	2.08	12	18	
1:A:157:ILE:O	1:A:157:ILE:HD13	0.68	1.88	17	2	



6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentil	es
1	A	147/181 (81%)	130±2 (89±2%)	13±3 (9±2%)	4±1 (2±1%)	9 45	
All	All	2940/3620 (81%)	2605 (89%)	262 (9%)	73 (2%)	9 45	

5 of 12 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	98	ILE	20
1	A	100	ASP	20
1	A	165	MET	11
1	A	86	ASP	4
1	A	126	ASN	4

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	129/159 (81%)	121±2 (93±1%)	8±2 (7±1%)	20	69
All	All	2580/3180 (81%)	2411 (93%)	169 (7%)	20	69

5 of 38 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	25	LEU	20
1	A	47	LEU	20
1	A	51	VAL	17
1	A	163	THR	12
1	A	21	VAL	12



6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Trmo	Chain	Dog	$_{ m cs}$ $_{ m Link}$	Bond lengths			
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2	
4	IMD	A	184	2	3,5,5	0.35 ± 0.01	0±0 (0±0%)	
2	HEM	A	182	3,4	27,50,50	1.88 ± 0.02	4±0 (14±0%)	
3	CMO	A	183	2	0,1,1	0.00 ± 0.00	-	

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Trino	Chain	Peg	Link		Bond ang	gles
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
4	IMD	A	184	2	4,5,5	0.17 ± 0.01	0±0 (0±0%)
2	HEM	A	182	3,4	17,82,82	1.18 ± 0.09	0±0 (2±2%)
3	CMO	A	183	2	-	-	-



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	IMD	A	184	2	-	-	$0\pm0,1,1,1$
2	HEM	A	182	3,4	-	$0\pm0,6,54,54$	-

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{in} \left \operatorname{Res} \right $	Type	Atoms		$Observed(\AA)$	$Ideal(\AA)$	Models	
WIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed(A)		Worst	Total
2	A	182	HEM	C3B-CAB	4.78	1.38	1.47	11	20
2	A	182	HEM	C3C-CAC	4.61	1.38	1.47	18	20
2	A	182	HEM	C3B-C2B	3.97	1.34	1.40	11	20
2	A	182	HEM	C3C-C2C	3.94	1.34	1.40	20	20

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Chain Res	Type	Atoma	$oxed{Z} oxed{ ext{Observed(o)}} oxed{ ext{I}}$	$Ideal(^{o})$	Models		
MIOI	Chain	nes	туре	Atoms	L	Observed()	ideai()	Worst	Total
2	A	182	HEM	C4C-C3C-C2C	3.69	104.32	106.90	16	2
2	A	182	HEM	C4A-C3A-C2A	2.42	105.31	107.00	6	5
2	A	182	HEM	C1D-C2D-C3D	2.05	105.57	107.00	2	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique torsion outliers are listed below.

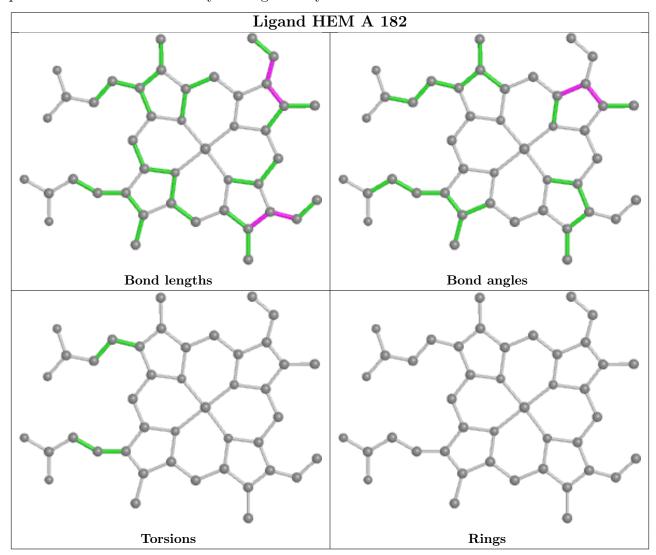
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	${f Atoms}$	Models (Total)
2	A	182	HEM	C2D-C3D-CAD-CBD	1

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and



any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

