

# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Jun 15, 2024 – 06:00 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2KMS BMRB ID : 16439

Title : Combined high- and low-resolution techniques reveal compact structure in

central portion of factor H despite long inter-modular linkers

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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

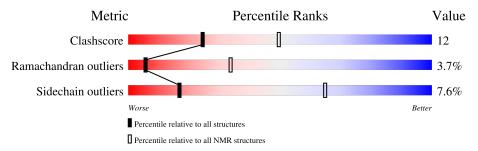
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 86%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	115	73%	23%	• •		



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 7 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core   Residue range (total)   Backbone RMSD (Å)   Medoid mod						
1	A:690-A:750 (61)	0.45	7			
2	A:751-A:801 (51)	0.48	8			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 8, 10, 12, 18, 19, 20
2	4, 6, 9, 13
3	3, 7, 17
4	5, 11, 15
5	14, 16



# 3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1815 atoms, of which 887 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Complement factor H.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
1	Λ	115	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1	1 A	115	1815	582	887	164	173	9	0

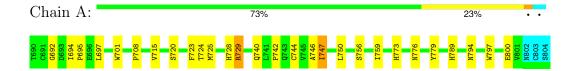


## 4 Residue-property plots (i)

#### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

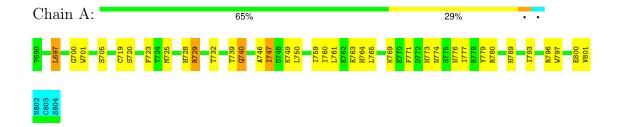
• Molecule 1: Complement factor H



# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 7. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Complement factor H





#### Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	1.2
CYANA	refinement	2.1
CYANA	structure solution	2.1

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1381
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1347
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	34
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	86%



# 6 Model quality (i)

## 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		E	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
WIOI	RMSZ		#Z>5	RMSZ $\#Z>5$		
1	A	$1.04 \pm 0.03$	$1\pm1/933$ ( $0.1\pm$ $0.1\%$ )	$0.74 \pm 0.02$	$0\pm0/1264~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	
All	All	1.04	15/18660 ( 0.1%)	0.74	0/25280 ( 0.0%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	$0.0\pm0.0$	$0.4 \pm 0.5$
All	All	0	8

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Dec	Tuno	Atoma	7	$\mathbf{Z}    \text{Observed}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}) \mid \text{Ideal}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}})  $	Mod		
MIOI	Chain	nes	Туре	Atoms	L	Observed(A)	Ideal(A)	Worst	Total
1	A	692	GLY	N-CA	-6.67	1.36	1.46	10	13
1	A	801	VAL	N-CA	-5.46	1.35	1.46	9	2

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	729	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	A	778	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	A	782	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	A	796	ARG	Sidechain	1
1	A	780	ARG	Sidechain	1



## 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes
1	A	907	872	865	21±3
All	All	18140	17440	17300	418

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

5 of 139 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:745:VAL:HG11	1:A:750:LEU:HD21	0.93	1.37	18	1
1:A:750:LEU:HG	1:A:794:ASN:HD22	0.88	1.29	5	3
1:A:747:ILE:HA	1:A:750:LEU:HD22	0.81	1.52	17	6
1:A:750:LEU:HG	1:A:794:ASN:ND2	0.73	1.98	8	5
1:A:747:ILE:HA	1:A:750:LEU:HG	0.72	1.61	19	12

## 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	111/115 (97%)	91±2 (82±2%)	16±2 (14±2%)	4±1 (4±1%)	6	34
All	All	$2220/2300 \ (97\%)$	1819 (82%)	318 (14%)	83 (4%)	6	34

5 of 17 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	747	ILE	20
1	A	789	HIS	16
1	A	720	SER	10

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	695	PRO	7
1	A	706	SER	7

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	102/105 (97%)	94±2 (92±2%)	8±2 (8±2%)	17 65
All	All	2040/2100 (97%)	1885 (92%)	155 (8%)	17 65

5 of 31 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	701	TRP	20
1	A	776	ASN	18
1	A	729	ARG	17
1	A	740	GLN	17
1	A	794	ASN	11

## 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



# 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

# 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 86% for the well-defined parts and 86% for the entire structure.

#### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1381
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1347
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	34
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	3

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

• No matching atom found in the structure. First 5 (of 34) occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Dag	Trino	Atom	Shift Data		l
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	3	GLU	Н	8.525	0.003	1
1	A	3	GLU	HA	4.164	0.008	1
1	A	3	GLU	HB2	1.935	0.011	1
1	A	3	GLU	HG2	2.234	0.003	1
1	A	3	GLU	С	175.758	0.001	1
1	A	3	GLU	CA	56.68	0.040	1
1	A	3	GLU	СВ	30.19	0.037	1
1	A	3	GLU	CG	36.24	0.052	1
1	A	3	GLU	N	120.983	0.035	1
1	A	4	ALA	Н	8.312	0.005	1
1	A	4	ALA	HA	4.218	0.011	1
1	A	4	ALA	HB1	1.315	0.003	1
1	A	4	ALA	HB2	1.315	0.003	1
1	A	4	ALA	HB3	1.315	0.003	1

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List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
LIST ID	Chain	nes	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	4	ALA	С	174.782	0.002	1
1	A	4	ALA	CA	52.307	0.052	1
1	A	4	ALA	CB	19.258	0.045	1
1	A	4	ALA	N	125.434	0.029	1
1	A	5	ALA	Н	8.234	0.002	1
1	A	5	ALA	HA	4.221	0.007	1
1	A	5	ALA	HB1	1.311	0.002	1
1	A	5	ALA	HB2	1.311	0.002	1
1	A	5	ALA	HB3	1.311	0.002	1
1	A	5	ALA	С	174.327	0.002	1
1	A	5	ALA	CA	52.305	0.044	1
1	A	5	ALA	СВ	19.433	0.071	1
1	A	5	ALA	N	123.847	0.015	1
1	A	6	GLY	Н	7.778	0.010	1
1	A	6	GLY	HA2	3.309	0.004	2
1	A	6	GLY	HA3	3.608	0.008	2
1	A	6	GLY	С	178.709	0.003	1
1	A	6	GLY	CA	45.233	0.041	1
1	A	6	GLY	N	107.415	0.013	1
1	A	690	THR	Н	7.721	0.004	1

## 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, $ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	119	$0.04 \pm 0.20$	None needed ( $< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$ )
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	110	$0.01 \pm 0.14$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
<sup>13</sup> C′	116	$-1.67 \pm 0.22$	Should be applied
$^{15}N$	113	$0.07 \pm 0.40$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

## 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 86%, i.e. 1322 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1532. 0 out of 12 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$	
Backbone	553/558 (99%)	226/227 (100%)	221/224 (99%)	106/107 (99%)	

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	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Sidechain	661/812 (81%)	436/524 (83%)	216/256 (84%)	9/32 (28%)
Aromatic	108/162 (67%)	54/79 (68%)	50/67 (75%)	4/16 (25%)
Overall	1322/1532 (86%)	716/830 (86%)	487/547 (89%)	119/155 (77%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	794	ASN	Н	12.14	5.28 - 11.36	6.3
1	A	780	ARG	HD2	1.74	1.97 - 4.26	-6.0
1	A	718	ASN	HB2	0.99	1.27 - 4.34	-5.9

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

