

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Aug 6, 2023 – 12:24 AM EDT

PDB ID : 1KPU

Title: High resolution crystal structure of the MHC class I complex H-2Kb/VSV8

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Deposited on : 2002-01-02

Resolution : 1.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

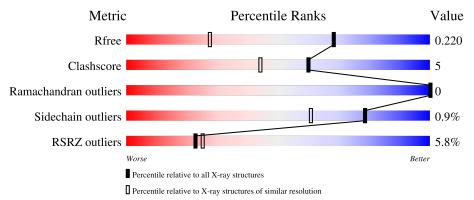
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	2936 (1.50-1.50)
Clashscore	141614	3144 (1.50-1.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3066 (1.50-1.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3064 (1.50-1.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2884 (1.50-1.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain	
1	A	274	7%	89%	11%
2	В	99	3%	89%	11%
3	Р	8		75%	25%
4	С	3	33%	67	7%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	NAG	С	2	-	-	-	X
6	MPD	В	701	X	-	-	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3640 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called H-2 class I histocompatibility antigen, K-B alpha chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	274	Total 2260	C 1422	N 399	O 429	S 10	0	8	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called beta-2-microglobulin.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	В	99	Total 828	C 527	N 138	O 155	S 8	0	3	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called nucleocapsid.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	Р	8	Total 68	C 44	N 12	O 12	0	0	0

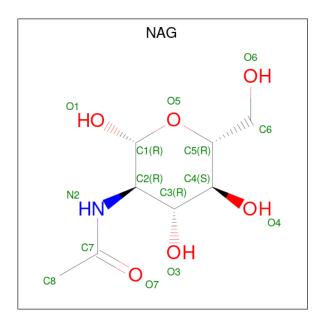
• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[al pha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
4	С	3	Total 38	C 22	N 2	O 14	0	0	0

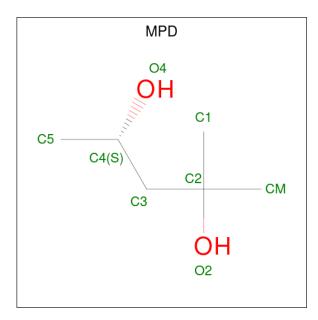
• Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 6 is (4S)-2-METHYL-2,4-PENTANEDIOL (three-letter code: MPD) (formula:  $C_6H_{14}O_2).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0
6	В	1	Total C O 8 6 2	0	0



### • Molecule 7 is water.

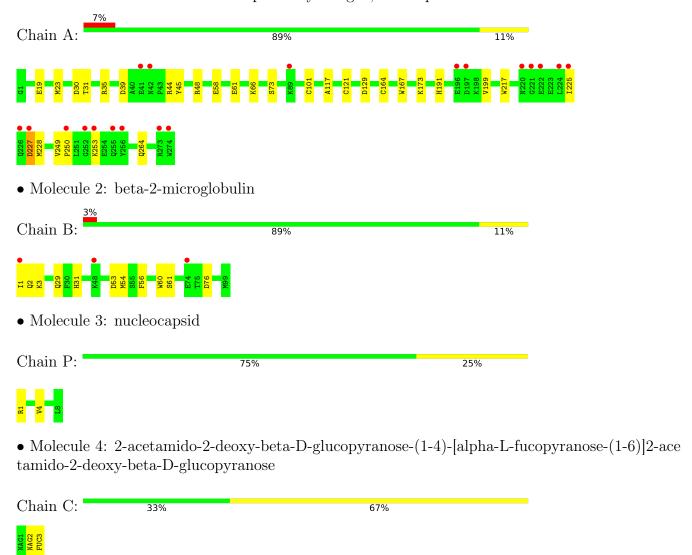
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	300	Total O 300 300	0	0
7	В	108	Total O 108 108	0	0
7	Р	8	Total O 8 8	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: H-2 class I histocompatibility antigen, K-B alpha chain





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	136.09Å 88.12Å 45.24Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	41.89 - 1.50	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	41.92 - 1.50	EDS
% Data completeness	96.8 (41.89-1.50)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	89.5 (41.92-1.50)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.11	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.11 (at 1.50Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.0, CNS	Depositor
D D.	0.184 , 0.208	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.194 , 0.220	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	4104 reflections $(5.05\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	15.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.252	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.42, 52.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	3640	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	20.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.99% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MPD, FUC, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.65	0/2362	0.88	8/3203~(0.2%)	
2	В	0.66	0/870	0.84	2/1179~(0.2%)	
3	Р	0.96	0/69	0.89	0/90	
All	All	0.66	0/3301	0.87	$10/4472 \ (0.2\%)$	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	76	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.90	124.51	118.30
2	В	53	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.66	123.39	118.30
1	A	227	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.63	123.36	118.30
1	A	73[A]	SER	CA-CB-OG	5.61	126.34	111.20
1	A	73[B]	SER	CA-CB-OG	5.61	126.34	111.20
1	A	129	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.30	123.07	118.30
1	A	30[A]	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.20	122.98	118.30
1	A	30[B]	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.20	122.98	118.30
1	A	31	THR	OG1-CB-CG2	-5.18	98.08	110.00
1	A	39	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.05	122.84	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2260	0	2145	23	0
2	В	828	0	800	9	0
3	Р	68	0	67	3	0
4	С	38	0	34	0	0
5	A	14	0	13	0	0
6	A	8	0	14	0	0
6	В	8	0	13	0	0
7	A	300	0	0	8	0
7	В	108	0	0	0	0
7	Р	8	0	0	1	0
All	All	3640	0	3086	28	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (28) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

A 4 1	A 4 0	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}(\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:121:CYS:SG	2:B:1:ILE:HD11	2.01	0.99
1:A:23[A]:MET:SD	2:B:54[A]:MET:SD	2.75	0.85
1:A:264[B]:GLN:HG3	7:A:743:HOH:O	1.90	0.71
1:A:19:GLU:HG2	7:A:849:HOH:O	1.90	0.70
1:A:173[A]:LYS:CE	7:A:980:HOH:O	2.43	0.65
1:A:121:CYS:SG	2:B:1:ILE:CD1	2.84	0.64
1:A:121:CYS:HG	2:B:1:ILE:HD11	1.61	0.64
1:A:35[B]:ARG:HG2	1:A:48:ARG:HD3	1.80	0.63
1:A:173[A]:LYS:NZ	7:A:980:HOH:O	2.35	0.57
1:A:250:PRO:HG2	1:A:253:LYS:HB2	1.86	0.56
1:A:117:ALA:HB2	2:B:60:TRP:CE2	2.43	0.54
1:A:225:ILE:HA	1:A:228:MET:HE3	1.92	0.51
2:B:29:GLN:HA	2:B:61[A]:SER:HB3	1.93	0.51
2:B:3:LYS:CE	2:B:61[A]:SER:OG	2.59	0.50
1:A:66:LYS:HG3	3:P:4:VAL:HG22	1.93	0.50
1:A:44:ARG:NH2	1:A:61:GLU:OE1	2.41	0.50
2:B:3:LYS:HE3	2:B:31:HIS:HB2	1.93	0.49
2:B:3:LYS:NZ	2:B:61[A]:SER:OG	2.48	0.46
1:A:58:GLU:HG3	7:A:749:HOH:O	2.14	0.46
1:A:121:CYS:SG	7:A:901:HOH:O	2.31	0.45
1:A:101:CYS:CB	1:A:164:CYS:HG	2.27	0.45
1:A:191:HIS:NE2	1:A:199:VAL:HG11	2.31	0.44
1:A:249:VAL:HB	1:A:250:PRO:HD2	1.99	0.44
1:A:173[A]:LYS:HE3	7:A:980:HOH:O	2.15	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned} &  ext{Interatomic} \ &  ext{distance} \ &  ext{(Å)} \end{aligned}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:227:ASP:O	7:A:975:HOH:O	2.21	0.43
1:A:167:TRP:NE1	3:P:1:ARG:HD2	2.35	0.41
1:A:217:TRP:H	1:A:228:MET:HE1	1.84	0.41
3:P:1:ARG:NE	7:P:166:HOH:O	2.53	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	280/274~(102%)	278 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100	
2	В	100/99 (101%)	100 (100%)	0	0	100	100	
3	P	6/8 (75%)	6 (100%)	0	0	100	100	
All	All	386/381 (101%)	384 (100%)	2 (0%)	0	100	100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	240/232 (103%)	239 (100%)	1 (0%)	91 82		
2	В	97/94 (103%)	95 (98%)	2 (2%)	53 23		
3	Р	6/6 (100%)	6 (100%)	0	100 100		

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Outl		Perce	ntiles
All	All	343/332 (103%)	340 (99%)	3 (1%)	78	61

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	45	TYR
2	В	2	GLN
2	В	56	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	87	GLN
1	A	115	GLN
1	A	174	ASN
1	A	220	ASN
1	A	226	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Tuno	pe Chain	Res	Link	Link Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	NAG	С	1	1,4	14,14,15	0.48	0	17,19,21	0.79	0
4	NAG	С	2	4	14,14,15	0.77	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.39	3 (17%)
4	FUC	С	3	4	10,10,11	0.53	0	14,14,16	1.63	4 (28%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	С	1	1,4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	С	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	FUC	C	3	4	-	-	0/1/1/1

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
4	С	2	NAG	C1-C2	2.09	1.55	1.52

#### All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
4	С	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	8.33	124.45	111.29
4	С	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.85	117.40	112.19
4	С	3	FUC	O5-C5-C6	3.02	113.82	107.33
4	С	3	FUC	C6-C5-C4	-2.88	107.75	113.07
4	С	3	FUC	O5-C1-C2	-2.72	106.57	110.77
4	С	2	NAG	O5-C5-C4	2.29	116.40	110.83
4	С	3	FUC	O5-C5-C4	2.16	113.40	109.52

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	С	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	С	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2

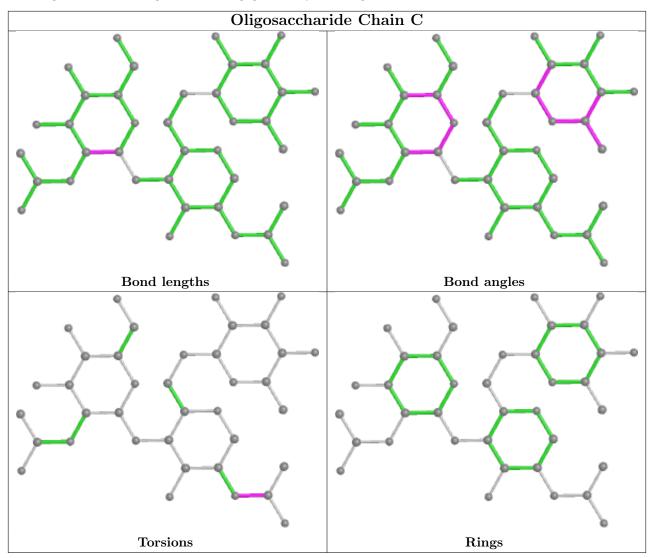
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,



bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

7	Mol Type Chain I		Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
1	IVIOI	туре	Chain	rtes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
	6	MPD	A	702	-	7,7,7	0.29	0	9,10,10	0.52	0



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI 1	туре				Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	NAG	A	500	1	14,14,15	0.79	0	17,19,21	0.87	1 (5%)
6	MPD	В	701	-	7,7,7	0.46	0	9,10,10	1.28	1 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	MPD	A	702	-	-	2/5/5/5	-
5	NAG	A	500	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	MPD	В	701	-	1/1/2/2	2/5/5/5	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
6	В	701	MPD	O4-C4-C3	2.81	122.71	111.36
5	A	500	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.06	114.98	112.19

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
6	В	701	MPD	C4

All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	500	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
6	В	701	MPD	C2-C3-C4-O4
6	A	702	MPD	C1-C2-C3-C4
6	В	701	MPD	CM-C2-C3-C4
5	A	500	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
6	A	702	MPD	O2-C2-C3-C4

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	274/274 (100%)	0.33	19 (6%) 16 17	9, 16, 36, 47	0
2	В	99/99 (100%)	0.42	3 (3%) 50 55	11, 17, 31, 41	0
3	Р	8/8 (100%)	0.03	0 100 100	13, 15, 17, 28	0
All	All	381/381 (100%)	0.35	22 (5%) 23 25	9, 16, 34, 47	0

All (22) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	В	1	ILE	13.2
1	A	225	ILE	11.1
1	A	226	GLN	6.6
1	A	256	TYR	5.9
1	A	41	GLU	5.3
1	A	42	ASN	5.2
1	A	220	ASN	4.7
1	A	227	ASP	4.6
1	A	274	TRP	4.2
1	A	222	GLU	4.1
1	A	221	GLY	4.1
1	A	196	GLU	4.0
1	A	255	GLN	3.3
1	A	197	ASP	3.2
1	A	253	LYS	3.0
1	A	250	PRO	2.9
2	В	74	GLU	2.8
2	В	48	LYS	2.7
1	A	224	LEU	2.4
1	A	252	GLY	2.3
1	A	273	ARG	2.1
1	A	89	LYS	2.0



### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

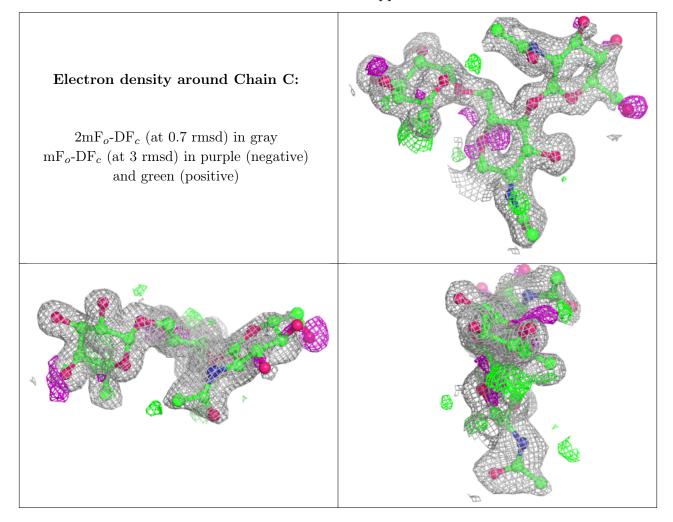
There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.65	0.41	44,47,49,51	0
4	FUC	С	3	10/11	0.75	0.21	28,33,36,36	0
4	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.79	0.21	28,34,39,39	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	NAG	A	500	14/15	0.72	0.32	37,42,45,46	0
6	MPD	В	701	8/8	0.83	0.14	23,25,26,27	0
6	MPD	A	702	8/8	0.93	0.11	20,27,28,29	0

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

