

# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

### Feb 15, 2022 – 07:31 AM EST

PDB ID : 1KX7

Title : Family of 30 conformers of a mono-heme ferrocytochrome c from Shewanella

putrefaciens solved by NMR

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Deposited on : 2002-01-31

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp

with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

ShiftChecker : 2.26

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

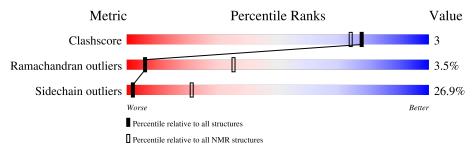
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.26

### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$egin{array}{l} { m NMR \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	81	73%	22%	•••	



## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 30 models. Model 12 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues								
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model								
1 A:-1-A:-1, A:1-A:78 (79) 0.36 12								

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

NmrClust was unable to cluster the ensemble.

Error message: 1 Unexpected character



## 3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1249 atoms, of which 610 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

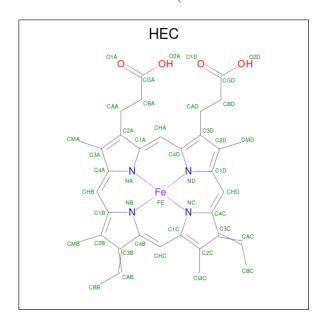
• Molecule 1 is a protein called mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	Λ	01	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
	A	01	1174	366	578	102	120	8	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-3	ALA	-	cloning artifact	UNP O52685
A	-2	ASP	-	cloning artifact	UNP O52685
A	-1	LEU	-	cloning artifact	UNP O52685

• Molecule 2 is HEME C (three-letter code: HEC) (formula:  $C_{34}H_{34}FeN_4O_4$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					
9	Λ	1	Total	С	Fe	Н	N	О
2	A	1	75	34	1	32	4	4

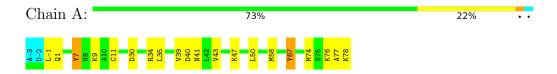


### 4 Residue-property plots (i)

#### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA

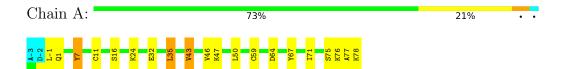


#### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

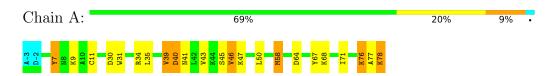
Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA



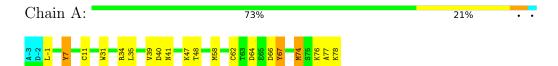
#### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2





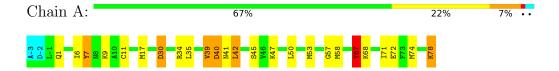
#### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA



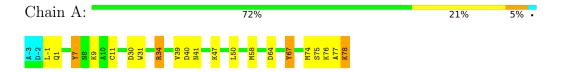
#### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA



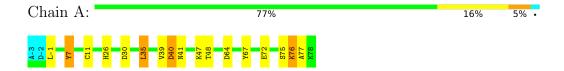
#### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA

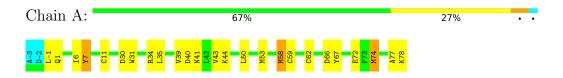


#### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA



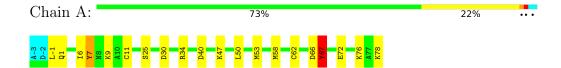
#### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7





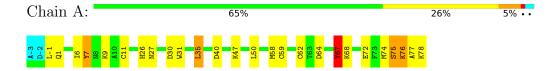
#### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA



#### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA



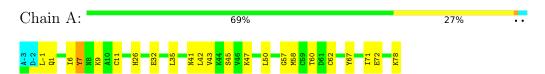
#### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA

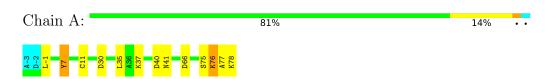


#### 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA



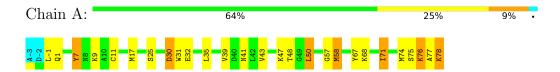
#### 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12 (medoid)





#### 4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA



#### 4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA



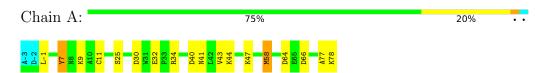
#### 4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA

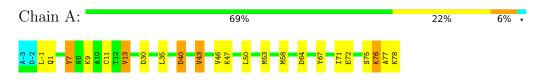


#### 4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA



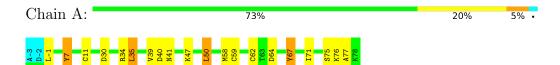
#### 4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17





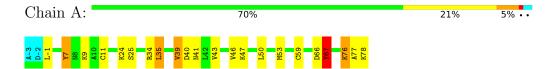
#### 4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA



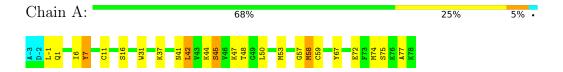
#### 4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA



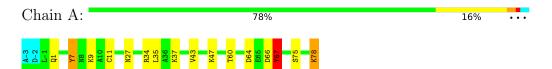
#### 4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA

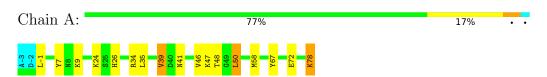


#### 4.2.21 Score per residue for model 21

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA



#### 4.2.22 Score per residue for model 22





#### 4.2.23 Score per residue for model 23

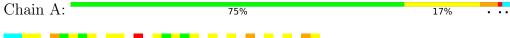
• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA





#### 4.2.24 Score per residue for model 24

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA





#### 4.2.25 Score per residue for model 25

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA

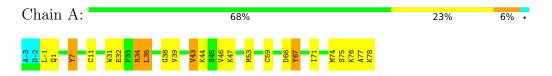


#### 4.2.26 Score per residue for model 26

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA



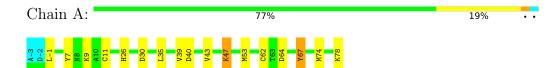
#### 4.2.27 Score per residue for model 27





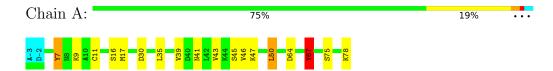
#### 4.2.28 Score per residue for model 28

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA

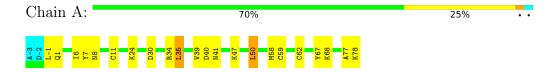


#### 4.2.29 Score per residue for model 29

• Molecule 1: mono-heme c-type cytochrome ScyA



#### 4.2.30 Score per residue for model 30





#### 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing in the dihedral angle space in dyana in 15000 steps; 30 structures with the lowest target function out of a total number of 250 generated structures constitute the REM family - subject to restrained energy minimization in AMBER.

Of the 250 calculated structures, 30 were deposited, based on the following criterion: target func-

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DYANA	structure solution	1.5
Amber	refinement	6

No chemical shift data was provided.



### 6 Model quality (i)

### 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	В	ond lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	RMSZ		#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	$0.55 \pm 0.01$	$0\pm0/593~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	$1.01\pm0.02$	$1\pm1/799$ ( $0.1\pm$ $0.1\%$ )	
All	All	0.55	0/17790 ( 0.0%)	1.01	27/23970 ( 0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$1.6 \pm 0.8$
All	All	0	48

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		os Typo Atoms 7 Observed(0) Ido		$Ideal(^{o})$	Mod	dels	
IVIOI	Chain	rtes	Type	Atoms		Observed()	ideai()	Worst	Total
1	A	30	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-7.53	111.52	118.30	7	16
1	A	67	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-7.12	116.73	121.00	8	7
1	A	46	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	-5.25	102.50	110.90	2	1
1	A	13	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	-5.06	102.80	110.90	17	1
1	A	34	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.05	122.83	120.30	2	1
1	A	50	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	5.04	119.57	111.00	29	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	7	TYR	Sidechain	26
1	A	67	TYR	Sidechain	16
1	A	34	ARG	Sidechain	6

### 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	583	567	567	2±2
2	A	43	32	30	2±1
All	All	18780	17970	17910	107

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Mod	dels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
2:A:90:HEC:HMC1	2:A:90:HEC:HBC3	0.72	1.61	11	28
1:A:78:LYS:HB2	2:A:90:HEC:HMA3	0.68	1.65	28	4
2:A:90:HEC:HMC1	2:A:90:HEC:CBC	0.64	2.22	2	23
1:A:-1:LEU:H	1:A:-1:LEU:HD13	0.60	1.57	10	1
2:A:90:HEC:HMB1	2:A:90:HEC:HBB3	0.59	1.74	23	2
1:A:-1:LEU:HD13	1:A:6:ILE:CD1	0.56	2.29	8	1
1:A:-1:LEU:HD11	1:A:62:CYS:SG	0.56	2.41	8	1
1:A:42:LEU:HB3	2:A:90:HEC:HMA2	0.50	1.82	4	2
1:A:31:TRP:CH2	1:A:74:MET:CB	0.50	2.95	25	11
1:A:31:TRP:CZ2	1:A:78:LYS:HE3	0.49	2.43	2	3
1:A:31:TRP:CH2	1:A:74:MET:HB2	0.49	2.42	14	3
1:A:10:ALA:O	2:A:90:HEC:HMC3	0.48	2.07	23	1
1:A:34:ARG:HB2	1:A:77:ALA:HB1	0.47	1.85	24	3
1:A:31:TRP:CZ3	1:A:78:LYS:OXT	0.47	2.68	13	1
1:A:34:ARG:CB	1:A:77:ALA:HB1	0.46	2.41	24	1
1:A:30:ASP:OD1	1:A:78:LYS:NZ	0.46	2.49	9	4
1:A:34:ARG:HH12	2:A:90:HEC:CGD	0.45	2.24	27	1
1:A:45:SER:HA	1:A:48:THR:HG22	0.45	1.88	20	1
1:A:58:MET:HB2	2:A:90:HEC:HMC2	0.45	1.89	13	1
1:A:78:LYS:OXT	1:A:78:LYS:NZ	0.44	2.43	22	3

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	$\mathbf{Distance}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	Mod	dels
Atom-1	Atom-1 Atom-2		Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:31:TRP:CH2	1:A:78:LYS:HG3	0.43	2.48	27	1
1:A:43:VAL:HA	1:A:46:VAL:HG12	0.43	1.89	27	4
1:A:-1:LEU:HD13	1:A:62:CYS:HA	0.42	1.91	18	1
1:A:35:LEU:HG	1:A:77:ALA:HB2	0.42	1.91	19	1
1:A:77:ALA:O	2:A:90:HEC:HMA3	0.41	2.16	20	1
1:A:78:LYS:O	2:A:90:HEC:CMA	0.41	2.69	13	1
1:A:78:LYS:O	1:A:78:LYS:NZ	0.41	2.48	14	1
1:A:47:LYS:NZ	1:A:64:ASP:OD1	0.41	2.52	28	1
1:A:71:ILE:HG12	1:A:78:LYS:OXT	0.40	2.16	13	1

### 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	78/81 (96%)	60±3 (77±4%)	16±3 (20±4%)	3±2 (3±2%)	6 35
All	All	2340/2430 (96%)	1794 (77%)	465 (20%)	81 (3%)	6 35

All 13 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	77	ALA	14
1	A	76	LYS	13
1	A	58	MET	8
1	A	35	LEU	7
1	A	39	VAL	7
1	A	40	ASP	7
1	A	50	LEU	7
1	A	75	SER	5
1	A	57	GLY	4
1	A	60	THR	3
1	A	25	SER	3
1	A	62	CYS	2
1	A	38	GLY	1



#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	62/63~(98%)	45±3 (73±5%)	17±3 (27±5%)	2 21		
All	All	1860/1890 (98%)	1360 (73%)	500 (27%)	2 21		

All 45 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	7	TYR	30
1	A	11	CYS	29
1	A	47	LYS	28
1	A	67	TYR	24
1	A	35	LEU	23
1	A	78	LYS	23
1	A	-1	LEU	22
1	A	41	ASN	22
1	A	9	LYS	20
1	A	1	GLN	19
1	A	58	MET	19
1	A	50	LEU	17
1	A	40	ASP	15
1	A	43	VAL	14
1	A	39	VAL	14
1	A	72	GLU	13
1	A	64	ASP	12
1	A	66	ASP	12
1	A	71	ILE	11
1	A	76	LYS	11
1	A	75	SER	10
1	A	59	CYS	9
1	A	34	ARG	9
1	A	53	MET	8
1	A	24	LYS	7
1	A	45	SER	7
1	A	74	MET	7
1	A	6	ILE	6
1	A	16	SER	5

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COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	32	GLU	5
1	A	68	LYS	5
1	A	48	THR	5
1	A	62	CYS	5
1	A	17	MET	5
1	A	26	HIS	5
1	A	44	LYS	4
1	A	42	LEU	3
1	A	30	ASP	3
1	A	27	ASN	3
1	A	37	LYS	3
1	A	46	VAL	3
1	A	25	SER	2
1	A	13	VAL	1
1	A	63	THR	1
1	A	8	ASN	1

#### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.



Mal	Type	Chain	Dec	Tiple		Bond leng	gths
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	HEC	A	90	1	26,50,50	$0.77 \pm 0.02$	1±0 (2±1%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Pog	Link		Bond an	gles
WIOI	Туре	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	HEC	A	90	1	18,82,82	$1.35 \pm 0.13$	$3\pm1 \ (15\pm6\%)$

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	HEC	A	90	1	-	$0\pm0,6,54,54$	-

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

	Mal	Chain	Dec	Trino	ype Atoms Z Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Mod	dels		
	MIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms	L	Z Observed(A)	ideai(A)	Worst	Total
ſ	2	A	90	HEC	C2B-C3B	2.33	1.38	1.40	27	13
	2	A	90	HEC	C3C-C2C	2.29	1.38	1.40	19	9

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	90	HEC	CBD-CAD-C3D	3.07	118.15	112.49	21	7
2	A	90	HEC	CAA-CBA-CGA	2.95	117.63	112.67	27	2
2	A	90	HEC	CMB-C2B-C1B	2.77	124.21	128.46	28	27
2	A	90	HEC	CBA-CAA-C2A	2.71	117.47	112.48	27	2
2	A	90	HEC	CMD-C2D-C1D	2.58	124.50	128.46	5	4
2	A	90	HEC	C3B-C4B-NB	2.49	106.23	110.94	12	29
2	A	90	HEC	CMB-C2B-C3B	2.29	128.52	125.82	28	3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	${\bf Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	90	HEC	CAD-CBD-CGD	2.28	116.49	112.67	17	4
2	A	90	HEC	CMC-C2C-C1C	2.21	125.06	128.46	2	7
2	A	90	HEC	C3C-C4C-NC	2.11	106.96	110.94	28	1

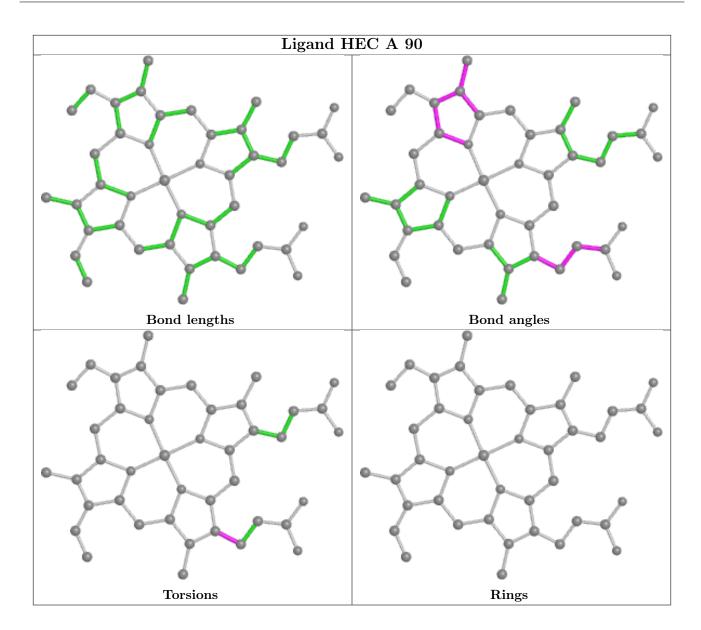
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





### 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

### 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

