

# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	2KZE
Title	:	Structure of an all-parallel-stranded G-quadruplex formed by hTERT promoter
		sequence
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. $(2010)$
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

Clashscore

#### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

	Metric	Percent	tile Ranks	Value
(	Clashscore			32
	Wors	e		Better
	Per	centile relative to all structures		
	Pere	centile relative to all NMR structures		
Γ	Matula	Whole archive	NMR archive	
	Metric	(#Entries)	(# Entries)	

158937

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ 

12864

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain	
1	А	20	35%	60%	5%



### 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



### 3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 645 atoms, of which 221 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(\*AP\*IP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*IP\*C P\*TP\*GP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*C)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				Trace	
1	٨	20	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	Р	0
	A	20	645	198	221	91	116	19	0



# 4 Residue-property plots (i)

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*AP\*IP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*TP\*CP\*TP\*GP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*C)-3')

Chain A:	35%	60%	5%
	C11 T12 C11 C13 C16 C15 C17 C17 C20		

### 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (author defined) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*AP\*IP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*CP\*TP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*AP\* GP\*GP\*C)-3')





### 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: DGSA-distance geometry simulated annealing, distance-restrained molecular dynamics.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR NIH	structure solution	2.24
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	2.24

No chemical shift data was provided.



# 6 Model quality (i)

### 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	B	ond lengths	Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	#Z > 5	
1	А	$0.90 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/430~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	$1.17 \pm 0.01$	$2\pm0/661~(~0.3\pm~0.0\%)$	
All	All	0.90	0/4300 ( $0.0%$ )	1.17	19/6610~(~0.3%)	

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Dog	Tuno	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}  \mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	<b>7</b>	$Ideal(^{o})$	Moo	dels	
	Ullalli	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed()	Z Observed() Idear()	iueai()	Worst	Total
1	А	12	DT	C6-C5-C7	-5.83	119.41	122.90	10	10	
1	А	12	DT	C4-C5-C6	5.50	121.30	118.00	10	9	

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### $6.2 \quad \text{Too-close contacts } (i)$

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	424	221	221	$21 \pm 5$
All	All	4240	2210	2210	206

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 32.

5 of 123 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models		
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total	
1:A:1:DA:H4'	1:A:2:DI:OP1	0.88	1.65	4	1	
1:A:7:DG:OP2	1:A:7:DG:H3'	0.88	1.68	8	1	
1:A:9:DG:H5"	1:A:10:DI:O4'	0.87	1.70	9	1	
1:A:10:DI:H1'	1:A:11:DC:O5'	0.86	1.70	3	3	
1:A:16:DA:H3'	1:A:16:DA:OP2	0.85	1.71	4	1	

#### 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

#### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.



### 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

