

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 28, 2020 – 10:54 pm BST

PDB ID	:	2L1W
Title	:	The solution structure of soybean calmodulin isoform 4 complexed with the
		vacuolar calcium ATPase BCA1 peptide
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Deposited on	:	2010-08-06

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

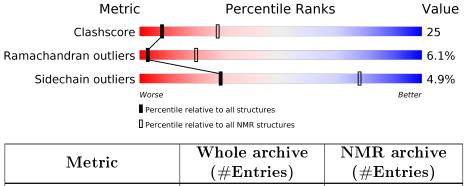
Cyrange	:	Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
$\operatorname{NmrClust}$:	Kelley et al. (1996)
$\operatorname{MolProbity}$:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
${ m ShiftChecker}$:	2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$(\# { m Entries})$	$(\# { m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain							
1	А	149	63%	30%	• 5%					
2	В	25	48%	44%	8%					



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 25 models. Model 20 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues									
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model						
1	A:5-A:146, B:19-B:43 (167)	0.96	20						

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 4, 9, 14, 18, 19, 22
2	6, 10, 12, 16, 20, 21
3	3, 8, 13, 17, 23
4	5, 7, 11, 15
5	24, 25



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2762 atoms, of which 1361 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Calmodulin.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms							
1	Λ	140	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	\mathbf{S}	0		
	A	149	2306	732	1126	182	258	8	0		

• Molecule 2 is a protein called vacuolar calcium ATPase BCA1 peptide.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Trace					
9	В	25	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	0
	D	20	452	132	235	51	33	1	0

• Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

nam	Residues	Atoms
А	4	Total Ca 4 4
	А	A 4



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

 Chain A:
 63%
 30%
 5%

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Chain 1	B:							48	%		44%	8%
	S26	R23	A34	R35 R36	F37	M39	140 541	N42	L43			

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

48%

8%

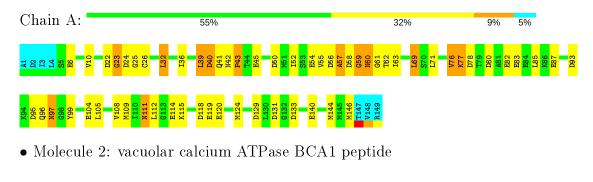
The representative model is number 20. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Calmodulin

44%

Chain B:

• Molecule 1: Calmodulin







5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: torsion angle dynamics, simulated annealing.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 25 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR NIH	structure solution	
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	

No chemical shift data was provided. No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	1125	1064	1063	58 ± 8
2	В	217	235	232	13 ± 4
All	All	33650	32475	32375	1649

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 25.

5 of 654 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:130:LEU:HD22	1:A:130:LEU:H	0.87	1.29	11	1
1:A:76:VAL:HG13	1:A:77:LYS:H	0.87	1.29	19	3
1:A:130:LEU:H	1:A:130:LEU:HD22	0.80	1.35	14	1
1:A:85:LEU:HD21	1:A:142:VAL:HG22	0.73	1.59	24	4
1:A:76:VAL:HG12	1:A:77:LYS:N	0.70	2.00	12	4



6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	142/149~(95%)	$120\pm3~(85\pm2\%)$	$12\pm3~(9\pm2\%)$	$9\pm3~(7\pm2\%)$	2	18
2	В	23/25~(92%)	$19\pm1~(84\pm3\%)$	$3\pm1~(13\pm4\%)$	$1\pm1 (3\pm2\%)$	8	42
All	All	4125/4350~(95%)	3492~(85%)	383~(9%)	250~(6%)	3	20

 $5~{\rm of}~33$ unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	23	GLY	25
1	А	59	GLY	21
1	А	76	VAL	20
1	А	109	MET	19
2	В	34	ALA	15

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	125/131~(95%)	$119\pm2~(95\pm2\%)$	$6\pm 2 (5\pm 2\%)$	30	79
2	В	23/23~(100%)	22 ± 1 (94 $\pm4\%$)	$1 \pm 1 (6 \pm 4\%)$	21	70
All	All	3700/3850~(96%)	3517~(95%)	183~(5%)	29	78

5 of 61 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	В	37	PHE	15
1	А	39	LEU	12

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Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	109	MET	11
1	А	28	THR	9
1	А	137	ASN	6

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

