

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Oct 11, 2023 – 05:31 AM EDT

PDB ID 7L3L

> Title : Structure of TRAF5 and TRAF6 RING Hetero dimer

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2020-12-17 Deposited on

2.80 Å(reported) Resolution

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

> The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity 4.02b-467Xtriage (Phenix) 1.13

> EDS 2.35.1buster-report 1.1.7 (2018)

20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) Percentile statistics

> Refmac 5.8.0158

CCP4 7.0.044 (Gargrove) Ideal geometry (proteins) Engh & Huber (2001) Parkinson et al. (1996)

2.35.1

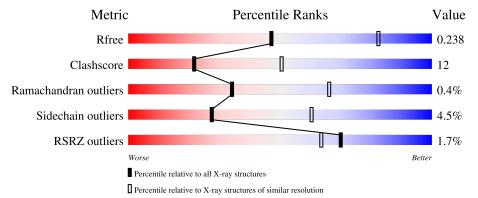
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	3140 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	141614	3569 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3078 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	142	65%	30%			
1	С	142	72%	21%			
2	В	107	81%		18% •		
2	D	107	7% 69%	21%	• 8%		



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3894 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called TNF receptor-associated factor 5.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	141	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	1 A	141	1147	717	208	208	14	U		
1	С	136	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		130	1097	688	198	197	14	0		

• Molecule 2 is a protein called TNF receptor-associated factor 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	В	107	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
		107	856	538	149	157	12	U		
9	D	98	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
2	ע	90	780	491	134	144	11			

• Molecule 3 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

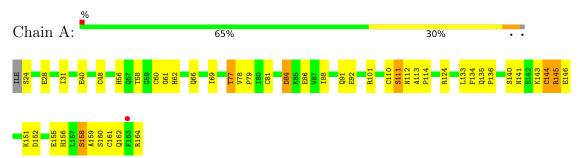
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	4	Total Zn 4 4	0	0
3	В	3	Total Zn 3 3	0	0
3	С	4	Total Zn 4 4	0	0
3	D	3	Total Zn 3 3	0	0



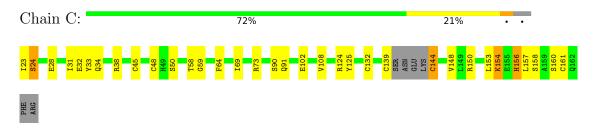
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

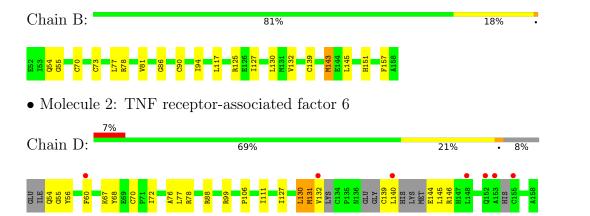
• Molecule 1: TNF receptor-associated factor 5



• Molecule 1: TNF receptor-associated factor 5



• Molecule 2: TNF receptor-associated factor 6





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	41.60Å 106.06Å 94.43Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 102.64° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	42.25 - 2.80	Depositor
Resolution (A)	42.26 - 2.80	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (42.25-2.80)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.7 (42.26-2.80)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.05	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.80 (at 2.81Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.13_2998)	Depositor
D.D.	0.204 , 0.234	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.205 , 0.238	DCC
R_{free} test set	953 reflections (4.82%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	63.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.167	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.32, 26.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.43, < L^2>=0.26$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.348 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	3894	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	64.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.54% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles	
IVIOI	Mol Chain		# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.30	0/1172	0.51	0/1580
1	С	0.29	0/1120	0.50	0/1511
2	В	0.27	0/875	0.44	0/1179
2	D	0.30	0/793	0.50	0/1065
All	All	0.29	0/3960	0.49	0/5335

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	112	ASN	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1147	0	1111	31	0
1	С	1097	0	1066	33	0
2	В	856	0	827	15	0
2	D	780	0	749	16	0
3	A	4	0	0	0	0
3	В	3	0	0	0	0
3	С	4	0	0	0	0
3	D	3	0	0	0	0
All	All	3894	0	3753	91	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All (91) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}({\rm \AA})$	overlap(Å)
1:C:28:GLU:O	1:C:33:TYR:HE2	1.48	0.95
1:C:34:GLN:O	1:C:108:VAL:HB	1.83	0.78
1:C:28:GLU:O	1:C:33:TYR:CE2	2.34	0.76
1:C:154:LYS:HA	1:C:157:LEU:HG	1.68	0.76
2:D:127:ILE:HA	2:D:130:LEU:HG	1.70	0.73
1:A:61:GLY:O	2:B:125:ARG:NH2	2.21	0.73
2:D:127:ILE:O	2:D:130:LEU:HB2	1.89	0.73
1:A:81:CYS:HB2	1:A:88:ILE:HD11	1.70	0.72
1:A:101:ARG:NH2	2:B:86:GLY:O	2.24	0.71
1:C:153:LEU:O	1:C:156:HIS:HB3	1.90	0.70
1:C:34:GLN:O	1:C:108:VAL:CB	2.41	0.69
1:C:102:GLU:OE2	2:D:88:ARG:NH2	2.26	0.68
1:C:24:SER:O	1:C:124:ARG:NH1	2.27	0.67
1:C:24:SER:HB3	1:C:124:ARG:HH12	1.59	0.67
2:D:56:TYR:HB2	2:D:76:ALA:HB3	1.76	0.66
1:C:34:GLN:O	1:C:108:VAL:HG12	1.99	0.63
1:C:34:GLN:O	1:C:108:VAL:CG1	2.47	0.61
1:C:33:TYR:HE1	1:C:125:TYR:CD1	2.18	0.61
1:A:58:THR:OG1	1:A:60:CYS:SG	2.57	0.60
1:A:134:PHE:CE1	1:A:151:LYS:HD2	2.37	0.59
2:B:143:MET:HE1	2:B:151:HIS:CG	2.37	0.59
1:C:48:CYS:SG	1:C:50:SER:HB2	2.44	0.57
2:D:70:CYS:HB2	2:D:77:LEU:HD23	1.87	0.56
1:C:156:HIS:CE1	1:C:160:SER:HB2	2.40	0.56
2:B:143:MET:HE2	2:B:151:HIS:CB	2.36	0.56
2:D:68:TYR:HB3	2:D:127:ILE:HD11	1.87	0.56



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Continued from pret		Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}(\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)	
1:A:134:PHE:CD1	1:A:151:LYS:HD2	2.41	0.56	
1:C:156:HIS:O	1:C:158:SER:N	2.39	0.55	
2:D:60:PHE:HA	2:D:132:VAL:HA	1.87	0.55	
1:C:33:TYR:HE1	1:C:125:TYR:CE1	2.25	0.55	
2:D:72:ILE:HD11	2:D:106:PRO:HG2	1.88	0.55	
1:A:143:LYS:HG3	1:A:144:CYS:H	1.72	0.54	
1:C:31:ILE:HB	1:C:33:TYR:CE2	2.43	0.54	
1:A:151:LYS:HG3	1:A:152:ASP:CG	2.29	0.53	
1:C:132:CYS:O	1:C:150:ARG:NH1	2.41	0.53	
2:D:144:GLU:OE1	2:D:146:ARG:NH2	2.43	0.52	
2:B:139:CYS:HB2	2:B:157:PHE:HD2	1.75	0.52	
1:A:143:LYS:HB2	1:A:145:ARG:HH22	1.77	0.49	
1:C:45:CYS:HB3	1:C:48:CYS:HB3	1.94	0.49	
2:D:111:ILE:H	2:D:111:ILE:HD12	1.77	0.49	
1:A:156:HIS:HA	1:A:160:SER:OG	2.12	0.49	
2:D:55:GLY:O	2:D:78:ARG:NH2	2.46	0.48	
1:A:133:LEU:HB2	1:A:134:PHE:CD1	2.48	0.48	
2:B:143:MET:CE	2:B:151:HIS:CG	2.96	0.48	
2:B:143:MET:HE2	2:B:151:HIS:HB2	1.94	0.48	
2:B:90:CYS:O	2:B:94:ILE:HG22	2.14	0.47	
1:C:91:GLN:CD	1:C:91:GLN:H	2.18	0.47	
2:D:131:MET:CE	2:D:131:MET:HA	2.44	0.47	
2:B:132:VAL:HG11	2:B:145:LEU:HD13	1.97	0.47	
1:A:110:CYS:SG	1:A:111:SER:N	2.89	0.46	
2:B:70:CYS:HB2	2:B:77:LEU:HD23	1.98	0.45	
1:C:124:ARG:HA	1:C:124:ARG:HD2	1.72	0.45	
2:D:132:VAL:HG11	2:D:145:LEU:HB2	1.98	0.45	
1:A:144:CYS:C	1:A:146:GLU:H	2.19	0.45	
2:B:54:GLN:HB3	2:B:73:CYS:HB2	1.99	0.45	
1:A:56:HIS:CE1	1:A:66:GLN:HG3	2.51	0.45	
1:A:161:CYS:SG	1:A:162:GLN:N	2.90	0.44	
1:C:154:LYS:HB2	1:C:154:LYS:HE2	1.81	0.44	
1:A:56:HIS:HB2	1:A:69:ILE:HD12	1.99	0.44	
1:C:23:ILE:HG13	1:C:24:SER:N	2.33	0.44	
2:B:55:GLY:O	2:B:78:ARG:NH1	2.50	0.44	
1:A:56:HIS:HB2	1:A:69:ILE:CD1	2.47	0.44	
1:A:133:LEU:HD21	2:D:99:ARG:CZ	2.48	0.43	
1:A:24:SER:OG	1:A:124:ARG:NH1	2.51	0.43	
2:B:143:MET:HE1	2:B:151:HIS:CD2	2.54	0.43	
1:A:91:GLN:HG2	1:A:92:GLU:HG3	2.00	0.43	
1:C:148:VAL:HG11	1:C:156:HIS:CG	2.54	0.43	



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A 4 1	A 4 0	Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance} \ (\mathring{\rm A})$	$\text{overlap } (\mathring{\mathbf{A}})$	
1:C:153:LEU:HB3	1:C:154:LYS:HD3	2.01	0.43	
1:A:62:HIS:CE1	1:A:84:ASP:OD2	2.71	0.43	
1:A:143:LYS:HB2	1:A:145:ARG:NH2	2.33	0.43	
1:C:24:SER:HB3	1:C:124:ARG:NH1	2.30	0.43	
1:C:23:ILE:HG13	1:C:24:SER:H	1.84	0.42	
1:C:150:ARG:O	1:C:154:LYS:NZ	2.53	0.42	
1:A:28:GLU:HB3	1:A:31:ILE:HD12	2.01	0.42	
2:B:81:VAL:HG21	2:B:117:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.42	
1:C:69:ILE:O	1:C:73:ARG:HG3	2.20	0.42	
1:C:58:THR:OG1	1:C:59:GLY:N	2.53	0.42	
1:A:84:ASP:HB2	1:A:86:GLU:H	1.85	0.42	
1:C:144:CYS:HB2	1:C:161:CYS:SG	2.60	0.42	
2:B:127:ILE:HA	2:B:130:LEU:HG	2.02	0.41	
2:D:54:GLN:O	2:D:78:ARG:NE	2.32	0.41	
1:A:113:ALA:HB3	1:A:114:PRO:HD3	2.03	0.41	
1:A:77:THR:O	1:A:79:PRO:HD3	2.20	0.41	
1:A:158:SER:OG	1:A:159:ALA:N	2.52	0.41	
2:D:139:CYS:C	2:D:140:LEU:HD12	2.41	0.41	
1:A:78:VAL:HG23	1:A:78:VAL:O	2.20	0.41	
1:A:141:ASN:HB2	1:A:144:CYS:HB2	2.03	0.40	
1:C:31:ILE:HB	1:C:33:TYR:CZ	2.56	0.40	
1:C:64:PHE:HB2	1:C:69:ILE:HG12	2.02	0.40	
1:A:135:GLN:HA	1:A:136:PRO:HD3	1.98	0.40	
1:A:155:GLU:O	1:A:160:SER:OG	2.38	0.40	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	139/142 (98%)	122 (88%)	16 (12%)	1 (1%)	22 53



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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	С	132/142 (93%)	124 (94%)	7 (5%)	1 (1%)	19	49
2	В	105/107 (98%)	99 (94%)	6 (6%)	0	100	100
2	D	88/107 (82%)	85 (97%)	3 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	464/498 (93%)	430 (93%)	32 (7%)	2 (0%)	34	66

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	77	THR
1	С	156	HIS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	P	erce	entiles
1	A	133/134 (99%)	124 (93%)	9 (7%)		16	42
1	С	127/134 (95%)	120 (94%)	7 (6%)		21	52
2	В	96/96 (100%)	95 (99%)	1 (1%)		76	93
2	D	88/96 (92%)	85 (97%)	3 (3%)		37	71
All	All	444/460 (96%)	424 (96%)	20 (4%)		27	60

All (20) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	40	GLU
1	A	48	CYS
1	A	84	ASP
1	A	111	SER
1	A	140	SER
1	A	144	CYS
1	A	145	ARG
1	A	158	SER
1	A	164	ARG



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	<i>J</i>		1 0
Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	143	MET
1	С	24	SER
1	С	32	GLU
1	С	38	ARG
1	С	90	SER
1	С	139	CYS
1	С	144	CYS
1	С	154	LYS
2	D	67	LYS
2	D	130	LEU
2	D	131	MET

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	131	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 14 ligands modelled in this entry, 14 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.



No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	141/142 (99%)	0.24	1 (0%) 87 84	43, 65, 114, 131	0
1	С	$136/142 \ (95\%)$	0.13	0 100 100	41, 56, 88, 102	0
2	В	107/107 (100%)	0.16	0 100 100	40, 50, 77, 87	0
2	D	98/107 (91%)	0.41	7 (7%) 16 9	50, 67, 116, 126	0
All	All	482/498 (96%)	0.22	8 (1%) 70 63	40, 60, 109, 131	0

All (8) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	D	152	GLN	3.6
2	D	132	VAL	2.8
2	D	148	LEU	2.5
2	D	60	PHE	2.4
2	D	140	LEU	2.4
1	A	163	PHE	2.3
2	D	155	CYS	2.3
2	D	153	ALA	2.2

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



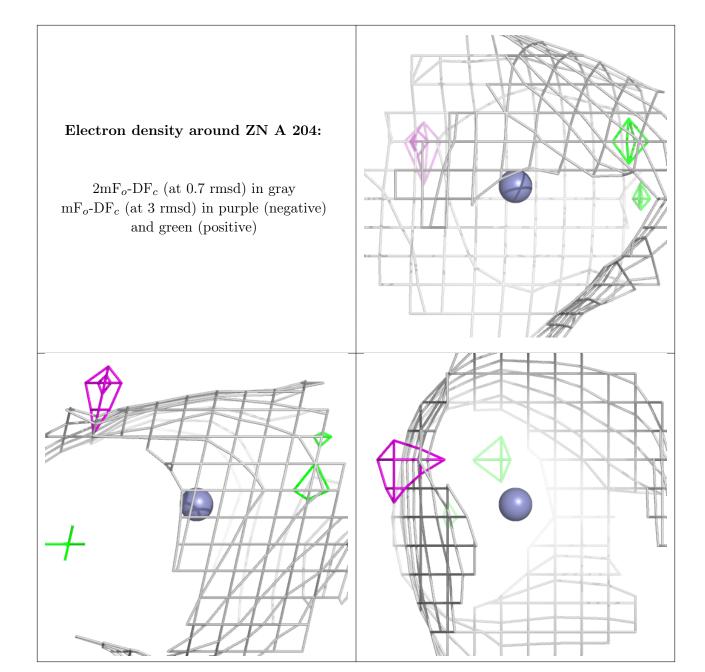
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

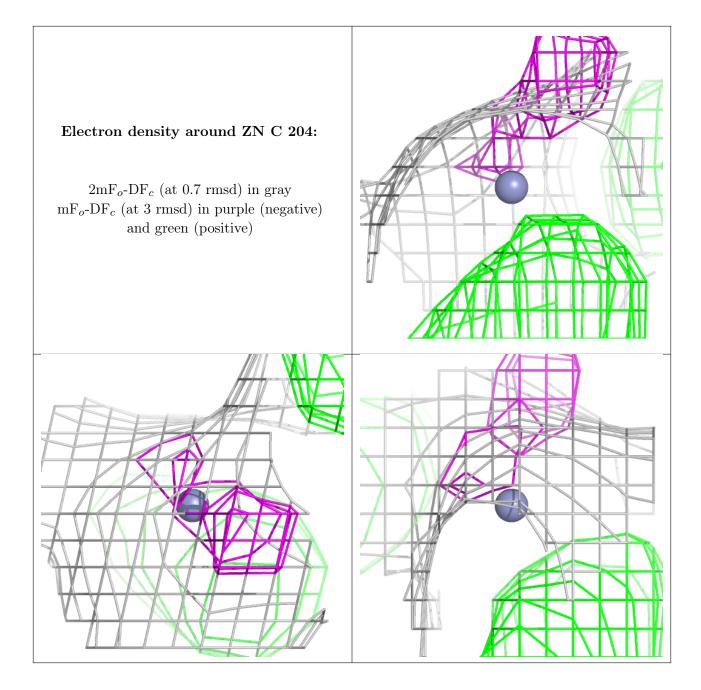
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	ZN	A	204	1/1	0.86	0.15	118,118,118,118	0
3	ZN	С	204	1/1	0.90	0.17	118,118,118,118	0
3	ZN	С	201	1/1	0.95	0.20	47,47,47,47	0
3	ZN	A	203	1/1	0.95	0.17	75,75,75,75	0
3	ZN	D	203	1/1	0.95	0.12	116,116,116,116	0
3	ZN	A	201	1/1	0.96	0.19	49,49,49,49	0
3	ZN	D	201	1/1	0.97	0.21	61,61,61,61	0
3	ZN	A	202	1/1	0.97	0.23	55,55,55,55	0
3	ZN	С	202	1/1	0.98	0.16	63,63,63,63	0
3	ZN	В	201	1/1	0.99	0.18	45,45,45,45	0
3	ZN	В	203	1/1	0.99	0.20	63,63,63,63	0
3	ZN	D	202	1/1	0.99	0.19	50,50,50,50	0
3	ZN	С	203	1/1	0.99	0.20	51,51,51,51	0
3	ZN	В	202	1/1	1.00	0.21	46,46,46,46	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





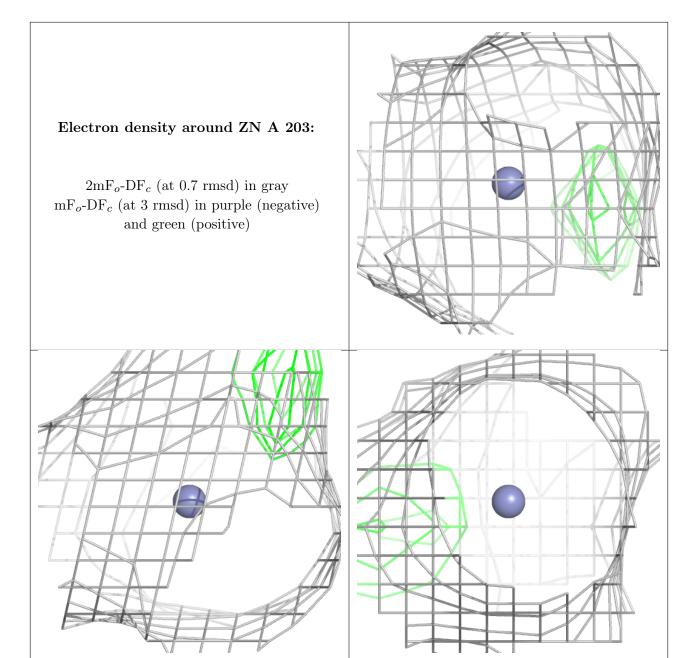






Electron density around ZN C 201: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_{o}\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_{c}$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)





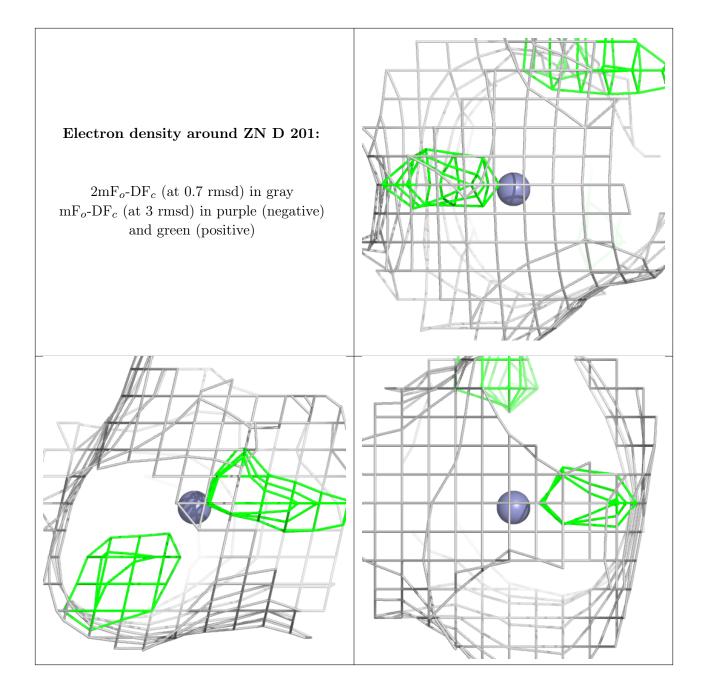


Electron density around ZN D 203: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_{o}\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_{c}$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

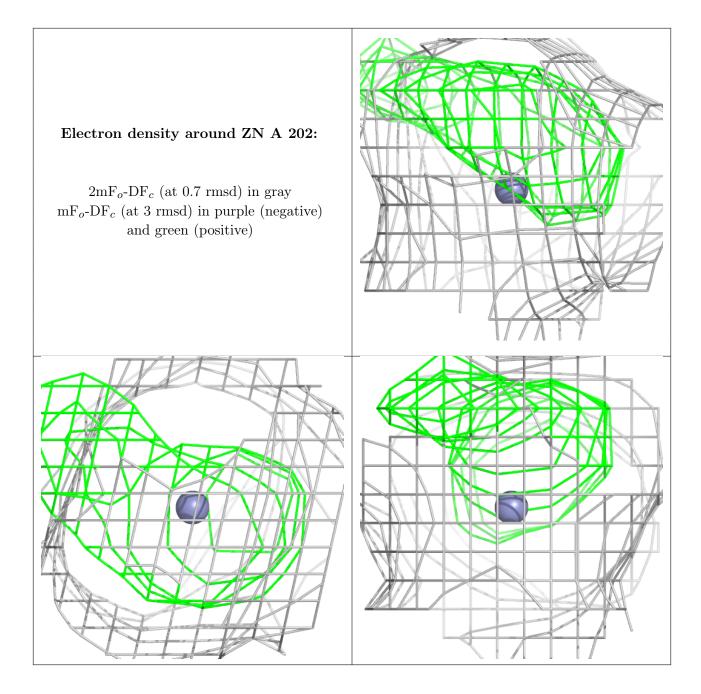


Electron density around ZN A 201: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_{o}\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_{c}$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











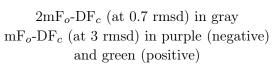
Electron density around ZN C 202: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

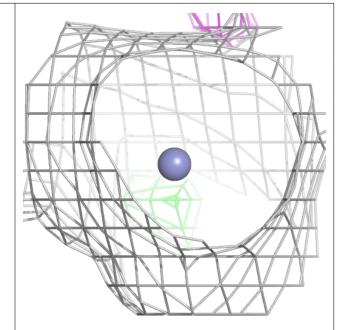


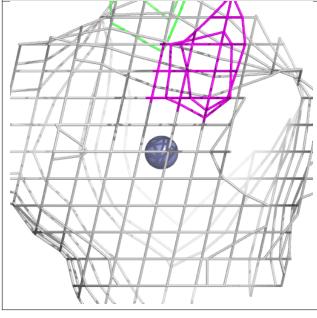
Electron density around ZN B 201: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_{o}\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_{c}$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

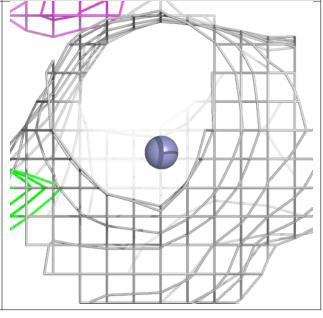


Electron density around ZN B 203:

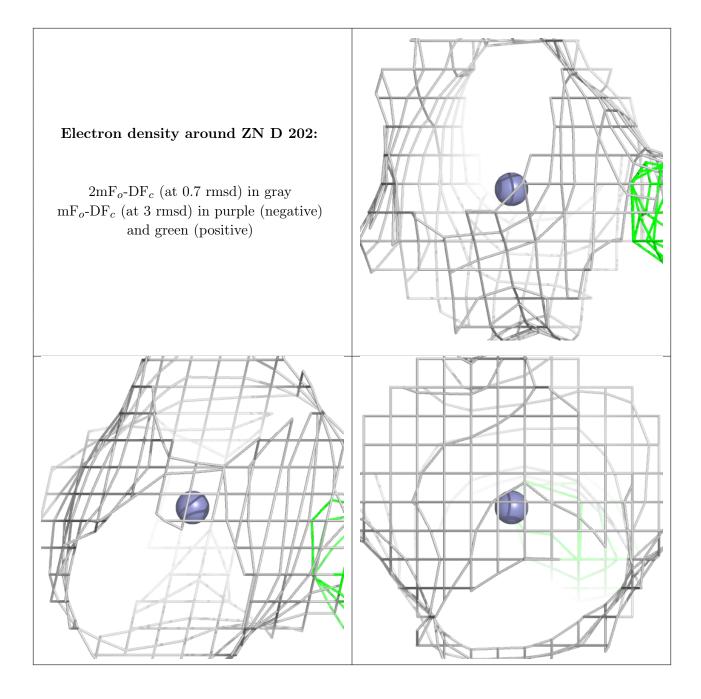








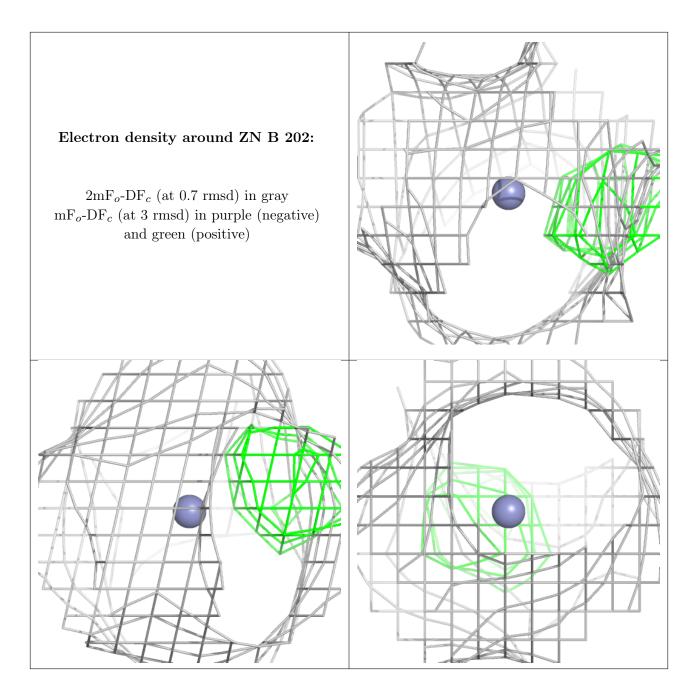






Electron density around ZN C 203: $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray $\mathrm{mF}_{o}\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_{c}$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

