

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 4, 2023 – 04:24 AM EDT

PDB ID : 2L8U BMRB ID : 17401

Title: NMR Spectroscopy and Molecular Dynamics Simulation of r(CCGCUGCGG)2

Reveal a Dynamic UU Internal Loop Found in Myotonic Dystrophy Type 1 -

UU pair with one hydrogen bond pair

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Deposited on : 2011-01-25

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} wwPDB\text{-ShiftChecker} &:& v1.2\\ BMRB \ Restraints \ Analysis &:& v1.2 \end{array}$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

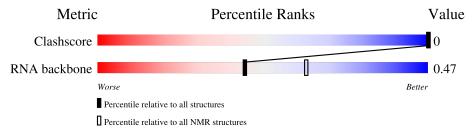
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.33

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 14%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$rac{ ext{NMR archive}}{ ext{(\#Entries)}}$	
Clashscore	158937	12864	
RNA backbone	4643	676	

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	9	33% 67%					
1	В	9	22%	67%	11%			



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 578 atoms, of which 200 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a RNA chain called RNA (5'-R(*CP*CP*GP*CP*UP*GP*CP*GP*G)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	Λ	0	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
1 A	9	289	85	100	34	62	8		
1	1 D	D 0	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
	9	289	85	100	34	62	8	0	



4 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: RNA (5'-R(*CP*CP*GP*CP*UP*GP*CP*GP*G)-3')





Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: molecular dynamics.

Of the 25 calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with acceptable covalent geometry.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	geometry optimization	2.1
Amber	refinement	11
Amber	structure solution	11

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	48
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	48
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	14%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bor	nd lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	1.56	0/210 (0.0%)	2.36	17/326 (5.2%)	
1	В	1.45	0/210 (0.0%)	2.26	11/326 (3.4%)	
All	All	1.51	0/420 (0.0%)	2.31	28/652 (4.3%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	В	0	2
All	All	0	2

There are no bond-length outliers.

All angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	1	С	N3-C2-O2	-8.04	116.27	121.90
1	A	4	С	N3-C2-O2	-7.91	116.36	121.90
1	A	1	С	O4'-C1'-N1	7.68	114.34	108.20
1	В	13	С	N3-C2-O2	-7.55	116.62	121.90
1	В	11	С	N3-C2-O2	-7.44	116.69	121.90
1	В	16	С	N3-C2-O2	-7.29	116.80	121.90
1	В	10	С	N3-C2-O2	-7.07	116.95	121.90
1	A	2	С	N3-C2-O2	-7.05	116.97	121.90
1	A	7	С	N3-C2-O2	-7.02	116.99	121.90
1	A	5	U	N3-C2-O2	-6.83	117.42	122.20
1	A	1	С	N1-C2-O2	6.39	122.74	118.90
1	В	18	G	N1-C6-O6	-6.31	116.12	119.90
1	В	13	С	O4'-C1'-N1	6.30	113.24	108.20
1	В	13	С	N1-C2-O2	6.06	122.54	118.90
1	В	10	С	N1-C2-O2	5.98	122.49	118.90

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	5	U	N1-C2-N3	5.85	118.41	114.90
1	В	16	С	N1-C2-O2	5.84	122.40	118.90
1	A	2	С	N3-C4-C5	5.56	124.12	121.90
1	A	8	G	O4'-C1'-N9	5.54	112.64	108.20
1	A	4	С	N3-C4-C5	5.45	124.08	121.90
1	A	2	С	N1-C2-O2	5.41	122.15	118.90
1	A	4	С	O4'-C1'-N1	5.35	112.48	108.20
1	В	11	С	N1-C2-O2	5.31	122.09	118.90
1	A	7	С	N1-C2-O2	5.31	122.09	118.90
1	A	5	U	C3'-C2'-C1'	5.31	105.75	101.50
1	A	4	С	N1-C2-O2	5.21	122.02	118.90
1	В	14	U	N3-C2-O2	-5.11	118.62	122.20
1	A	7	С	C6-N1-C2	-5.00	118.30	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	В	14	U	Sidechain
1	В	15	G	Sidechain

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	378	200	200	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.



6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers	Suiteness
1	A	8/9 (89%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0.47
1	В	8/9 (89%)	1 (12%)	0 (0%)	0.47
All	All	16/18 (89%)	1 (6%)	0 (0%)	0.47

The overall RNA backbone suiteness is 0.47.

All RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	14	U

There are no RNA pucker outliers to report.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 14% for the well-defined parts and 14% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: data.str

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	48
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	48
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 14%, i.e. 47 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 346. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Sugar	34/198 (17%)	34/108 (31%)	0/90 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	13/148 (9%)	13/94 (14%)	0/28~(0%)	0/26~(0%)
Overall	47/346 (14%)	47/202 (23%)	0/118 (0%)	0/26 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 14%, i.e. 47 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 346. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Sugar	34/198 (17%)	34/108 (31%)	0/90 (0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	13/148 (9%)	13/94 (14%)	0/28 (0%)	0/26 (0%)
Overall	47/346 (14%)	47/202 (23%)	0/118 (0%)	0/26~(0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

No random coil index(RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins



8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	229
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	105
Sequential $(i-j =1)$	73
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	26
Long range (i-j ≥5)	25
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	12.7
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	1.4

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	5.0	0.16
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	5.0	0.38
>0.5 (Large)	50.0	18.09



8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

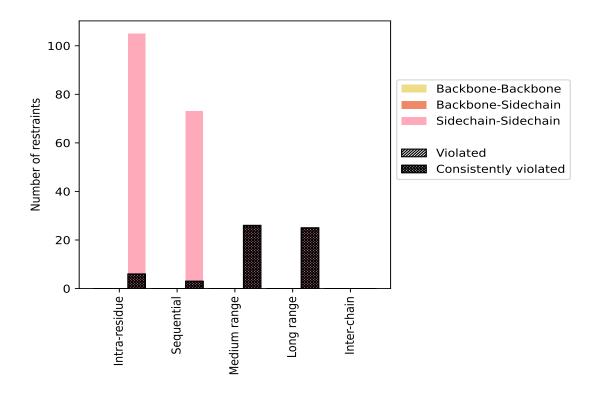
The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Donatus into topo o	Comp	% ¹	Vi	iolated	3	Consis	tently	$\overline{ ext{Violated}^4}$
Restraints type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^{1}$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	105	45.9	6	5.7	2.6	6	5.7	2.6
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	105	45.9	6	5.7	2.6	6	5.7	2.6
Sequential (i-j =1)	73	31.9	3	4.1	1.3	3	4.1	1.3
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	73	31.9	3	4.1	1.3	3	4.1	1.3
Medium range ($ i-j >1 \& i-j <5$)	26	11.4	26	100.0	11.4	26	100.0	11.4
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	26	11.4	26	100.0	11.4	26	100.0	11.4
Long range ($ i-j \ge 5$)	25	10.9	25	100.0	10.9	25	100.0	10.9
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	25	10.9	25	100.0	10.9	25	100.0	10.9
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	229	100.0	60	26.2	26.2	60	26.2	26.2
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	229	100.0	60	26.2	26.2	60	26.2	26.2

 $^{^1}$ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models



9.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

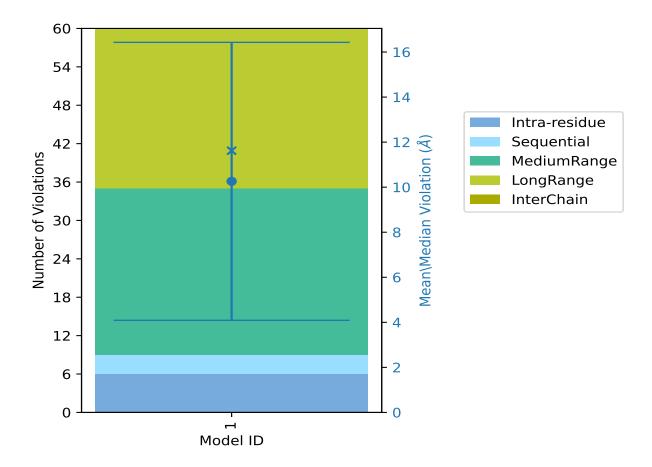
The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD6 (Å)	Median (Å)
Model ID	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (A)	Max (A)	$SD^*(A)$	Median (A)
1	6	3	26	25	0	60	10.26	18.09	6.17	11.62

 $^{^1}$ Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Standard deviation



9.2.1 Bar graph: Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

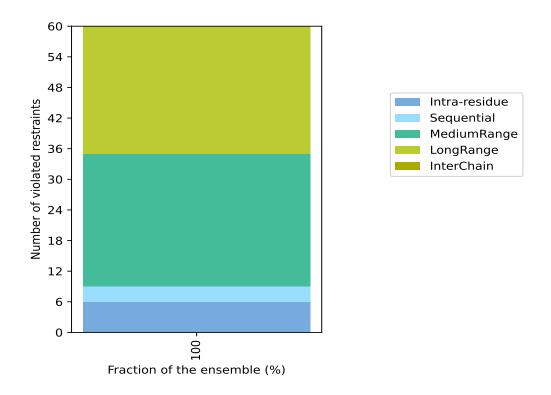
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 169(IR:99, SQ:70, MR:0, LR:0, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble		
IR^1	SQ^2	$ m MR^3$	LR^4	$ IC^5 $	Total	Count ⁶	%	
6	3	26	25	0	60	1	100.0	

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints, ⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶ Number of models with violations



9.3.1 Bar graph: Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

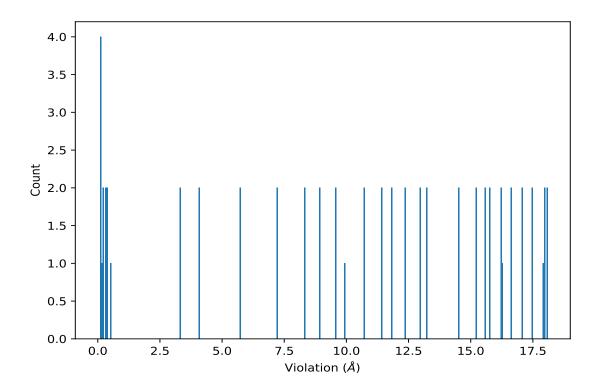
No violations found

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.





9.5.2 Table: All distance violations (i)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(2,7)	1:B:11:C:O2	1:B:17:G:N2	1	18.09
(2,34)	1:B:17:G:N2	1:B:11:C:O2	1	18.09
(2,5)	1:B:10:C:H41	1:B:18:G:O6	1	17.98
(2,42)	1:B:18:G:O6	1:B:10:C:H41	1	17.98
(2,1)	1:B:10:C:O2	1:B:18:G:H21	1	17.94
(2,39)	1:B:18:G:N2	1:B:10:C:O2	1	17.49
(2,2)	1:B:10:C:O2	1:B:18:G:N2	1	17.49
(2,40)	1:B:18:G:H1	1:B:10:C:N3	1	17.05
(2,3)	1:B:10:C:N3	1:B:18:G:H1	1	17.05
(2,41)	1:B:18:G:N1	1:B:10:C:N3	1	16.63
(2,4)	1:B:10:C:N3	1:B:18:G:N1	1	16.63
(2,28)	1:B:16:C:O2	1:B:12:G:H21	1	16.28
(2,6)	1:B:10:C:N4	1:B:18:G:O6	1	16.22
(2,43)	1:B:18:G:O6	1:B:10:C:N4	1	16.22
(2,8)	1:B:11:C:N3	1:B:17:G:H1	1	15.79
(2,35)	1:B:17:G:H1	1:B:11:C:N3	1	15.79

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(2,29)	1:B:16:C:O2	1:B:12:G:N2	1	15.56
(2,12)	1:B:12:G:N2	1:B:16:C:O2	1	15.56
(2,9)	1:B:11:C:N3	1:B:17:G:N1	1	15.22
(2,36)	1:B:17:G:N1	1:B:11:C:N3	1	15.22
(2,37)	1:B:17:G:O6	1:B:11:C:H41	1	14.52
(2,10)	1:B:11:C:H41	1:B:17:G:O6	1	14.52
(2,30)	1:B:16:C:N3	1:B:12:G:H1	1	13.24
(2,13)	1:B:12:G:H1	1:B:16:C:N3	1	13.24
(2,38)	1:B:17:G:O6	1:B:11:C:N4	1	12.99
(2,11)	1:B:11:C:N4	1:B:17:G:O6	1	12.99
(2,31)	1:B:16:C:N3	1:B:12:G:N1	1	12.39
(2,14)	1:B:12:G:N1	1:B:16:C:N3	1	12.39
(1,185)	1:B:17:G:C1'	1:B:11:C:C1'	1	11.8
(1,180)	1:B:11:C:C1'	1:B:17:G:C1'	1	11.8
(1,186)	1:B:18:G:C1'	1:B:10:C:C1'	1	11.44
(1,179)	1:B:10:C:C1'	1:B:18:G:C1'	1	11.44
(2,32)	1:B:16:C:H41	1:B:12:G:O6	1	10.72
(2,15)	1:B:12:G:O6	1:B:16:C:H41	1	10.72
(2,17)	1:B:13:C:O2	1:B:15:G:H21	1	9.9
(2,33)	1:B:16:C:N4	1:B:12:G:O6	1	9.57
(2,16)	1:B:12:G:O6	1:B:16:C:N4	1	9.57
(1,184)	1:B:16:C:C1'	1:B:12:G:C1'	1	8.9
(1,181)	1:B:12:G:C1'	1:B:16:C:C1'	1	8.9
(2,23)	1:B:15:G:N2	1:B:13:C:O2	1	8.33
(2,18)	1:B:13:C:O2	1:B:15:G:N2	1	8.33
(2,24)	1:B:15:G:H1	1:B:13:C:N3	1	7.2
(2,19)	1:B:13:C:N3	1:B:15:G:H1	1	7.2
(2,25)	1:B:15:G:N1	1:B:13:C:N3	1	5.72
(2,20)	1:B:13:C:N3	1:B:15:G:N1	1	5.72
(2,26)	1:B:15:G:O6	1:B:13:C:H41	1	4.1
(2,21)	1:B:13:C:H41	1:B:15:G:O6	1	4.1
(2,27)	1:B:15:G:O6	1:B:13:C:N4	1	3.31
(2,22)	1:B:13:C:N4	1:B:15:G:O6	1	3.31
(1,74)	1:B:16:C:H5	1:B:17:G:H8	1	0.52
(1,183)	1:B:15:G:C1'	1:B:13:C:C1'	1	0.38
(1,182)	1:B:13:C:C1'	1:B:15:G:C1'	1	0.38
(1,6)	1:B:10:C:H4'	1:B:10:C:H6	1	0.34
(1,77)	1:B:16:C:H6	1:B:17:G:H8	1	0.31
(1,9)	1:B:10:C:H5'	1:B:10:C:H6	1	0.21
(1,9)	1:B:10:C:H5"	1:B:10:C:H6	1	0.21
(1,63)	1:B:15:G:H2'	1:B:16:C:H5	1	0.16
(1,67)	1:B:16:C:H3'	1:B:16:C:H6	1	0.14

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,157)	1:B:16:C:H3'	1:B:16:C:H6	1	0.14
(1,58)	1:B:15:G:H2'	1:B:15:G:H8	1	0.11
(1,147)	1:B:15:G:H2'	1:B:15:G:H8	1	0.11



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

No dihedral-angle restraints found

