

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Apr 21, 2024 – 01:41 AM EDT

PDB ID : 2LMN BMRB ID : 18127

Title : Structural Model for a 40-Residue Beta-Amyloid Fibril with Two-Fold Sym-

metry, Positive Stagger

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Deposited on : 2011-12-08

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

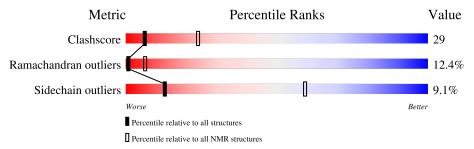
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLID\text{-}STATE\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 2%.

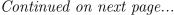
Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$egin{array}{c} { m NMR \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chair	n	
1	A	40	40%	28%	• 10%	20%
1	В	40	40%	28%	5% 8%	20%
1	С	40	40%	32%	8%	20%
1	D	40	30%	30%	12% 8%	20%
1	Е	40	40%	35%	5%	20%
1	F	40	35%	28%	18%	20%
1	G	40	48%	30	% •	20%
1	Н	40	48%	30	% •	20%
1	I	40	30%	32%	10% 8%	20%





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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	J	40	35%	38%	8%	20%	
1	K	40	48%	28%	5%	20%	
1	L	40	42%	35%	·	20%	



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models. Model 8 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues									
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model						
1	A:12-A:39, B:12-B:40, C:9-	2.62	8						
	C:40, D:12-D:40, E:9-E:40,								
	F:12-F:23, F:28-F:40, G:9-								
	G:40, H:9-H:40, I:12-I:40,								
	J:9-J:40, K:9-K:40, L:9-L:40								
	(364)								

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 10
2	1, 5, 7
Single-model clusters	2



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 5700 atoms, of which 2844 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Beta-amyloid protein 40.

Mol	Chain	Residues		A	tom	s			Trace					
1	A	32	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0					
1	A	32	475	154	237	40	43	1	U					
1	В	32	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0					
1	Б	32	475	154	237	40	43	1	U					
1	С	32	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0					
1		32	475	154	237	40	43	1	0					
1	D	29	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0					
1	ע	32	475	154	237	40	43	1	0					
1	Е	32	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0					
1	<u> 1</u> 2	32	475	154	237	40	43	1	0					
1	F	32	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0					
1	I.	I.	I.	I.	1	32	475	154	237	40	43	1	U	
1	C	C	G	G	G	G	32	Total	С	Η	N	Ο	S	0
1	G	32	475	154	237	40	43	1	U					
1	Н	32	Total	С	Η	N	Ο	S	0					
1	11	32	475	154	237	40	43	1	0					
1	I	32	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0					
1	1	32	475	154	237	40	43	1	0					
1	1 J 32	32	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0					
1	J	32	475	154	237	40	43	1	0					
1	K	32	Total	С	Η	N	О	S	0					
	11	J2	475	154	237	40	43	1						
1	L	32	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0					
1	П	92	475	154	237	40	43	1	U					

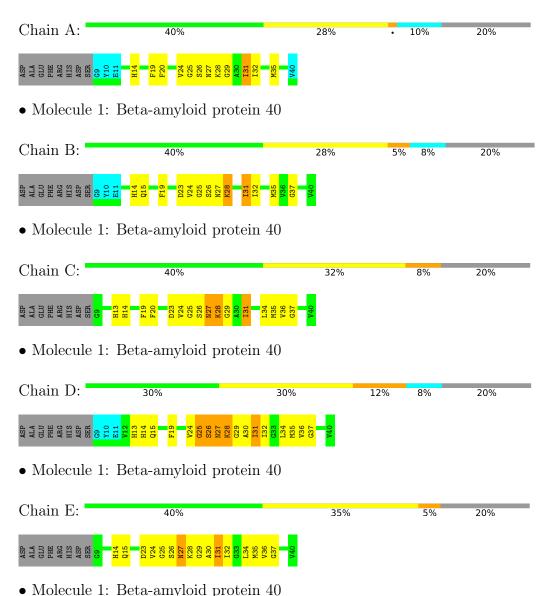


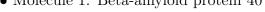
Residue-property plots (i) 4

Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble 4.1

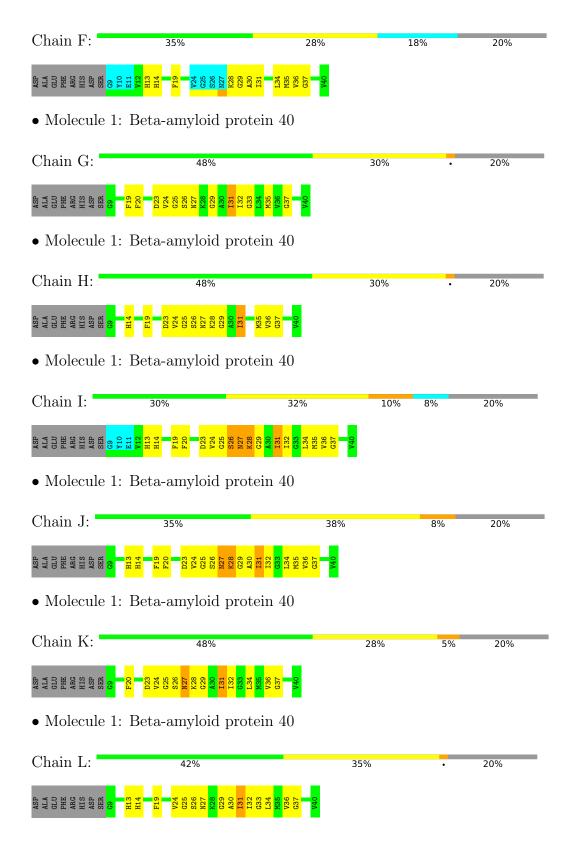
These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Beta-amyloid protein 40









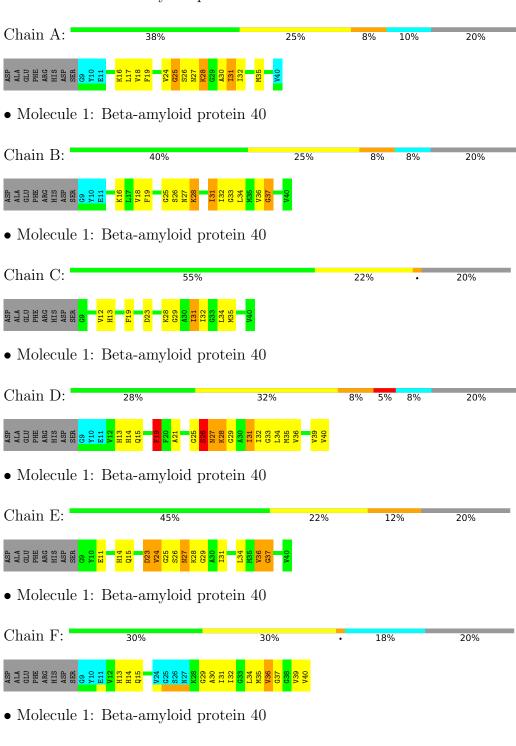


Chain G:

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 8. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Beta-amyloid protein 40



55%

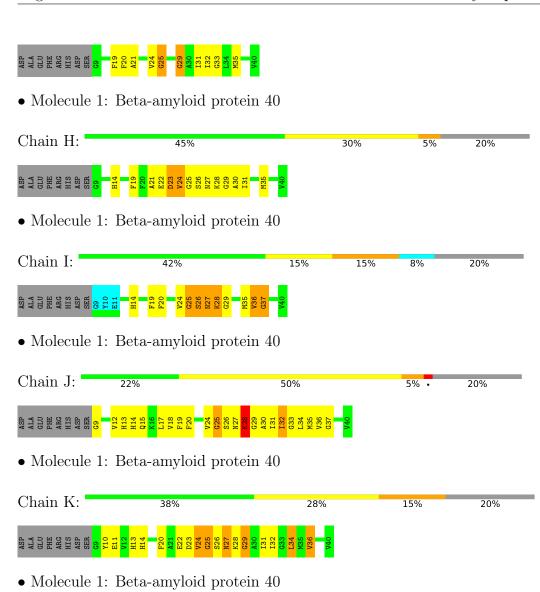


20%

5%

20%

Chain L:





40%



28%

12%

20%

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 40 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures* with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR NIH	structure solution	
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	110
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	101
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	9
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	2%

Note: This is a solid-state NMR structure, where hydrogen atoms are typically not assigned a chemical shift value, which may lead to lower completeness of assignment measure.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	В	Sond lengths	I	Bond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.63 ± 0.06	$0\pm0/209$ ($0.0\pm$ 0.1%)	0.76 ± 0.04	$0\pm0/281~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$
1	В	0.63 ± 0.02	$0\pm0/216~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	0.77 ± 0.02	$0\pm0/288~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$
1	С	0.73 ± 0.01	$0\pm0/242~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	0.83 ± 0.03	$0\pm0/323~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$
1	D	0.67 ± 0.02	$0\pm0/216~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	0.87 ± 0.05	$0\pm0/288~(~0.0\pm~0.1\%)$
1	Е	0.72 ± 0.02	$0\pm0/242~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	0.84 ± 0.03	$0\pm0/323~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$
1	F	0.65 ± 0.03	$0\pm0/191~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	0.89 ± 0.06	$0\pm0/254~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$
1	G	0.69 ± 0.05	$0\pm0/242~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	0.79 ± 0.06	$0\pm0/323~(~0.0\pm~0.1\%)$
1	Н	0.70 ± 0.02	$0\pm0/242~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	0.79 ± 0.02	$0\pm0/323~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$
1	I	0.69 ± 0.03	$0\pm0/216~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	0.81 ± 0.05	$0\pm0/288~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$
1	J	0.73 ± 0.01	$0\pm0/242~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	0.85 ± 0.04	$0\pm0/323~(~0.0\pm~0.1\%)$
1	K	0.71 ± 0.02	$0\pm0/242~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	0.83 ± 0.05	$0\pm0/323~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$
1	L	0.70 ± 0.02	$0\pm0/242~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	0.85 ± 0.04	$0\pm0/323~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$
All	All	0.69	1/27420~(~0.0%)	0.82	3/36600 (0.0%)

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	${\rm Observed}({\rm \AA})$	Ideal(Å)	Mod	dels
1,101	CHAIL					0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 (1 1)	10.001(11)	Worst	Total
1	A	29	GLY	CA-C	-5.46	1.43	1.51	10	1

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Dec	Tuno	$oxed{\mathbf{e}} oxed{\mathbf{Atoms}} oxed{\mathbf{Z}} oxed{\mathbf{Observed}} oxed{\mathbf{Observed}} oxed{\mathbf{Observed}} oxed{\mathbf{C}}$		Atoms 7 Observed(0)		Mod	dels
MIOI	Chain	nes	Туре	Atoms	L	Observed()	ideai()	Worst	Total
1	G	30	ALA	N-CA-C	-6.14	94.42	111.00	6	1
1	J	19	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	-5.23	117.14	120.80	1	1
1	D	19	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	-5.09	117.24	120.80	8	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.



6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	205	210	210	13±4
1	В	213	219	219	18±4
1	С	238	237	236	21±5
1	D	213	219	219	20±3
1	Е	238	237	236	17±5
1	F	188	196	196	14±5
1	G	238	237	236	13±4
1	Н	238	237	236	19±5
1	I	213	219	219	22±7
1	J	238	237	236	24±6
1	K	238	237	236	22±5
1	L	238	237	236	19±6
All	All	26980	27220	27150	1556

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 29.

5 of 1085 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å) Distance(Å)		Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:G:29:GLY:O	1:H:30:ALA:HB1	0.94	1.61	6	1
1:K:17:LEU:O	1:L:17:LEU:C	0.93	2.07	4	1
1:I:26:SER:O	1:I:27:ASN:O	0.90	1.88	6	9
1:I:19:PHE:CZ	1:L:34:LEU:HD22	0.87	2.05	9	1
1:A:19:PHE:CZ	1:C:34:LEU:HD22	0.85	2.06	6	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	28/40 (70%)	21±1 (74±4%)	5±1 (19±5%)	2±1 (8±3%)	2	14
1	В	28/40 (70%)	21±1 (75±5%)	4±2 (14±6%)	3±1 (11±4%)	1	8
1	С	30/40 (75%)	21±2 (70±5%)	5±2 (16±8%)	4±2 (14±5%)	1	5
1	D	28/40 (70%)	20±1 (70±5%)	4±1 (14±5%)	4±1 (16±5%)	0	4
1	E	30/40 (75%)	22±2 (72±5%)	4±2 (14±5%)	4±1 (14±4%)	1	5
1	F	24/40 (60%)	18±1 (75±6%)	4±1 (17±6%)	2±1 (8±5%)	2	14
1	G	30/40 (75%)	22±1 (75±5%)	4±1 (15±5%)	3±1 (10±2%)	1	10
1	Н	30/40 (75%)	22±1 (74±5%)	4±2 (12±7%)	4±1 (13±4%)	1	5
1	I	28/40 (70%)	19±2 (69±6%)	5±1 (16±5%)	4±1 (15±5%)	0	4
1	J	30/40 (75%)	21±2 (71±6%)	5±1 (16±5%)	4±1 (13±5%)	1	5
1	K	30/40 (75%)	21±1 (71±5%)	5±2 (16±6%)	4±1 (13±3%)	1	6
1	L	30/40 (75%)	21±2 (70±6%)	5±2 (18±7%)	4±1 (12±5%)	1	6
All	All	3460/4800 (72%)	2491 (72%)	539 (16%)	430 (12%)	1	6

5 of 101 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	25	GLY	10
1	I	27	ASN	10
1	L	25	GLY	10
1	С	27	ASN	9
1	D	25	GLY	9

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	21/31 (68%)	19±1 (92±3%)	2±1 (8±3%)	17	65
1	В	$22/31\ (71\%)$	21±0 (95±1%)	1±0 (5±1%)	28	77
1	С	24/31 (77%)	22±1 (90±6%)	2±1 (10±6%)	10	55
1	D	22/31 (71%)	19±1 (88±4%)	3±1 (12±4%)	8	50
1	E	24/31 (77%)	21±0 (89±2%)	3±0 (11±2%)	10	54

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Continued	trom	mmoninonic	maaa
COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	F	19/31 (61%)	18±1 (92±4%)	2±1 (8±4%)	16	63
1	G	$24/31\ (77\%)$	23±1 (95±2%)	1±1 (5±3%)	28	77
1	Н	24/31 (77%)	23±0 (95±2%)	$1\pm0~(5\pm2\%)$	26	75
1	I	22/31~(71%)	19±1 (88±4%)	3±1 (12±4%)	8	50
1	J	$24/31\ (77\%)$	21±1 (86±4%)	3±1 (14±4%)	6	46
1	K	24/31~(77%)	21±1 (88±4%)	3±1 (12±4%)	9	52
1	L	24/31~(77%)	22±1 (94±4%)	2±1 (6±4%)	21	70
All	All	2740/3720 (74%)	2491 (91%)	249 (9%)	13	59

5 of 75 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	31	ILE	10
1	В	31	ILE	10
1	G	31	ILE	10
1	J	31	ILE	10
1	K	31	ILE	10

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 2% for the well-defined parts and 2% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	110
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	101
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	9
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

• No matching atom found in the structure. First 5 (of 9) occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Dag	Trmo	Atom	Shift Data		
LISUID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	2	ALA	С	175.4	0.3	1
1	A	2	ALA	CA	51.1	0.3	1
1	A	2	ALA	СВ	22.5	0.3	1
1	A	7	ASP	С	174.0	0.3	1
1	A	7	ASP	CA	53.6	0.3	1
1	A	7	ASP	СВ	42.4	0.3	1
1	A	8	SER	С	172.7	0.3	1
1	A	8	SER	CA	58.1	0.3	1
1	A	8	SER	СВ	65.3	0.3	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.



Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	33	0.13 ± 0.16	None needed ($< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	27	-1.34 ± 0.29	Should be checked
¹³ C′	33	1.36 ± 0.14	Should be applied
^{15}N	17		None (insufficient data)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 2%, i.e. 96 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 4785. 0 out of 94 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	73/1886 (4%)	0/794 (0%)	56/728 (8%)	17/364 (5%)
Sidechain	23/2428 (1%)	0/1618 (0%)	23/763 (3%)	0/47 (0%)
Aromatic	0/471 (0%)	0/244 (0%)	0/203 (0%)	0/24 (0%)
Overall	96/4785 (2%)	0/2656~(0%)	79/1694 (5%)	17/435 (4%)

Note: This is a solid-state NMR structure, where hydrogen atoms are typically not assigned a chemical shift value, which may lead to lower completeness of assignment measure.

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



