

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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Title: Solution NMR of the specialized apo-acyl carrier protein (RPA2022) from

Rhodopseudomonas palustris, Northeast Structural Genomics Consortium

Target RpR324

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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

 $\begin{array}{cccc} wwPDB\text{-ShiftChecker} & : & v1.2 \\ BMRB \ Restraints \ Analysis & : & v1.2 \\ \end{array}$

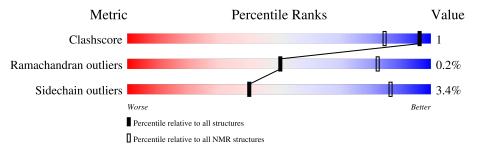
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 96%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive	
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries})$	
Clashscore	158937	12864	
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451	
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428	

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	101	87%	13%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 4 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues				
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid mod				
1 A:4-A:91 (88)		0.58	4	

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 4, 8, 14, 15, 18
2	3, 6, 9, 11, 12, 19, 20
3	5, 16
4	7, 17
Single-model clusters	10; 13



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1581 atoms, of which 784 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Specialized acyl carrier protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues			Aton	ns			Trace
1	Λ	101	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
	A	101	1581	505	784	135	155	2	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	94	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q6N882
A	95	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q6N882
A	96	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6N882
A	97	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6N882
A	98	HIS	_	expression tag	UNP Q6N882
A	99	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6N882
A	100	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6N882
A	101	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6N882



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

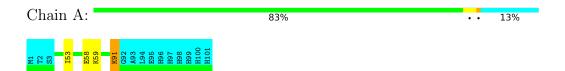
• Molecule 1: Specialized acyl carrier protein

Chain A: 87% 13%

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 4. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Specialized acyl carrier protein





Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: target function.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	1.3
PSVS	refinement	1.4
PdbStat	structure solution	5.4
CYANA 3.0	structure solution	3.0
FMCGUI	refinement	
PALES	refinement	pales_linux

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1228
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1228
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	96%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	689	688	688	1±1
All	All	13780	13760	13760	23

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

5 of 14 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	$Distance(\mathring{A})$	${f Models}$	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:16:CYS:SG	1:A:43:ILE:HD11	0.55	2.42	11	4
1:A:12:ILE:HG12	1:A:43:ILE:HG21	0.50	1.82	13	1
1:A:55:LEU:HD21	1:A:84:ILE:HG12	0.45	1.89	12	2
1:A:12:ILE:HG22	1:A:18:ILE:HD11	0.45	1.88	8	4
1:A:59:LYS:O	1:A:63:GLU:HG2	0.45	2.12	9	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percer	ntiles
1	A	88/101 (87%)	86±1 (98±1%)	2±1 (2±1%)	0±1 (0±1%)	50	82
All	All	1760/2020 (87%)	1718 (98%)	38 (2%)	4 (0%)	50	82

All 2 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	71	THR	2
1	A	72	GLU	2

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	74/85 (87%)	71±1 (97±2%)	3±1 (3±2%)	40 87		
All	All	1480/1700 (87%)	1429 (97%)	51 (3%)	40 87		

5 of 17 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	20	ARG	8
1	A	91	LYS	7
1	A	57	LEU	6
1	A	58	GLU	4
1	A	68	LYS	4

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 96% for the well-defined parts and 90% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1228
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1228
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	96	-0.62 ± 0.20	Should be checked
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	92	0.28 ± 0.12	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
¹³ C′	92	-0.43 ± 0.20	None needed ($< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$)
^{15}N	91	0.33 ± 0.47	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 96%, i.e. 1151 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1197. 0 out of 12 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	435/437 (100%)	176/176 (100%)	174/176 (99%)	85/85 (100%)
Sidechain	640/681 (94%)	434/444 (98%)	198/218 (91%)	8/19 (42%)

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	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Aromatic	76/79 (96%)	37/39 (95%)	36/37 (97%)	3/3 (100%)
Overall	1151/1197 (96%)	647/659 (98%)	408/431 (95%)	96/107 (90%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

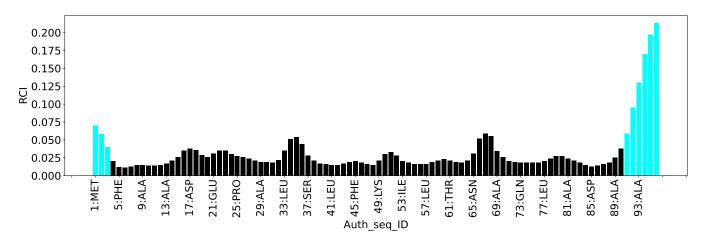
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	25	PRO	HG2	0.27	0.41 - 3.45	-5.5

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	3692
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	932
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	894
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	952
Long range (i-j ≥5)	820
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	94
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	144
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	38.0
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	8.2

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	9.1	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	4.7	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	3.4	1.81



8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Bins (°)	Average number of violations per model	$\operatorname{Max}(^{\circ})$
1.0-10.0 (Small)	1.1	5.0
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	None	None
>20.0 (Large)	None	None



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

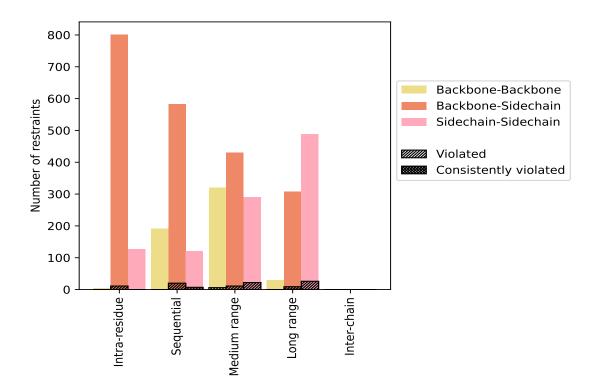
The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Doctroints type	Count	% ¹	Vio	lated	3	Consistently Violated		
Restraints type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	932	25.2	11	1.2	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	801	21.7	11	1.4	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	127	3.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	894	24.2	27	3.0	0.7	1	0.1	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	192	5.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	582	15.8	20	3.4	0.5	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	120	3.3	7	5.8	0.2	1	0.8	0.0
Medium range ($ i-j >1 \& i-j <5$)	952	25.8	33	3.5	0.9	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	232	6.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	430	11.6	11	2.6	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	290	7.9	22	7.6	0.6	0	0.0	0.0
Long range ($ i-j \ge 5$)	820	22.2	35	4.3	0.9	1	0.1	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	24	0.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	308	8.3	9	2.9	0.2	1	0.3	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	488	13.2	26	5.3	0.7	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	94	2.5	6	6.4	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	3692	100.0	112	3.0	3.0	2	0.1	0.1
Backbone-Backbone	546	14.8	6	1.1	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	2121	57.4	51	2.4	1.4	1	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	1025	27.8	55	5.4	1.5	1	0.1	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models



9.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

MadalID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	5	M (8)	M (Å)	SD^6 (Å)	Madian (Å)	
Model ID	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	$SD^*(A)$	Median (Å)	
1	2	3	4	4	0	13	0.29	0.76	0.22	0.15	
2	3	7	4	6	0	20	0.33	1.81	0.38	0.23	
3	4	3	9	8	0	24	0.32	1.47	0.34	0.2	
4	0	3	5	4	0	12	0.35	1.78	0.44	0.18	
5	0	3	6	5	0	14	0.25	0.69	0.17	0.15	
6	2	4	7	13	0	26	0.37	1.58	0.37	0.2	
7	0	2	4	11	0	17	0.38	1.02	0.31	0.22	
8	2	3	3	9	0	17	0.41	1.3	0.34	0.24	
9	0	5	3	6	0	14	0.42	1.75	0.43	0.25	
10	1	4	4	6	0	15	0.35	0.76	0.21	0.38	
11	1	4	4	5	0	14	0.27	0.67	0.17	0.21	

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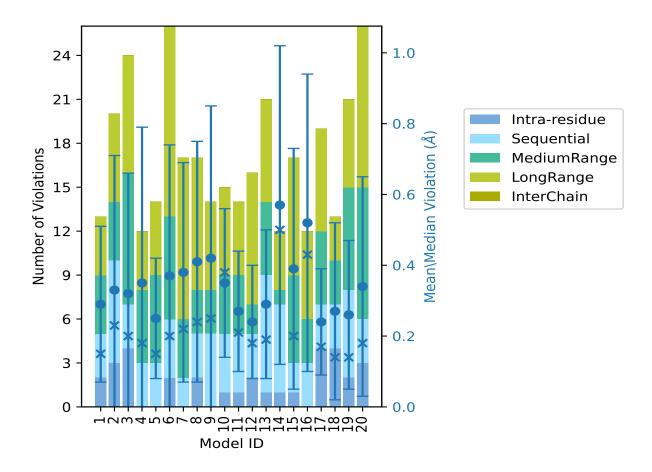


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Model ID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	3	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD^6 (Å)	Median (Å)
Model 1D	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (A)	Max (A)	$SD^*(A)$	Median (A)
12	2	3	2	9	0	16	0.24	0.64	0.16	0.18
13	1	8	5	7	0	21	0.29	0.95	0.21	0.19
14	1	6	1	4	0	12	0.57	1.64	0.45	0.5
15	1	2	6	8	0	17	0.39	1.21	0.34	0.2
16	0	3	3	6	0	12	0.52	1.33	0.42	0.43
17	4	3	5	7	0	19	0.24	0.72	0.15	0.17
18	4	3	3	3	0	13	0.27	0.85	0.25	0.14
19	2	6	7	6	0	21	0.26	0.74	0.21	0.14
20	3	3	9	11	0	26	0.34	1.37	0.31	0.18

 $^{^1}$ Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Standard deviation

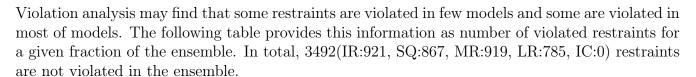
9.2.1 Bar graph: Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

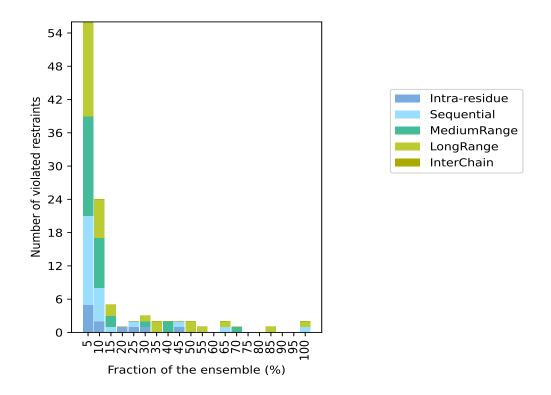


Nu	$\overline{\mathbf{mber}}$	of vio	lated	Fraction of the ensemble			
IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Count ⁶	%
5	16	18	17	0	56	1	5.0
2	6	9	7	0	24	2	10.0
0	1	2	2	0	5	3	15.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	4	20.0
1	1	0	0	0	2	5	25.0
1	0	1	1	0	3	6	30.0
0	0	0	2	0	2	7	35.0
0	0	2	0	0	2	8	40.0
1	1	0	0	0	2	9	45.0
0	0	0	2	0	2	10	50.0
0	0	0	1	0	1	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	1	0	1	0	2	13	65.0
0	0	1	0	0	1	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	1	0	1	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	1	0	1	0	2	20	100.0

 $^{^1}$ Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Number of models with violations



9.3.1 Bar graph: Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

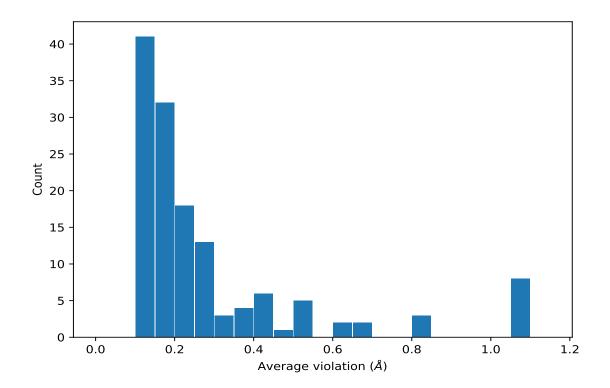


9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram: Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble





9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	$Models^1$	Mean (Å)	SD^1 (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,275)	1:A:12:ILE:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD11	20	0.82	0.42	0.87
(1,275)	1:A:12:ILE:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD12	20	0.82	0.42	0.87
(1,275)	1:A:12:ILE:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD13	20	0.82	0.42	0.87
(1,479)	1:A:24:THR:HG21	1:A:25:PRO:HB3	20	0.52	0.14	0.46
(1,479)	1:A:24:THR:HG22	1:A:25:PRO:HB3	20	0.52	0.14	0.46
(1,479)	1:A:24:THR:HG23	1:A:25:PRO:HB3	20	0.52	0.14	0.46
(1,18)	1:A:4:THR:HB	1:A:51:PHE:HZ	17	0.29	0.12	0.3
(1,1367)	1:A:66:ASP:HB2	1:A:68:LYS:HB2	14	0.47	0.17	0.48
(1,1207)	1:A:59:LYS:HE2	1:A:60:TRP:HE1	13	1.08	0.53	1.01
(1,1207)	1:A:59:LYS:HE3	1:A:60:TRP:HE1	13	1.08	0.53	1.01
(1,1126)	1:A:55:LEU:HD21	1:A:80:LEU:HA	13	0.39	0.19	0.38
(1,1126)	1:A:55:LEU:HD22	1:A:80:LEU:HA	13	0.39	0.19	0.38
(1,1126)	1:A:55:LEU:HD23	1:A:80:LEU:HA	13	0.39	0.19	0.38
(1,310)	1:A:14:GLU:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD11	11	0.43	0.22	0.44
(1,310)	1:A:14:GLU:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD12	11	0.43	0.22	0.44
(1,310)	1:A:14:GLU:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD13	11	0.43	0.22	0.44

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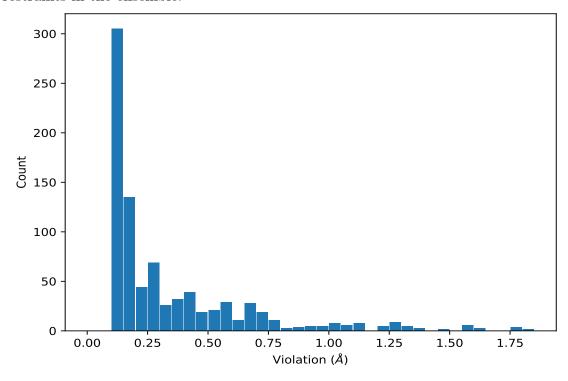
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean (Å)	${ m SD}^1 \ (m \AA)$	Median (Å)
(1,280)	1:A:13:ALA:HA	1:A:23:ILE:HD11	10	0.41	0.23	0.44
(1,280)	1:A:13:ALA:HA	1:A:23:ILE:HD12	10	0.41	0.23	0.44
(1,280)	1:A:13:ALA:HA	1:A:23:ILE:HD13	10	0.41	0.23	0.44
(1,897)	1:A:45:PHE:H	1:A:57:LEU:HD11	10	0.3	0.16	0.31
(1,897)	1:A:45:PHE:H	1:A:57:LEU:HD12	10	0.3	0.16	0.31
(1,897)	1:A:45:PHE:H	1:A:57:LEU:HD13	10	0.3	0.16	0.31
(1,2348)	1:A:28:HIS:HA	1:A:28:HIS:HD2	9	0.16	0.03	0.15

¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram: Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.



Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,1207)	1:A:59:LYS:HE2	1:A:60:TRP:HE1	2	1.81
(1,1207)	1:A:59:LYS:HE3	1:A:60:TRP:HE1	2	1.81
(1,1207)	1:A:59:LYS:HE2	1:A:60:TRP:HE1	4	1.78
(1,1207)	1:A:59:LYS:HE3	1:A:60:TRP:HE1	4	1.78
(1,1207)	1:A:59:LYS:HE2	1:A:60:TRP:HE1	9	1.75
(1,1207)	1:A:59:LYS:HE3	1:A:60:TRP:HE1	9	1.75
(1,275)	1:A:12:ILE:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD11	14	1.64
(1,275)	1:A:12:ILE:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD12	14	1.64
(1,275)	1:A:12:ILE:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD13	14	1.64
(1,1412)	1:A:70:THR:HG21	1:A:73:GLN:HG2	6	1.58
(1,1412)	1:A:70:THR:HG21	1:A:73:GLN:HG3	6	1.58
(1,1412)	1:A:70:THR:HG22	1:A:73:GLN:HG2	6	1.58
(1,1412)	1:A:70:THR:HG22	1:A:73:GLN:HG3	6	1.58
(1,1412)	1:A:70:THR:HG23	1:A:73:GLN:HG2	6	1.58
(1,1412)	1:A:70:THR:HG23	1:A:73:GLN:HG3	6	1.58
(1,1207)	1:A:59:LYS:HE2	1:A:60:TRP:HE1	3	1.47
(1,1207)	1:A:59:LYS:HE3	1:A:60:TRP:HE1	3	1.47
(1,275)	1:A:12:ILE:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD11	20	1.37
(1,275)	1:A:12:ILE:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD12	20	1.37
(1,275)	1:A:12:ILE:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD13	20	1.37
(1,1207)	1:A:59:LYS:HE2	1:A:60:TRP:HE1	16	1.33
(1,1207)	1:A:59:LYS:HE3	1:A:60:TRP:HE1	16	1.33
(1,275)	1:A:12:ILE:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD11	8	1.3
(1,275)	1:A:12:ILE:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD12	8	1.3
(1,275)	1:A:12:ILE:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD13	8	1.3
(1,275)	1:A:12:ILE:H	1:A:23:ILE:HD11	3	1.29



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

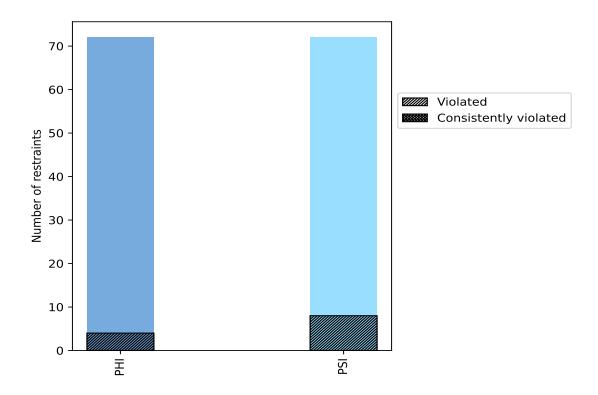
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

A1 - 4	Carret	$\%^{1}$. 1			\mathbf{d}^3 Consistently Violated			
Angle type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\frac{\%^2}{0.0}$ $\frac{\%^1}{0.0}$	
PHI	72	50.0	4	5.6	2.8	0	0.0	0.0	
PSI	72	50.0	8	11.1	5.6	0	0.0	0.0	
Total	144	100.0	12	8.3	8.3	0	0.0	0.0	

 $^{^1}$ percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories



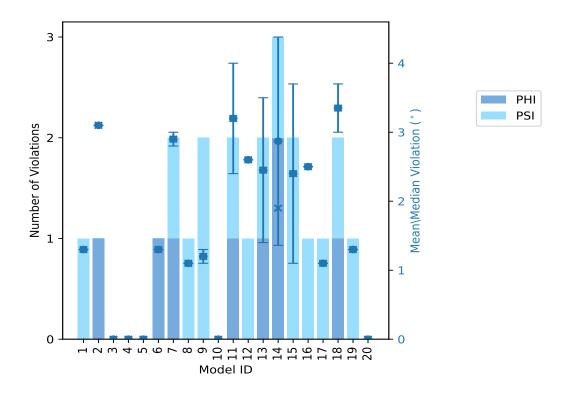
10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Num	iber o	f violations	Mean (°)	Max (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
Wiodei 1D	PHI	PSI	Total	Mean ()	Max ()	SD ()	Median ()
1	0	1	1	1.3	1.3	0.0	1.3
2	1	0	1	3.1	3.1	0.0	3.1
3	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	1	0	1	1.3	1.3	0.0	1.3
7	1	1	2	2.9	3.0	0.1	2.9
8	0	1	1	1.1	1.1	0.0	1.1
9	0	2	2	1.2	1.3	0.1	1.2
10	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11	1	1	2	3.2	4.0	0.8	3.2
12	0	1	1	2.6	2.6	0.0	2.6
13	1	1	2	2.45	3.5	1.05	2.45
14	2	1	3	2.87	5.0	1.51	1.9
15	0	2	2	2.4	3.7	1.3	2.4
16	0	1	1	2.5	2.5	0.0	2.5
17	0	1	1	1.1	1.1	0.0	1.1
18	1	1	2	3.35	3.7	0.35	3.35
19	0	1	1	1.3	1.3	0.0	1.3
20	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0



10.2.1 Bar graph: Dihedral violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Num	iber o	f violated restraints	Fractio	n of the ensemble
PHI	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%
2	6	8	1	5.0
0	0	0	2	10.0
2	1	3	3	15.0
0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	0	5	25.0
0	1	1	6	30.0
0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	11	55.0

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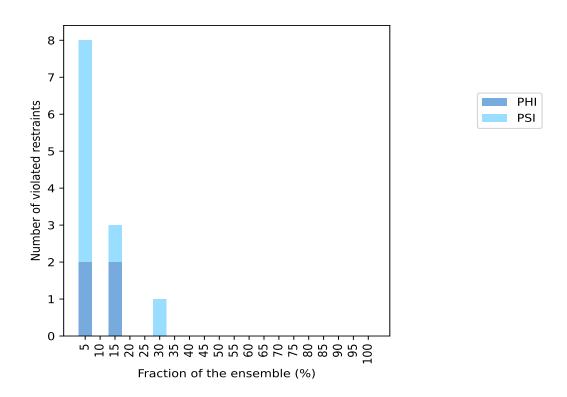


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Num	ber o	of violated restraints	Fractio	n of the ensemble
PHI	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%
0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	20	100.0

¹ Number of models with violations

10.3.1 Bar graph: Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble (i)



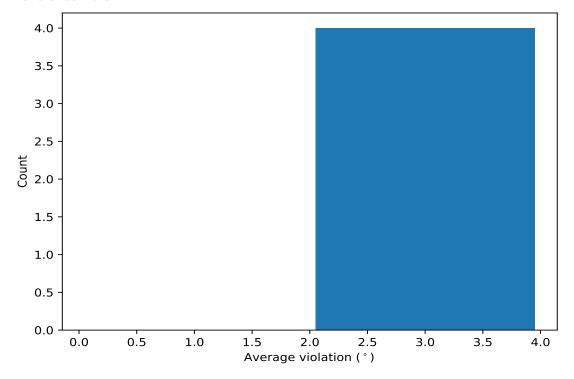
10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble (i)

10.4.1 Histogram: Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models



in the ensemble



10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	${f Models}^1$	Mean	\mathbf{SD}^2	Median
(1,78)	1:A:53:ILE:N	1:A:53:ILE:CA	1:A:53:ILE:C	1:A:54:LYS:N	6	2.95	0.96	3.15
(1,25)	1:A:15:THR:C	1:A:16:CYS:N	1:A:16:CYS:CA	1:A:16:CYS:C	3	3.67	0.94	3.0
(1,77)	1:A:52:GLY:C	1:A:53:ILE:N	1:A:53:ILE:CA	1:A:53:ILE:C	3	2.3	0.7	2.4
(1,40)	1:A:26:GLU:N	1:A:26:GLU:CA	1:A:26:GLU:C	1:A:27:SER:N	3	2.03	1.18	1.3

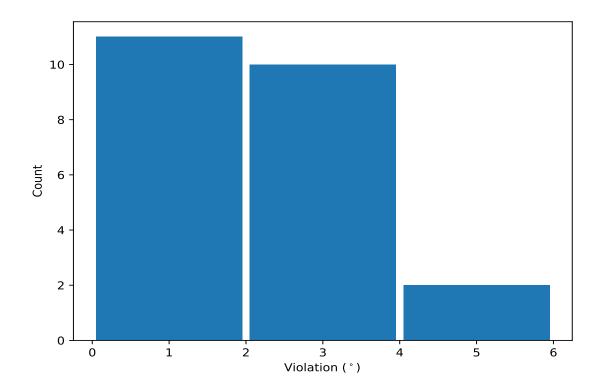
¹ Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

10.5.1 Histogram: Distribution of violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.





10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the list of violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,25)	1:A:15:THR:C	1:A:16:CYS:N	1:A:16:CYS:CA	1:A:16:CYS:C	14	5.0
(1,78)	1:A:53:ILE:N	1:A:53:ILE:CA	1:A:53:ILE:C	1:A:54:LYS:N	11	4.0
(1,78)	1:A:53:ILE:N	1:A:53:ILE:CA	1:A:53:ILE:C	1:A:54:LYS:N	18	3.7
(1,40)	1:A:26:GLU:N	1:A:26:GLU:CA	1:A:26:GLU:C	1:A:27:SER:N	15	3.7
(1,78)	1:A:53:ILE:N	1:A:53:ILE:CA	1:A:53:ILE:C	1:A:54:LYS:N	13	3.5
(1,77)	1:A:52:GLY:C	1:A:53:ILE:N	1:A:53:ILE:CA	1:A:53:ILE:C	2	3.1
(1,25)	1:A:15:THR:C	1:A:16:CYS:N	1:A:16:CYS:CA	1:A:16:CYS:C	7	3.0
(1,25)	1:A:15:THR:C	1:A:16:CYS:N	1:A:16:CYS:CA	1:A:16:CYS:C	18	3.0
(1,78)	1:A:53:ILE:N	1:A:53:ILE:CA	1:A:53:ILE:C	1:A:54:LYS:N	7	2.8
(1,78)	1:A:53:ILE:N	1:A:53:ILE:CA	1:A:53:ILE:C	1:A:54:LYS:N	12	2.6

