Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 9, 2020 – 06:19 PM BST

PDB ID	:	3LU9
Title	:	Crystal structure of human thrombin mutant S195A in complex with the extracellular fragment of human PAR1
Authors	:	Gandhi, P.S.; Chen, Z.; Di Cera, E.
Deposited on	:	2010-02-17
Resolution	:	1.80 Å(reported)

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

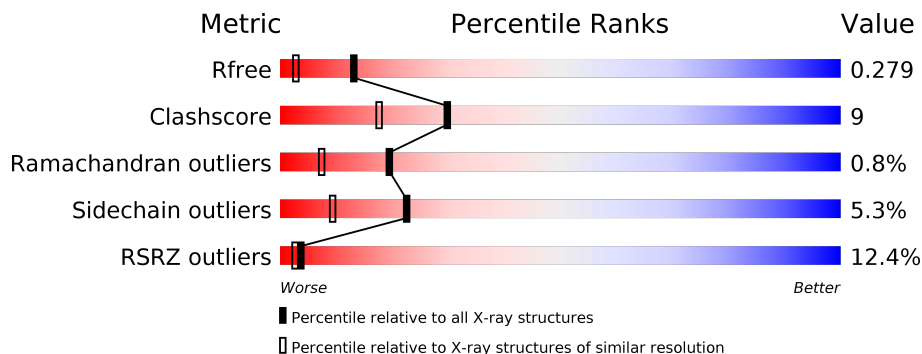|		
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.13.1
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.13.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Rfree		0.279
Clashscore		9
Ramachandran outliers		0.8%
Sidechain outliers		5.3%
RSRZ outliers		12.4%

Worse　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　*Better*

▌ Percentile relative to all X-ray structures

▯ Percentile relative to X-ray structures of similar resolution

Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	5950 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	141614	6793 (1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6697 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6696 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5850 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	46	9% / 85% 11% ·
1	D	46	15% / 80% 17% ·
2	B	259	5% / 79% 15% · ·
2	E	259	12% / 80% 16% · ·
3	C	25	48% / 52% 20% 12% 16%
3	F	25	44% / 52% 32% 16%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	NAG	E	400	-	-	-	X

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5949 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Prothrombin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	44	Total 362	C 228	N 58	O 75	S 1	0	0	0
1	D	45	Total 366	C 230	N 59	O 76	S 1	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Prothrombin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	251	Total 2033	C 1298	N 360	O 361	S 14	0	0	0
2	E	251	Total 2028	C 1294	N 359	O 361	S 14	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	195	ALA	SER	ENGINEERED	UNP P00734
E	195	ALA	SER	ENGINEERED	UNP P00734

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Proteinase-activated receptor 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	25	Total 213	C 136	N 36	O 41	0	0	0
3	F	25	Total 213	C 136	N 36	O 41	52	0	0

- Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	B	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0
4	E	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

- Molecule 5 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total 1	Na 1	0	0
5	E	1	Total 1	Na 1	0	0

- Molecule 6 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $C_3H_8O_3$).

GOL

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	B	1	Total 6	C 3	O 3	0	0

- Molecule 7 is water.

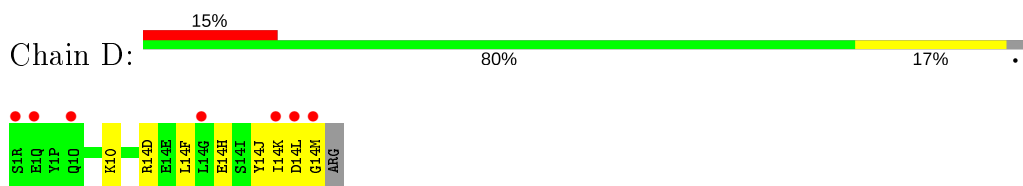| Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	73	Total 73	O 73	0	0
7	B	281	Total 281	O 281	0	0
7	C	31	Total 31	O 31	0	0
7	D	60	Total 60	O 60	0	0
7	E	228	Total 228	O 228	0	0
7	F	25	Total 25	O 25	0	0

3 Residue-property plots ⓘ

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Prothrombin
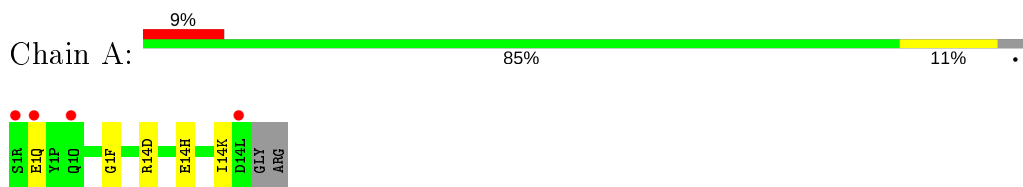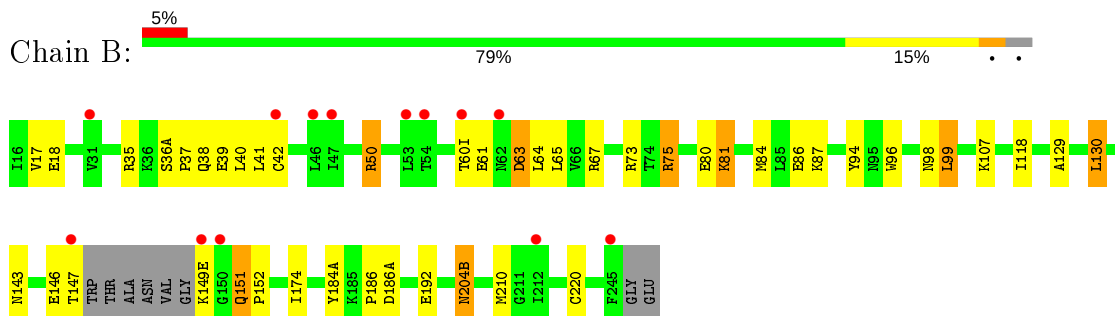
Chain A:

- Molecule 1: Prothrombin

Chain D:

- Molecule 2: Prothrombin

Chain B:

- Molecule 2: Prothrombin

Chain E:

- Molecule 3: Proteinase-activated receptor 1

Chain C:

48%

52% 20% 12% 16%

A33 T34 N35 L38 R41 S42 F43 L44 L45 R46 N47 P48 N49 D50 K51 W56 E57

• Molecule 3: Proteinase-activated receptor 1

Chain F:

44%

52% 32% 16%

A33 T34 N35 A36 T37 L44 L45 P48 N49 D50 K51 Y52 E53 P54 F55 W56 E57
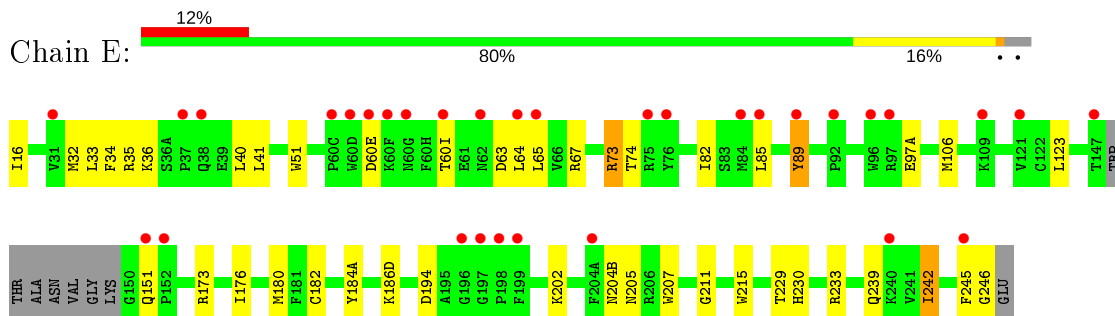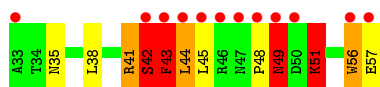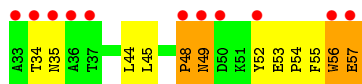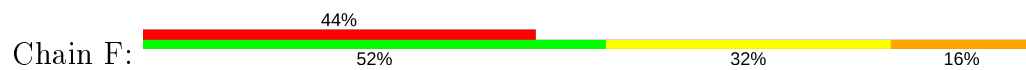
4   Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	46.33Å 50.17Å 85.50Å 76.39° 83.93° 73.74°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	28.07 – 1.80 28.07 – 1.80	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.0 (28.07-1.80) 96.0 (28.07-1.80)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	3.22 (at 1.80Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0109	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.193 , 0.236 0.236 , 0.279	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	3162 reflections (4.95%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	19.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.075	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.36 , 37.2	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< |L| > = 0.50$, $< L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	5949	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	33.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.73% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

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[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.
[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, NAG, NA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$|Z|$ >5	RMSZ	#$|Z|$ >5
1	A	0.72	0/369	0.64	0/494
1	D	0.63	0/373	0.68	0/499
2	B	0.68	0/2085	0.74	0/2816
2	E	0.62	0/2080	0.70	1/2810 (0.0%)
3	C	0.65	0/220	1.12	3/299 (1.0%)
3	F	0.63	0/220	0.85	0/299
All	All	0.65	0/5347	0.74	4/7217 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand.A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
3	C	0	3

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
3	C	41	ARG	C-N-CA	-5.90	106.94	121.70
3	C	42	SER	N-CA-C	5.59	126.10	111.00
2	E	73	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.40	117.60	120.30
3	C	51	LYS	N-CA-C	5.22	125.10	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
3	C	41	ARG	Peptide
3	C	43	PHE	Peptide
3	C	51	LYS	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	362	0	341	4	0
1	D	366	0	344	4	0
2	B	2033	0	2013	43	0
2	E	2028	0	2003	38	0
3	C	213	0	196	19	0
3	F	213	0	196	16	0
4	B	14	0	13	0	0
4	E	14	0	13	0	0
5	B	1	0	0	0	0
5	E	1	0	0	0	0
6	B	6	0	8	0	0
7	A	73	0	0	0	0
7	B	281	0	0	0	0
7	C	31	0	0	3	0
7	D	60	0	0	2	0
7	E	228	0	0	7	0
7	F	25	0	0	1	0
All	All	5949	0	5127	97	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (97) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:39:GLU:OE2	3:C:44:LEU:HB2	1.63	0.99
2:B:75:ARG:HD2	7:C:347:HOH:O	1.65	0.94
2:E:34:PHE:HE1	3:F:52:TYR:CD2	1.94	0.85
2:B:143:ASN:HD21	3:C:43:PHE:HE2	1.27	0.80

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:E:73:ARG:HH22	3:F:48:PRO:HD3	1.47	0.79
2:B:41:LEU:HD23	3:C:44:LEU:CD2	2.14	0.77
1:A:1(F):GLY:HA3	2:B:50:ARG:HD2	1.66	0.76
2:E:34:PHE:CE1	3:F:52:TYR:CD2	2.73	0.76
2:B:146:GLU:O	2:B:147:THR:HB	1.90	0.70
2:B:73:ARG:CZ	2:B:151:GLN:HG2	2.25	0.67
2:B:67:ARG:HD2	2:B:80:GLU:OE1	1.95	0.66
2:B:61:GLU:HG2	2:B:87:LYS:HA	1.78	0.66
2:B:73:ARG:HH22	3:C:48:PRO:HD3	1.60	0.66
2:E:74:THR:HG22	3:F:52:TYR:CE1	2.31	0.65
2:B:192:GLU:HG2	3:C:43:PHE:CE1	2.31	0.65
2:B:63:ASP:O	2:B:64:LEU:HD23	1.97	0.65
2:B:41:LEU:HA	3:C:44:LEU:HD23	1.80	0.64
1:A:14(D):ARG:O	1:A:14(H):GLU:HG3	1.97	0.64
2:E:34:PHE:CE1	3:F:52:TYR:HD2	2.15	0.64
3:C:48:PRO:O	3:C:49:ASN:HB3	2.00	0.61
2:B:41:LEU:CD1	2:B:64:LEU:HD22	2.32	0.59
2:E:242:ILE:N	7:E:371:HOH:O	2.35	0.59
2:E:239:GLN:C	7:E:371:HOH:O	2.40	0.59
2:B:143:ASN:ND2	3:C:43:PHE:CE2	2.72	0.58
3:C:42:SER:HB3	7:C:287:HOH:O	2.04	0.58
7:E:418:HOH:O	3:F:54:PRO:HA	2.04	0.57
2:E:85:LEU:HB3	7:E:601:HOH:O	2.05	0.57
2:E:180:MET:HE2	2:E:215:TRP:HE1	1.70	0.57
2:E:184(A):TYR:CE1	2:E:186(D):LYS:HD2	2.41	0.56
2:B:60(I):THR:O	2:B:63:ASP:HB2	2.05	0.56
7:E:325:HOH:O	3:F:52:TYR:HB2	2.05	0.55
2:B:41:LEU:HD23	3:C:44:LEU:HD23	1.90	0.54
2:B:41:LEU:HD11	2:B:64:LEU:HD22	1.88	0.54
2:E:32:MET:HG3	2:E:40:LEU:HD12	1.88	0.54
2:B:186:PRO:O	2:B:186(A):ASP:HB2	2.08	0.54
2:B:61:GLU:CG	2:B:87:LYS:HA	2.38	0.54
2:E:202:LYS:HE2	2:E:205:ASN:OD1	2.08	0.54
2:E:35:ARG:HB2	2:E:41:LEU:HG	1.90	0.54
2:E:33:LEU:HD11	2:E:64:LEU:HD13	1.90	0.53
2:E:60(I):THR:O	2:E:63:ASP:HB2	2.08	0.53
2:E:74:THR:HG21	3:F:48:PRO:HG2	1.90	0.53
2:B:40:LEU:O	3:C:44:LEU:HB3	2.08	0.53
2:E:51:TRP:HZ2	2:E:246:GLY:HA2	1.73	0.52
2:B:174:ILE:HG23	3:C:35:ASN:ND2	2.25	0.52
2:B:65:LEU:CD2	2:B:84:MET:SD	2.98	0.52

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:E:34:PHE:HE1	3:F:52:TYR:CE2	2.27	0.52
2:B:42:CYS:SG	3:C:42:SER:HB2	2.50	0.51
3:F:53:GLU:HB3	7:F:564:HOH:O	2.11	0.50
2:E:89:TYR:HB2	7:E:606:HOH:O	2.12	0.50
2:E:67:ARG:HG2	2:E:82:ILE:HG13	1.95	0.49
2:E:180:MET:CE	2:E:215:TRP:HE1	2.25	0.49
2:E:97(A):GLU:O	3:F:35:ASN:ND2	2.46	0.49
2:E:41:LEU:CD1	2:E:64:LEU:HD22	2.43	0.49
2:B:42:CYS:SG	3:C:42:SER:CB	3.00	0.48
2:B:35:ARG:HD2	2:B:37:PRO:O	2.14	0.48
2:E:184(A):TYR:CZ	2:E:186(D):LYS:HD2	2.49	0.48
2:E:65:LEU:HD13	3:F:55:PHE:HE2	1.79	0.47
2:E:36:LYS:HA	7:E:518:HOH:O	2.13	0.47
2:B:17:VAL:HG12	2:B:18:GLU:HG2	1.97	0.46
2:E:211:GLY:HA2	2:E:229:THR:O	2.16	0.46
2:B:35:ARG:O	2:B:38:GLN:HA	2.16	0.46
1:A:14(H):GLU:HA	1:A:14(K):ILE:HD12	1.99	0.45
2:B:65:LEU:HD23	2:B:84:MET:SD	2.56	0.45
2:B:65:LEU:HD21	2:B:84:MET:SD	2.57	0.45
2:B:86:GLU:OE2	2:B:107:LYS:HE3	2.17	0.45
2:B:81:LYS:HD3	2:B:118:ILE:HD12	2.00	0.44
2:E:202:LYS:CE	2:E:205:ASN:OD1	2.66	0.43
3:F:56:TRP:HB3	3:F:57:GLU:H	1.70	0.43
1:D:14(J):TYR:O	7:D:390:HOH:O	2.21	0.43
2:E:85:LEU:HD22	2:E:106:MET:HB3	2.00	0.43
2:E:89:TYR:HE1	2:E:245:PHE:CE1	2.37	0.43
1:A:1(Q):GLU:HB3	2:B:204(B):ASN:HB2	2.01	0.43
2:E:73:ARG:NH1	3:F:52:TYR:OH	2.50	0.43
2:B:98:ASN:O	2:B:99:LEU:HB2	2.17	0.43
2:B:129:ALA:O	2:B:130:LEU:HB2	2.18	0.42
2:B:184(A):TYR:HE1	2:E:173:ARG:NH2	2.16	0.42
2:B:94:TYR:CZ	2:B:96:TRP:HB3	2.54	0.42
3:C:38:LEU:HD23	3:C:38:LEU:C	2.40	0.42
2:B:36(A):SER:HA	2:B:37:PRO:HA	1.92	0.42
1:D:10:LYS:NZ	7:D:138:HOH:O	2.40	0.42
1:D:14(D):ARG:O	1:D:14(H):GLU:HG3	2.19	0.42
3:F:34:THR:O	3:F:34:THR:HG23	2.20	0.42
2:B:174:ILE:HG23	3:C:35:ASN:HD22	1.84	0.42
2:B:151:GLN:HG3	2:B:152:PRO:HD2	2.01	0.42
3:C:48:PRO:O	3:C:49:ASN:CB	2.67	0.42
2:E:74:THR:HG21	3:F:48:PRO:CG	2.50	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:C:44:LEU:O	3:C:45:LEU:HB2	2.18	0.41
2:E:202:LYS:HD2	2:E:207:TRP:CE2	2.56	0.41
1:D:14(K):ILE:C	1:D:14(M):GLY:H	2.23	0.41
2:E:16:ILE:N	2:E:194:ASP:OD2	2.54	0.41
2:B:35:ARG:HE	2:B:41:LEU:HD21	1.86	0.41
2:E:230:HIS:CG	2:E:233:ARG:HG3	2.56	0.41
2:B:129:ALA:HA	2:B:210:MET:HE1	2.03	0.40
2:B:192:GLU:OE1	2:B:220:CYS:SG	2.79	0.40
2:E:89:TYR:CE1	2:E:245:PHE:HE1	2.39	0.40
3:C:35:ASN:HB2	7:C:623:HOH:O	2.20	0.40
2:E:89:TYR:CE1	2:E:245:PHE:CE1	3.09	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	42/46 (91%)	39 (93%)	3 (7%)	0	100	100
1	D	43/46 (94%)	40 (93%)	3 (7%)	0	100	100
2	B	247/259 (95%)	237 (96%)	10 (4%)	0	100	100
2	E	247/259 (95%)	237 (96%)	10 (4%)	0	100	100
3	C	23/25 (92%)	19 (83%)	2 (9%)	2 (9%)	1	0
3	F	23/25 (92%)	15 (65%)	5 (22%)	3 (13%)	0	0
All	All	625/660 (95%)	587 (94%)	33 (5%)	5 (1%)	19	7

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	49	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	F	49	ASN
3	C	56	TRP
3	F	45	LEU
3	F	48	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	40/41 (98%)	40 (100%)	0	100	100
1	D	40/41 (98%)	38 (95%)	2 (5%)	24	10
2	B	219/224 (98%)	210 (96%)	9 (4%)	30	16
2	E	218/224 (97%)	210 (96%)	8 (4%)	34	19
3	C	23/23 (100%)	16 (70%)	7 (30%)	0	0
3	F	23/23 (100%)	19 (83%)	4 (17%)	2	0
All	All	563/576 (98%)	533 (95%)	30 (5%)	22	9

All (30) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	50	ARG
2	B	63	ASP
2	B	75	ARG
2	B	81	LYS
2	B	99	LEU
2	B	130	LEU
2	B	149(E)	LYS
2	B	151	GLN
2	B	204(B)	ASN
3	C	42	SER
3	C	43	PHE
3	C	44	LEU
3	C	49	ASN
3	C	51	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	C	56	TRP
3	C	57	GLU
1	D	14(F)	LEU
1	D	14(L)	ASP
2	E	60(E)	ASP
2	E	89	TYR
2	E	123	LEU
2	E	151	GLN
2	E	176	ILE
2	E	182	CYS
2	E	204(B)	ASN
2	E	242	ILE
3	F	44	LEU
3	F	49	ASN
3	F	56	TRP
3	F	57	GLU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (11) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	131	GLN
2	B	204(B)	ASN
2	B	209	GLN
3	C	35	ASN
2	E	131	GLN
2	E	151	GLN
2	E	156	GLN
2	E	204(B)	ASN
2	E	209	GLN
2	E	244	GLN
3	F	35	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#$|Z| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	#$|Z| > 2$
4	NAG	E	400	2	14,14,15	0.43	0	17,19,21	1.30	2 (11%)
4	NAG	B	400	2	14,14,15	0.46	0	17,19,21	1.75	5 (29%)
6	GOL	B	402	-	5,5,5	0.44	0	5,5,5	0.65	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	E	400	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	B	400	2	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	GOL	B	402	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
4	B	400	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.56	118.37	112.19
4	E	400	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.09	116.38	112.19
4	B	400	NAG	C6-C5-C4	-2.46	107.24	113.00
4	E	400	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.31	107.64	111.29
4	B	400	NAG	O5-C5-C6	2.27	110.76	107.20
4	B	400	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.18	107.85	111.29
4	B	400	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.13	119.70	116.10

There are no chirality outliers.

All (7) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	E	400	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	E	400	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
4	B	400	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	B	400	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
6	B	402	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
6	B	402	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
4	B	400	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2			OWAB(Å^2)	Q<0.9
1	A	44/46 (95%)	0.38	4 (9%)	9	7	14, 24, 45, 54	0
1	D	45/46 (97%)	0.71	7 (15%)	2	1	14, 33, 59, 66	0
2	B	251/259 (96%)	0.53	13 (5%)	27	22	8, 23, 47, 65	0
2	E	251/259 (96%)	0.83	32 (12%)	3	2	11, 34, 74, 90	0
3	C	25/25 (100%)	3.56	12 (48%)	0	0	16, 38, 94, 114	0
3	F	19/25 (76%)	3.97	11 (57%)	0	0	25, 60, 100, 104	0
All	All	635/660 (96%)	0.87	79 (12%)	4	3	8, 28, 72, 114	0

All (79) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	F	50	ASP	10.7
3	C	44	LEU	10.4
1	A	1(R)	SER	9.4
3	F	33	ALA	9.3
3	C	47	ASN	9.2
3	F	48	PRO	9.1
3	C	45	LEU	8.9
3	F	56	TRP	8.6
3	C	42	SER	8.4
3	C	56	TRP	8.1
3	C	50	ASP	7.7
3	F	49	ASN	7.1
3	F	34	THR	7.0
1	D	14(M)	GLY	6.8
3	F	35	ASN	6.7
3	C	43	PHE	6.6
2	E	60(D)	TRP	6.4
2	B	149(E)	LYS	6.3
2	B	147	THR	6.2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	C	33	ALA	5.7
3	C	49	ASN	5.7
2	E	89	TYR	5.6
1	D	14(L)	ASP	5.6
3	C	48	PRO	4.9
2	E	64	LEU	4.8
1	D	14(K)	ILE	4.8
2	B	245	PHE	4.5
2	E	96	TRP	4.2
2	E	97	ARG	4.2
2	E	60(E)	ASP	4.2
2	B	150	GLY	4.2
2	E	60(F)	LYS	4.1
1	D	14(G)	LEU	4.1
3	C	57	GLU	4.0
3	F	57	GLU	3.8
2	E	92	PRO	3.8
2	B	60(I)	THR	3.6
1	D	1(R)	SER	3.5
3	C	46	ARG	3.3
1	A	14(L)	ASP	3.3
3	F	36	ALA	3.1
2	E	245	PHE	3.1
1	D	1(Q)	GLU	3.1
2	B	31	VAL	3.1
2	B	46	LEU	2.9
2	E	60(C)	PRO	2.8
2	E	109	LYS	2.7
2	E	60(I)	THR	2.7
2	E	65	LEU	2.7
2	E	37	PRO	2.6
2	E	151	GLN	2.5
3	F	52	TYR	2.5
2	E	85	LEU	2.5
2	E	147	THR	2.5
2	B	42	CYS	2.5
2	E	197	GLY	2.4
3	F	37	THR	2.4
2	B	212	ILE	2.3
2	B	53	LEU	2.3
2	E	84	MET	2.3
2	B	47	ILE	2.3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	E	60(G)	ASN	2.3
2	E	31	VAL	2.3
2	E	196	GLY	2.3
2	B	54	THR	2.3
2	B	62	ASN	2.2
1	A	1(Q)	GLU	2.2
1	A	1(O)	GLN	2.2
2	E	38	GLN	2.2
2	E	204(A)	PHE	2.2
1	D	1(O)	GLN	2.2
2	E	76	TYR	2.1
2	E	198	PRO	2.1
2	E	240	LYS	2.1
2	E	62	ASN	2.1
2	E	121	VAL	2.1
2	E	152	PRO	2.1
2	E	75	ARG	2.0
2	E	199	PHE	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å^2)	Q<0.9
4	NAG	E	400	14/15	0.61	0.45	52,58,62,63	0
4	NAG	B	400	14/15	0.78	0.23	45,52,54,55	0
6	GOL	B	402	6/6	0.85	0.12	27,36,38,39	0
5	NA	E	401	1/1	0.97	0.19	27,27,27,27	0
5	NA	B	401	1/1	0.99	0.15	26,26,26,26	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.