



# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report

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BMRB ID : 19379  
Title : NMR structures of the alpha7 nAChR transmembrane domain.  
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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

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with specific help available everywhere you see the  symbol.

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<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references](#) ) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
wwPDB-RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2  
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.33

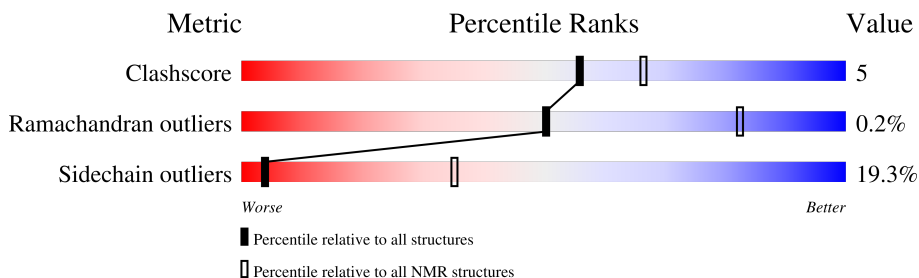
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 73%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	137	 66% 15% 17% .

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:5-A:60, A:66-A:94, A:106-A:131 (111)	1.11	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19
2	15, 20

### 3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2031 atoms, of which 1030 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Neuronal acetylcholine receptor subunit alpha-7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O		S
1	A	134	2031	655	1030	148	190	8	0

There are 17 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

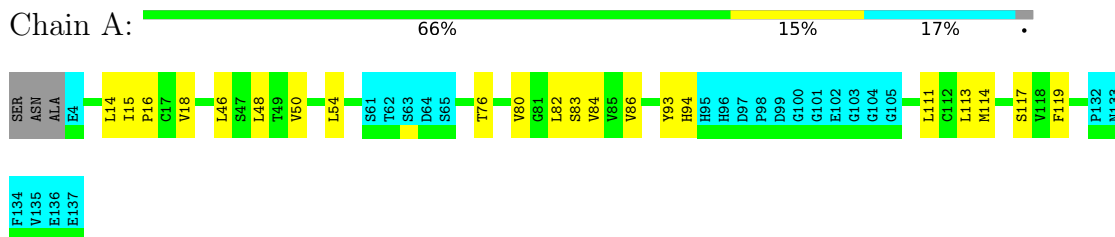
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P36544
A	2	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP P36544
A	3	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P36544
A	4	GLU	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P36544
A	5	GLU	ARG	engineered mutation	UNP P36544
A	6	GLU	THR	engineered mutation	UNP P36544
A	61	SER	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P36544
A	66	SER	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP P36544
A	68	SER	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P36544
A	102	GLU	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P36544
A	103	GLY	-	linker	UNP P36544
A	104	GLY	-	linker	UNP P36544
A	105	GLY	-	linker	UNP P36544
A	106	GLU	-	linker	UNP P36544
A	107	GLY	-	linker	UNP P36544
A	108	ILE	VAL	engineered mutation	UNP P36544
A	137	GLU	ALA	engineered mutation	UNP P36544

## 4 Residue-property plots

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

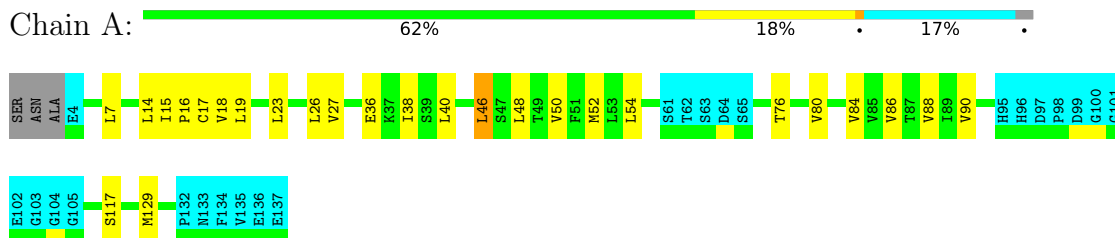
- Molecule 1: Neuronal acetylcholine receptor subunit alpha-7



### 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

- Molecule 1: Neuronal acetylcholine receptor subunit alpha-7



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 25 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	
CYANA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1313
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1296
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	17
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	73%

## 6 Model quality [i](#)

### 6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	836	905	905	9±2
All	All	16720	18100	18100	182

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

5 of 52 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:80:VAL:O	1:A:84:VAL:HG23	0.62	1.94	5	5
1:A:9:TYR:O	1:A:13:LEU:HD12	0.61	1.95	7	2
1:A:84:VAL:O	1:A:88:VAL:HG23	0.61	1.95	13	6
1:A:14:LEU:O	1:A:18:VAL:HG12	0.60	1.97	3	19
1:A:76:THR:O	1:A:80:VAL:HG23	0.59	1.96	16	20

### 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	111/137 (81%)	106±2 (95±1%)	5±2 (5±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	50 82
All	All	2220/2740 (81%)	2114 (95%)	102 (5%)	4 (0%)	50 82

All 2 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	94	HIS	2
1	A	35	GLY	2

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	97/117 (83%)	78±3 (81±3%)	19±3 (19±3%)	4 35
All	All	1940/2340 (83%)	1565 (81%)	375 (19%)	4 35

5 of 61 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	54	LEU	14
1	A	48	LEU	13
1	A	117	SER	13
1	A	114	MET	13
1	A	119	PHE	13

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



## 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation i

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 73% for the well-defined parts and 73% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping i

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1313
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1296
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	17
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

- No matching atom found in the structure. First 5 (of 17) occurrences are reported below.

List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	2	ASN	HA	4.739	0.019	.
1	A	2	ASN	HB2	2.859	0.036	.
1	A	2	ASN	HD21	7.586	0.014	.
1	A	2	ASN	HD22	6.903	0.013	.
1	A	2	ASN	C	175.435	0.010	.
1	A	2	ASN	CA	53.861	0.043	.
1	A	2	ASN	CB	39.07	0.010	.
1	A	2	ASN	ND2	112.708	0.014	.
1	A	3	ALA	H	8.506	0.016	.
1	A	3	ALA	HA	4.165	0.012	.
1	A	3	ALA	HB1	1.393	0.015	.
1	A	3	ALA	HB2	1.393	0.015	.
1	A	3	ALA	HB3	1.393	0.015	.
1	A	3	ALA	C	178.939	0.010	.

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List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift Data		
					Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	3	ALA	CA	54.739	0.030	.
1	A	3	ALA	CB	18.845	0.093	.
1	A	3	ALA	N	123.904	0.056	.

### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	136	$-0.84 \pm 0.08$	Should be checked
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	107	$0.22 \pm 0.04$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	103	$-0.07 \pm 0.14$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{15}\text{N}$	123	$0.63 \pm 0.19$	Should be applied

### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 73%, i.e. 1123 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1545. 0 out of 33 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	507/553 (92%)	213/224 (95%)	192/222 (86%)	102/107 (95%)
Sidechain	584/899 (65%)	391/611 (64%)	190/281 (68%)	3/7 (43%)
Aromatic	32/93 (34%)	17/45 (38%)	15/47 (32%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	1123/1545 (73%)	621/880 (71%)	397/550 (72%)	105/115 (91%)

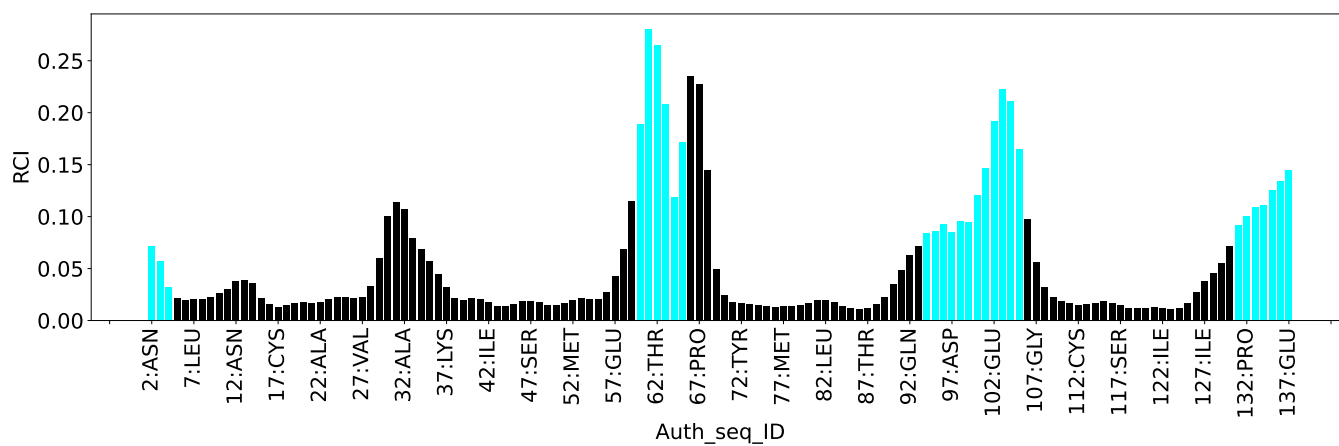
### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



## 8 NMR restraints analysis

### 8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	911
Intra-residue ( $ i-j =0$ )	234
Sequential ( $ i-j =1$ )	222
Medium range ( $ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$ )	108
Long range ( $ i-j \geq 5$ )	43
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	304
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	6.6
Number of long range restraints per residue <sup>1</sup>	0.3

<sup>1</sup>Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

### 8.2 Residual restraint violations

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

#### 8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	8.8	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	28.6	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	43.5	4.0

### 8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model

Dihedral-angle violations less than  $1^\circ$  are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations

## 9 Distance violation analysis [i](#)

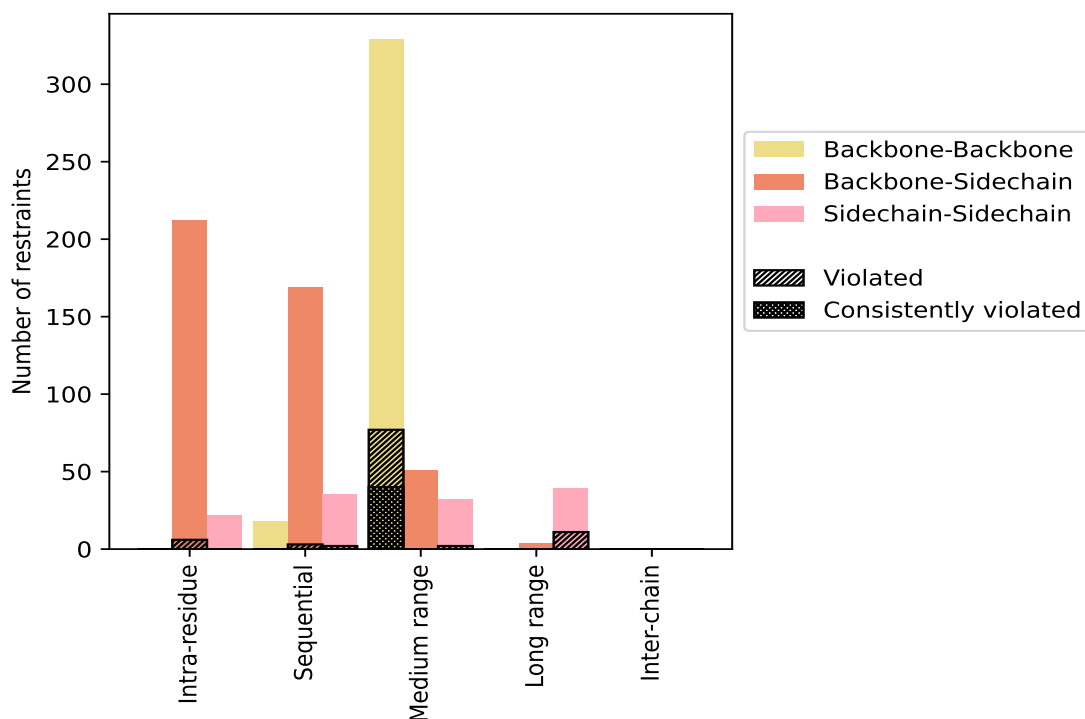
### 9.1 Summary of distance violations [i](#)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restrains type	Count	% <sup>1</sup>	Violated <sup>3</sup>			Consistently Violated <sup>4</sup>		
			Count	% <sup>2</sup>	% <sup>1</sup>	Count	% <sup>2</sup>	% <sup>1</sup>
<b>Intra-residue (<math> i-j =0</math>)</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>25.7</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	212	23.3	6	2.8	0.7	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	22	2.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Sequential (<math> i-j =1</math>)</b>	<b>222</b>	<b>24.4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	18	2.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	169	18.6	3	1.8	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	35	3.8	2	5.7	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Medium range (<math> i-j &gt;1</math> &amp; <math> i-j &lt;5</math>)</b>	<b>108</b>	<b>11.9</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	25	2.7	1	4.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	51	5.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	32	3.5	2	6.2	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Long range (<math> i-j \geq 5</math>)</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>25.6</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	4	0.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	39	4.3	11	28.2	1.2	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Inter-chain</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Hydrogen bond</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>33.4</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>25.0</b>	<b>8.3</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>13.2</b>	<b>4.4</b>
<b>Disulfide bond</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>911</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>11.1</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>4.4</b>	<b>4.4</b>
Backbone-Backbone	347	38.1	77	22.2	8.5	40	11.5	4.4
Backbone-Sidechain	436	47.9	9	2.1	1.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	128	14.1	15	11.7	1.6	0	0.0	0.0

<sup>1</sup> percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, <sup>2</sup> percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, <sup>3</sup> violated in at least one model, <sup>4</sup> violated in all the models

### 9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfid bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

## 9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD <sup>6</sup> (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR <sup>1</sup>	SQ <sup>2</sup>	MR <sup>3</sup>	LR <sup>4</sup>	IC <sup>5</sup>	Total				
1	0	0	70	10	0	80	0.71	3.9	0.83	0.5
2	0	0	70	7	0	77	0.61	3.86	0.72	0.45
3	0	0	70	6	0	76	0.65	3.93	0.73	0.51
4	2	3	69	11	0	85	0.79	4.0	0.84	0.56
5	2	0	69	11	0	82	0.86	3.97	0.89	0.6
6	0	0	70	8	0	78	0.69	3.98	0.72	0.56
7	1	0	70	1	0	72	0.61	3.86	0.63	0.49
8	0	0	67	10	0	77	0.76	3.75	0.85	0.52
9	1	2	71	11	0	85	0.75	3.98	0.83	0.52
10	2	2	73	11	0	88	0.82	3.98	0.85	0.55
11	1	0	74	8	0	83	0.69	3.76	0.71	0.55

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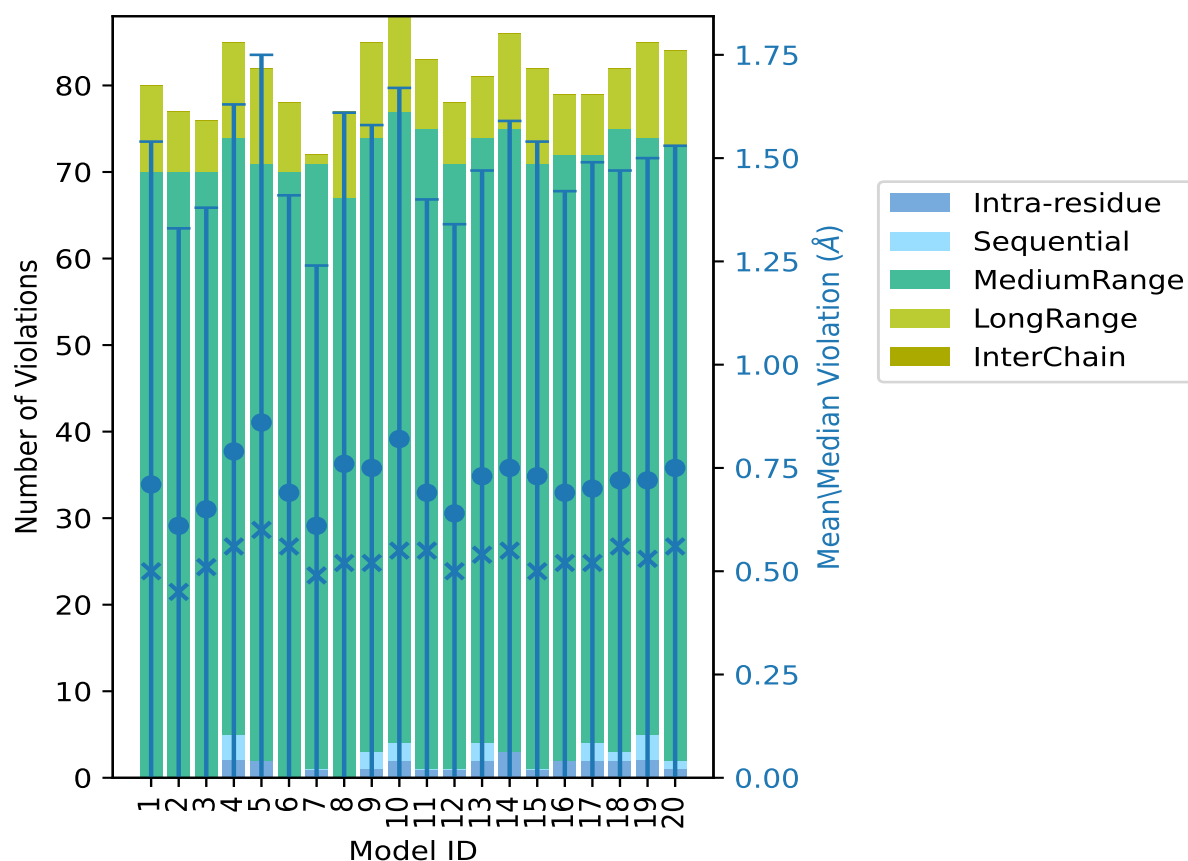


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Model ID	Number of violations					Total	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD <sup>6</sup> (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR <sup>1</sup>	SQ <sup>2</sup>	MR <sup>3</sup>	LR <sup>4</sup>	IC <sup>5</sup>					
12	1	0	70	7	0	78	0.64	3.76	0.7	0.5
13	2	2	70	7	0	81	0.73	3.92	0.74	0.54
14	3	0	72	11	0	86	0.75	3.94	0.84	0.55
15	1	0	70	11	0	82	0.73	3.81	0.81	0.5
16	2	0	70	7	0	79	0.69	3.84	0.73	0.52
17	2	2	68	7	0	79	0.7	3.87	0.79	0.52
18	2	1	72	7	0	82	0.72	3.98	0.75	0.56
19	2	3	69	11	0	85	0.72	3.95	0.78	0.53
20	1	1	71	11	0	84	0.75	3.73	0.78	0.56

<sup>1</sup>Intra-residue restraints, <sup>2</sup>Sequential restraints, <sup>3</sup>Medium range restraints, <sup>4</sup>Long range restraints, <sup>5</sup>Inter-chain restraints, <sup>6</sup>Standard deviation

### 9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model [\(i\)](#)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

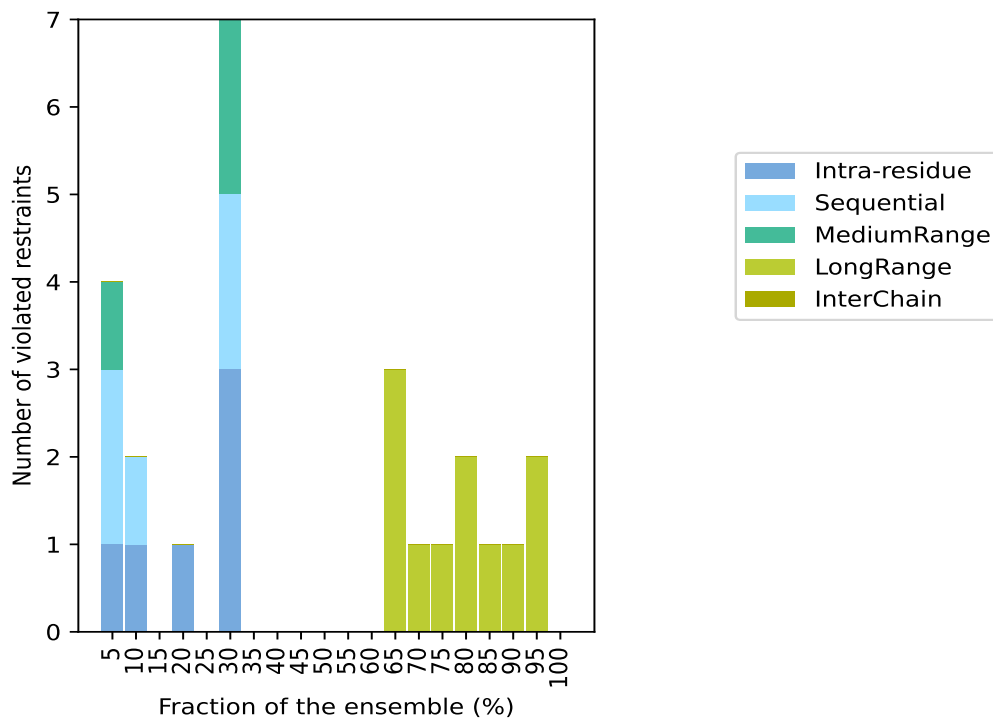
### 9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 582(IR:228, SQ:217, MR:105, LR:32, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR <sup>1</sup>	SQ <sup>2</sup>	MR <sup>3</sup>	LR <sup>4</sup>	IC <sup>5</sup>	Total	Count <sup>6</sup>	%
1	2	1	0	0	4	1	5.0
1	1	0	0	0	2	2	10.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3	15.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
3	2	2	0	0	7	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	3	0	3	13	65.0
0	0	0	1	0	1	14	70.0
0	0	0	1	0	1	15	75.0
0	0	0	2	0	2	16	80.0
0	0	0	1	0	1	17	85.0
0	0	0	1	0	1	18	90.0
0	0	0	2	0	2	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

<sup>1</sup>Intra-residue restraints, <sup>2</sup>Sequential restraints, <sup>3</sup>Medium range restraints, <sup>4</sup>Long range restraints, <sup>5</sup>Inter-chain restraints, <sup>6</sup> Number of models with violations

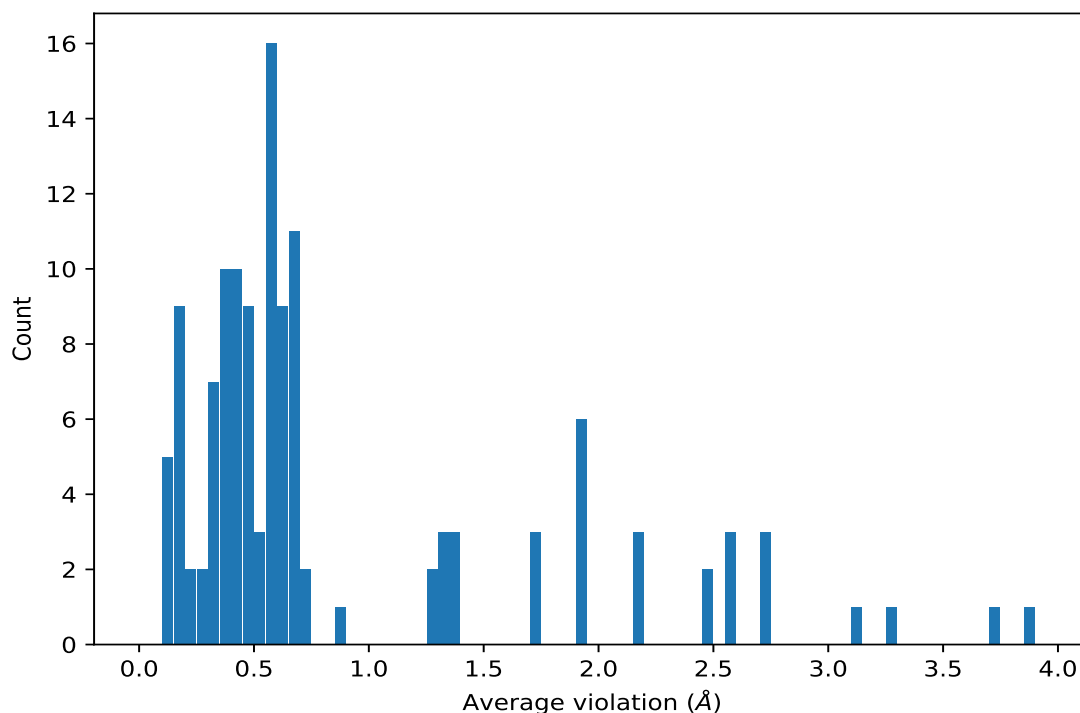
### 9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)



## 9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

### 9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



#### 9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

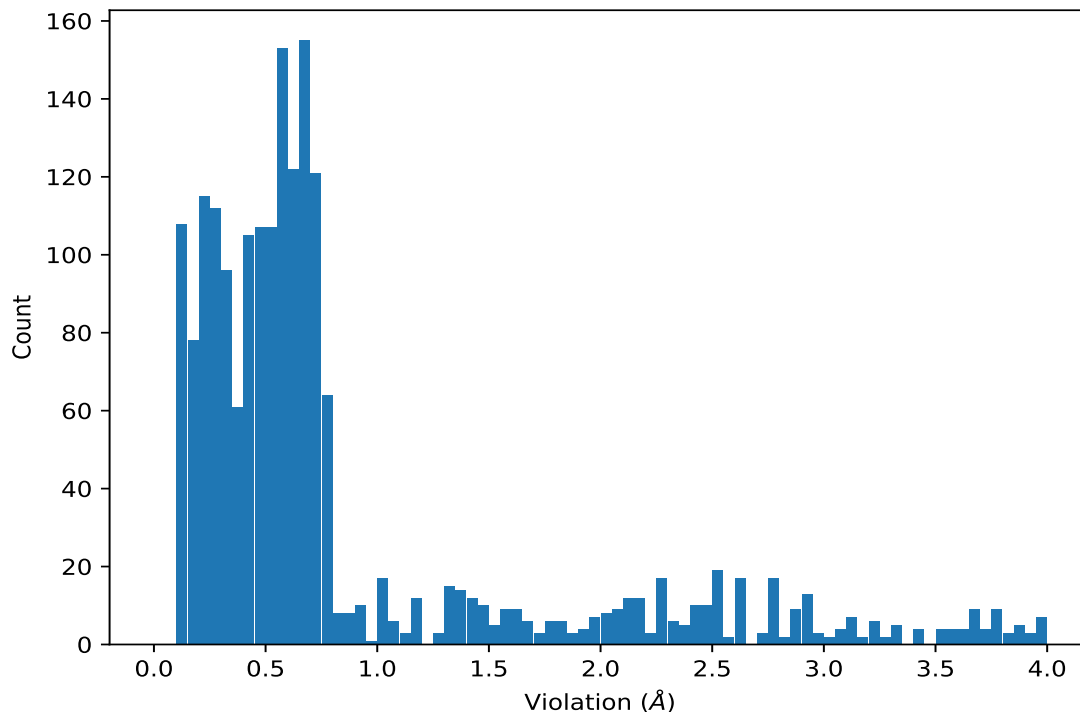
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models <sup>1</sup>	Mean (Å)	SD <sup>1</sup> (Å)	Median (Å)
(2,175)	1:A:38:ILE:O	1:A:42:ILE:O	20	3.89	0.09	3.91
(2,176)	1:A:39:SER:O	1:A:43:THR:O	20	3.7	0.07	3.68
(2,196)	1:A:75:SER:O	1:A:79:ILE:N	20	0.73	0.06	0.75
(2,160)	1:A:13:LEU:O	1:A:17:CYS:N	20	0.71	0.01	0.71
(2,221)	1:A:117:SER:O	1:A:121:ILE:N	20	0.69	0.05	0.71
(2,206)	1:A:85:VAL:O	1:A:89:ILE:N	20	0.68	0.06	0.7
(2,199)	1:A:78:ILE:O	1:A:82:LEU:N	20	0.68	0.08	0.7
(2,184)	1:A:49:THR:O	1:A:53:LEU:N	20	0.68	0.05	0.68
(2,181)	1:A:45:LEU:O	1:A:49:THR:N	20	0.67	0.08	0.68
(2,195)	1:A:74:ALA:O	1:A:78:ILE:N	20	0.65	0.02	0.65

<sup>1</sup>Number of violated models, <sup>2</sup>Standard deviation

## 9.5 All violated distance restraints [i](#)

### 9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



### 9.5.2 Table : All distance violations [i](#)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(2,175)	1:A:38:ILE:O	1:A:42:ILE:O	4	4.0
(2,175)	1:A:38:ILE:O	1:A:42:ILE:O	6	3.98
(2,175)	1:A:38:ILE:O	1:A:42:ILE:O	9	3.98
(2,175)	1:A:38:ILE:O	1:A:42:ILE:O	10	3.98
(2,175)	1:A:38:ILE:O	1:A:42:ILE:O	18	3.98
(2,175)	1:A:38:ILE:O	1:A:42:ILE:O	5	3.97
(2,175)	1:A:38:ILE:O	1:A:42:ILE:O	19	3.95
(2,175)	1:A:38:ILE:O	1:A:42:ILE:O	14	3.94
(2,175)	1:A:38:ILE:O	1:A:42:ILE:O	3	3.93
(2,175)	1:A:38:ILE:O	1:A:42:ILE:O	13	3.92

## 10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis

Dihedral angle analysis failed due to data error in the dihedral angle restraints, possibly missing target value