

## wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 6, 2023 – 02:02 AM EDT

PDB ID : 2MHN BMRB ID : 19642

Title: NMR structure of the first RRM domain of the protein RBM39 from Homo

sapiens

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Genomics (JCSG); Partnership for T-Cell Biology (TCELL)

Deposited on : 2013-12-02

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We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} wwPDB\text{-}ShiftChecker &: & v1.2 \\ BMRB \ Restraints \ Analysis &: & v1.2 \\ \end{array}$ 

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

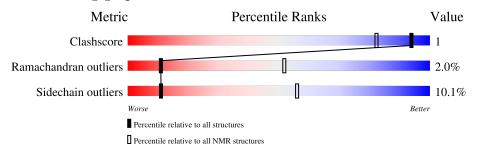
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.33

### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 89%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$rac{ m NMR~archive}{ m (\#Entries)}$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	94	68%		29%
1	$\Lambda$	34	08%	•	29%



### 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. The atoms present in the NMR models are not consistent. Some calculations may have failed as a result. All residues are included in the validation scores. Model 15 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues					
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid mode					
1	A:13-A:45, A:55-A:88 (67)	0.71	15		

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	2, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 18, 19
2	1, 17, 20
3	3, 5
Single-model clusters	14



### 3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1379 atoms, of which 640 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called RNA-binding protein 39.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			Trace			
1	Λ	0.4	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1	A	94	1379	458	640	142	135	4	U

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q14498
A	2	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q14498
A	3	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q14498

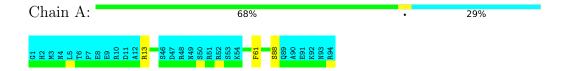


### 4 Residue-property plots (i)

#### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

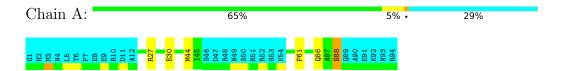
• Molecule 1: RNA-binding protein 39



# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 15. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: RNA-binding protein 39





#### Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: molecular dynamics.

Of the 80 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: target function.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	refinement	
OPALp	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1144
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1037
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	107
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	89%



### 6 Model quality (i)

#### 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Iol Chain		Sond lengths	Bond angles	
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	$0.56 \pm 0.01$	$0\pm0/526$ ( $0.0\pm~0.0\%$ )	$1.06 \pm 0.04$	$0\pm1/713~(~0.1\pm~0.1\%)$
All	All	0.56	0/10520 ( $0.0%$ )	1.06	9/14260 ( 0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	$0.0\pm0.0$	$0.7 \pm 0.7$
All	All	0	14

There are no bond-length outliers.

5 of 7 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Dec	Tuno	Atoma	$f Z = f Observed(^o)$		$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$	Models	
MIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms	L	Observed()	ideai( )	Worst	Total
1	A	43	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.75	123.17	120.30	18	1
1	A	59	VAL	CB-CA-C	5.64	122.11	111.40	10	3
1	A	81	VAL	CA-CB-CG1	5.62	119.33	110.90	11	1
1	A	38	LYS	CA-CB-CG	5.53	125.55	113.40	3	1
1	A	61	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	-5.21	117.16	120.80	6	1

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	43	ARG	Sidechain	4
1	A	40	ARG	Sidechain	3
1	A	58	TYR	Sidechain	2



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	13	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	A	36	VAL	Peptide	1

#### 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

	Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
Ī	1	A	518	474	548	1±2
	All	All	10360	9480	10960	26

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

5 of 20 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	$Distance(\mathring{A})$	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:78:VAL:O	1:A:81:VAL:HG12	0.61	1.95	11	1
1:A:38:LYS:CG	1:A:62:VAL:HG11	0.60	2.26	20	1
1:A:38:LYS:HG2	1:A:62:VAL:HG11	0.59	1.73	20	1
1:A:20:LEU:HA	1:A:81:VAL:HG13	0.57	1.76	10	4
1:A:38:LYS:HG2	1:A:62:VAL:HG21	0.56	1.77	3	1

#### 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	67/94 (71%)	57±2 (86±2%)	8±2 (12±3%)	1±1 (2±1%)	11	52
All	All	1340/1880 (71%)	1146 (86%)	167 (12%)	27 (2%)	11	52

5 of 9 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of



occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	55	GLY	6
1	A	85	VAL	5
1	A	87	ALA	5
1	A	36	VAL	4
1	A	78	VAL	2

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	57/81 (70%)	51±2 (90±4%)	6±2 (10±4%)		11	56
All	All	1140/1620 (70%)	1025 (90%)	115 (10%)		11	56

5 of 30 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	61	PHE	13
1	A	88	SER	11
1	A	13	ARG	8
1	A	23	ARG	8
1	A	44	MET	6

#### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



### 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

### 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 89% for the well-defined parts and 85% for the entire structure.

#### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1144
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1037
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	107
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

The following errors were found when reading this chemical shift list.

• Chemical shift has been reported more than once. First 5 (of 107) occurrences are reported below.

I :a4 ID	Clasia.	Das	Т	A +		Shift Dat	a
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	20	LEU	HD11	0.639	0.000	•
1	A	20	LEU	HD12	0.639	0.000	•
1	A	20	LEU	HD13	0.639	0.000	
1	A	59	VAL	HG11	-0.022	0.000	
1	A	59	VAL	HG12	-0.022	0.000	•
1	A	59	VAL	HG13	-0.022	0.000	•
1	A	15	VAL	HG11	0.563	0.000	•
1	A	15	VAL	HG12	0.563	0.000	
1	A	15	VAL	HG13	0.563	0.000	•
1	A	64	VAL	HG11	1.039	0.000	
1	A	64	VAL	HG12	1.039	0.000	•
1	A	64	VAL	HG13	1.039	0.000	
1	A	36	VAL	HG11	0.900	0.000	•
1	A	36	VAL	HG12	0.900	0.000	



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List ID	Chain	Res	Trmo	Atom	Shift Data			
LIST ID	Chain	nes	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity	
1	A	36	VAL	HG13	0.900	0.000		
1	A	85	VAL	HG11	0.919	0.000	•	
1	A	85	VAL	HG12	0.919	0.000	•	
1	A	85	VAL	HG13	0.919	0.000		
1	A	5	LEU	HD11	0.850	0.000	•	
1	A	5	LEU	HD12	0.850	0.000		
1	A	5	LEU	HD13	0.850	0.000	•	

The following assigned chemical shifts were not mapped to the molecules present in the coordinate file.

• No matching atom found in the structure. First 5 (of 107) occurrences are reported below.

T:-4 ID	Clasica	Dag	Т	A 4		Shift Dat	a
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	26	PRO	HD2	3.896	0.000	
1	A	26	PRO	HB2	2.244	0.000	
1	A	26	PRO	HG2	2.212	0.000	
1	A	61	PHE	HB2	2.9	0.000	
1	A	58	TYR	HB2	2.754	0.000	
1	A	16	PHE	HB2	2.786	0.000	
1	A	32	PHE	HB2	3.272	0.000	
1	A	33	PHE	HB2	3.484	0.000	
1	A	2	HIS	HB2	3.145	0.000	
1	A	5	LEU	HB2	1.592	0.000	
1	A	9	GLU	HB2	1.977	0.000	
1	A	9	GLU	HG2	2.437	0.000	
1	A	8	GLU	HG2	2.319	0.000	
1	A	8	GLU	HB2	1.968	0.000	•
1	A	10	ARG	HB2	1.766	0.000	
1	A	10	ARG	HG2	1.439	0.000	•
1	A	10	ARG	HD2	3.105	0.000	•
1	A	11	ASP	HB2	2.649	0.000	
1	A	13	ARG	HB2	2.677	0.000	•
1	A	17	CYS	HB2	2.62	0.000	•
1	A	19	GLN	HB2	2.126	0.000	•
1	A	19	GLN	HG2	2.483	0.000	
1	A	20	LEU	HB2	1.406	0.000	•
1	A	23	ARG	HB2	1.915	0.000	•
1	A	23	ARG	HD2	3.194	0.000	•
1	A	23	ARG	HG2	1.582	0.000	•
1	A	24	ILE	HG12	1.603	0.000	•



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Continue				A 4		Shift Dat	a
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	25	ARG	HB2	2.103	0.000	
1	A	25	ARG	HD2	3.361	0.000	•
1	A	27	ARG	HG2	1.696	0.000	
1	A	28	ASP	HB2	2.486	0.000	
1	A	29	LEU	HB2	1.514	0.000	
1	A	30	GLU	HB2	2.146	0.000	
1	A	31	GLU	HB2	2.145	0.000	
1	A	31	GLU	HG2	2.518	0.000	
1	A	34	SER	HB2	4.232	0.000	
1	A	41	ASP	HB2	2.321	0.000	
1	A	43	ARG	HB2	1.806	0.000	•
1	A	44	MET	HB2	1.889	0.000	•
1	A	45	ILE	HG12	1.497	0.000	
1	A	46	SER	HB2	3.804	0.000	•
1	A	47	ASP	HB2	2.809	0.000	
1	A	48	ARG	HB2	1.891	0.000	
1	A	48	ARG	HG2	1.668	0.000	
1	A	48	ARG	HD2	3.194	0.000	
1	A	49	ASN	HB2	2.921	0.000	
1	A	50	SER	HB2	3.97	0.000	
1	A	52	ARG	HB2	1.923	0.000	
1	A	52	ARG	HG2	1.68	0.000	
1	A	53	SER	HB2	3.965	0.000	
1	A	54	LYS	HB2	1.739	0.000	
1	A	54	LYS	HE2	3.03	0.000	
1	A	60	GLU	HB2	1.766	0.000	
1	A	63	ASP	HB2	2.879	0.000	
1	A	65	SER	HB2	3.951	0.000	
1	A	66	SER	HB2	2.435	0.000	
1	A	68	PRO	HB2	2.344	0.000	
1	A	68	PRO	HG2	2.033	0.000	
1	A	68	PRO	HD2	3.682	0.000	
1	A	69	LEU	HB2	1.858	0.000	
1	A	73	LEU	HB2	2.22	0.000	
1	A	86	GLN	HG2	2.29	0.000	
1	A	86	GLN	HB2	2.229	0.000	
1	A	77	ARG	HB2	1.716	0.000	
1	A	77	ARG	HG2	1.659	0.000	
1	A	82	PRO	HD2	3.74	0.000	
1	A	76	GLN	HG2	2.634	0.000	
1	A	88	SER	HB2	3.898	0.000	



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Continue				A .		Shift Dat	a
List ID	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Value	Uncertainty	Ambiguity
1	A	89	GLN	HB2	2.055	0.000	
1	A	89	GLN	HG2	2.273	0.000	•
1	A	91	GLU	HG2	2.167	0.000	•
1	A	92	LYS	HB2	1.751	0.000	•
1	A	93	ASN	HB2	2.721	0.000	•
1	A	7	PRO	HD2	3.87	0.000	•
1	A	13	ARG	HD2	3.103	0.000	•
1	A	18	MET	HB2	2.312	0.000	
1	A	38	LYS	HG2	1.464	0.000	
1	A	40	ARG	HB2	1.438	0.000	•
1	A	40	ARG	HD2	3.145	0.000	
1	A	40	ARG	HG2	1.501	0.000	
1	A	43	ARG	HG2	1.496	0.000	•
1	A	44	MET	HG2	2.437	0.000	
1	A	52	ARG	HD2	3.23	0.000	•
1	A	3	MET	HB2	2.055	0.000	
1	A	7	PRO	HB2	2.365	0.000	•
1	A	7	PRO	HG2	2.387	0.000	
1	A	82	PRO	HG2	1.794	0.000	•
1	A	82	PRO	HB2	1.907	0.000	
1	A	77	ARG	HD2	3.085	0.000	
1	A	94	ARG	HB2	1.718	0.000	
1	A	91	GLU	HB2	1.859	0.000	•
1	A	83	ILE	HG12	1.17	0.000	•
1	A	38	LYS	HB2	1.83	0.000	•
1	A	92	LYS	HG2	1.41	0.000	•
1	A	79	LEU	HB2	1.697	0.000	•
1	A	25	ARG	HG2	1.834	0.000	•
1	A	27	ARG	HD2	3.238	0.000	•
1	A	30	GLU	HG2	2.17	0.000	•
1	A	51	ARG	HD2	3.195	0.000	•
1	A	56	ILE	HG12	1.461	0.000	
1	A	84	ILE	HG12	1.081	0.000	
1	A	4	ASN	HB2	2.805	0.000	
1	A	18	MET	HG2	1.893	0.000	
1	A	27	ARG	HB2	1.687	0.000	
1	A	71	ILE	HG12	1.79	0.000	
1	A	13	ARG	HG2	1.927	0.000	•
1	A	38	LYS	HD2	1.769	0.000	



#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, $ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	94	$0.04 \pm 0.25$	None needed ( $< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$ )
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	88	$0.23 \pm 0.17$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
<sup>13</sup> C′	75	$-0.31 \pm 0.26$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{15}N$	87	$0.33 \pm 0.45$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 89%, i.e. 847 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 953. 0 out of 16 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	$323/334 \ (97\%)$	136/136 (100%)	123/134 (92%)	64/64 (100%)
Sidechain	481/570 (84%)	329/376~(88%)	148/169 (88%)	4/25 (16%)
Aromatic	43/49 (88%)	23/24 (96%)	20/25 (80%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	847/953 (89%)	488/536 (91%)	291/328 (89%)	68/89 (76%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

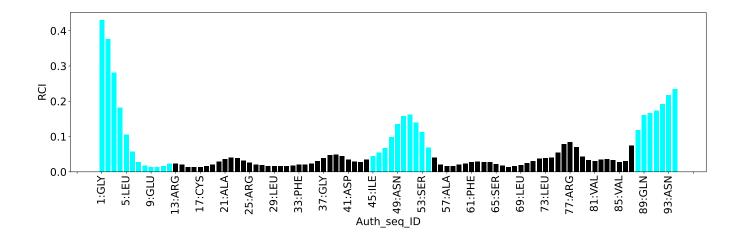
List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	66	SER	HB2	2.44	2.61 - 5.13	-5.7

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:







### 8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

### 8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1327
Intra-residue ( i-j =0)	376
Sequential ( i-j =1)	382
Medium range ( $ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$ )	216
Long range ( $ i-j  \ge 5$ )	353
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	396
Number of restraints per residue	14.1
Number of long range restraints per residue <sup>1</sup>	3.8

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

#### 8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

#### 8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	20.9	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	43.4	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	70.8	3.47



#### 8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than  $1^{\circ}$  are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations



### 9 Distance violation analysis (i)

#### 9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

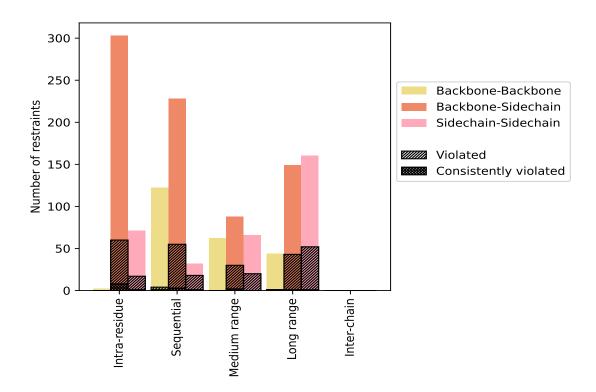
The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Doodnointe tour	Count	<b>%</b> <sup>1</sup>	Vi	olated	3	Consis	tentl	${f y}$ Violated $^4$
Restraints type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^{1}$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue ( i-j =0)	376	28.3	77	20.5	5.8	9	2.4	0.7
Backbone-Backbone	2	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	303	22.8	60	19.8	4.5	8	2.6	0.6
Sidechain-Sidechain	71	5.4	17	23.9	1.3	1	1.4	0.1
Sequential ( i-j =1)	382	28.8	77	20.2	5.8	5	1.3	0.4
Backbone-Backbone	122	9.2	4	3.3	0.3	1	0.8	0.1
Backbone-Sidechain	228	17.2	55	24.1	4.1	3	1.3	0.2
Sidechain-Sidechain	32	2.4	18	56.2	1.4	1	3.1	0.1
Medium range ( $ i-j >1 \&  i-j <5$ )	216	16.3	50	23.1	3.8	2	0.9	0.2
Backbone-Backbone	62	4.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	88	6.6	30	34.1	2.3	2	2.3	0.2
Sidechain-Sidechain	66	5.0	20	30.3	1.5	0	0.0	0.0
Long range ( $ i-j  \ge 5$ )	353	26.6	96	27.2	7.2	3	0.8	0.2
Backbone-Backbone	44	3.3	1	2.3	0.1	1	2.3	0.1
Backbone-Sidechain	149	11.2	43	28.9	3.2	1	0.7	0.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	160	12.1	52	32.5	3.9	1	0.6	0.1
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	1327	100.0	300	22.6	22.6	19	1.4	1.4
Backbone-Backbone	230	17.3	5	2.2	0.4	2	0.9	0.2
Backbone-Sidechain	768	57.9	188	24.5	14.2	14	1.8	1.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	329	24.8	107	32.5	8.1	3	0.9	0.2

 $<sup>^1</sup>$  percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints,  $^2$  percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category,  $^3$  violated in at least one model,  $^4$  violated in all the models



#### 9.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

#### 9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

MadalID		Nun	nber o	f viola	tions	<u> </u>	Mean (Å)	N/1 ( Å )	${ m SD}^6$ (Å)	Madian (8)
Model ID	$IR^1$	$SQ^2$	$MR^3$	$LR^4$	$IC^5$	Total	Mean (A)	Max (Å)	$SD^*(A)$	Median (Å)
1	40	42	25	30	0	137	0.71	2.56	0.57	0.53
2	40	38	27	38	0	143	0.76	2.99	0.57	0.57
3	40	36	22	38	0	136	0.69	2.84	0.55	0.52
4	40	38	24	36	0	138	0.69	2.57	0.55	0.58
5	37	37	17	31	0	122	0.67	2.46	0.52	0.49
6	39	30	28	27	0	124	0.69	2.54	0.51	0.58
7	42	35	25	42	0	144	0.72	3.24	0.63	0.48
8	40	36	25	37	0	138	0.7	2.64	0.58	0.53
9	44	40	31	46	0	161	0.76	2.96	0.6	0.56
10	38	39	22	38	0	137	0.68	2.4	0.51	0.54
11	41	34	23	33	0	131	0.68	3.14	0.59	0.48

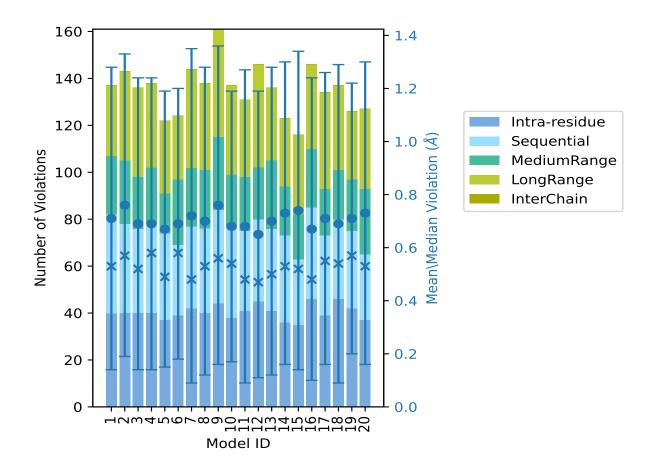


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Model ID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	3	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	$\mathbf{SD}^6$ (Å)	Median (Å)
Model 1D	$IR^1$	$SQ^2$	$MR^3$	$LR^4$	$IC^5$	Total	Wiean (A)	Max (A)	$SD^*(A)$	Median (A)
12	45	35	22	44	0	146	0.65	2.78	0.54	0.47
13	41	35	29	31	0	136	0.7	2.99	0.58	0.5
14	36	37	21	29	0	123	0.73	2.42	0.57	0.53
15	35	28	19	34	0	116	0.74	2.91	0.6	0.52
16	46	39	25	36	0	146	0.67	3.25	0.57	0.48
17	39	34	20	41	0	134	0.71	2.47	0.55	0.55
18	46	34	21	36	0	137	0.69	3.47	0.6	0.54
19	42	33	22	29	0	126	0.71	2.53	0.51	0.57
20	37	28	28	34	0	127	0.73	2.79	0.57	0.53

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ Intra-residue restraints,  $^2$ Sequential restraints,  $^3$ Medium range restraints,  $^4$ Long range restraints,  $^5$ Inter-chain restraints,  $^6$ Standard deviation

#### 9.2.1 Bar graph: Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



#### 9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

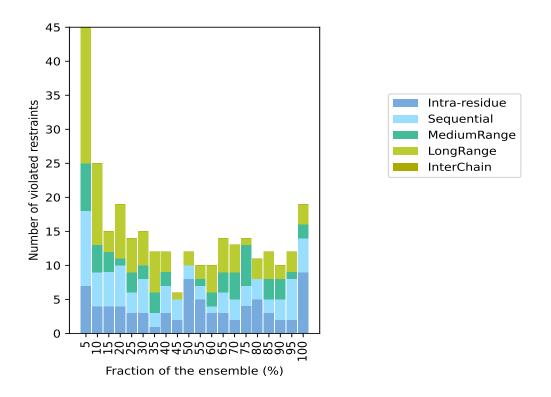
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 1027(IR:299, SQ:305, MR:166, LR:257, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Nu		of vio	lated	restra	aints	Fraction	n of the ensemble
$IR^1$	$SQ^2$	$MR^3$	$LR^4$	$IC^5$	Total	Count <sup>6</sup>	%
7	11	7	20	0	45	1	5.0
4	5	4	12	0	25	2	10.0
4	5	3	3	0	15	3	15.0
4	6	1	8	0	19	4	20.0
3	3	3	5	0	14	5	25.0
3	5	2	5	0	15	6	30.0
1	2	3	6	0	12	7	35.0
3	4	2	3	0	12	8	40.0
2	3	0	1	0	6	9	45.0
8	2	0	2	0	12	10	50.0
5	2	1	2	0	10	11	55.0
3	1	2	4	0	10	12	60.0
3	3	3	5	0	14	13	65.0
2	3	4	4	0	13	14	70.0
4	3	6	1	0	14	15	75.0
5	3	0	3	0	11	16	80.0
3	2	3	4	0	12	17	85.0
2	3	3	2	0	10	18	90.0
2	6	1	3	0	12	19	95.0
9	5	2	3	0	19	20	100.0

 $<sup>^1</sup>$ Intra-residue restraints,  $^2$ Sequential restraints,  $^3$ Medium range restraints,  $^4$ Long range restraints,  $^5$ Inter-chain restraints,  $^6$  Number of models with violations



#### 9.3.1 Bar graph: Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

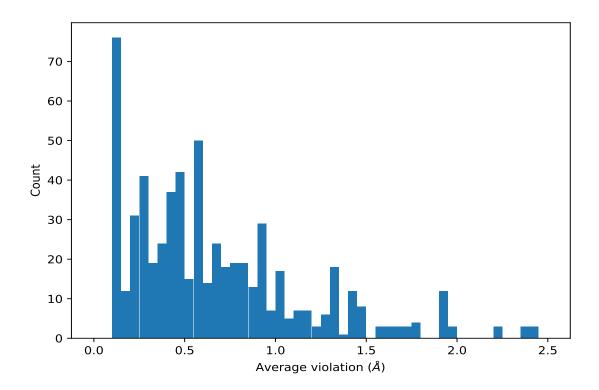


#### 9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

#### 9.4.1 Histogram: Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble





#### 9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	$\mathbf{Models}^1$	Mean (Å)	$SD^1$ (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,442)	1:A:77:ARG:HB3	1:A:80:GLY:HA3	20	1.76	0.13	1.74
(1,655)	1:A:82:PRO:HB3	1:A:83:ILE:HA	20	1.4	0.03	1.41
(1,1304)	1:A:32:PHE:HD1	1:A:73:LEU:HD21	20	1.34	0.52	1.4
(1,1304)	1:A:32:PHE:HD1	1:A:73:LEU:HD22	20	1.34	0.52	1.4
(1,1304)	1:A:32:PHE:HD1	1:A:73:LEU:HD23	20	1.34	0.52	1.4
(1,1304)	1:A:32:PHE:HD2	1:A:73:LEU:HD21	20	1.34	0.52	1.4
(1,1304)	1:A:32:PHE:HD2	1:A:73:LEU:HD22	20	1.34	0.52	1.4
(1,1304)	1:A:32:PHE:HD2	1:A:73:LEU:HD23	20	1.34	0.52	1.4
(1,808)	1:A:49:ASN:HB3	1:A:50:SER:HB3	20	1.18	0.57	1.21
(1,287)	1:A:26:PRO:HD3	1:A:28:ASP:H	20	0.97	0.09	0.98
(1,45)	1:A:75:GLY:HA3	1:A:83:ILE:H	20	0.82	0.27	0.79
(1,1136)	1:A:92:LYS:HA	1:A:92:LYS:HG3	20	0.73	0.25	0.68
(1,333)	1:A:68:PRO:HB3	1:A:69:LEU:H	20	0.62	0.07	0.64
(1,1195)	1:A:71:ILE:HG21	1:A:71:ILE:HG13	20	0.6	0.03	0.6
(1,1195)	1:A:71:ILE:HG22	1:A:71:ILE:HG13	20	0.6	0.03	0.6
(1,1195)	1:A:71:ILE:HG23	1:A:71:ILE:HG13	20	0.6	0.03	0.6



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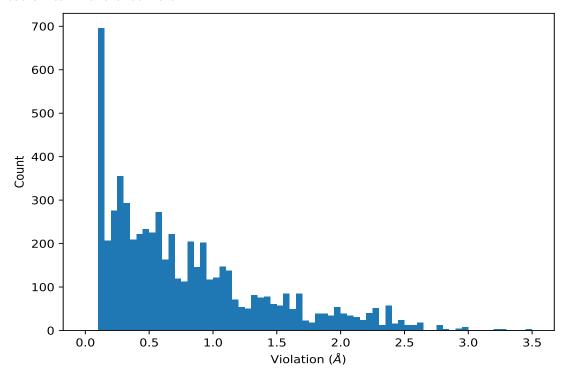
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	$Models^1$	Mean (Å)	$\mathrm{SD}^1$ (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,472)	1:A:77:ARG:H	1:A:77:ARG:HD3	20	0.57	0.14	0.57

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Number of violated models, <sup>2</sup>Standard deviation

#### 9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

#### 9.5.1 Histogram: Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



#### 9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,803)	1:A:5:LEU:HD11	1:A:10:ARG:HD3	18	3.47
(1,803)	1:A:5:LEU:HD12	1:A:10:ARG:HD3	18	3.47
(1,803)	1:A:5:LEU:HD13	1:A:10:ARG:HD3	18	3.47
(1,936)	1:A:33:PHE:HB3	1:A:39:VAL:HG11	16	3.25



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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,936)	1:A:33:PHE:HB3	1:A:39:VAL:HG12	16	3.25
(1,936)	1:A:33:PHE:HB3	1:A:39:VAL:HG13	16	3.25
(1,803)	1:A:5:LEU:HD11	1:A:10:ARG:HD3	7	3.24
(1,803)	1:A:5:LEU:HD12	1:A:10:ARG:HD3	7	3.24
(1,803)	1:A:5:LEU:HD13	1:A:10:ARG:HD3	7	3.24
(1,822)	1:A:48:ARG:HB3	1:A:50:SER:HB3	11	3.14
(1,803)	1:A:5:LEU:HD11	1:A:10:ARG:HD3	13	2.99
(1,803)	1:A:5:LEU:HD12	1:A:10:ARG:HD3	13	2.99
(1,803)	1:A:5:LEU:HD13	1:A:10:ARG:HD3	13	2.99
(1,524)	1:A:43:ARG:HG3	1:A:58:TYR:HB3	2	2.99
(1,803)	1:A:5:LEU:HD11	1:A:10:ARG:HD3	9	2.96
(1,803)	1:A:5:LEU:HD12	1:A:10:ARG:HD3	9	2.96
(1,803)	1:A:5:LEU:HD13	1:A:10:ARG:HD3	9	2.96
(1,678)	1:A:20:LEU:HD11	1:A:24:ILE:HG13	18	2.94
(1,678)	1:A:20:LEU:HD12	1:A:24:ILE:HG13	18	2.94
(1,678)	1:A:20:LEU:HD13	1:A:24:ILE:HG13	18	2.94
(1,822)	1:A:48:ARG:HB3	1:A:50:SER:HB3	15	2.91
(1,803)	1:A:5:LEU:HD11	1:A:10:ARG:HD3	3	2.84



# 10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

No dihedral-angle restraints found

