

# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Jun 3, 2023 – 05:54 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	2MU0
BMRB ID	:	25195
Title	:	Solution structure of a putative arsenate reductase from Brucella meliten-
		sis. Seattle Structural Genomics Center for Infectious Disease target
		BrabA.00073.a
Authors	:	Buchko, G.W.; Seattle Structural Genomics Center for Infectious Disease (SS-
		GCID)
Deposited on	:	2014-09-02

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

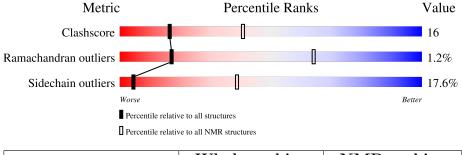
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. $(2010)$
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.33

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 84%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive		
	$(\# { m Entries})$	$(\# { m Entries})$		
Clashscore	158937	12864		
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451		
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	А	136	52%	24%	5%	18%		



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 19 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues							
Well-defined core	Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model						
1	A:22-A:54,	A:59-A:136	0.77	19			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 6, 7, 14, 18, 19, 20
2	2, 4, 11, 15, 16, 17
3	5, 8, 10, 13
Single-model clusters	9; 12



# 3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2136 atoms, of which 1081 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Arsenate reductase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
1	٨	126	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	S	0
	A	136	2136	661	1081	193	190	11	U

There are 21 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	1	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	2	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	3	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
A	4	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	5	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	6	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	7	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	8	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	9	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	10	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	11	THR	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	12	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	13	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	14	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	15	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	16	THR	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	17	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	18	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	19	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	20	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82
А	21	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q2YQ82

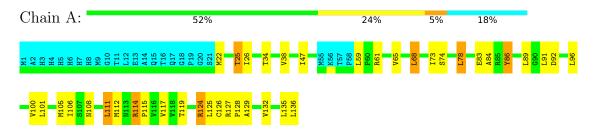


# 4 Residue-property plots (i)

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

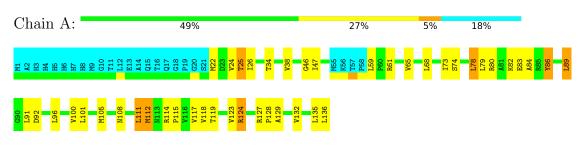
These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Arsenate reductase



# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 19. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.



• Molecule 1: Arsenate reductase



# 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: torsion angle dynamics.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: target function.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	2.1
CYANA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1443
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1443
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	84%



# 6 Model quality (i)

# 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

# 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	864	907	907	$28 \pm 4$
All	All	17280	18140	18140	556

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

Atom 1	Atom 2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models		
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total	
1:A:96:LEU:HD22	1:A:101:LEU:HD21	1.03	1.31	18	2	
1:A:26:ILE:HD12	1:A:117:VAL:HG22	1.01	1.29	16	5	
1:A:68:LEU:HD13	1:A:78:LEU:HD13	0.93	1.38	2	5	
1:A:68:LEU:HD13	1:A:78:LEU:HD22	0.87	1.45	4	4	
1:A:91:LEU:HD12	1:A:101:LEU:HD13	0.86	1.45	9	16	

5 of 140 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

# 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured A		Allowed	Allowed Outliers		Percentiles	
1	А	110/136~(81%)	$94{\pm}1$ (86 ${\pm}1\%$ )	$14\pm2~(13\pm1\%)$	1±1 (1±1%)	1	7 64	
All	All	2200/2720~(81%)	1889 (86%)	285 (13%)	26 (1%)	1	7 64	

All 5 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	112	MET	17
1	А	96	LEU	6
1	А	22	MET	1
1	А	31	VAL	1
1	А	32	CYS	1

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	97/117~(83%)	$80\pm3$ ( $82\pm3\%$ )	$17\pm3~(18\pm3\%)$	4	39	
All	All	1940/2340~(83%)	1599~(82%)	341 (18%)	4	39	

5 of 52 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	73	ILE	20
1	А	74	SER	20
1	А	86	TYR	20
1	А	92	ASP	20
1	А	111	LEU	18

#### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



### 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

### 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 84% for the well-defined parts and 77% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1443
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1443
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	123	$-0.42 \pm 0.28$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	118	$0.09 \pm 0.13$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}C'$	104	$-0.27 \pm 0.21$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
<sup>15</sup> N	111	$0.59 \pm 0.44$	None needed (imprecise)

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 84%, i.e. 1312 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1570. 0 out of 27 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$	
Backbone	500/542~(92%)	203/218 (93%)	199/222~(90%)	98/102~(96%)	
Sidechain	784/987~(79%)	527/649~(81%)	254/300~(85%)	3/38~(8%)	

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	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Aromatic	28/41~(68%)	14/20~(70%)	14/19~(74%)	0/2~(0%)
Overall	1312/1570~(84%)	744/887 (84%)	467/541~(86%)	101/142~(71%)

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#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

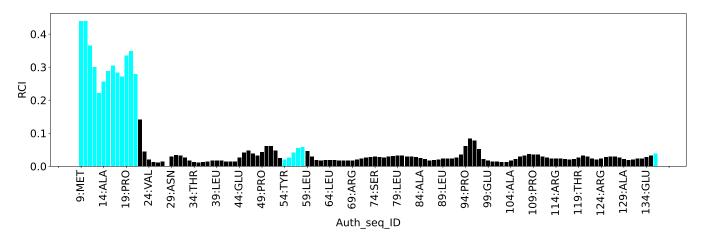
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	А	121	LYS	CE	33.90	37.57 - 46.21	-9.2

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





# 8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

### 8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1413
Intra-residue $( i-j =0)$	367
Sequential ( i-j =1)	371
Medium range ( $ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$ )	236
Long range $( i-j  \ge 5)$	251
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	188
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	0
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	10.4
Number of long range restraints per residue <sup>1</sup>	2.2

<sup>1</sup>Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

### 8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

#### 8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	19.9	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	30.9	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	20.6	3.98



#### 8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than  $1^\circ$  are not included in the calculation. There are no dihedral-angle violations



# 9 Distance violation analysis (i)

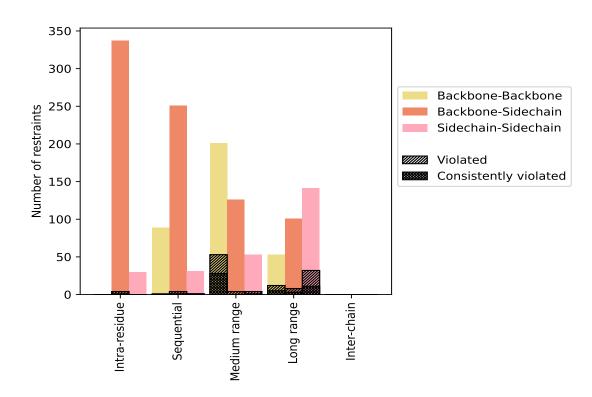
# 9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Destroints type	Count	$\%^1$	Vie	${f Violated}^3$			tently	Violated <sup>4</sup>
Restraints type	Count	701	Count	$\%^2$	$ \%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue ( i-j =0)	367	26.0	4	1.1	0.3	1	0.3	0.1
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	337	23.8	4	1.2	0.3	1	0.3	0.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	30	2.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential ( i-j =1)	371	26.3	6	1.6	0.4	2	0.5	0.1
Backbone-Backbone	89	6.3	1	1.1	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	251	17.8	4	1.6	0.3	1	0.4	0.1
Sidechain-Sidechain	31	2.2	1	3.2	0.1	1	3.2	0.1
Medium range ( $ i-j  > 1 \&  i-j  < 5$ )	236	16.7	8	3.4	0.6	1	0.4	0.1
Backbone-Backbone	57	4.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	126	8.9	4	3.2	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	53	3.8	4	7.5	0.3	1	1.9	0.1
Long range $( i-j  \ge 5)$	251	17.8	40	15.9	2.8	14	5.6	1.0
Backbone-Backbone	9	0.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	101	7.1	8	7.9	0.6	3	3.0	0.2
Sidechain-Sidechain	141	10.0	32	22.7	2.3	11	7.8	0.8
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	188	13.3	65	34.6	4.6	33	17.6	2.3
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	1413	100.0	123	8.7	8.7	51	3.6	3.6
Backbone-Backbone	343	24.3	66	19.2	4.7	33	9.6	2.3
Backbone-Sidechain	815	57.7	20	2.5	1.4	5	0.6	0.4
Sidechain-Sidechain	255	18.0	37	14.5	2.6	13	5.1	0.9

 $^1$  percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints,  $^2$  percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category,  $^3$  violated in at least one model,  $^4$  violated in all the models





9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)

Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

#### 9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID		Number of violations						Mar (Å)	$SD^6$ (Å)	Median (Å)
Model ID	$IR^1$	$SQ^2$	$MR^3$	$LR^4$	$IC^5$	Total	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	$SD^{*}(A)$	Median (A)
1	1	3	39	37	0	80	0.83	3.97	0.96	0.31
2	1	3	38	23	0	65	0.66	3.91	0.91	0.27
3	1	3	32	24	0	60	0.71	3.95	0.95	0.3
4	3	2	41	22	0	68	0.65	3.93	0.9	0.29
5	1	3	37	24	0	65	0.67	3.95	0.92	0.28
6	1	2	39	26	0	68	0.64	3.94	0.91	0.26
7	1	2	40	38	0	81	0.83	3.95	0.96	0.32
8	1	4	37	23	0	65	0.66	3.97	0.92	0.28
9	1	2	38	25	0	66	0.67	3.98	0.92	0.29
10	1	2	42	28	0	73	0.61	3.92	0.88	0.27
11	1	3	39	25	0	68	0.65	3.94	0.91	0.28

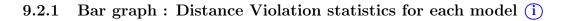
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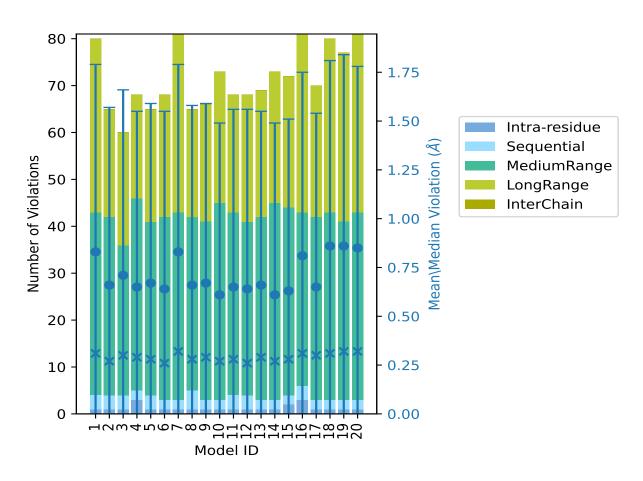


Medel ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	$SD^{6}$ (Å)	Madian (Å)
Model ID	$IR^1$	$SQ^2$	$MR^3$	$LR^4$	$IC^5$	Total	Mean (A)	Max (A)	$\mathbf{SD}^{6}$ (Å)	Median (Å)
12	1	3	37	27	0	68	0.64	3.97	0.92	0.26
13	1	2	39	27	0	69	0.66	3.9	0.89	0.29
14	1	2	42	28	0	73	0.61	3.94	0.88	0.27
15	2	2	40	28	0	72	0.63	3.91	0.88	0.28
16	3	3	37	38	0	81	0.81	3.97	0.94	0.31
17	1	2	39	28	0	70	0.65	3.89	0.89	0.3
18	1	2	40	37	0	80	0.86	3.7	0.95	0.31
19	1	2	38	36	0	77	0.86	3.97	0.98	0.32
20	1	2	40	38	0	81	0.85	3.73	0.93	0.32

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 $^1$ Intra-residue restraints,  $^2$ Sequential restraints,  $^3$ Medium range restraints,  $^4$ Long range restraints,  $^5$ Inter-chain restraints,  $^6$ Standard deviation





The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



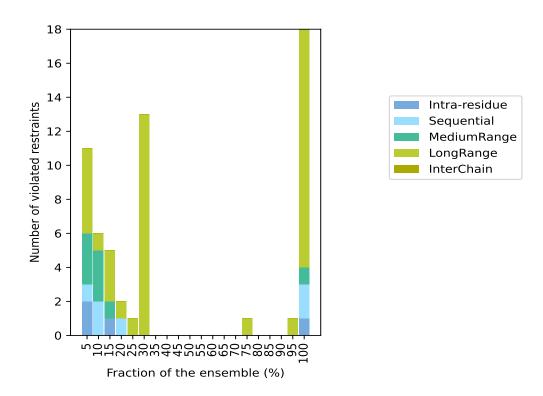
### 9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 1167(IR:363, SQ:365, MR:228, LR:211, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Nu		of vio	lated	restra	aints	Fractio	n of the ensemble
$IR^1$	$SQ^2$	$MR^3$	LR <sup>4</sup>	IC <sup>5</sup>	Total	$\operatorname{Count}^6$	%
2	1	3	5	0	11	1	5.0
0	2	3	1	0	6	2	10.0
1	0	1	3	0	5	3	15.0
0	1	0	1	0	2	4	20.0
0	0	0	1	0	1	5	25.0
0	0	0	13	0	13	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	1	0	1	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	1	0	1	19	95.0
1	2	1	14	0	18	20	100.0

 $^{1}$ Intra-residue restraints,  $^{2}$ Sequential restraints,  $^{3}$ Medium range restraints,  $^{4}$ Long range restraints,  $^{5}$ Inter-chain restraints,  $^{6}$  Number of models with violations





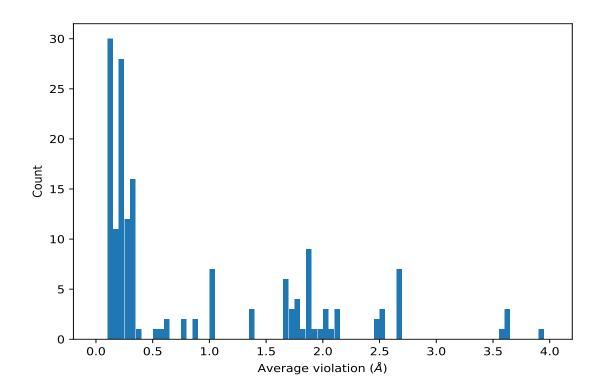
#### 9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

#### 9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

#### 9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble





#### 9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	$\mathbf{Models}^1$	Mean (Å)	$SD^1$ (Å)	Median (Å)
(3,406)	1:A:81:ALA:HA	1:A:86:TYR:HD1	20	3.92	0.07	3.94
(3,192)	1:A:81:ALA:HB1	1:A:86:TYR:HD1	20	3.6	0.06	3.62
(3,192)	1:A:81:ALA:HB2	1:A:86:TYR:HD1	20	3.6	0.06	3.62
(3,192)	1:A:81:ALA:HB3	1:A:86:TYR:HD1	20	3.6	0.06	3.62
(3,478)	1:A:81:ALA:HA	1:A:86:TYR:HE1	20	3.58	0.09	3.6
(3,1099)	1:A:86:TYR:HD2	1:A:101:LEU:HD11	20	2.69	0.12	2.68
(3,1099)	1:A:86:TYR:HD2	1:A:101:LEU:HD12	20	2.69	0.12	2.68
(3,1099)	1:A:86:TYR:HD2	1:A:101:LEU:HD13	20	2.69	0.12	2.68
(3,1099)	1:A:86:TYR:HD2	1:A:101:LEU:HD21	20	2.69	0.12	2.68
(3,1099)	1:A:86:TYR:HD2	1:A:101:LEU:HD22	20	2.69	0.12	2.68
(3,1099)	1:A:86:TYR:HD2	1:A:101:LEU:HD23	20	2.69	0.12	2.68
(3,450)	1:A:86:TYR:HE2	1:A:91:LEU:HG	20	2.67	0.02	2.67
(3,448)	1:A:86:TYR:HD2	1:A:91:LEU:HG	20	2.49	0.01	2.49
(3,530)	1:A:86:TYR:HD2	1:A:91:LEU:HB3	20	1.94	0.05	1.97
(3,529)	1:A:86:TYR:HD2	1:A:89:LEU:HB2	20	1.81	0.1	1.85
(3,532)	1:A:79:LEU:HG	1:A:86:TYR:HE2	20	1.76	0.15	1.72

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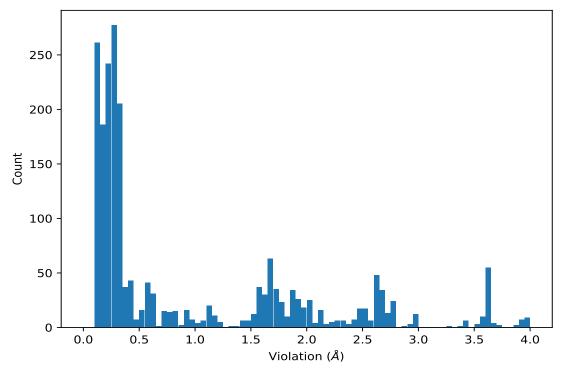
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	$Models^1$	Mean (Å)	$SD^1$ (Å)	Median (Å)
(3,203)	1:A:86:TYR:HD1	1:A:87:ALA:HB1	20	1.72	0.08	1.68

<sup>1</sup>Number of violated models, <sup>2</sup>Standard deviation

### 9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

#### 9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(3,406)	1:A:81:ALA:HA	1:A:86:TYR:HD1	9	3.98
(3,406)	1:A:81:ALA:HA	1:A:86:TYR:HD1	1	3.97
(3,406)	1:A:81:ALA:HA	1:A:86:TYR:HD1	8	3.97
(3,406)	1:A:81:ALA:HA	1:A:86:TYR:HD1	12	3.97

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(3,406)	1:A:81:ALA:HA	1:A:86:TYR:HD1	16	3.97
(3,406)	1:A:81:ALA:HA	1:A:86:TYR:HD1	19	3.97
(3,406)	1:A:81:ALA:HA	1:A:86:TYR:HD1	3	3.95
(3,406)	1:A:81:ALA:HA	1:A:86:TYR:HD1	5	3.95
(3,406)	1:A:81:ALA:HA	1:A:86:TYR:HD1	7	3.95
(3,406)	1:A:81:ALA:HA	1:A:86:TYR:HD1	6	3.94

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# 10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

Dihedral angle analysis failed due to data error in the dihedral angle restraints, possibly missing target value

