

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

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BMRB ID	:	19905
Title	:	NMR structure of Phosphorylated 4E-BP2
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Deposited on	:	2014-12-10

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as 543 be (2022)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 35%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	;	Percentile Ranks	Value
Clashscore			0
Ramachandran outliers			0
Sidechain outliers			0
	Worse		Better
	Percentile relative to	all structures	
	Percentile relative to	all NMR structures	
		XX 71 1 1 •	

Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	${f NMR} ext{ archive} \ (\# ext{Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	А	45	76%	24%		



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. The atoms present in the NMR models are not consistent. Some calculations may have failed as a result. All residues are included in the validation scores. Model 2 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues									
Well-defined core	Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model								
1	A:18-A:25, A:30-A:36,	0.81	2						
	A:38-A:45, A:47-A:57 (34)								

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7
2	15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20
3	6, 8, 9, 10, 14
4	11, 12, 13



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 699 atoms, of which 344 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace		
1	۸	45	Total	С	Н	Ν	Ο	Р	S	0
	1 A	A 45	699	218	344	61	73	2	1	0

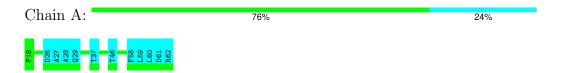


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2

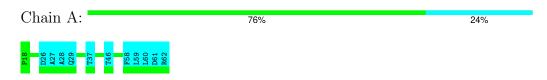


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

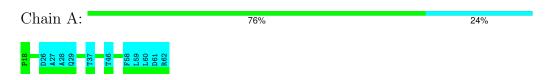
Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2



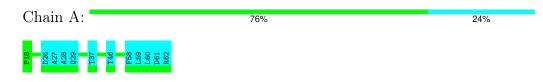
4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2 (medoid)





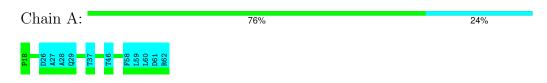
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2



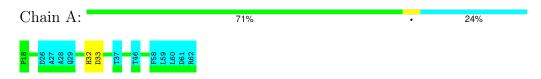
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2

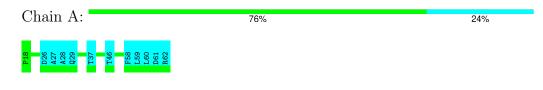


4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2



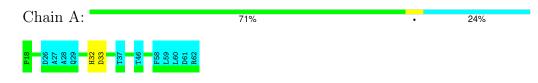
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7





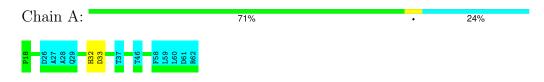
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2



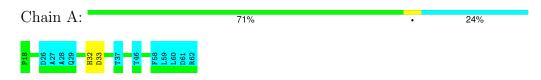
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2



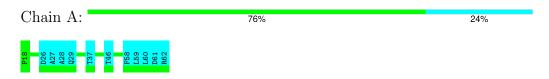
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2

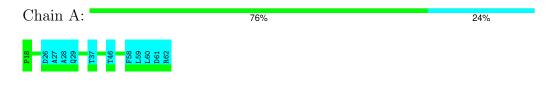


4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2



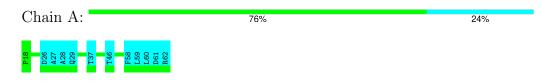
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12





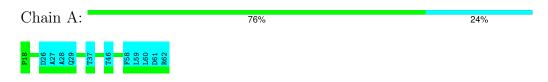
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2



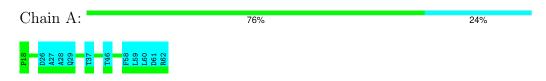
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2

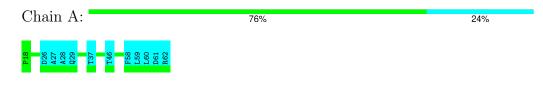


4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2



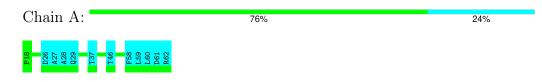
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17





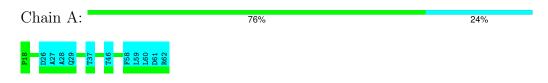
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4E-binding protein 2

Chain A: 76% 24%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 20359 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
NMRPipe	structure solution	
NMRPipe	structure solution	
NMRPipe	structure solution	
CS-ROSETTA	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	204
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	204
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	35%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TPO

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	259	262	260	0 ± 0
All	All	5180	5240	5200	4

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$Clash(\lambda)$	Distance(Å)	Models		
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total	
1:A:32:HIS:CB	1:A:33:ASP:HA	0.42	2.45	9	4	

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	33/45~(73%)	$33 \pm 1 (99 \pm 2\%)$	$0\pm1~(1\pm2\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	100 100
All	All	660/900~(73%)	654 (99%)	6 (1%)	0 (0%)	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	29/36~(81%)	29±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	580/720~(81%)	580 (100%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mal	Turne	Chain	Dec	Tink	Bond lengths		
	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	TPO	А	37	1	8,10,11	$0.85 {\pm} 0.01$	0±0 (0±0%)
1	TPO	А	46	1	8,10,11	$0.85 {\pm} 0.01$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles



that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Turne	Chain	Dec	Tiple	Bond angles		
	туре	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	TPO	А	37	1	10,14,16	$0.85 {\pm} 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)
1	TPO	А	46	1	10, 14, 16	$0.85 {\pm} 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	TPO	А	37	1	-	$0\pm 0, 9, 11, 13$	-
1	TPO	А	46	1	-	$0\pm 0, 9, 11, 13$	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.



6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 35% for the well-defined parts and 35% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	204
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	204
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	39	0.02 ± 0.20	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	35	0.36 ± 0.26	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	41	-0.03 ± 0.20	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	0		None (insufficient data)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 35%, i.e. 156 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 449. 0 out of 3 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	15 N
Backbone	130/166~(78%)	67/68~(99%)	63/68~(93%)	0/30~(0%)
Sidechain	26/247~(11%)	0/162~(0%)	26/75~(35%)	0/10~(0%)

Continued on next page...



	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Aromatic	0/36~(0%)	0/17~(0%)	0/17~(0%)	0/2~(0%)
Overall	156/449~(35%)	67/247~(27%)	89/160~(56%)	0/42~(0%)

Continued from previous page...

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 35%, i.e. 200 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 577. 0 out of 5 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	165/211 (78%)	85/86~(99%)	80/86~(93%)	0/39~(0%)
Sidechain	35/320~(11%)	0/209~(0%)	35/97~(36%)	0/14~(0%)
Aromatic	0/46~(0%)	0/22~(0%)	0/22~(0%)	0/2~(0%)
Overall	200/577~(35%)	85/317~(27%)	115/205~(56%)	0/55~(0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

