

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Aug 9, 2021 – 12:02 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	7MY8
Title	:	Fusion Peptide of SARS-CoV-2 Spike Rearranges into a Wedge Inserted in
		Bilayered Micelles
Authors	:	Koppisetti, R.K.; Fulcher, Y.G.; Van Doren, S.R.
Deposited on	:	2021-05-20

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

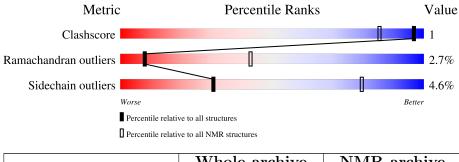
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	2.23.1
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.23.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 90%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	${f NMR} ext{ archive} \ (\# ext{Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	42	79%	17%	5%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 15 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues								
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model					
1	A:816-A:855 (40)	0.66	1					

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 9 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 7, 10
2	3, 4
Single-model clusters	5; 6; 8; 9; 11; 12; 13; 14; 15



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 637 atoms, of which 315 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Spike protein S2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	٨	49	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	0
	А	42	637	206	315	52	62	2	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	844	VAL	ILE	conflict	UNP P0DTC2



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Spike protein S2

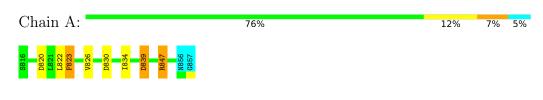
Chain	A:					79%	-	17%	5%
S816 F817 F823	D830	Y837	R847	F855	140.00 G857				

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

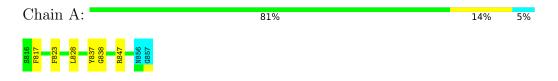
Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: Spike protein S2



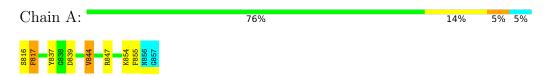
4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2





4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Spike protein S2



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Spike protein S2



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Spike protein S2

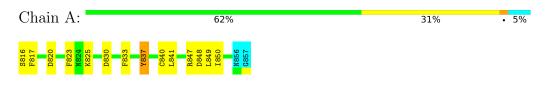
Chain A:	76%	14%	5% 5%
816 F817 F817 L821 D830 Y837 Y837 D843	1850 4853 18556 18556 18556 18556		

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Spike protein S2

Chain	ιA	: -					76%	17%	•	5%
8816 F817 D830	F833	Y837	D839	D843 V844	D848	N856 G857				

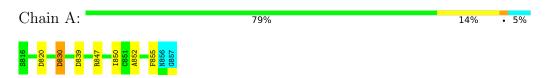
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7





4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Spike protein S2



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Spike protein S2

Chain A:	76%	19%	5%
8816 F817 1818 1822 F823 F823 F823 F823 7837	R847 C651 N866 G857		

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Spike protein S2

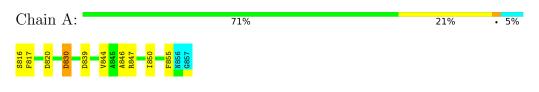
Chain A:	76%	17%	• 5%
816 K825 K825 C837 C833 C833 C833 C833 C853 C853 C853 C853			

4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Spike protein S2

Cł	nai	n .	A:												71%		21%	59	%
S816	D820	F823	D830	A831	G832	F833	I834	K835	Q 836	Y837	2004	1 1 64 /	r 000	G857	l op				

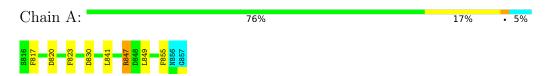
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12





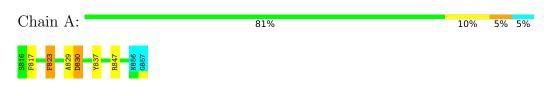
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: Spike protein S2



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Spike protein S2



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

Chain A:	60%	31%	5% 5%
S816 F817 1818 L822 V826 V826 D830 C832 6832 F833	Y837 V844 A846 A846 R847 R847 C851 C851 C854 C854 C855 C857 C857 C857		



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics*.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 15 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure calculation	3.0
GROMACS	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	488
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	488
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	90%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	B	ond lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	
1	А	$1.54{\pm}0.08$	$1{\pm}1/314$ ($0.4{\pm}$ 0.4%)	1.95 ± 0.12	$7{\pm}2/423~(~1.6{\pm}~0.5\%)$	
All	All	1.54	19/4710 ($0.4%$)	1.95	103/6345~(~1.6%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	А	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	$0.7{\pm}0.7$
All	All	0	10

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Turne	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Moo	dels
	Ullalli	nes	Type	Atoms		Observeu(A)	Iueai(A)	Worst	Total
1	А	837	TYR	CG-CD2	9.91	1.52	1.39	7	2
1	А	816	SER	CA-CB	7.63	1.64	1.52	11	5
1	А	823	PHE	CG-CD2	6.26	1.48	1.38	7	2
1	А	855	PHE	CE2-CZ	5.98	1.48	1.37	12	2
1	А	855	PHE	CE1-CZ	5.88	1.48	1.37	8	1
1	А	816	SER	CB-OG	5.45	1.49	1.42	15	1
1	А	832	GLY	CA-C	5.36	1.60	1.51	15	1
1	А	837	TYR	CG-CD1	5.30	1.46	1.39	11	1
1	А	844	VAL	CA-CB	-5.23	1.43	1.54	4	1
1	А	816	SER	N-CA	5.18	1.56	1.46	10	1
1	А	837	TYR	CD1-CE1	5.14	1.47	1.39	10	1
1	А	817	PHE	CE1-CZ	5.07	1.47	1.37	2	1

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.



N.T. 1		D	m	A b c c c c	7	O_{1}	$\mathbf{T} \mathbf{I} = \mathbf{I}(0)$	Mo	dels
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$	Worst	Total
1	А	847	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-14.40	113.10	120.30	13	7
1	А	833	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	-14.14	110.90	120.80	15	2
1	А	847	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	13.85	127.23	120.30	3	11
1	А	823	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	-10.64	113.35	120.80	4	3
1	А	837	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-10.38	114.77	121.00	6	4
1	А	823	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	-10.23	113.64	120.80	13	6
1	А	817	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	-10.16	113.69	120.80	12	4
1	А	837	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-8.96	115.62	121.00	11	8
1	А	817	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	8.92	127.04	120.80	3	5
1	А	855	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	8.35	126.64	120.80	13	1
1	А	837	TYR	CG-CD1-CE1	-8.19	114.75	121.30	11	1
1	А	833	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	-7.70	115.41	120.80	11	3
1	А	839	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	7.63	125.17	118.30	12	3
1	А	847	ARG	NH1-CZ-NH2	-7.21	111.47	119.40	2	1
1	А	843	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	7.19	124.77	118.30	6	1
1	А	837	TYR	CD1-CE1-CZ	7.18	126.26	119.80	4	1
1	А	853	GLN	CG-CD-OE1	6.92	135.45	121.60	15	1
1	А	830	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.84	124.46	118.30	8	3
1	А	820	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.66	124.29	118.30	12	4
1	А	844	VAL	O-C-N	-6.33	112.57	122.70	15	2
1	А	844	VAL	CB-CA-C	6.23	123.23	111.40	6	1
1	А	845	ALA	N-CA-CB	-6.18	101.45	110.10	15	1
1	А	830	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-6.08	112.83	118.30	12	1
1	А	820	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-6.06	112.85	118.30	13	2
1	А	831	ALA	N-CA-CB	-6.04	101.65	110.10	11	1
1	А	843	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-6.02	112.88	118.30	6	1
1	А	855	PHE	CB-CG-CD2	-5.99	116.61	120.80	3	1
1	А	855	PHE	CB-CA-C	5.97	122.35	110.40	11	1
1	А	816	SER	O-C-N	-5.94	113.20	122.70	11	2
1	А	838	GLY	O-C-N	-5.93	113.21	122.70	10	1
1	А	839	ASP	CB-CA-C	5.90	122.20	110.40	6	1
1	А	829	ALA	N-CA-CB	-5.85	101.91	110.10	14	1
1	А	847	ARG	O-C-N	-5.78	113.45	122.70	9	1
1	А	851	CYS	CB-CA-C	-5.75	98.90	110.40	9	1
1	А	848	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.72	123.45	118.30	6	2
1	А	837	TYR	CG-CD2-CE2	-5.68	116.76	121.30	5	2
1	А	837	TYR	CA-CB-CG	-5.44	103.06	113.40	2	1
1	А	817	PHE	CG-CD2-CE2	-5.43	114.82	120.80	5	1
1	А	853	GLN	N-CA-CB	5.37	120.27	110.60	10	1
1	А	835	LYS	CA-CB-CG	5.36	125.20	113.40	11	1
1	А	830	ASP	O-C-N	-5.32	114.20	122.70	8	1
1	А	841	LEU	C-N-CA	5.25	133.32	122.30	13	1

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Mol	Aol Chain		Trune	Atoma	Z	Observed(°)	$Ideal(^{o})$	Mod	dels
	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms		Z Observed()		Worst	Total
1	А	830	ASP	N-CA-CB	5.21	119.97	110.60	14	1
1	А	852	ALA	CB-CA-C	-5.16	102.36	110.10	8	1
1	А	821	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	-5.15	102.25	111.00	5	1
1	А	852	ALA	N-CA-CB	-5.10	102.97	110.10	15	1
1	А	825	LYS	CB-CG-CD	5.07	124.78	111.60	7	1
1	А	850	ILE	CA-CB-CG1	5.01	120.53	111.00	7	1

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There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	А	837	TYR	Sidechain	3
1	А	847	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	А	833	PHE	Sidechain	1
1	А	843	ASP	Mainchain	1
1	А	855	PHE	Sidechain	1
1	А	841	LEU	Mainchain	1
1	А	823	PHE	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	309	305	304	0 ± 0
All	All	4635	4575	4560	6

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

Atom 1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:822:LEU:O	1:A:826:VAL:HG22	0.47	2.09	15	1
1:A:844:VAL:HG22	1:A:846:ALA:H	0.46	1.70	12	1
1:A:826:VAL:HG12	1:A:834:ILE:HD12	0.44	1.88	1	2

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:850:ILE:HG23	1:A:855:PHE:CZ	0.43	2.48	5	1
1:A:818:ILE:HG12	1:A:822:LEU:HD13	0.43	1.90	9	1

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6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Pe	erce	entiles
1	А	39/42~(93%)	35 ± 2 (89 $\pm5\%$)	$3\pm2~(9\pm5\%)$	1±0 (3±1%)		8	43
All	All	585/630~(93%)	519 (89%)	50~(9%)	16 (3%)		8	43

All 4 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	830	ASP	12
1	А	844	VAL	2
1	А	838	GLY	1
1	А	840	CYS	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	32/33~(97%)	$31 \pm 1 (95 \pm 3\%)$	$1 \pm 1 (5 \pm 3\%)$	31	79
All	All	480/495~(97%)	458 (95%)	22~(5%)	31	79

All 16 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	849	LEU	3
1	А	850	ILE	3
1	А	839	ASP	2
1	А	854	LYS	2
1	А	822	LEU	1
1	А	823	PHE	1
1	А	828	LEU	1
1	А	817	PHE	1
1	А	837	TYR	1
1	А	853	GLN	1
1	А	820	ASP	1
1	А	825	LYS	1
1	А	816	SER	1
1	А	847	ARG	1
1	А	818	ILE	1
1	А	855	PHE	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 90% for the well-defined parts and 89% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: protein_nmrstar31_corrected1.str

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	488
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	488
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	41	0.04 ± 0.66	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	38	0.34 ± 0.23	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	41	-0.40 ± 0.45	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	40	-0.19 ± 0.17	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 90%, i.e. 428 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 477. 0 out of 7 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	194/200~(97%)	78/80~(98%)	78/80~(98%)	38/40~(95%)
Sidechain	198/233~(85%)	121/134~(90%)	77/90~(86%)	0/9~(0%)

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	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Aromatic	36/44~(82%)	20/24~(83%)	16/20~(80%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	428/477 (90%)	219/238~(92%)	171/190~(90%)	38/49~(78%)

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The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 89%, i.e. 442 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 494. 0 out of 7 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	204/210~(97%)	82/84~(98%)	82/84~(98%)	40/42~(95%)
Sidechain	202/240~(84%)	123/138~(89%)	78/92~(85%)	1/10 (10%)
Aromatic	36/44~(82%)	20/24~(83%)	16/20~(80%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	442/494~(89%)	225/246~(91%)	176/196~(90%)	41/52 (79%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

