



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 20, 2024 – 11:52 AM EDT

PDB ID : 2N23
BMRB ID : 25584
Title : NMR structure of the complex between the PH domain of the Tfb1 subunit from TFIID and the N-terminal activation domain of EKLF (TAD1)
Authors : Lecoq, L.; Morse, T.; Raiola, L.; Arseneault, G.; Omichinski, J.
Deposited on : 2015-04-27

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

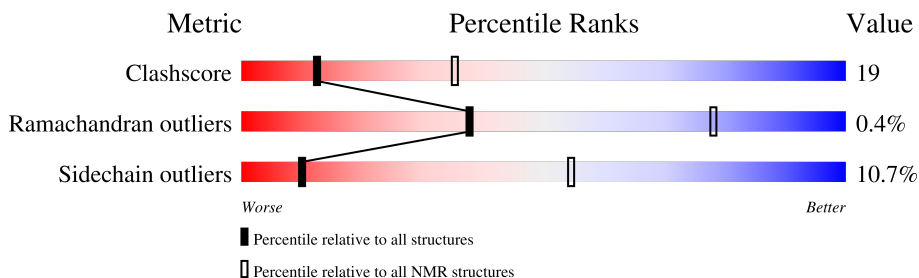
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 93%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	115	
2	B	19	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 8 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:3-A:51, A:57-A:65, A:85-A:111 (85)	0.41	8

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 17
2	12, 15, 16, 19, 20
3	4, 18

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2128 atoms, of which 1060 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O		S
1	A	115	1821	559	919	161	177	5	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P32776

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Krueppel-like factor 1.

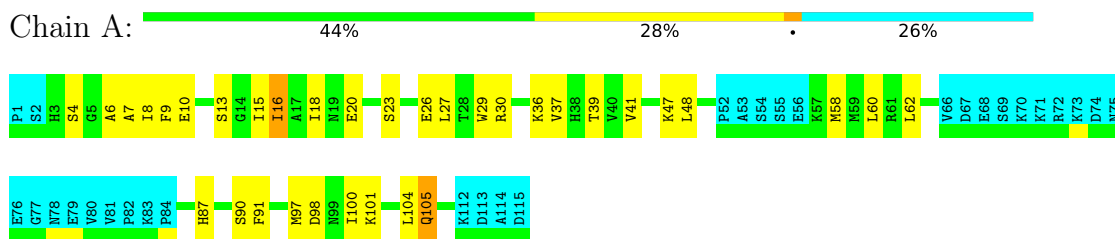
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O		S
2	B	19	307	102	141	27	36	1	0

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

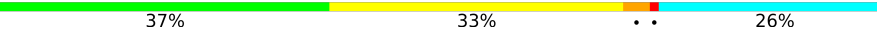


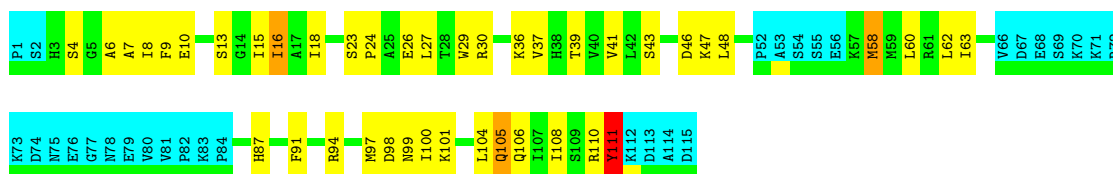
Chain B:  100%



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

Chain A:  37% 33% 26%



- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1

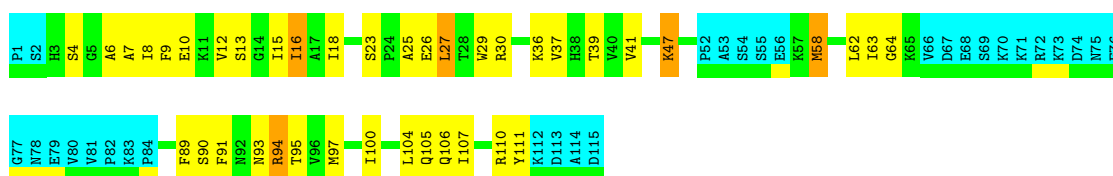
Chain B:  100%



4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

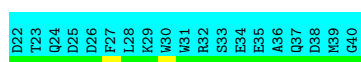
- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

Chain A:  39% 30% 26%



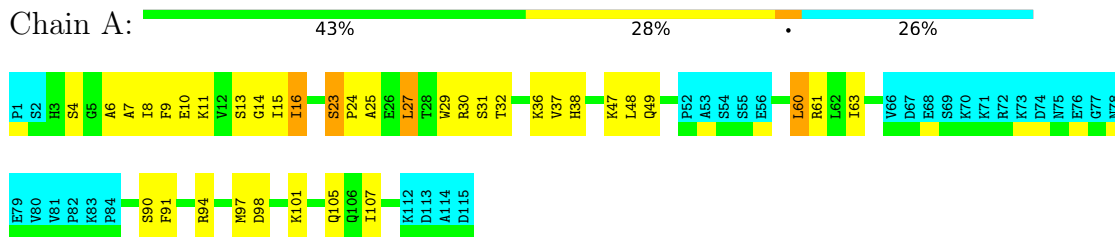
- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B:  100%

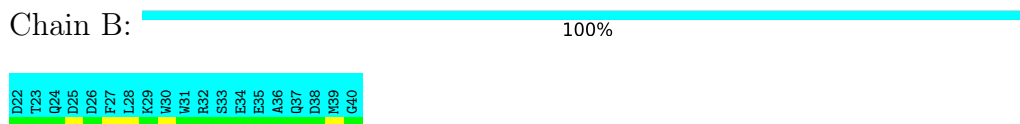


4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

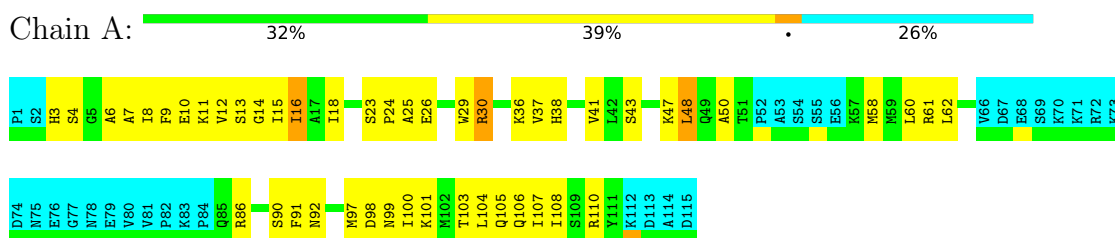


- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1

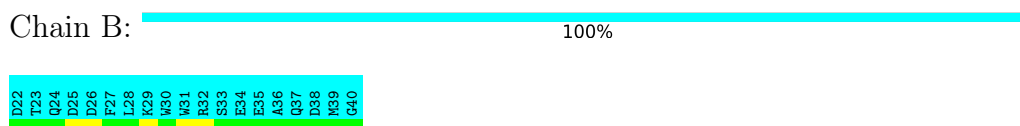


4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

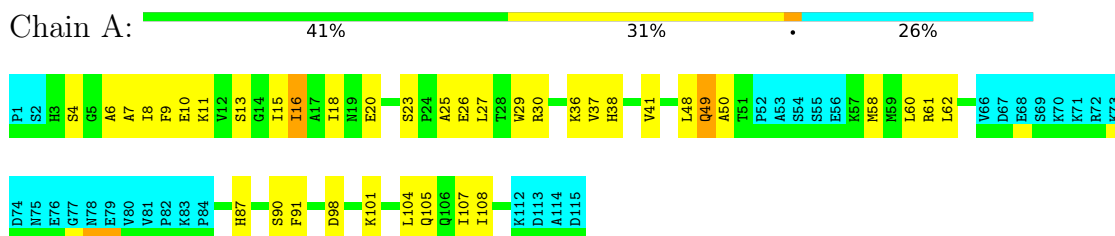


- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1



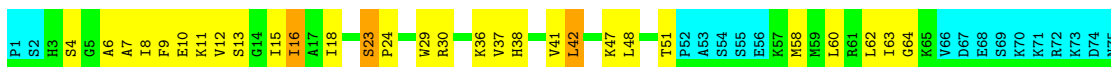
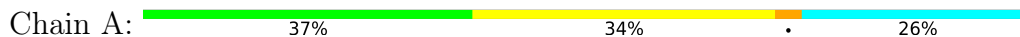
- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1





4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

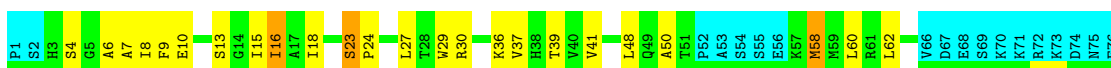


- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

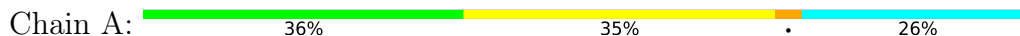


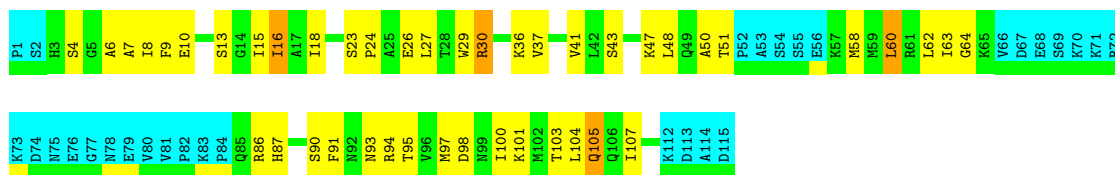
- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1





- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1

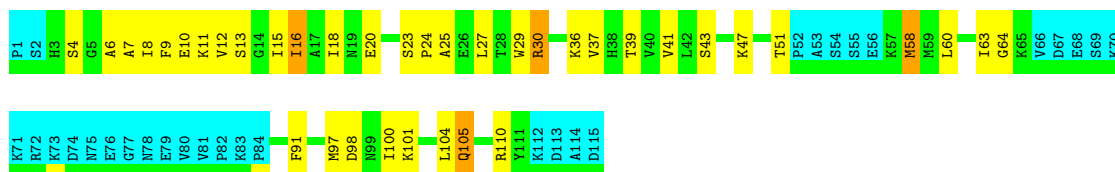
Chain B: 100%



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

Chain A: 41% 30% 26%



- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1

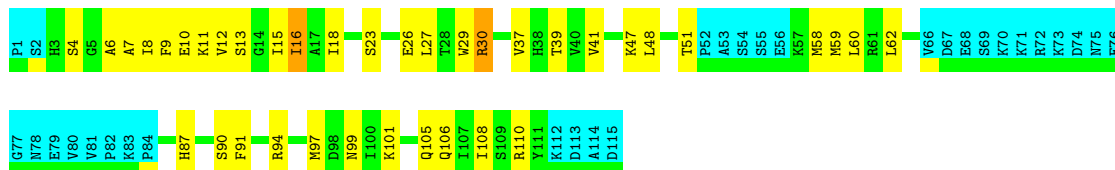
Chain B: 100%



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

Chain A: 41% 31% 26%



- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1

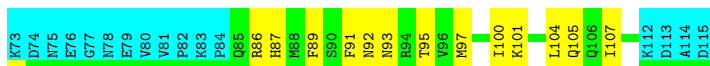
Chain B: 100%



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

Chain A: 34% 37% 26%



- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1

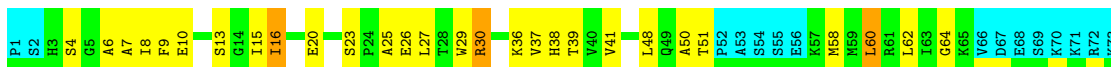
Chain B: 100%



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

Chain A: 42% 29% 26%



- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1

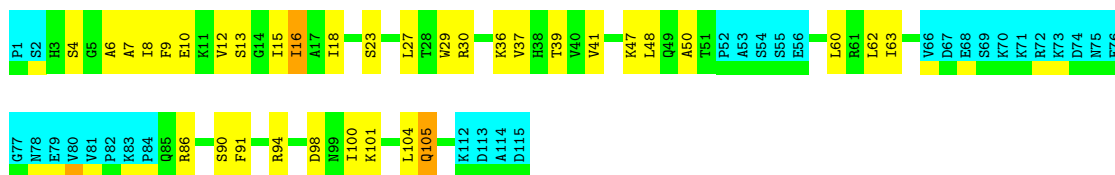
Chain B: 100%



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

Chain A: 44% 28% 26%



- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1

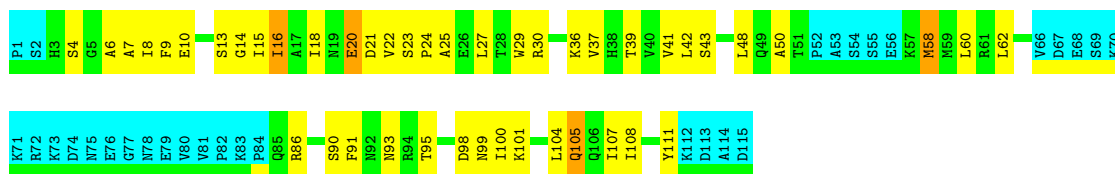
Chain B: 100%



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

Chain A: 35% 36% 26%



- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1

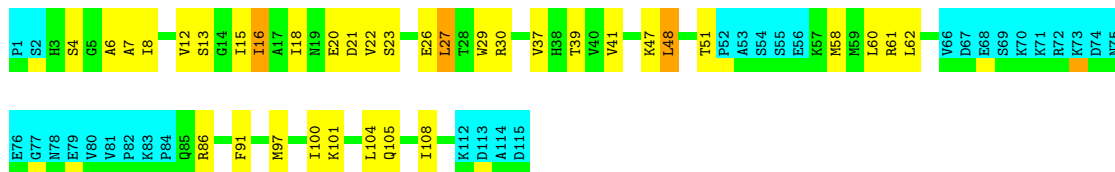
Chain B: 100%



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

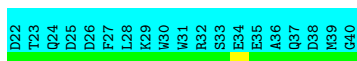
- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

Chain A: 43% 28% 26%



- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1

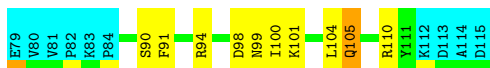
Chain B: 100%



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

Chain A: 42% 30% 26%



- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1

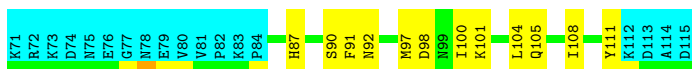
Chain B: 100%



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

Chain A: 36% 37% 26%



- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1

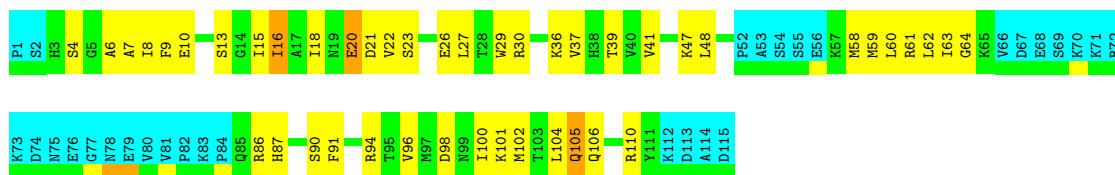
Chain B: 100%



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

Chain A: 35% 37% 26%



- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1

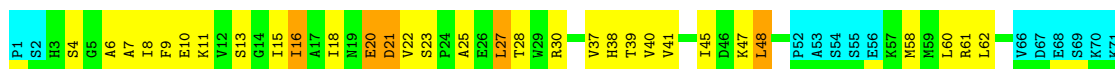
Chain B: 100%



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: RNA polymerase II transcription factor B subunit 1

Chain A: 38% 31% 26%



- Molecule 2: Krueppel-like factor 1

Chain B: 100%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics*.

Of the 260 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	2
Total number of shifts	1660
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1660
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	93%

6 Model quality i

6.1 Standard geometry i

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.45±0.08	0±0/684 (0.0± 0.1%)	0.56±0.03	0±0/922 (0.0± 0.0%)
All	All	0.46	2/13680 (0.0%)	0.56	2/18440 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	1.1±0.5
All	All	0	23

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	111	TYR	CE1-CZ	12.75	1.55	1.38	2	1
1	A	111	TYR	CE2-CZ	-11.47	1.23	1.38	2	1

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	111	TYR	CD1-CE1-CZ	-5.12	115.19	119.80	2	1
1	A	111	TYR	CE1-CZ-OH	-5.05	106.46	120.10	2	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	23	SER	Peptide	19
1	A	20	GLU	Peptide	3
1	A	111	TYR	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	674	699	696	26±5
2	B	0	0	0	0±0
All	All	13480	13980	13920	518

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 19.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:108:ILE:HG12	1:A:111:TYR:OH	1.01	1.54	2	4
1:A:62:LEU:HD23	1:A:89:PHE:CE2	0.78	2.13	20	4
1:A:7:ALA:HB2	1:A:91:PHE:CE1	0.74	2.16	1	20
1:A:30:ARG:HB3	1:A:37:VAL:HG12	0.74	1.57	13	2
1:A:30:ARG:HB3	1:A:37:VAL:HG22	0.74	1.58	2	17
1:A:108:ILE:HA	1:A:111:TYR:CZ	0.73	2.18	2	4
1:A:100:ILE:O	1:A:104:LEU:HD13	0.70	1.87	10	16
1:A:30:ARG:CB	1:A:37:VAL:HG12	0.69	2.17	13	2
1:A:20:GLU:O	1:A:22:VAL:HG22	0.68	1.89	20	5
1:A:30:ARG:HA	1:A:36:LYS:O	0.68	1.89	4	15
1:A:62:LEU:O	1:A:86:ARG:HA	0.67	1.89	15	6
1:A:108:ILE:HG12	1:A:111:TYR:HH	0.65	1.51	2	1
1:A:108:ILE:HA	1:A:111:TYR:CE1	0.65	2.27	18	4
1:A:58:MET:HB2	1:A:97:MET:SD	0.62	2.35	13	1
1:A:18:ILE:HD11	1:A:104:LEU:HD11	0.62	1.70	20	15
1:A:97:MET:HG3	1:A:98:ASP:N	0.61	2.10	4	6
1:A:60:LEU:HD11	1:A:101:LYS:HG2	0.61	1.72	2	3
1:A:50:ALA:CB	1:A:101:LYS:HD3	0.61	2.26	6	8
1:A:30:ARG:CB	1:A:37:VAL:HG22	0.61	2.25	12	9
1:A:58:MET:SD	1:A:92:ASN:HA	0.60	2.36	1	4

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:18:ILE:CD1	1:A:104:LEU:HD11	0.60	2.27	2	16
1:A:108:ILE:HA	1:A:111:TYR:CE2	0.59	2.32	2	1
1:A:36:LYS:HG2	1:A:38:HIS:CE1	0.59	2.33	4	7
1:A:58:MET:HA	1:A:97:MET:SD	0.58	2.38	9	7
1:A:9:PHE:CD2	1:A:10:GLU:HG3	0.58	2.33	18	12
1:A:25:ALA:HB3	1:A:107:ILE:HG21	0.57	1.76	12	8
1:A:97:MET:O	1:A:101:LYS:HG3	0.57	1.98	2	1
1:A:30:ARG:HB2	1:A:37:VAL:HG22	0.56	1.76	8	4
1:A:30:ARG:HB2	1:A:37:VAL:HG12	0.56	1.77	20	1
1:A:101:LYS:O	1:A:105:GLN:HB2	0.55	2.01	15	16
1:A:60:LEU:HD11	1:A:101:LYS:HG3	0.55	1.78	20	3
1:A:47:LYS:HD3	1:A:48:LEU:N	0.55	2.17	16	1
1:A:106:GLN:O	1:A:110:ARG:HG3	0.54	2.03	2	7
1:A:4:SER:HA	1:A:16:ILE:O	0.54	2.02	4	20
1:A:24:PRO:CB	1:A:43:SER:HB2	0.54	2.32	2	5
1:A:7:ALA:HA	1:A:90:SER:O	0.54	2.03	6	10
1:A:93:ASN:OD1	1:A:95:THR:HB	0.54	2.02	3	4
1:A:58:MET:SD	1:A:94:ARG:HD3	0.54	2.42	20	2
1:A:97:MET:O	1:A:101:LYS:HB2	0.54	2.01	4	1
1:A:60:LEU:HD11	1:A:101:LYS:CG	0.53	2.32	20	5
1:A:20:GLU:O	1:A:22:VAL:N	0.53	2.40	19	5
1:A:58:MET:HB3	1:A:97:MET:SD	0.52	2.44	5	1
1:A:47:LYS:HB3	1:A:63:ILE:HG13	0.52	1.80	17	10
1:A:47:LYS:HB3	1:A:63:ILE:CG1	0.52	2.34	17	1
1:A:20:GLU:C	1:A:22:VAL:H	0.52	2.08	12	5
1:A:8:ILE:HG13	1:A:13:SER:HA	0.52	1.82	1	20
1:A:47:LYS:HG3	1:A:48:LEU:N	0.51	2.20	7	6
1:A:48:LEU:HD11	1:A:105:GLN:HA	0.51	1.82	5	1
1:A:9:PHE:CD1	1:A:10:GLU:HG3	0.51	2.40	8	5
1:A:104:LEU:O	1:A:108:ILE:HG13	0.51	2.06	7	2
1:A:27:LEU:HD13	1:A:62:LEU:HD21	0.51	1.81	1	3
1:A:98:ASP:HA	1:A:101:LYS:HE3	0.50	1.84	8	10
1:A:20:GLU:HG2	1:A:25:ALA:HB2	0.50	1.83	13	3
1:A:62:LEU:HD23	1:A:89:PHE:HE2	0.49	1.61	20	4
1:A:48:LEU:HD13	1:A:105:GLN:HG2	0.49	1.83	6	1
1:A:62:LEU:HD23	1:A:89:PHE:CZ	0.49	2.41	1	4
1:A:58:MET:SD	1:A:94:ARG:HD2	0.49	2.48	9	2
1:A:28:THR:HA	1:A:38:HIS:O	0.49	2.07	12	3
1:A:50:ALA:HB1	1:A:97:MET:CE	0.48	2.38	5	2
1:A:49:GLN:CB	1:A:61:ARG:HB2	0.48	2.39	6	1
1:A:42:LEU:HB3	1:A:111:TYR:OH	0.47	2.08	7	3

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:42:LEU:HB3	1:A:111:TYR:CE2	0.47	2.44	7	1
1:A:48:LEU:HD21	1:A:105:GLN:HG2	0.47	1.85	11	1
1:A:107:ILE:HG22	1:A:111:TYR:CE2	0.46	2.45	13	2
1:A:7:ALA:C	1:A:29:TRP:HE1	0.46	2.14	18	15
1:A:27:LEU:HD23	1:A:27:LEU:O	0.46	2.11	12	2
1:A:91:PHE:CZ	1:A:100:ILE:HG13	0.46	2.46	2	2
1:A:10:GLU:OE1	1:A:36:LYS:HE3	0.46	2.09	3	3
1:A:19:ASN:O	1:A:25:ALA:HB1	0.46	2.11	12	1
1:A:61:ARG:NH2	1:A:86:ARG:HD2	0.46	2.26	16	1
1:A:48:LEU:HD21	1:A:105:GLN:CG	0.46	2.41	7	1
1:A:91:PHE:CD1	1:A:96:VAL:HG11	0.45	2.47	1	2
1:A:27:LEU:C	1:A:27:LEU:HD13	0.45	2.32	20	1
1:A:61:ARG:HA	1:A:87:HIS:O	0.45	2.11	20	3
1:A:6:ALA:HA	1:A:15:ILE:HA	0.45	1.89	13	20
1:A:7:ALA:HB2	1:A:91:PHE:CD1	0.45	2.47	10	4
1:A:24:PRO:HB3	1:A:43:SER:OG	0.45	2.12	15	1
1:A:40:VAL:CG1	1:A:45:ILE:HD11	0.45	2.42	20	1
1:A:98:ASP:HA	1:A:101:LYS:CE	0.44	2.42	9	2
1:A:58:MET:SD	1:A:58:MET:N	0.44	2.91	1	4
1:A:63:ILE:HD13	1:A:86:ARG:HG2	0.44	1.89	7	1
1:A:59:MET:SD	1:A:90:SER:HA	0.44	2.53	19	2
1:A:103:THR:O	1:A:107:ILE:HG13	0.44	2.12	9	2
1:A:14:GLY:C	1:A:15:ILE:HD12	0.44	2.32	18	5
1:A:61:ARG:NE	1:A:86:ARG:HD2	0.43	2.28	19	1
1:A:98:ASP:HA	1:A:101:LYS:NZ	0.43	2.28	13	1
1:A:12:VAL:HG13	1:A:29:TRP:CH2	0.43	2.49	18	10
1:A:50:ALA:HB3	1:A:101:LYS:HD3	0.43	1.91	14	1
1:A:108:ILE:CG1	1:A:111:TYR:OH	0.43	2.47	2	1
1:A:62:LEU:HB2	1:A:87:HIS:HB2	0.42	1.90	19	9
1:A:48:LEU:HB2	1:A:108:ILE:CD1	0.42	2.44	16	1
1:A:58:MET:HG3	1:A:91:PHE:O	0.42	2.14	15	1
1:A:14:GLY:HA3	1:A:31:SER:HA	0.42	1.91	18	2
1:A:18:ILE:N	1:A:18:ILE:HD12	0.42	2.28	11	8
1:A:48:LEU:HD22	1:A:108:ILE:HD12	0.42	1.91	7	3
1:A:8:ILE:O	1:A:89:PHE:HA	0.42	2.15	3	1
1:A:58:MET:HB2	1:A:91:PHE:O	0.42	2.14	6	1
1:A:104:LEU:N	1:A:104:LEU:CD1	0.42	2.83	2	5
1:A:36:LYS:CG	1:A:38:HIS:CE1	0.42	3.03	12	3
1:A:60:LEU:HD21	1:A:101:LYS:HB2	0.42	1.91	9	1
1:A:58:MET:HG3	1:A:97:MET:CG	0.41	2.45	7	1
1:A:60:LEU:HD23	1:A:91:PHE:CE2	0.41	2.49	19	3

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:107:ILE:O	1:A:110:ARG:HB2	0.41	2.15	7	1
1:A:3:HIS:HA	1:A:103:THR:HG21	0.41	1.92	5	1
1:A:23:SER:HB2	1:A:24:PRO:HD2	0.41	1.92	8	2
1:A:102:MET:HG2	1:A:106:GLN:NE2	0.41	2.31	19	1
1:A:16:ILE:CD1	1:A:27:LEU:HD11	0.41	2.45	4	1
1:A:58:MET:HG2	1:A:97:MET:SD	0.41	2.56	20	1
1:A:62:LEU:CD2	1:A:89:PHE:HE2	0.41	2.29	20	1
1:A:11:LYS:N	1:A:11:LYS:HD2	0.41	2.31	4	1
1:A:26:GLU:HA	1:A:40:VAL:O	0.41	2.16	1	1
1:A:14:GLY:HA2	1:A:32:THR:N	0.41	2.30	4	1
1:A:63:ILE:HD13	1:A:86:ARG:CG	0.41	2.46	7	1
1:A:8:ILE:HB	1:A:90:SER:HB2	0.41	1.92	11	1
1:A:49:GLN:HB2	1:A:61:ARG:HB2	0.41	1.93	4	1
1:A:9:PHE:CE1	1:A:10:GLU:HG3	0.41	2.51	11	1
1:A:48:LEU:HD21	1:A:104:LEU:HB2	0.40	1.92	6	1
1:A:48:LEU:HD11	1:A:108:ILE:HD12	0.40	1.93	6	1
1:A:47:LYS:HG3	1:A:48:LEU:H	0.40	1.76	18	1
1:A:94:ARG:O	1:A:97:MET:HB2	0.40	2.16	3	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	85/115 (74%)	78±1 (91±2%)	7±1 (8±1%)	0±1 (0±1%)	38 78
2	B	0	-	-	-	-
All	All	1700/2680 (63%)	1552 (91%)	141 (8%)	7 (0%)	38 78

All 3 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	21	ASP	5
1	A	24	PRO	1
1	A	25	ALA	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	76/103 (74%)	68±1 (89±2%)	8±1 (11±2%)	10 54
2	B	0	-	-	-
All	All	1520/2400 (63%)	1357 (89%)	163 (11%)	10 54

All 21 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	16	ILE	20
1	A	41	VAL	19
1	A	27	LEU	18
1	A	39	THR	14
1	A	105	GLN	14
1	A	48	LEU	13
1	A	26	GLU	12
1	A	60	LEU	10
1	A	11	LYS	8
1	A	58	MET	7
1	A	30	ARG	6
1	A	51	THR	6
1	A	99	ASN	4
1	A	62	LEU	3
1	A	94	ARG	2
1	A	110	ARG	2
1	A	47	LYS	1
1	A	23	SER	1
1	A	49	GLN	1
1	A	42	LEU	1
1	A	21	ASP	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 93% for the well-defined parts and 91% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_Tfb1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1441
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1441
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	3

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	114	-0.17 ± 0.17	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	109	-0.16 ± 0.10	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	108	0.11 ± 0.11	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	108	0.14 ± 0.28	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 93%, i.e. 1121 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1200. 0 out of 12 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	423/427 (99%)	172/173 (99%)	168/170 (99%)	83/84 (99%)
Sidechain	640/698 (92%)	430/456 (94%)	200/213 (94%)	10/29 (34%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	58/75 (77%)	29/37 (78%)	28/31 (90%)	1/7 (14%)
Overall	1121/1200 (93%)	631/666 (95%)	396/414 (96%)	94/120 (78%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 79%, i.e. 1441 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1826. 0 out of 16 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	557/666 (84%)	227/269 (84%)	222/268 (83%)	108/129 (84%)
Sidechain	826/1051 (79%)	553/676 (82%)	261/330 (79%)	12/45 (27%)
Aromatic	58/109 (53%)	29/54 (54%)	28/46 (61%)	1/9 (11%)
Overall	1441/1826 (79%)	809/999 (81%)	511/644 (79%)	121/183 (66%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

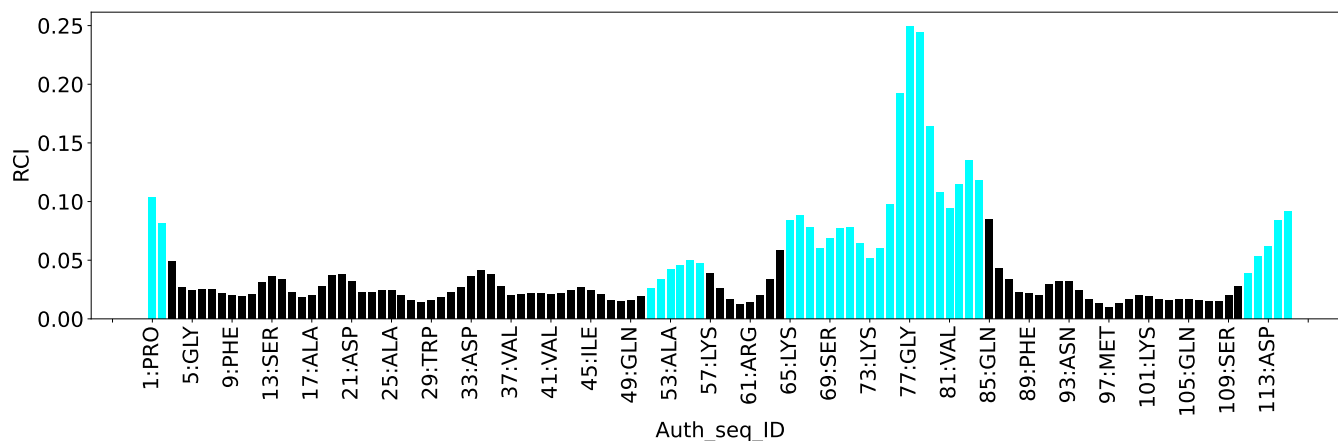
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	10	GLU	HG3	0.67	1.20 – 3.30	-7.5
1	A	9	PHE	HB2	0.31	1.20 – 4.80	-7.4
1	A	10	GLU	HG2	0.99	1.24 – 3.30	-6.2

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_Eklf*

7.2.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	219
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	219
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 0%, i.e. 0 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1200. 0 out of 12 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	0/427 (0%)	0/173 (0%)	0/170 (0%)	0/84 (0%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Sidechain	0/698 (0%)	0/456 (0%)	0/213 (0%)	0/29 (0%)
Aromatic	0/75 (0%)	0/37 (0%)	0/31 (0%)	0/7 (0%)
Overall	0/1200 (0%)	0/666 (0%)	0/414 (0%)	0/120 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 12%, i.e. 218 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1826. 0 out of 16 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	76/666 (11%)	38/269 (14%)	19/268 (7%)	19/129 (15%)
Sidechain	108/1051 (10%)	73/676 (11%)	33/330 (10%)	2/45 (4%)
Aromatic	34/109 (31%)	17/54 (31%)	15/46 (33%)	2/9 (22%)
Overall	218/1826 (12%)	128/999 (13%)	67/644 (10%)	23/183 (13%)

7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:

