



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 29, 2023 – 09:44 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3N92  
Title : Crystal structure of TK1436, a GH57 branching enzyme from hyperthermophilic archaeon *Thermococcus kodakaraensis*, in complex with glucose  
Authors : Santos, C.R.; Tonoli, C.C.C.; Trindade, D.M.; Betzel, C.; Takata, H.; Kuriki, T.; Kanai, T.; Imanaka, T.; Arni, R.K.; Murakami, M.T.  
Deposited on : 2010-05-28  
Resolution : 2.89 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.35  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

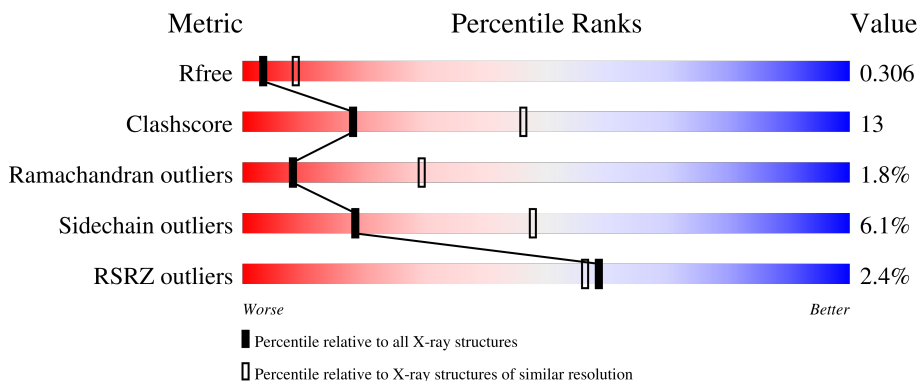
# 1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.89 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	1957 (2.90-2.90)
Clashscore	141614	2172 (2.90-2.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2115 (2.90-2.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2117 (2.90-2.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1906 (2.90-2.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	562	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 2%; height: 10px; background-color: red; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 67%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 28%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 1%; height: 10px; background-color: grey; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 1%; height: 10px; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-top: 5px;">2%      67%      28%      . .</p>

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

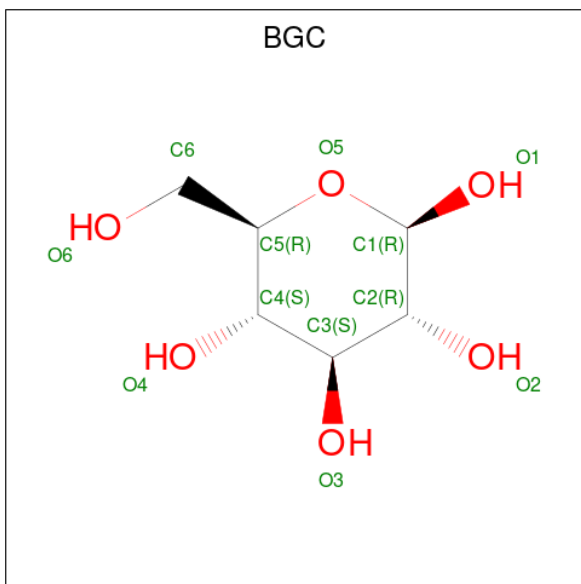
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4618 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called alpha-amylase, GH57 family.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	550	4582	2960	779	833	10	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: BGC) (formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>O<sub>6</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	O		
2	A	1	12	6	6	0	0

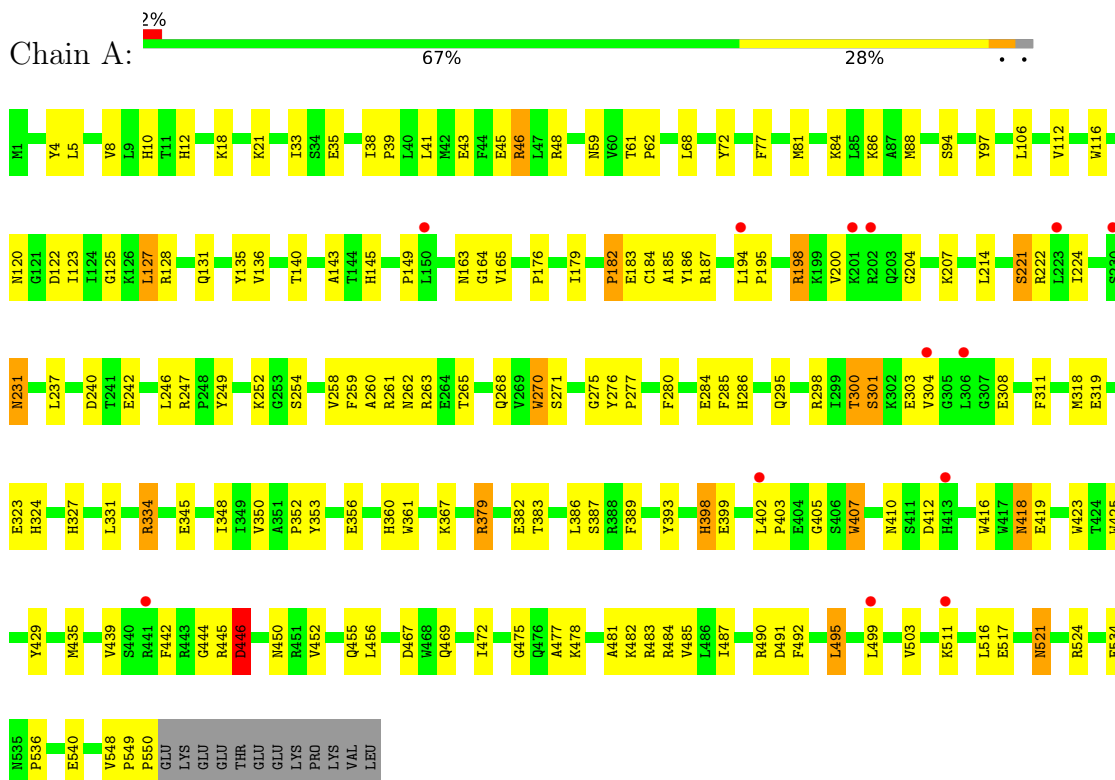
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	24	Total	O	0	0
			24	24		

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: alpha-amylase, GH57 family



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	69.76Å 82.73Å 111.90Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	66.53 – 2.89 48.14 – 2.89	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	91.3 (66.53-2.89) 91.3 (48.14-2.89)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.09	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.21 (at 2.91Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0102	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.220 , 0.305 0.213 , 0.306	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	700 reflections (5.07%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	81.7	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.094	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.33 , 44.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	4618	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	81.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.13% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BGC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.62	0/4717	0.69	0/6385

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	21	LYS	Peptide

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4582	0	4451	121	0
2	A	12	0	12	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	24	0	0	2	0
All	All	4618	0	4463	121	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

All (121) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:425:TRP:HB3	1:A:429:TYR:CE2	2.07	0.90
1:A:10:HIS:HD2	1:A:59:ASN:HD22	1.21	0.87
1:A:379:ARG:HH11	1:A:379:ARG:HG2	1.47	0.79
1:A:444:GLY:HA2	1:A:450:ASN:HD21	1.47	0.79
1:A:445:ARG:O	1:A:446:ASP:HB3	1.84	0.77
1:A:490:ARG:HD2	1:A:491:ASP:OD1	1.84	0.77
1:A:10:HIS:HD2	1:A:59:ASN:ND2	1.82	0.76
1:A:231:ASN:HA	1:A:410:ASN:H	1.51	0.75
1:A:10:HIS:CD2	1:A:59:ASN:HD22	2.05	0.74
1:A:280:PHE:CE1	1:A:301:SER:HA	2.23	0.73
1:A:425:TRP:HB3	1:A:429:TYR:HE2	1.54	0.72
1:A:481:ALA:O	1:A:485:VAL:HG23	1.90	0.71
1:A:4:TYR:HB2	1:A:348:ILE:HG13	1.73	0.70
1:A:379:ARG:HH11	1:A:379:ARG:CG	2.05	0.69
1:A:41:LEU:O	1:A:45:GLU:HG3	1.93	0.68
1:A:97:TYR:HB3	1:A:311:PHE:CE1	2.29	0.68
1:A:483:ARG:O	1:A:487:ILE:HG13	1.94	0.68
1:A:356:GLU:O	1:A:360:HIS:HB3	1.95	0.67
1:A:495:LEU:HD12	1:A:516:LEU:HD12	1.78	0.64
1:A:276:TYR:N	1:A:277:PRO:HD2	2.13	0.64
1:A:97:TYR:HB3	1:A:311:PHE:HE1	1.63	0.62
1:A:18:LYS:HG3	1:A:72:TYR:CE2	2.35	0.61
1:A:423:TRP:CZ2	1:A:482:LYS:HG3	2.35	0.61
1:A:43:GLU:OE2	1:A:46:ARG:NH2	2.26	0.60
1:A:4:TYR:CD1	1:A:382:GLU:HB3	2.39	0.58
1:A:345:GLU:H	1:A:345:GLU:CD	2.07	0.58
1:A:318:MET:HG2	1:A:367:LYS:HE2	1.85	0.57
1:A:224:ILE:HD12	1:A:260:ALA:HB2	1.86	0.57
1:A:4:TYR:HD1	1:A:382:GLU:HB3	1.71	0.56
1:A:179:ILE:HB	1:A:214:LEU:HD22	1.87	0.56
1:A:33:ILE:HG22	1:A:38:ILE:HD12	1.88	0.55
1:A:122:ASP:OD2	1:A:125:GLY:HA3	2.06	0.55

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:12:HIS:HE2	1:A:467:ASP:CG	2.10	0.55
1:A:280:PHE:CD1	1:A:301:SER:HA	2.41	0.55
1:A:198:ARG:NH1	1:A:429:TYR:HB3	2.22	0.54
1:A:276:TYR:HB3	1:A:324:HIS:ND1	2.23	0.54
1:A:444:GLY:HA2	1:A:450:ASN:ND2	2.17	0.54
1:A:284:GLU:OE2	1:A:286:HIS:HB2	2.08	0.54
1:A:165:VAL:HA	1:A:176:PRO:HG3	1.89	0.53
1:A:389:PHE:O	1:A:393:TYR:HB2	2.09	0.53
1:A:183:GLU:HG3	1:A:416:TRP:CZ2	2.44	0.53
1:A:456:LEU:HD21	1:A:495:LEU:HB3	1.91	0.52
1:A:252:LYS:HA	1:A:399:GLU:OE1	2.10	0.52
1:A:194:LEU:HB2	1:A:198:ARG:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:345:GLU:CD	1:A:345:GLU:N	2.63	0.52
1:A:185:ALA:HA	1:A:405:GLY:O	2.10	0.51
1:A:259:PHE:HB3	1:A:350:VAL:HG21	1.92	0.51
1:A:455:GLN:OE1	1:A:517:GLU:HA	2.09	0.51
1:A:472:ILE:HA	1:A:478:LYS:HG2	1.91	0.51
1:A:145:HIS:CD2	1:A:182:PRO:HA	2.45	0.51
1:A:4:TYR:HE1	1:A:382:GLU:OE1	1.93	0.51
1:A:88:MET:CE	1:A:106:LEU:HA	2.41	0.51
1:A:285:PHE:O	1:A:295:GLN:NE2	2.37	0.51
1:A:5:LEU:O	1:A:383:THR:HG22	2.11	0.50
1:A:262:ASN:HD22	1:A:265:THR:H	1.59	0.50
1:A:35:GLU:O	1:A:39:PRO:HG2	2.12	0.50
1:A:131:GLN:HA	1:A:136:VAL:O	2.12	0.50
1:A:184:CYS:HB2	1:A:407:TRP:HB3	1.94	0.50
1:A:12:HIS:HB2	1:A:61:THR:HG21	1.94	0.50
1:A:540:GLU:HA	3:A:568:HOH:O	2.12	0.50
1:A:300:THR:O	1:A:301:SER:HB3	2.12	0.49
1:A:262:ASN:ND2	1:A:265:THR:H	2.11	0.49
1:A:38:ILE:HD11	1:A:116:TRP:HE3	1.77	0.49
1:A:275:GLY:C	1:A:277:PRO:HD2	2.32	0.49
1:A:88:MET:HB3	1:A:106:LEU:HD13	1.94	0.48
1:A:445:ARG:O	1:A:446:ASP:CB	2.57	0.48
1:A:12:HIS:NE2	1:A:467:ASP:OD2	2.38	0.48
1:A:323:GLU:O	1:A:327:HIS:HB2	2.13	0.48
1:A:41:LEU:HD21	1:A:127:LEU:HD13	1.95	0.48
1:A:452:VAL:HG11	1:A:499:LEU:HD13	1.96	0.48
1:A:10:HIS:HA	1:A:59:ASN:HB3	1.96	0.47
1:A:145:HIS:HA	1:A:182:PRO:HG3	1.97	0.47
1:A:38:ILE:HG21	1:A:112:VAL:HG13	1.95	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:125:GLY:HA2	1:A:128:ARG:NH2	2.29	0.47
1:A:270:TRP:CH2	1:A:353:TYR:HA	2.51	0.46
1:A:41:LEU:HD11	1:A:123:ILE:HG23	1.98	0.46
1:A:10:HIS:CD2	1:A:59:ASN:ND2	2.70	0.46
1:A:221:SER:O	1:A:222:ARG:C	2.54	0.44
1:A:495:LEU:CD1	1:A:516:LEU:HD12	2.44	0.44
1:A:268:GLN:HG2	1:A:331:LEU:HD22	1.99	0.44
1:A:425:TRP:CZ2	1:A:469:GLN:HG2	2.52	0.44
1:A:521:ASN:HB2	1:A:524:ARG:NH2	2.32	0.44
1:A:442:PHE:CE2	1:A:503:VAL:HG21	2.53	0.44
1:A:452:VAL:HG13	1:A:495:LEU:HD22	2.00	0.44
1:A:186:TYR:CG	1:A:187:ARG:N	2.85	0.43
1:A:334:ARG:HH11	1:A:334:ARG:HG3	1.83	0.43
1:A:475:GLY:HA2	1:A:478:LYS:HB2	1.99	0.43
1:A:204:GLY:O	1:A:207:LYS:HB2	2.18	0.43
1:A:18:LYS:HD3	3:A:574:HOH:O	2.17	0.43
1:A:149:PRO:HG2	1:A:185:ALA:HB1	2.00	0.43
1:A:348:ILE:O	1:A:348:ILE:HG23	2.19	0.43
1:A:435:MET:O	1:A:439:VAL:HG23	2.19	0.43
1:A:379:ARG:CG	1:A:379:ARG:NH1	2.72	0.42
1:A:549:PRO:HA	1:A:550:PRO:HD3	1.84	0.42
1:A:418:ASN:HD22	1:A:419:GLU:N	2.17	0.42
1:A:77:PHE:CZ	1:A:81:MET:HG2	2.54	0.42
1:A:548:VAL:HA	1:A:549:PRO:HD2	1.86	0.42
1:A:62:PRO:HG3	1:A:164:GLY:HA2	2.02	0.42
1:A:237:LEU:O	1:A:263:ARG:HD3	2.19	0.42
1:A:298:ARG:NH1	1:A:300:THR:HA	2.35	0.42
1:A:143:ALA:HB2	1:A:163:ASN:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:A:48:ARG:HG3	1:A:135:TYR:CZ	2.54	0.42
1:A:231:ASN:HA	1:A:410:ASN:N	2.26	0.42
1:A:534:GLU:O	1:A:536:PRO:HD3	2.20	0.42
1:A:276:TYR:CD2	1:A:324:HIS:CG	3.08	0.42
1:A:319:GLU:O	1:A:323:GLU:HG3	2.20	0.42
1:A:492:PHE:CD2	1:A:492:PHE:C	2.93	0.42
1:A:46:ARG:CZ	1:A:46:ARG:HB3	2.50	0.42
1:A:442:PHE:CZ	1:A:503:VAL:HG11	2.55	0.41
1:A:4:TYR:HA	1:A:382:GLU:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:140:THR:O	1:A:179:ILE:HA	2.20	0.41
1:A:8:VAL:O	1:A:352:PRO:HA	2.21	0.41
1:A:186:TYR:CE2	1:A:402:LEU:HB2	2.55	0.41
1:A:259:PHE:CE2	1:A:386:LEU:HD13	2.56	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:261:ARG:HG2	1:A:262:ASN:N	2.35	0.41
1:A:484:ARG:HD2	1:A:484:ARG:HA	1.86	0.41
1:A:249:TYR:CD1	1:A:398:HIS:HB3	2.56	0.40
1:A:472:ILE:HG23	1:A:478:LYS:HE2	2.02	0.40
1:A:68:LEU:HD23	1:A:68:LEU:HA	1.86	0.40
1:A:277:PRO:HB2	2:A:563:BGC:H3	2.04	0.40
1:A:360:HIS:ND1	1:A:361:TRP:CD1	2.90	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	548/562 (98%)	478 (87%)	60 (11%)	10 (2%)	<b>8</b> 29

All (10) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	198	ARG
1	A	446	ASP
1	A	301	SER
1	A	195	PRO
1	A	246	LEU
1	A	477	ALA
1	A	182	PRO
1	A	304	VAL
1	A	403	PRO
1	A	521	ASN

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	477/489 (98%)	448 (94%)	29 (6%)	<span style="border: 1px solid red; padding: 2px;">18</span> <span style="border: 1px solid gray; padding: 2px;">48</span>

All (29) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	46	ARG
1	A	84	LYS
1	A	86	LYS
1	A	94	SER
1	A	120	ASN
1	A	127	LEU
1	A	200	VAL
1	A	221	SER
1	A	231	ASN
1	A	240	ASP
1	A	242	GLU
1	A	247	ARG
1	A	254	SER
1	A	258	VAL
1	A	270	TRP
1	A	271	SER
1	A	300	THR
1	A	303	GLU
1	A	308	GLU
1	A	334	ARG
1	A	379	ARG
1	A	387	SER
1	A	398	HIS
1	A	407	TRP
1	A	412	ASP
1	A	418	ASN
1	A	446	ASP
1	A	495	LEU
1	A	511	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (10) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	10	HIS
1	A	59	ASN
1	A	131	GLN
1	A	171	HIS
1	A	262	ASN
1	A	268	GLN
1	A	339	HIS
1	A	378	GLN
1	A	418	ASN
1	A	450	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	BGC	A	563	-	12,12,12	0.56	0	17,17,17	1.66	3 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	BGC	A	563	-	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	563	BGC	C3-C4-C5	3.90	117.20	110.24
2	A	563	BGC	O5-C5-C4	3.35	115.78	109.69
2	A	563	BGC	O5-C1-C2	-2.85	105.20	110.28

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	563	BGC	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	550/562 (97%)	0.23	13 (2%) 59 56	49, 80, 112, 119	0

All (13) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	413	HIS	3.9
1	A	441	ARG	3.4
1	A	304	VAL	3.2
1	A	402	LEU	3.2
1	A	150	LEU	2.4
1	A	194	LEU	2.2
1	A	511	LYS	2.2
1	A	230	SER	2.2
1	A	306	LEU	2.1
1	A	202	ARG	2.1
1	A	499	LEU	2.1
1	A	223	LEU	2.1
1	A	201	LYS	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
2	BGC	A	563	12/12	0.81	0.27	140,143,143,143	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.