

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 9, 2020 – 03:15 PM BST

PDB ID : 1NMB

Title : THE STRUCTURE OF A COMPLEX BETWEEN THE NC10 ANTIBODY

AND INFLUENZA VIRUS NEURAMINIDASE AND COMPARISON WITH

THE OVERLAPPING BINDING SITE OF THE NC41 ANTIBODY

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Deposited on : 1995-01-17

Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED EDS : NOT EXECUTED

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

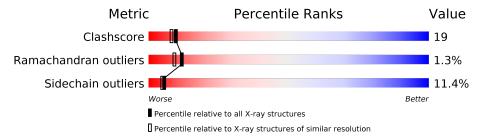
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	N	470	49%	29%	•	17%			
2	L	109	50%	40%		9%			
3	Н	122	65%		29%	7%			
4	A	7	71%		14%	14%			

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mo	l Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	MAN	A	7	X	-	-	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5054 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called N9 NEURAMINIDASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	N	388	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	11	300	3061	1906	538	594	23	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called FAB NC10.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	L	109	Total 853	C 530	N 142	O 178	S 3	35	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
L	3	GLN	GLU	$\operatorname{conflict}$	GB 501094
L	4	MET	LEU	$\operatorname{conflict}$	GB 501094

• Molecule 3 is a protein called FAB NC10.

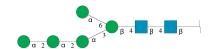
Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	$\mathbf{AltConf}$	Trace
3	Н	122	Total 945	C 594	N 155	O 191	S 5	33	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	${f Comment}$	Reference
Н	7	PRO	SER	$\operatorname{conflict}$	GB 501094
Н	109	LEU	VAL	$\operatorname{conflict}$	GB 501094

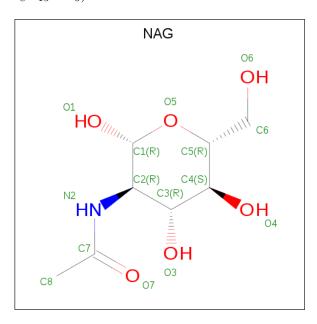
• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyran ose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyran ose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atom	ıs	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	A	7	Total C 83 46	N O 2 35	0	0	0

• Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	ton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
E .	N	1	Total	С	Ν	О	0	0	
) 0	11	1	14	8	1	5	0	0	
E	N	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0	
)	11	1	14	8	1	5			

• Molecule 6 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	N	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 7 is water.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	$\mathbf{AltConf}$
7	N	69	Total O 69 69	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	L	10	Total O 10 10	0	0
7	Н	4	Total O 4 4	0	0

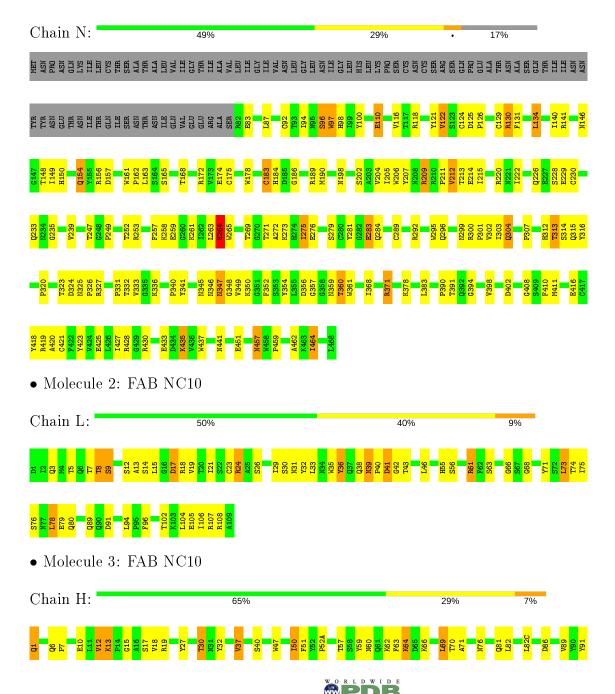


# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: N9 NEURAMINIDASE





Chain A: 71% 14% 14% SEW OF THE PROPERTY OF TH



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	I 4 2 2	Depositor	
Cell constants	169.40Å 169.40Å 156.90Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	6.00 - 2.20	Depositor	
% Data completeness	(Not available) (6.00-2.20)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	(1vot avanable) (0.00-2.20)	Берозпот	
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor	
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor	
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor	
$R, R_{free}$	0.210 , (Not available)	Depositor	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
Total number of atoms	5054	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	9.0	wwPDB-VP	



## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, BMA, NAG, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
Mol		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	N	0.64	0/3143	0.89	3/4281 (0.1%)
2	L	0.57	0/869	0.83	0/1178
3	Н	0.57	0/969	0.79	0/1311
All	All	0.61	0/4981	0.86	3/6770 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	N	0	3
2	L	0	1
All	All	0	4

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	N	175	CYS	CA-CB-SG	5.09	123.16	114.00
1	N	299	ASN	N-CA-C	-5.07	97.33	111.00
1	N	226	GLN	N-CA-C	5.05	124.65	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Res	Type	$\mathbf{Group}$
2	L	36	TYR	Sidechain
1	N	100	TYR	Sidechain

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	N	341	TYR	Sidechain
1	N	423	TYR	Sidechain

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	N	3061	0	2876	113	0
2	L	853	0	810	40	0
3	Н	945	0	884	34	0
4	A	83	0	69	2	0
5	N	28	0	25	1	0
6	N	1	0	0	0	0
7	Н	4	0	0	0	0
7	L	10	0	0	0	0
7	N	69	0	0	6	0
All	All	5054	0	4664	183	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 19.

The worst 5 of 183 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
2:L:5:THR:HB	2:L:24:ARG:HB2	1.48	0.95
1:N:275:ILE:HD13	1:N:303:ILE:HD11	1.49	0.93
2:L:18:ARG:HG3	2:L:76:SER:HA	1.51	0.92
2:L:12:SER:HA	2:L:105:GLU:HG2	1.58	0.83
1:N:172:ARG:HD3	1:N:209:ARG:HH21	1.43	0.81

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	N	386/470 (82%)	335 (87%)	48 (12%)	3 (1%)	19 19
2	L	107/109 (98%)	92 (86%)	11 (10%)	4 (4%)	3 1
3	Н	120/122 (98%)	108 (90%)	11 (9%)	1 (1%)	19 19
All	All	613/701 (87%)	535 (87%)	70 (11%)	8 (1%)	12 9

5 of 8 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type
2	L	8	THR
1	N	283	GLU
1	N	264	LYS
2	L	40	PRO
3	Н	64	LYS

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	N	340/412 (82%)	304 (89%)	36 (11%)	6 6
2	L	97/97 (100%)	83 (86%)	14 (14%)	3 2
3	Н	100/100 (100%)	89 (89%)	11 (11%)	6 5
All	All	537/609 (88%)	476 (89%)	61 (11%)	5 5

5 of 61 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	N	347	ASN
1	N	457	ASN
3	Н	37	VAL
1	N	360	THR
1	N	383	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 13 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	N	312	HIS
1	N	347	ASN
2	L	80	GLN
1	N	304	GLN
2	L	39	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

7 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain I		Res	Res Link	Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
4	NAG	A	1	1,4	14,14,15	1.81	4 (28%)	17,19,21	2.02	7 (41%)	
4	NAG	A	2	4	14,14,15	1.76	2 (14%)	17,19,21	2.31	7 (41%)	
4	BMA	A	3	4	11,11,12	1.77	4 (36%)	15,15,17	2.24	8 (53%)	
4	MAN	A	4	4	11,11,12	1.66	2 (18%)	15,15,17	2.94	8 (53%)	



Mal	Mol Type Chain Res Lin		Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	MAN	A	5	4	11,11,12	2.00	3 (27%)	15,15,17	2.03	6 (40%)
4	MAN	A	6	4	11,11,12	2.07	2 (18%)	15,15,17	2.05	7 (46%)
4	MAN	A	7	4	11,11,12	1.88	3 (27%)	15,15,17	2.82	7 (46%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	NAG	A	1	1,4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	A	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	A	3	4	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	A	4	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	A	5	4	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	A	6	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	A	7	4	2/2/4/5	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 20 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
4	A	2	NAG	O5-C5	-5.37	1.32	1.43
4	A	6	MAN	C4-C3	5.17	1.65	1.52
4	A	5	MAN	C1-C2	-4.63	1.41	1.52
4	A	7	MAN	C2-C3	4.27	1.58	1.52
4	A	1	NAG	O5-C1	3.83	1.49	1.43

The worst 5 of 50 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	A	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	6.41	120.88	112.19
4	A	7	MAN	O5-C5-C6	5.48	115.80	107.20
4	A	4	MAN	C3-C4-C5	-5.18	101.00	110.24
4	A	7	MAN	C1-C2-C3	-4.88	103.67	109.67
4	A	2	NAG	C6-C5-C4	4.72	124.07	113.00

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

M	[ol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	
4	4	A	7	MAN	C2	

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	
4	A	7	MAN	C1	

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	A	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	A	1	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
4	A	5	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	A	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	3	BMA	1	0
4	A	7	MAN	1	0

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Т	Chair	in Res Lin	Res Link		Bond lengths			Bond angles		
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
5	NAG	N	477(A)	1	14,14,15	1.44	2 (14%)	17,19,21	3.14	9 (52%)	
5	NAG	N	476(A)	1	14,14,15	1.14	2 (14%)	17,19,21	2.14	6 (35%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	N	477(A)	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	N	476(A)	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

#### All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
5	N	476(A)	NAG	C2-N2	-2.75	1.41	1.46
5	N	477(A)	NAG	O4-C4	-2.61	1.36	1.43
5	N	477(A)	NAG	C4-C5	-2.46	1.47	1.53
5	N	476(A)	NAG	C1-C2	-2.35	1.48	1.52

The worst 5 of 15 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
5	N	477(A)	NAG	C1-O5-C5	7.46	122.30	112.19
5	N	477(A)	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-5.99	100.26	110.49
5	N	477(A)	NAG	C2-N2-C7	4.40	129.16	122.90
5	N	476(A)	NAG	C6-C5-C4	4.30	123.08	113.00
5	N	477(A)	NAG	C8-C7-N2	-3.88	109.53	116.10

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	N	476(A)	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
5	N	476(A)	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	N	476(A)	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	N	477(A)	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	N	476(A)	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	N	477(A)	NAG	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

