

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Aug 30, 2023 – 10:36 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	3NOP
Title	:	Light-induced intermediate structure L1 of Pseudomonas aeruginosa bacterio-
		phytochrome
Authors	:	Yang, X.; Ren, Z.; Moffat, K.
Deposited on	:	2010-06-25
Resolution	:	2.80 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

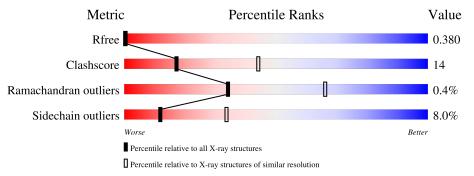
MolDrobity		4.02b-467
5		
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.35
buster-report	:	1.1.7(2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R _{free}	130704	3140 (2.80-2.80)
Clashscore	141614	3569 (2.80-2.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3498 (2.80-2.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3500 (2.80-2.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	С	505	68%	25%	• •



3NOP

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3860 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

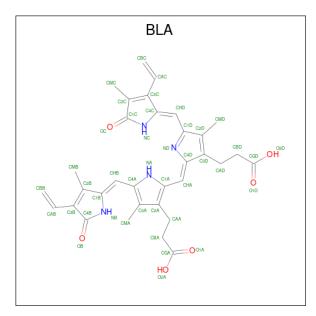
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Bacteriophytochrome.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	С	483	Total 3817	C 2401	N 689	O 708	S 19	0	0	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
С	500	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HWR3
С	501	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HWR3
С	502	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HWR3
С	503	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HWR3
С	504	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HWR3
С	505	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q9HWR3

• Molecule 2 is BILIVERDINE IX ALPHA (three-letter code: BLA) (formula: $C_{33}H_{34}N_4O_6$).



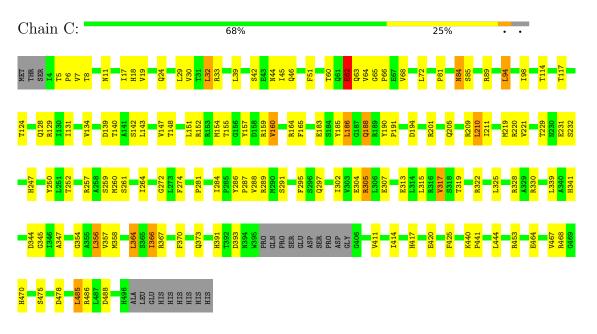


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	C	1	Total 43	C 33	N 4	O 6	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Bacteriophytochrome



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants	154.38Å 162.98Å 436.10Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	50.00 - 2.80	Depositor
Resolution (A)	49.89 - 2.51	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) $(50.00-2.80)$	Depositor
(in resolution range)	92.9 (49.89-2.51)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.12	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.21 (at 2.51 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	DynamiX	Depositor
D D.	(Not available) , (Not available)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.379 , 0.380	DCC
R_{free} test set	8759 reflections $(5.03%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	66.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.477	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.31, 34.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2 > = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.84	EDS
Total number of atoms	3860	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	65.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 2.23% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BLA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain		lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	С	0.26	0/3902	0.49	0/5296	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	С	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	С	62	GLU	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	С	3817	0	3752	95	0
2	С	43	0	31	19	0



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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes	
All	All	3860	0	3783	106	0	

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

All (106) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:C:900:BLA:HMC1	2:C:900:BLA:HBC1	1.44	0.96
1:C:250:TYR:OH	2:C:900:BLA:HMB3	1.65	0.96
1:C:45:ILE:HD12	1:C:46:GLN:H	1.44	0.82
1:C:84:ASN:HD22	1:C:85:SER:H	1.29	0.79
1:C:475:SER:HB2	1:C:478:ASP:H	1.50	0.76
2:C:900:BLA:CMA	2:C:900:BLA:NB	2.52	0.73
1:C:45:ILE:HD12	1:C:46:GLN:N	2.06	0.71
1:C:62:GLU:OE2	1:C:62:GLU:HA	1.90	0.70
1:C:414:ILE:HD12	1:C:486:ARG:HB2	1.76	0.67
1:C:209:ARG:HH12	2:C:900:BLA:CGD	2.08	0.67
2:C:900:BLA:HMA2	2:C:900:BLA:O2A	1.94	0.67
1:C:209:ARG:HG2	1:C:209:ARG:HH11	1.61	0.65
1:C:328:ARG:HH12	1:C:344:ASP:HB2	1.60	0.65
1:C:257:ARG:HD3	1:C:281:PRO:HD3	1.77	0.65
2:C:900:BLA:C3A	2:C:900:BLA:HB	2.10	0.64
1:C:84:ASN:ND2	1:C:85:SER:H	1.96	0.63
2:C:900:BLA:C1B	2:C:900:BLA:HMA1	2.28	0.63
1:C:417:HIS:HD2	1:C:420:GLU:H	1.48	0.61
1:C:148:THR:HG23	1:C:160:VAL:HG22	1.82	0.60
1:C:129:ARG:HE	1:C:154:MET:HG2	1.65	0.60
1:C:347:ALA:HB2	1:C:366:ILE:HD11	1.83	0.59
2:C:900:BLA:NB	2:C:900:BLA:C3A	2.61	0.59
1:C:220:ARG:HG3	1:C:220:ARG:HH11	1.67	0.59
1:C:210:LEU:HD12	1:C:289:ARG:HD3	1.86	0.58
1:C:366:ILE:O	1:C:367:ARG:HB2	2.03	0.58
1:C:165:PHE:HD1	1:C:272:GLY:HA2	1.69	0.57
1:C:229:THR:HG23	1:C:231:GLU:H	1.69	0.56
1:C:315:LEU:O	1:C:319:THR:HG23	2.04	0.56
1:C:347:ALA:CB	1:C:366:ILE:HD11	2.35	0.56
1:C:165:PHE:CD1	1:C:272:GLY:HA2	2.41	0.56
1:C:194:ASP:OD2	1:C:453:ARG:NH2	2.38	0.55
1:C:134:VAL:HG12	1:C:302:ILE:HG12	1.88	0.55
2:C:900:BLA:NB	2:C:900:BLA:HMA1	2.22	0.55



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (\AA)	overlap (Å)	
1:C:94:LEU:H	1:C:94:LEU:HD22	1.72	0.54	
1:C:467:VAL:O	1:C:470:HIS:HB2	2.06	0.54	
1:C:84:ASN:HD22	1:C:85:SER:N	2.00	0.54	
2:C:900:BLA:HBB1	2:C:900:BLA:OB	2.07	0.54	
1:C:319:THR:HG22	1:C:322:ARG:HH21	1.71	0.54	
1:C:391:HIS:HA	1:C:411:VAL:O	2.08	0.53	
1:C:313:GLU:O	1:C:317:VAL:HG13	2.10	0.52	
1:C:24:GLN:HE22	1:C:211:ILE:HA	1.75	0.52	
1:C:220:ARG:HG3	1:C:220:ARG:NH1	2.24	0.52	
1:C:185:TYR:O	1:C:188:GLN:HB2	2.10	0.51	
1:C:257:ARG:HH11	1:C:281:PRO:HG3	1.76	0.51	
2:C:900:BLA:HBC1	2:C:900:BLA:CMC	2.31	0.51	
1:C:42:SER:O	1:C:45:ILE:HG13	2.10	0.51	
1:C:201:ARG:O	1:C:205:GLN:HG2	2.12	0.50	
1:C:7:VAL:HG23	1:C:7:VAL:O	2.12	0.49	
1:C:339:LEU:HD12	1:C:357:VAL:HG11	1.95	0.49	
1:C:341:HIS:O	1:C:345:GLY:HA3	2.13	0.49	
1:C:284:ILE:HG22	1:C:289:ARG:HG2	1.94	0.48	
2:C:900:BLA:HMC1	2:C:900:BLA:CBC	2.30	0.47	
1:C:60:THR:H	1:C:63:GLN:HE21	1.60	0.47	
1:C:286:TYR:N	1:C:287:PRO:HD2	2.30	0.47	
1:C:417:HIS:CD2	1:C:420:GLU:H	2.30	0.47	
1:C:288:VAL:O	1:C:291:SER:HB2	2.15	0.47	
1:C:444:LEU:HD12	1:C:444:LEU:N	2.29	0.46	
1:C:17:ILE:CD1	2:C:900:BLA:HMD1	2.45	0.46	
1:C:94:LEU:N	1:C:94:LEU:HD13	2.31	0.46	
1:C:124:THR:O	1:C:128:GLN:HG3	2.16	0.46	
2:C:900:BLA:CMA	2:C:900:BLA:C1B	2.90	0.46	
1:C:152:ARG:HB2	1:C:160:VAL:CG1	2.45	0.45	
1:C:131:ILE:HG22	1:C:295:PHE:HD1	1.81	0.45	
1:C:155:THR:OG1	1:C:157:TYR:HD1	2.00	0.45	
1:C:8:THR:H	1:C:11:ASN:HD22	1.65	0.45	
1:C:247:HIS:CD2	2:C:900:BLA:HBD1	2.52	0.45	
1:C:30:VAL:HG12	1:C:32:LEU:CD1	2.48	0.44	
1:C:51:PHE:CE2	1:C:63:GLN:O	2.71	0.44	
1:C:257:ARG:NH1	1:C:281:PRO:HG3	2.32	0.44	
1:C:354:GLY:HA3	1:C:370:PHE:CE1	2.51	0.44	
1:C:159:ARG:NH1	1:C:183:GLU:O	2.51	0.44	
1:C:139:ASP:HB3	1:C:142:SER:OG	2.18	0.44	
1:C:284:ILE:HG22	1:C:289:ARG:CG	2.47	0.44	
1:C:33:ARG:HB3	1:C:39:LEU:HD11	1.99	0.43	



Continuea from previ		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:C:152:ARG:HB2	1:C:160:VAL:HG13	2.01	0.43
1:C:440:LYS:O	1:C:441:PRO:C	2.57	0.43
1:C:264:ILE:HB	1:C:272:GLY:O	2.19	0.43
1:C:209:ARG:NH1	2:C:900:BLA:CGD	2.78	0.43
1:C:32:LEU:HD23	1:C:72:LEU:HD21	2.01	0.42
1:C:44:ASN:CG	1:C:219:MET:HG2	2.40	0.42
1:C:356:LEU:HB3	1:C:425:PHE:HB2	2.00	0.42
1:C:140:THR:HG21	1:C:307:GLU:OE2	2.18	0.42
1:C:147:VAL:HG21	1:C:274:PHE:CZ	2.55	0.42
1:C:358:MET:HG2	1:C:358:MET:O	2.19	0.42
1:C:250:TYR:OH	2:C:900:BLA:CMB	2.52	0.42
1:C:134:VAL:HG12	1:C:134:VAL:O	2.19	0.42
1:C:147:VAL:O	1:C:151:LEU:HG	2.20	0.42
1:C:209:ARG:NH1	2:C:900:BLA:O2D	2.52	0.42
1:C:60:THR:O	1:C:63:GLN:HG2	2.20	0.42
1:C:186:LEU:HD23	1:C:186:LEU:HA	1.89	0.41
1:C:305:ARG:HA	1:C:305:ARG:HD2	1.99	0.41
1:C:475:SER:HB2	1:C:478:ASP:CG	2.41	0.41
1:C:190:TYR:HB2	1:C:191:PRO:HD2	2.01	0.41
1:C:209:ARG:HH11	1:C:209:ARG:CG	2.31	0.41
1:C:485:LEU:O	1:C:488:ASP:HB2	2.20	0.41
1:C:19:VAL:O	1:C:19:VAL:HG23	2.19	0.41
1:C:185:TYR:CD2	2:C:900:BLA:HBB2	2.56	0.41
1:C:364:LEU:HD23	1:C:364:LEU:HA	1.87	0.41
1:C:464:GLU:O	1:C:468:ARG:HG2	2.21	0.41
1:C:356:LEU:HD13	1:C:357:VAL:N	2.35	0.41
1:C:64:VAL:O	1:C:68:VAL:HG21	2.20	0.41
1:C:261:SER:HA	1:C:274:PHE:O	2.21	0.41
1:C:284:ILE:CG2	1:C:289:ARG:HG2	2.51	0.41
1:C:45:ILE:HG13	1:C:45:ILE:H	1.66	0.41
1:C:5:THR:HA	1:C:6:PRO:HD3	1.99	0.40
1:C:62:GLU:N	1:C:65:GLY:H	2.19	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries



of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	С	479/505~(95%)	456 (95%)	21~(4%)	2~(0%)	34 66	

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	81	PRO
1	С	66	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	С	410/431~(95%)	377~(92%)	33~(8%)	12 34		

All (33) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	18	HIS
1	С	29	LEU
1	С	32	LEU
1	С	62	GLU
1	С	84	ASN
1	С	89	ARG
1	С	94	LEU
1	С	98	ILE
1	С	114	THR
1	С	117	THR
1	С	143	LEU
1	С	160	VAL
1	С	164	ARG
1	С	186	LEU
1	С	188	GLN



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	210	LEU
1	С	221	VAL
1	С	232	SER
1	С	252	THR
1	C	259	SER
1	C	260	MET
1	C	297	GLN
1	С	304	GLU
1	С	305	ARG
1	C C C	317	VAL
1	С	325	LEU
1	С	330	ARG
1	С	356	LEU
1	С	364	LEU
1	С	366	ILE
1	С	373	GLN
1	С	393	ASP
1	С	485	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (11) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	11	ASN
1	С	24	GLN
1	С	61	GLN
1	С	63	GLN
1	С	84	ASN
1	С	126	ASN
1	С	137	HIS
1	С	146	ASN
1	С	198	GLN
1	С	293	GLN
1	С	417	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	gths	B	ond ang	gles
	туре	Ullalli	nam Kes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2			
2	BLA	С	900	1	42,46,46	2.88	16 (38%)	53,67,67	2.07	11 (20%)			

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	BLA	С	900	1	-	6/26/74/74	0/4/4/4

All (16) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	С	900	BLA	CHB-C1B	9.15	1.53	1.34
2	С	900	BLA	CHD-C4C	5.95	1.52	1.38
2	С	900	BLA	CHD-C1D	5.33	1.52	1.40
2	С	900	BLA	CHA-C4D	5.13	1.39	1.35
2	С	900	BLA	C4A-CHB	4.80	1.59	1.41
2	С	900	BLA	CBC-CAC	4.54	1.52	1.30
2	С	900	BLA	C4D-C3D	-4.17	1.39	1.45
2	С	900	BLA	C1D-C2D	-3.72	1.37	1.45



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	С	900	BLA	C3C-C4C	-3.72	1.39	1.45
2	С	900	BLA	C1C-C2C	-3.38	1.38	1.47
2	С	900	BLA	C3B-C4B	-3.12	1.38	1.47
2	С	900	BLA	C1B-C2B	-3.10	1.39	1.45
2	С	900	BLA	CAB-C3B	-2.93	1.39	1.47
2	С	900	BLA	CAC-C3C	2.47	1.54	1.47
2	С	900	BLA	C4C-NC	-2.22	1.34	1.37
2	С	900	BLA	C1C-NC	-2.07	1.33	1.38

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z} = \mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$		$Ideal(^{o})$
2	С	900	BLA	C1A-CHA-C4D	-8.84	118.25	128.81
2	С	900	BLA	C4C-CHD-C1D	-6.26	112.80	128.08
2	С	900	BLA	CHA-C4D-ND	3.25	133.33	128.83
2	С	900	BLA	C3B-C4B-NB	3.06	109.64	106.19
2	С	900	BLA	CHA-C4D-C3D	-2.91	118.60	125.32
2	С	900	BLA	CBC-CAC-C3C	-2.70	114.19	127.62
2	С	900	BLA	CHD-C1D-ND	2.36	129.87	124.93
2	С	900	BLA	C3C-C4C-NC	2.21	110.25	106.80
2	С	900	BLA	O1D-CGD-CBD	-2.11	116.32	123.08
2	С	900	BLA	C4C-NC-C1C	-2.10	107.99	110.67
2	С	900	BLA	CHD-C4C-C3C	-2.01	122.72	127.91

There are no chirality outliers.

All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	900	BLA	NA-C1A-CHA-C4D
2	С	900	BLA	C2A-C1A-CHA-C4D
2	С	900	BLA	CAD-CBD-CGD-O2D
2	С	900	BLA	CAD-CBD-CGD-O1D
2	С	900	BLA	CAA-CBA-CGA-O1A
2	С	900	BLA	CAA-CBA-CGA-O2A

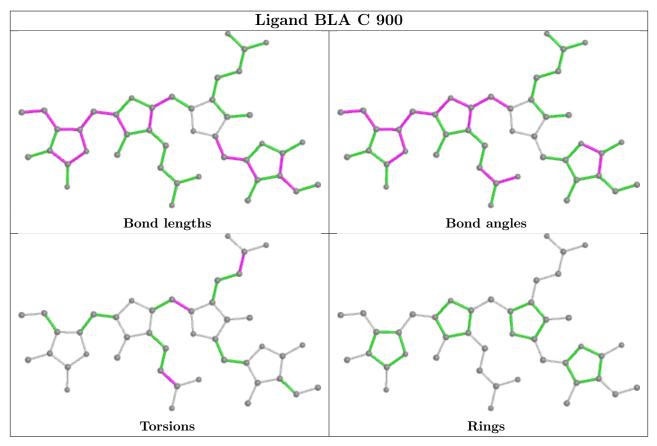
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 19 short contacts:

Mo	bl	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2		С	900	BLA	19	0



The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and sufficient the outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

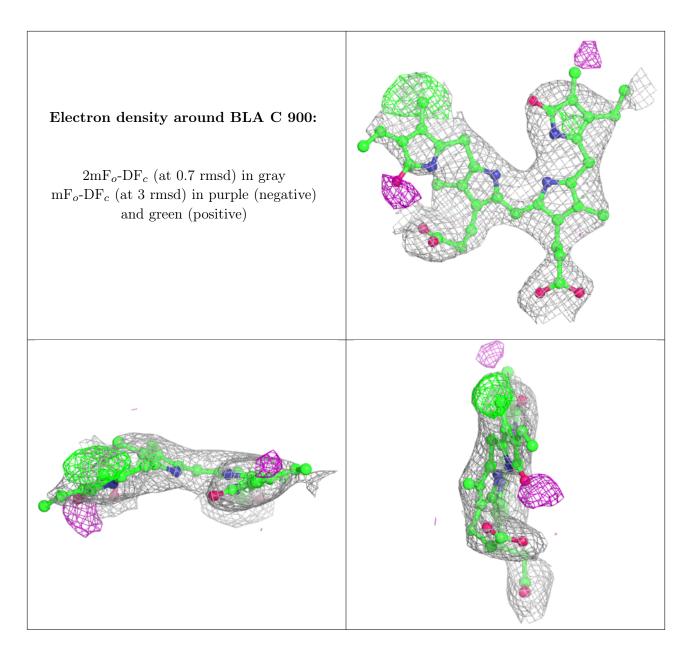
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

