

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 20, 2023 – 11:13 AM EST

PDB ID : 2080

Title: Duplex DNA containing an abasic site with an opposite dC (alpha anomer) in

5'-G_AC-3' (10 structure ensemble and averaged structure)

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Deposited on : 2006-12-11

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)

NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

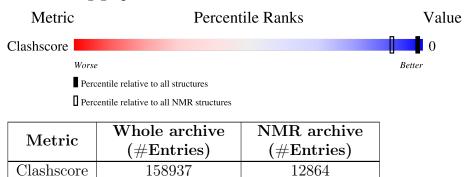
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	13	77%	23%				
2	В	13	54%	46%				



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 11 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 808 atoms, of which 291 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(*CP*CP*AP*AP*AP*GP*(ORP)P*AP*CP*CP*G P*GP*G)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					
1	Λ	19	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
1	A	13	399	121	142	52	72	12	U

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called 5'-D(*CP*CP*CP*GP*GP*TP*CP*TP*TP*TP*GP *G)-3'.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					
9	D	19	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
2	D	15	409	125	149	43	80	12	U



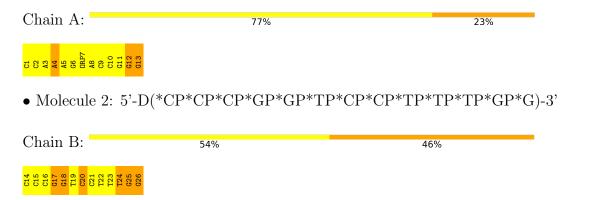
C14 C15 C16 C16 G17 G18 T19 C20 C21 T22 T23

4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: 5'-D(*CP*CP*AP*AP*AP*GP*(ORP)P*AP*CP*CP*GP*GP*G)-3'



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (author defined) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 11. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: 5'-D(*CP*CP*AP*AP*AP*GP*(ORP)P*AP*CP*CP*GP*GP*G)-3'
Chain A: 15% 85%

• Molecule 2: 5'-D(*CP*CP*CP*GP*GP*TP*CP*TP*TP*TP*GP*G)-3'
Chain B: 100%



Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing molecular dynamics matrix relaxation.

Of the 30 calculated structures, 11 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the least restraint violations, structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
Amber	refinement	8.0

No chemical shift data was provided.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ORP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain		Bond lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	3.25 ± 0.54	$36\pm13/275~(~13.1\pm~4.5\%)$	4.02 ± 0.55	$75\pm20/420~(~17.9\pm~4.7\%)$	
2	В	3.15 ± 0.49	$35\pm13/289$ ($12.1\pm4.5\%$)	4.01 ± 0.56	$82\pm20/444$ ($18.5\pm4.5\%$)	
All	All	3.24	782/6204 (12.6%)	4.05	1730/9504 (18.2%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0 ± 0.0	4.9 ± 1.9
2	В	0.0 ± 0.0	6.5 ± 2.5
All	All	0	125

5 of 339 unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Dag	Trms	Atoma	Z	Observed(Å)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\mathring{\mathrm{A}})$	Models	
IVIOI	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	L	Observed(A)	Ideal(A)	Worst	Total
1	A	4	DA	N7-C5	18.60	1.50	1.39	8	3
1	A	13	DG	N7-C5	16.74	1.49	1.39	10	7
2	В	14	DC	N1-C6	16.60	1.47	1.37	4	5
1	A	2	DC	N3-C4	-13.01	1.24	1.33	4	7
1	A	8	DA	N7-C5	12.84	1.47	1.39	1	5

5 of 500 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Dog	Type	Atoms	7	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$	Mod	dels
MIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms	oms Z Observed()	Observed()	ideai()	Worst	Total
1	A	4	DA	C8-N9-C4	-19.59	97.96	105.80	10	5

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Mal	Mol Chain		Type Atoms	Z Obser	Observed (0)	$Ideal(^{o})$	Models		
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms		$Observed(^o)$	Ideal(*)	Worst	Total
1	A	5	DA	N1-C6-N6	-18.17	107.70	118.60	5	5
1	A	13	DG	C5-C6-N1	18.08	120.54	111.50	3	6
2	В	20	DC	N3-C2-O2	-17.71	109.50	121.90	7	10
2	В	19	DT	O4'-C4'-C3'	17.66	116.60	106.00	1	4

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 25 unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	13	DG	Sidechain	10
2	В	25	DG	Sidechain	8
2	В	17	DG	Sidechain	7
2	В	20	DC	Sidechain	7
2	В	24	DT	Sidechain	7

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	257	142	142	0±0
2	В	260	149	149	0±0
All	All	5687	3201	3079	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clach(Å)	$\operatorname{Distance}(\mathring{\mathrm{A}})$	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:3:DA:C2	2:B:25:DG:C2	0.40	3.09	2	1



6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol Type Chain Pe		Chain Pos I	e Chain Res	Link		Bond le	ngths
MIOI	туре	rtes		Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	ORP	A	7	1	9,12,13	1.46 ± 0.42	1±1 (16±11%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Pos	Link		Bond a	$_{ m ngles}$
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	ORP	A	7	1	8,16,19	1.53 ± 0.58	1±1 (13±11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral



centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	ORP	A	7	1	-	$0\pm0,3,17,18$	$0\pm0,1,1,1$

5 of 7 unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol Chair	Chain	n Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{z}	Observed(Å)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}})$	Models	
WIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed(A)		Worst	Total
1	A	7	ORP	C2-C1	4.16	1.46	1.52	8	4
1	A	7	ORP	C3-C4	4.10	1.64	1.53	10	3
1	A	7	ORP	O4-C1	3.95	1.48	1.41	7	3
1	A	7	ORP	O3-C3	3.11	1.49	1.43	2	2
1	A	7	ORP	O5-C5	2.72	1.38	1.44	1	1

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol Chain		in Dec	Trme	Atoms Z	Observed(0)	Ideal(0)	Models		
IVIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms		$\operatorname{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$	Worst	Total
1	A	7	ORP	C1-C2-C3	5.70	96.17	103.93	7	7
1	A	7	ORP	O3-C3-C4	3.04	121.74	110.10	8	2
1	A	7	ORP	O4-C4-C3	2.56	111.64	105.67	8	1
1	A	7	ORP	O3-C3-C2	2.54	101.82	110.90	7	1
1	A	7	ORP	C2-C3-C4	2.09	98.42	102.76	8	1

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.



6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

