

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Oct 23, 2021 – 11:21 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	10IB
Title	:	PHOSPHATE-BINDING PROTEIN MUTANT T141D
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Deposited on	:	1995-11-25
Resolution	:	2.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

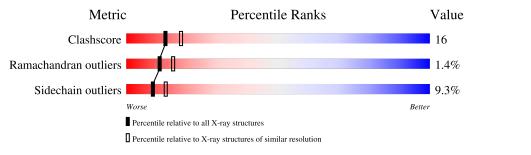
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.23.2
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.23.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
Clashscore	141614	4398 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4318 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4319 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	А	321	63%	33%	•		
1	В	321	64%	31%	•••		



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4915 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Λ	321	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0	0
1		521	2439	1558	405	476	0	0	U
1	В	321	Total	С	Ν	Ο	0	0	0
	ГВ	521	2439	1558	405	476	0	U	

• Molecule 1 is a protein called PHOSPHATE-BINDING PROTEIN.

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	141	ASP	THR	engineered mutation	UNP P06128
В	141	ASP	THR	engineered mutation	UNP P06128

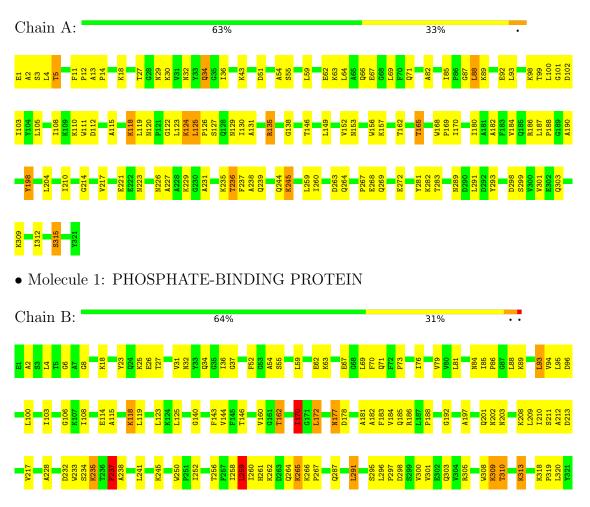
• Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	19	Total O 19 19	0	0
2	В	18	Total         O           18         18	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: PHOSPHATE-BINDING PROTEIN



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	73.22Å 39.59Å 113.61Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $92.80^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	8.00 - 2.40	Depositor
Resolution (A)	12.01 - 1.90	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) $(8.00-2.40)$	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$67.6\ (12.01-1.90)$	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.06	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.00 (at 1.90 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.166 , (Not available)	Depositor
II, IIfree	0.307 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	15.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.483	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.37, 100.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$<  L  > = 0.40, < L^2 > = 0.24$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.024 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.86	EDS
Total number of atoms	4915	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 96.11 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 7.5446e-10. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Chain		lengths	Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.62	0/2494	0.84	0/3385	
1	В	0.59	0/2494	0.84	6/3385~(0.2%)	
All	All	0.60	0/4988	0.84	6/6770~(0.1%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	259	LEU	CA-CB-CG	7.57	132.70	115.30
1	В	95	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.22	127.31	115.30
1	В	170	ILE	CB-CA-C	-5.21	101.18	111.60
1	В	232	ASP	N-CA-C	5.21	125.06	111.00
1	В	93	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.18	127.22	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2439	0	2414	85	0
1	В	2439	0	2414	75	0
2	А	19	0	0	2	0
2	В	18	0	0	1	0
All	All	4915	0	4828	160	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

The worst 5 of 160 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:211:SER:HB2	1:B:217:VAL:HG21	1.49	0.93
1:A:82:ALA:HB1	1:A:204:LEU:HD12	1.57	0.86
1:A:236:THR:HG23	1:A:237:PHE:H	1.46	0.81
1:A:120:ASN:HB3	1:A:123:LEU:HD22	1.63	0.79
1:B:182:ALA:HB1	1:B:186:ARG:HH11	1.46	0.79

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	319/321~(99%)	294~(92%)	24 (8%)	1 (0%)	41 55
1	В	319/321~(99%)	293~(92%)	18 (6%)	8 (2%)	5 6
All	All	638/642~(99%)	587 (92%)	42 (7%)	9~(1%)	11 15

5 of 9 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	235	LYS
1	В	310	THR
1	А	236	THR
1	В	203	ASN
1	В	2	ALA



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	252/252~(100%)	229~(91%)	23~(9%)	9 14
1	В	252/252~(100%)	228~(90%)	24 (10%)	8 12
All	All	504/504~(100%)	457 (91%)	47 (9%)	9 13

5 of 47 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	93	LEU
1	В	177	ASN
1	В	100	LEU
1	В	162	THR
1	В	188	PRO

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 17 such side chains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	287	GLN
1	В	303	GLN
1	В	44	GLN
1	В	71	GLN
1	В	128	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

